



Legislation Text

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AN ORDINANCE relating to comprehensive planning and development regulations; amending Ordinance 263, Article 2, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.010, Ordinance 11575, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.015, Ordinance 11653, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.017, Ordinance 11166, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.337, Ordinance 13147, Section 19, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.030, Ordinance 13147, Section 20, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.040, Ordinance 13147, Section 21, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.050, Ordinance 114047, Section 4, and K.C.C. 20.18.055, Ordinance 13147, Section 22, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.060, Ordinance 13147, Section 23, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.070, Ordinance 14017, Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.170, Ordinance 14017, Section 10, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.180, Ordinance 13147, Section 34, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.22.170, Ordinance 10870, Section 21, and K.C.C. 21A.02.110, Ordinance 11157, Section 29, and K.C.C. 21A.06.150, Ordinance 13319, Section 3, and K.C.C. 21A.06.197, Ordinance 10870, Section 201, and K.C.C. 21A.06.805, Ordinance 10870, Section 310, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1350, Ordinance 10870, Section 315, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1375, Ordinance 10870, Section 330, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.030, Ordinance 10870, Section 333, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.060, Ordinance 10870, Section 335, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.080, Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as amended, and K.C.C.

21A.08.090, Ordinance 10870, Section 337, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.100, Ordinance 10870, Section 340, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.12.030, Ordinance 15032, Section 18, and K.C.C. 21A.14.025, Ordinance 10870, Section 407, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.18.030, Ordinance 10870, Section 440, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.22.020, Ordinance 17539, Section 47, and K.C.C. 21A.24.072, Ordinance 10870, Section 478, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.310, Ordinance 15051, Section 179, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.316, Ordinance 3688, Section 303, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.25.050, Ordinance 3688, Section 413, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.25.170, Ordinance 13274, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.010, Ordinance 13274, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.020, Ordinance 13274, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.040, Ordinance 13274, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.070, Ordinance 13733, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.100, Ordinance 10870, Section 578, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.050 and Ordinance 13332 and Section 33, as amended, and K.C.C. 27.10.080, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38, adding a new section to K.C.C. chapter 21A.42, adding a new chapter to K.C.C. Title 16, recodifying K.C.C. 21A.06.150 and repealing Ordinance 12171, Section 7, and K.C.C. 21A.38.110, Ordinance 12823, Section 9, and K.C.C. 21A.38.140, Ordinance 12823, Section 19, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.240 and Attachments I, II, III, VI and V to Ordinance 11166.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Findings: For the purposes of effective land use planning and regulation, the King

County council makes the following legislative findings:

A. The 2012 King County Comprehensive Plan, adopted by King County Ordinance 17485, satisfied the Growth Management Act requirement for the county to update its comprehensive plan by June 30, 2015;

B. The Growth Management Act and the King County Code authorize adoption of comprehensive plan updates once per year;

C. King County adopted the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan via Ordinance 18472;

D. King County adopted the 2018 amendments to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan via Ordinance 18810, which directed a review in 2020 called the 2020 midpoint update to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan;

E. King County adopted the 2020 Scope of Work via Motion 15329, which identified the topics to be considered in the 2020 update to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan such as regulations for fossil fuel facilities, regulations to prepare for sea level rise impacts, and new zoning for the Bear Creek Urban Planned Developments;

F. In accordance with the Growth Management Act, King County conducted a public engagement process to collect feedback on draft policies and regulations: creating a public webpage devoted to the draft plan components; holding six public meetings; and providing access through an online comment portal;

G. The adopted policies and regulations address health, safety and environmental risks from fossil fuel facilities and impacts to air and water quality from mining for fossil fuels such as coal. The policies and regulations also address health and safety risks from already-observed and projected sea level rise and associated impacts to structures and facilities on Vashon-Maury Island;

H. The operation of fossil fuel storage and processing facilities carries risks of explosion, leaks, spills and pollution of air and water. Burning of fossil fuels is a major source of environmental pollution and carbon dioxide contributing to climate change in King County. King County has responsibility for upholding the public health, safety, and welfare of all residents while mitigating and preparing for natural and human-caused disasters, protecting and preserving natural systems, and supporting economic development. Health impacts

from smoke and air pollution and heat related illnesses can lead to grave health conditions, especially for vulnerable populations including children, elderly, and people with pre-existing health conditions such as asthma;

I. The Growth Management Act requires that King County adopt development regulations to be consistent with and implement the Comprehensive Plan; and

J. The changes to policies, development regulations, land use designations, zoning classifications, shoreline environment designations and the shoreline jurisdiction contained in this ordinance are needed to maintain conformity with the 2020 update to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan. They bear a substantial relationship to, are necessary for, the public, health, safety, and general welfare of King County and its residents.

SECTION 2. A. Attachments A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, and I to this ordinance are adopted as amendments to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, as adopted in Ordinance 18472 and its attachments and as amended by Ordinance 18623 and Ordinance 18810.

B. The elements of the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan in Attachment A to this ordinance are hereby amended to read as set forth in this ordinance and are incorporated herein by this reference.

C. The elements of the King County Shoreline Master Program in sections 42, 43, 44, and 45 of this ordinance, in King County Comprehensive Plan chapter six of Attachment A, and in Attachments E and H to this ordinance are hereby amended to read as set forth in this ordinance and are incorporated herein by this reference.

D. The Skyway-West Hill Subarea Land Use Plan in Attachment F to this ordinance is hereby adopted as an amendment to and element of the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan.

E. The land use and zoning amendments contained in sections 51, 52, and portions of 56 of this ordinance and Attachments D and G to this ordinance are hereby adopted as amendments to Appendix A of Ordinance 12824, as amended, and as the official land use and zoning controls for those portions of

unincorporated King County defined in those sections of this ordinance and attachments to this ordinance.

F. King County department of local services, permitting division, shall update the geographic information system data layers accordingly to reflect adoption of this ordinance.

SECTION 3. Sections 4 through 6 of this ordinance should constitute a new chapter in K.C.C. Title 16.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. There is hereby added to the chapter established in section 3 of this ordinance a new section to read as follows:

The definitions in K.C.C. chapter 16.03 and the following definitions apply to this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

A. "Sea level rise protection elevation" means three feet above the base flood elevation of the of the adjacent flood zone.

B. "Sea level rise risk area" means lands on Vashon-Maury Island adjacent to a coastal high hazard area that extend landward to an elevation three feet above the base flood elevation of the adjacent flood zone.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. There is hereby added to the chapter established in section 3 of this ordinance a new section to read as follows:

Within the sea level rise risk area the following building standards apply:

A. All buildings and substantial improvements to existing buildings shall be elevated on pilings and columns in a manner consistent with applicable floodplain development standards in this title, K.C.C. Title 21A, the Federal Emergency Management Agency Coastal Construction Manual and other relevant requirements, and in a manner that provides the following at a minimum:

1. The bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the lowest floor, excluding the pilings or columns, is elevated above the sea level rise protection elevation; and

2. The pile or column foundation and building attached thereto is anchored to resist flotation, collapse and lateral movement due to the effects of flood water, wind and other loads as prescribed in this title acting simultaneously on all building components. Flood water loading values shall each have a one percent chance

of being equaled or exceeded in any given year;

B. A registered professional engineer licensed by the state of Washington shall prepare the structural design, specifications and plans for the building, and shall certify that the design and methods of construction to be used are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting the provisions of subsection A. of this section, including applicable floodplain development standards in this title, K.C.C. Title 21A, the Federal Emergency Management Agency Coastal Construction Manual and other relevant requirements;

C. The applicant shall provide a Federal Emergency Management Agency elevation certificate completed by a land surveyor licensed by the state of Washington documenting the elevation of the bottom of the lowest structural member of the lowest floor, excluding pilings and columns, of all new and substantially improved buildings and whether or not the buildings contain a basement. The department shall maintain the Federal Emergency Management Agency elevation certificates required by this section for public inspection and for certification under the National Flood Insurance Program;

D. All buildings and substantial improvements to existing buildings shall maintain the space below the lowest floor free of obstruction. The space can include nonsupporting open wood lattice-work or insect screening that is intended to collapse under wind and wave loads without causing collapse, displacement or other structural damage to the elevated portion of the building or supporting foundation system. The space below the lowest floor can be used only for parking of vehicles, building access or storage. The space shall not be used for human habitation;

E. Fill for structural support of buildings is prohibited; and

F. All manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved within the sea level rise risk area shall meet the standards in subsections A. through E. of this section.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. There is hereby added to the chapter established in section 3 of this ordinance a new section to read as follows:

A. The director may approve variances to this chapter.

B. In reviewing and evaluating variance applications, the director shall consider all technical evaluations and relevant factors, including, but not limited to:

1. The danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
2. The danger of life and property due to coastal flooding or erosion damage;
3. The susceptibility of the proposed building or facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of the damage on the individual owner;
4. The importance of the services provided by the proposed building or facility to the community;
5. The necessity to the building or facility of a waterfront location;
6. The availability of alternative locations for the proposed use that are not subject to flooding or erosion damage;
7. The potential of the proposed development to create an adverse effect on a federally or state protected species or habitat;
8. The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
9. The relationship of the proposed use to the Comprehensive Plan, shoreline master program and flood hazard management plan;
10. The safety of access to the property in times of flooding for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
11. The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, sediment transport of the floodwaters and effects of wave action expected at the site; and
12. The costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including emergency management services and maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, water systems, streets and bridges.

C. The director may only approve a variance upon a determination that:

1. Failure to grant the variance would result in an exceptional hardship to the applicant;
2. The granting of a variance will not result in additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public

expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public or conflict with existing laws or ordinances; and

3. The variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood or erosion hazard, to afford relief.

D. When considering potential approval of variances as allowed in subsections B. and C. of this section, the director shall consider current and future risks from sea level rise conditions anticipated to occur over the next fifty years.

E. Applicants for variances shall be given a written notice that the approval of a variance to construct a structure below the sea level rise protection elevation established in this chapter in may result in higher future flood insurance premium rates up to amounts as high as twenty-five dollars per one hundred dollars of coverage and that the construction below the sea level rise protection elevation increases risks to life and property.

F. The department shall maintain a record of all requests for variances, including justification for their issuance.

SECTION 7. Ordinance 263, Article 2, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.010 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Under the King County Charter, the state Constitution and the Washington state Growth Management Act, chapter 36.70A RCW, King County adopted the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan via Ordinance 11575 and declared it to be the Comprehensive Plan for King County until amended, repealed or superseded. The Comprehensive Plan has been reviewed and amended multiple times since its adoption in 1994. Amendments to the 1994 Comprehensive Plan to-date are currently reflected in the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, as adopted in Ordinance 18427 and as amended by Ordinance 18623 (~~and~~), Ordinance 18810 and this ordinance. The Comprehensive Plan shall be the principal planning document for the orderly physical development of the county and shall be used to guide subarea plans, functional plans, provision of public facilities and services, review of proposed incorporations and annexations, development regulations and land development decisions.

SECTION 8. Ordinance 11575, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.015 are hereby amended to read as follows:

The 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan shall relate to previously adopted plans, policies and land use regulations as follows:

A. The previously adopted White Center Action Plan ~~((and West Hill Community Plan are))~~ is consistent with the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan and ~~((are))~~ is adopted as an element~~((s))~~ of the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan;

B. Where conflicts exist between community plans and the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan, the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan shall prevail;

C. Pending or proposed subarea plans or plan revisions and amendments to adopted land use regulations, that are adopted on or after November 21, 1994, shall conform to all applicable policies and land use designations of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan;

D. Unclassified use permits and zone reclassifications, that are pending or proposed on or after November 21, 1994, shall conform to the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan and applicable adopted community plans as follows:

1. For aspects of proposals where both the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan and a previously adopted community plan have applicable policies or land use plan map designations that do not conflict, both the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan and the community plan shall govern;

2. For aspects of proposals where both the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan and a previously adopted community plan have applicable policies or plan map designations that conflict, the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan shall govern; and

3. For aspects of proposals where either the ~~((e))C~~Comprehensive ~~((p))P~~Plan or a previously adopted community plan, but not both, has applicable policies or plan map designations, the plan with the applicable policies or designations shall govern;

E. Vested applications for subdivisions, short subdivisions and conditional uses for which significant adverse environmental impacts have not been identified may rely on existing zoning to govern proposed uses and densities. Subdivisions, short subdivisions and conditional uses also may rely on specific facility improvement standards adopted by ordinance, including but not limited to street improvement, sewage disposal and water supply standards, that conflict with the ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan but shall be conditioned to conform to all applicable ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan policies on environmental protection, open space, design, site planning and adequacy of on-site and off-site public facilities and services, in cases where specific standards have not been adopted;

F. Vested permit applications for proposed buildings and grading and applications for variances, when categorically exempt from the procedural requirements of the state Environmental Policy Act, may rely on existing zoning and specific facility improvement standards adopted by ordinance; and

G. Nothing in this section shall limit the county's authority to approve, deny or condition proposals in accordance with the state Environmental Policy Act.

SECTION 9. Ordinance 11653, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.017 are hereby amended to read as follows:

The following provisions complete the zoning conversion from K.C.C. Title 21 to Title 21A pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.01.070:

A. Ordinance 11653 adopts area zoning to implement the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan pursuant to the Washington State Growth Management Act RCW 36.760A. Ordinance 11653 also converts existing zoning in unincorporated King County to the new zoning classifications in the 1993 Zoning Code, codified in Title 21A, pursuant to the area zoning conversion guidelines in K.C.C. 21A.01.070. The following are adopted as attachments to Ordinance 11653:

Appendix A: 1994 Zoning Atlas, dated November 1994, as amended December 19, 1994.

Appendix B: Amendments to Bear Creek Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix C: Amendments to Federal Way Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix D: Amendments to Northshore Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix E: Amendments to Highline Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix F: Amendments to Soos Creek Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix G: Amendments to Vashon Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix H: Amendments to East Sammamish Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix I: Amendments to Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix J: Amendments to Newcastle Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix K: Amendments to Tahoma/Raven Heights Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix L: Amendments to Enumclaw Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix M: Amendments to West Hill Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix N: Amendments to Resource Lands Community Plan P-Suffix Conditions.

Appendix O: 1994 Parcel List, as amended December 19, 1994.

Appendix P: Amendments considered by the council January 9, 1995.

B. Area zoning adopted by Ordinance 11653, including potential zoning, is contained in Appendices A and O. Amendments to area-wide P-suffix conditions adopted as part of community plan area zoning are contained in Appendices B through N. Existing P-suffix conditions whether adopted through reclassifications or community plan area zoning are retained by Ordinance 11653 except as amended in Appendices B through N.

C. The department is hereby directed to correct the official zoning map in accordance with Appendices A through P of Ordinance 11653.

D. The 1995 area zoning amendments attached to Ordinance 12061 in Appendix A are adopted as the official zoning control for those portions of unincorporated King County defined therein.

E. Amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan area zoning, Ordinance 11653

Appendices A through P, as contained in Attachment A to Ordinance 12170 are hereby adopted to comply with the Decision and Order of the Central Puget Sound Growth Management Hearings Board in Vashon-Maury Island, et. al. v. King County, Case No. 95-3-0008.

F. The Vashon Area Zoning adopted in Ordinance 12824, as amended, including as amended by Ordinance 17842 and Ordinance 18427, is adopted as the official zoning control for that portion of unincorporated King County defined therein.

G. The 1996 area zoning amendments attached to Ordinance 12531 in Appendix A are adopted as the official zoning control for those portions of unincorporated King County defined therein. Existing p-suffix conditions whether adopted through reclassifications or area zoning are retained by Ordinance 12531.

H. The Black Diamond Urban Growth Area Zoning Map attached to Ordinance 12533 as Appendix B is adopted as the official zoning control for those portions of unincorporated King County defined therein. Existing p-suffix conditions whether adopted through reclassifications or area zoning are retained by Ordinance 12533.

I. The King County Zoning Atlas is amended to include the area shown in Appendix B as UR - Urban Reserve, one DU per 5 acres. Existing p-suffix conditions whether adopted through reclassifications or area zoning are retained by Ordinance 12535. The language from Ordinance 12535, Section 1.D., shall be placed on the King County Zoning Atlas page #32 with a reference marker on the area affected by Ordinance 12535.

J. The Northshore Community Plan Area Zoning is amended to add the Suffix "-DPA, Demonstration Project Area", to the properties identified on Map A attached to Ordinance 12627.

K. The special district overlays, as designated on the map attached to Ordinance 12809 in Appendix A, are hereby adopted pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.38.020 and 21A.38.040.

L. The White Center Community Plan Area Zoning, as revised in the Attachments to Ordinance 11568, is the official zoning for those portions of White Center in unincorporated King county defined herein.

M. Ordinance 12824 completes the zoning conversion process begun in Ordinance 11653, as set forth

in K.C.C. 21A.01.070, by retaining, repealing, replacing or amending previously adopted p-suffix conditions or property-specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.38.020 and K.C.C. 21A.38.030 as follows:

1. Resolutions 31072, 32219, 33877, 33999, 34493, 34639, 35137, and 37156 adopting individual zone reclassifications are hereby repealed and p-suffix conditions are replaced by the property specific development standards as set forth in Appendix A to Ordinance 12824;

2. All ordinances adopting individual zone reclassifications effective prior to February 2, 1995, including but not limited to Ordinances 43, 118, 148, 255, 633, 1483, 1543, 1582, 1584, 1728, 1788, 2487, 2508, 2548, 2608, 2677, 2701, 2703, 2765, 2781, 2840, 2884, 2940, 2958, 2965, 2997, 3239, 3262, 3313, 3360, 3424, 3494, 3496, 3501, 3557, 3561, 3641, 3643, 3744, 3779, 3901, 3905, 3953, 3988, 4008, 4043, 4051, 4053, 4082, 4094, 4137, 4289, 4290, 4418, 4560, 4589, 4703, 4706, 4764, 4767, 4867, 4812, 4885, 4888, 4890, 4915, 4933, 4956, 4970, 4978, 5087, 5114, 5144, 5148, 5171, 5184, 5242, 5346, 5353, 5378, 5453, 5663, 5664, 5689, 5744, 5752, 5755, 5765, 5854, 5984, 5985, 5986, 6059, 6074, 6113, 6151, 6275, 6468, 6497, 6618, 6671, 6698, 6832, 6885, 6916, 6966, 6993, 7008, 7087, 7115, 7207, 7328, 7375, 7382, 7396, 7583, 7653, 7677, 7694, 7705, 7757, 7758, 7821, 7831, 7868, 7944, 7972, 8158, 8307, 8361, 8375, 8427, 8452, 8465, 8571, 8573, 8603, 8718, 8733, 8786, 8796, 8825, 8858, 8863, 8865, 8866, 9030, 9095, 9189, 9276, 9295, 9476, 9622, 9656, 9823, 9991, 10033, 10194, 10287, 10419, 10598, 10668, 10781, 10813, 10970, 11024, 11025, 11271((̄)) and 11651, are hereby repealed and p-suffix conditions are replaced by the property specific development standards as set forth in Appendix A to Ordinance 12824;

3. All ordinances establishing individual reclassifications effective after February 2, 1995, are hereby amended, as set forth in Appendix C to Ordinance 12824, to retain, repeal or amend the property specific development standards (p-suffix conditions) contained therein;

4. All ordinances adopting area zoning pursuant to Resolution 25789 or converted by Ordinance 11653 are repealed as set forth in subsection M.4.a. through n. of this section. All p-suffix conditions contained therein are repealed or replaced by adopting the property specific development standards as set forth in

Appendix A to Ordinance 12824, the special district overlays as designated in Appendix B to Ordinance 12824 or the special requirements as designated in Appendix A to Ordinance 12822.

- a. The Highline Area Zoning attached to Ordinance 3530, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- b. The Shoreline Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance 5080 as Appendix B, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- c. The Newcastle Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance 6422 as Appendix B, as amended is hereby repealed.
- d. The Tahoma/Raven Heights Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance 6986 as Appendix B, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- e. The Revised Federal Way area zoning, adopted by Ordinance 7746, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- f. The Revised Vashon Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance 7837 as Appendix B, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- g. The Bear Creek Community Plan Area Zoning, attached to Ordinance 8846 as Appendix B, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- h. The Resource Lands Area Zoning, adopted by Ordinance 8848, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- i. The Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan Area Zoning, as adopted by Ordinance 9118, is hereby repealed.
- j. The Enumclaw Community Plan Area Zoning attached to Ordinance 9499, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- k. The Soos Creek Community Plan Update Area Zoning, adopted by Ordinance 10197, Appendix B, as amended, is hereby repealed.
- l. The Northshore Area Zoning adopted by Ordinance 10703 as Appendices B and E, as amended, is hereby repealed.

m. The East Sammamish Community Plan Update Area Zoning, as revised in Appendix B attached to Ordinance 10847, as amended, is hereby repealed.

n. The West Hill Community Plan Area Zoning adopted in Ordinance (~~(11116)~~) 11166, as amended, is hereby repealed; and

5. All ordinances adopting area zoning pursuant to Title 21A and not converted by Ordinance 11653, including community or ~~(e)~~ Comprehensive ~~(p)~~ Plan area zoning and all subsequent amendments thereto, are amended as set forth in subsection M.5.a. through f. All property specific development standards (p-suffix conditions) are retained, repealed, amended or replaced by the property specific development standards as set forth in Appendix A to Ordinance 12824, the special district overlays as designated in Appendix B to Ordinance 12824 or the special requirements as designated in Appendix A to Ordinance 12822.

a. The White Center Community Plan Area Zoning, contained in the Attachments to Ordinance 11568, as subsequently amended, is hereby further amended as set forth in Appendix D to Ordinance 12824.

b. All property specific development standards established in Ordinance 11653, as amended, are hereby amended as set forth in Appendix E to Ordinance 12824.

c. All property specific development standards established in Attachment A to Ordinance 11747, as amended, are hereby amended as set forth in Appendix F.

d. All property specific development standards established in Ordinance 12061, as amended, are hereby amended as set forth in Appendix G to Ordinance 12824.

e. All property specific development standards established in Ordinance 12065, as amended, are hereby amended as set forth in K.C.C. 20.12.170.

f. All property specific development standards established in Attachment A to Ordinance 12170, as amended, are hereby amended as set forth in Appendix H.

SECTION 10. Ordinance 11166, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.337 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The ~~((West Hill Community Plan, a bound and published document, as revised in the Attachments to Ordinance 11166))~~ 2020 Skyway West Hill Subarea Land Use Plan, dated September 2019, is adopted as an ~~((amplification and augmentation))~~ element of the King County Comprehensive Plan ~~((for King County))~~ and, as such, constitutes official county policy for the geographic area of unincorporated King County defined ~~((therein))~~ in the plan.

SECTION 11. Ordinance 13147, Section 19, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The King County Comprehensive Plan shall be amended in accordance with this chapter, which, in compliance with RCW 36.70A.130(2), establishes a public participation program whereby amendments are considered by the council no more frequently than once a year as part of the update ~~((cycle))~~ schedule established in this chapter, except that the council may consider amendments more frequently to address:

1. Emergencies;
2. An appeal of the plan filed with the Central Puget Sound Growth Management Hearings Board or with the court;
3. The initial adoption of a subarea plan, which may amend the urban growth area boundary only to redesignate land within a joint planning area;
4. An amendment of the capital facilities element of the Comprehensive Plan that occurs in conjunction with the adoption of the county budget under K.C.C. 4A.100.010; or
5. The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under chapter 90.58 RCW.

B. Every year the Comprehensive Plan may be amended to address technical updates and corrections, to adopt community service area subarea plans and to consider amendments that do not require substantive changes to policy language or do not require changes to the urban growth area boundary, except as permitted in subsection B.9. and 11. of this section. The review may be referred to as the annual update. The Comprehensive Plan, including subarea plans, may be amended in the annual update only to consider the

following:

1. Technical amendments to policy, text, maps or shoreline designations;
2. The annual capital improvement plan;
3. The transportation needs report;
4. School capital facility plans;
5. Changes required by existing Comprehensive Plan policies;
6. Changes to the technical appendices and any amendments required thereby;
7. Comprehensive updates of subarea plans initiated by motion;
8. Changes required by amendments to the Countywide Planning Policies or state law;
9. Redesignation proposals under the four-to-one program as provided for in this chapter;
10. Amendments necessary for the conservation of threatened and endangered species;
11. Site-specific land use map amendments that do not require substantive change to Comprehensive Plan policy language and that do not alter the urban growth area boundary, except to correct mapping errors;
12. Amendments resulting from subarea studies required by Comprehensive Plan policy that do not require substantive change to Comprehensive Plan policy language and that do not alter the urban growth area boundary, except to correct mapping errors;
13. Changes required to implement a study regarding the provision of wastewater services to a Rural Town. The amendments shall be limited to policy amendments and adjustment to the boundaries of the Rural Town as needed to implement the preferred option identified in the study;
14. Adoption of community service area subarea plans;
15. Amendments to the Comprehensive Plan update schedule that respond to adopted ordinances and improve alignment with the timing requirements in the Washington state Growth Management Act, RCW chapter 36.70A, and alignment with multicounty and countywide planning activities; or
16. Amendments to the Comprehensive Workplan, only as part of the 2018 subarea planning

restructure adopted by this ordinance.

C. Every eighth year beginning in 2023, the county shall complete a comprehensive review of the Comprehensive Plan in order to update it as appropriate and to ensure continued compliance with the GMA. This review may provide for a cumulative analysis of the twenty-year plan based upon official population growth forecasts, benchmarks and other relevant data in order to consider substantive changes to policy language and changes to the urban growth area. The comprehensive review shall begin one year in advance of the transmittal and may be referred to as the eight-year update. The urban growth area boundaries shall be reviewed in the context of the eight-year update and in accordance with countywide planning policy G-1 and RCW 36.70A.130.

D.1. If there is a scope of work adopted by motion to perform a limited update to the Comprehensive Plan to address time-sensitive issues prior to the next eight-year update, substantive changes to the Comprehensive Plan and amendments to the urban growth area boundary may also be considered at the midpoint of the eight-year update ~~((eyele))~~ schedule. This update can include substantive changes and amendments as authorized by motion may be referred to as the midpoint update.

2. The motion shall specify the scope of the midpoint update, and identify that the resources necessary to accomplish the work are available. A fiscal note for the scope of the midpoint update shall be provided to the council by the executive within fifteen business days of introduction of the proposed motion. If the executive determines an additional appropriation is necessary to complete the midpoint update, the executive may transmit an ordinance requesting the additional appropriation.

3. If the executive proposes a midpoint update, the executive shall transmit to the council by the last business day in June two years before the midpoint year of the eight-year update ~~((eyele))~~ schedule a proposed motion specifying the scope of work for the midpoint update. The council shall have until September 15 of that year, to adopt a motion specifying the scope of work initiating a midpoint update, either as transmitted or amended, or as introduced or amended. If the motion is approved by September 15, the scope shall proceed as

established by the approved motion. In the absence of council approval by September 15, the executive shall proceed to implement the scope as transmitted. If such a motion is adopted, the executive shall transmit a midpoint update by the last business day of June of the following year after adoption of the motion. The council shall have until June 30 of the following year after transmittal to adopt a midpoint update.

4. Before initiation of the first eight-year update in 2023, substantive changes to the Comprehensive Plan and amendments to the urban growth area boundary may be considered. The amendments shall be considered in the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update and shall be subject to the midpoint update process and requirements. The executive shall transmit to the council by the first business day of January 2019 a proposed motion specifying the scope of work for the proposed amendments consistent with K.C.C. 20.18.030.D.1. The council shall have until the last business day of February 2019, to adopt the motion, either as transmitted or amended. In the absence of council approval by the last business day of February 2019, the executive shall proceed to implement the scope as proposed. If the motion is approved the last business day of February 2019, the scope shall proceed as established by the approved motion. The executive shall transmit to the council any proposed amendments for the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update the by the last business day of September 2019. The council shall have until the last business day of June 2020 to adopt the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.

E. The executive shall seek public comment on the Comprehensive Plan and any proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments in accordance with the procedures in K.C.C. 20.18.160 before making a recommendation, which shall include publishing a public review draft of the proposed Comprehensive Plan ((~~amendments~~) update), in addition to conducting the public review and comment procedures required by SEPA. The public shall be afforded at least one official opportunity to record public comment before the transmittal of a recommendation by the executive to the council. County-sponsored councils and commissions may submit written position statements that shall be considered by the executive before transmittal and by the council before adoption, if they are received in a timely manner. The executive's recommendations for changes to

policies, text and maps shall include the elements listed in Comprehensive Plan policy I-207 and analysis of their financial costs and public benefits, any of which may be included in environmental review documents. Proposed amendments to the Comprehensive Plan shall be accompanied by any development regulations or amendments to development regulations, including area zoning, necessary to implement the proposed amendments.

SECTION 12. Ordinance 13147, Section 20, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendments may be considered during the annual update, midpoint update or eight-year update, depending on the degree of change proposed.

B. ~~((The following categories of s))~~Site-specific land use map ~~((amendments))~~ or shoreline master program map amendments that do not require substantive change to Comprehensive Plan policy language and that do not alter the urban growth area boundary, except to correct mapping errors, may be initiated by either the county or a property owner for consideration in the annual update(~~(:~~

- ~~1. Amendments that do not require substantive change to Comprehensive Plan policy language and that do not alter the urban growth area boundary, except to correct mapping errors; and~~
- ~~2. Four to one proposals)).~~

C. The following categories of site-specific land use map and shoreline master program amendments may be initiated by either the county or a property owner for consideration in the eight-year update or midpoint update:

1. Amendments that could be considered in the annual update;
2. Amendments that require substantive change to Comprehensive Plan policy language; and
3. Amendments to the urban growth area boundary.

SECTION 13. Ordinance 13147, Section 21, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Site-specific land use map and shoreline master program map amendments are legislative actions that may be initiated by property owner application, by council motion or by executive proposal. All site-specific land use map and shoreline master program map amendments must be evaluated by the hearing examiner before adoption by the council in accordance with this chapter.

1. If initiated by council motion, the motion shall refer the proposed site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment to the department of local services, permitting division, review for preparation of a recommendation to the hearing examiner. The motion shall also identify the resources and the work program required to provide the same level of review accorded to applicant-initiated amendments. An analysis of the motion's fiscal impact shall be provided to the council before adoption. If the executive determines that additional funds are necessary to complete the work program, the executive may transmit an ordinance requesting the appropriation of supplemental funds.

2. If initiated by executive proposal, the proposal shall refer the proposed site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment to the department of local services, permitting division, for preparation of a recommendation to the hearing examiner.

3. If initiated by property owner application, the property owner shall submit a docket request for a site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment to the department of local services, permitting division, for preparation of a recommendation to the hearing examiner.

B. A shoreline redesignation initiated by an applicant must include the following information in addition to the requirements in this section:

1. Applicant information, including signature, telephone number and address;
2. The applicant's interest in the property, such as owner, buyer or consultant; and
3. Property owner concurrence, including signature, telephone number and address.

C. All proposed site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendments, whether

initiated by property owner application, by council motion or by executive proposal shall include the following:

1. Name and address of the owner or owners of record;
2. Description of the proposed amendment;
3. Property description, including parcel number, property street address and nearest cross street;
4. County assessor's map outlining the subject property; and
5. Related or previous permit activity.

D. Upon initiation of a site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment, an initial review conference shall be scheduled by the department of local services, permitting division. The owner or owners of record of the property shall be notified of and invited to attend the initial review conference. At the initial review conference, the department of local services, permitting division, shall review the proposed amendment's consistency with applicable county policies or regulatory enactments including specific reference to Comprehensive Plan policies, countywide planning policies and state Growth Management Act requirements. The proposed amendment will be classified in accordance with K.C.C. 20.18.040 and the classification shall be provided at the initial review conference or in writing to the owner or owners of record within thirty days after the initial review conference.

E. If a proposed site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment is initiated by property owner application, the property owner shall, following the initial review conference, submit the completed application including an application fee and an environmental checklist to the department of local services, permitting division, to proceed with review of the proposed amendment.

F. If a proposed site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment is initiated by council motion, following the initial review conference, the council shall submit an environmental checklist to the department of local services, permitting division, to proceed with review of the proposed amendment.

G. If a proposed site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment is initiated by executive proposal, following the initial review conference, the executive shall submit an environmental

checklist to the department of local services, permitting division, to proceed with review of the proposed amendment.

H. Following the submittal of the information required by subsection E., F. or G. of this section, the department of local services, permitting division, shall submit a report including an executive recommendation on the proposed amendment to the hearing examiner within one hundred twenty days. The department of local services, permitting division, shall provide notice of a public hearing and notice of threshold determination in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.060.F., G. and H. The hearing will be conducted by the hearing examiner in accordance with K.C.C. 20.22.170. Following the public hearing, the hearing examiner shall prepare a report and recommendation on the proposed amendment in accordance with K.C.C. 20.22.170. A compilation of all completed reports will be considered by the council in accordance with K.C.C. 20.18.070.

I. A property-owner-initiated docket request for a site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment may be accompanied by an application for a zone reclassification to implement the proposed amendment, in which case administrative review of the two applications shall be consolidated to the extent practical consistent with this chapter and K.C.C. chapter 20.20. The council's consideration of a site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment is a legislative decision that should be determined before and separate from its consideration of a zone reclassification, which is a quasi-judicial decision. If a zone reclassification is not proposed in conjunction with an application for a site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendment and the amendment is adopted, the property shall be given potential zoning. A zone reclassification in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.020 is required in order to implement the potential zoning.

J. Site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendments for which a completed recommendation by the hearing examiner has been submitted to the council by January 15 will be considered concurrently with the annual amendment to the Comprehensive Plan. Site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendments for which a recommendation has not been issued by the hearing examiner by

January 15 shall be included in the next (~~(appropriate review cycle)~~) update following issuance of the examiner's recommendation.

K.1. An amendment to a land use designation or shoreline environment designation for a property may not be initiated unless at least three years have elapsed since council adoption or review of the current designation for the property. This time limit may be waived by the executive or the council if the proponent establishes that there exists either an obvious technical error or a change in circumstances justifying the need for the amendment.

2. A waiver by the executive shall be considered after the proponent has submitted a docket request in accordance with K.C.C. 20.18.140. The executive shall render a waiver decision within forty-five days of receiving a docket request and shall mail a copy of this decision to the proponent.

3. A waiver by the council shall be considered by motion.

L. A shoreline master program map amendment and redesignation must meet the requirements of K.C.C. 20.18.056, 20.18.057 and 20.18.058 and the Washington state Shoreline Master Program Guidelines, chapter 173-26 WAC. A shoreline master program map amendment and redesignation must be approved by the Washington state Department of Ecology.

SECTION 14. Ordinance 114047, Section 4, and K.C.C. 20.18.055 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. All site-specific land use map amendments, whether initiated by property owner application, by council motion, or by executive proposal, shall be reviewed based upon the requirements of Comprehensive Plan policy (~~(RP-307)~~) I-207, and must meet the following additional review standards:

1. Consistency with the policies, objectives and goals of the Comprehensive Plan, (~~((~~)including any applicable subarea plans(~~))~~), the countywide planning policies and the state Growth Management Act;
2. Compatibility with adjacent and nearby existing and permitted land uses; and
3. Compatibility with the surrounding development pattern.

B. Site-specific land use map amendments for which recommendations have been issued by the hearing examiner by January 15 shall be submitted to the executive and the council by the hearing examiner by January 15. The department will provide for a cumulative analysis of these recommendations and such analysis will be included in the annual March transmittal. All such amendments will be considered concurrently by the council committee charged with the review of the ~~((e))~~Comprehensive ~~((p))~~Plan. Following this review, site-specific land use map amendments which are recommended by this committee will be incorporated as an attachment to the adopting ordinance transmitted by the executive for consideration by the full council. Final action by the council on these amendments will occur concurrently with the annual ~~((amendment))~~ update to the ~~((e))~~Comprehensive ~~((p))~~Plan.

SECTION 15. Ordinance 13147, Section 22, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Beginning in 2021, and every eighth year thereafter the executive shall transmit to the council by the last business day of June a proposed motion specifying the scope of work for proposed amendments to the Comprehensive Plan that will occur in the following year, which motion shall include the following:

1. Topical areas relating to amendments to policies, the land use map, implementing development regulations, or any combination of those amendments that the executive intends to consider for recommendation to the council; and

2. An attachment to the motion advising the council of the work program the executive intends to follow to accomplish state Environmental Policy Act review and public participation.

B. The council shall have until September 15 to approve the motion. In the absence of council approval, the executive shall proceed to implement the work program as proposed. If the motion is approved, the work program shall proceed as established by the approved motion.

C. Beginning in 2022 and every eighth year thereafter, the executive shall transmit to the council by the last business day of June a proposed ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan, except that the capital

improvement program and the ordinances adopting updates to the transportation needs report and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted no later than the biennial budget transmittal and shall be adopted in conjunction with the budget. However, in those years when there is only a midbiennium review of the budget, the ordinances adopting the capital improvement plan and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted by October 1 and adopted no later than the midbiennium review under K.C.C. 4A.100.010. All transmittals shall be accompanied by a public participation note, identifying the methods used by the executive to ensure early and continuous public participation in the preparation of amendments. The council shall have until June 30 of the following year to adopt ~~((the amendments))~~ an update to the Comprehensive Plan, in accordance with RCW 36.70A.130.

SECTION 16. Ordinance 13147, Section 23, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The executive shall transmit to the council ~~((any proposed amendments for))~~ the annual update by the last business day of June, except that the capital improvement program and the ordinances adopting updates to the transportation needs report and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted no later than the biennial budget transmittal and shall be adopted in conjunction with the budget. However, in those years when there is only a midbiennium review of the budget, the ordinances adopting the capital improvement plan and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted by October 1, and adopted no later than the midbiennium review under K.C.C. 4A.100.010.

B. All transmittals shall be accompanied by a public participation note, identifying the methods used by the executive to assure early and continuous public participation in the preparation of amendments.

C. Proposed amendments, including site-specific land use map amendments, that are found to require preparation of an environmental impact statement, shall be considered for inclusion in the next annual, midpoint or eight-year update following completion of the appropriate environmental documents.

SECTION 17. Ordinance 14017, Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.170 are hereby amended to

read as follows:

A. The total area added to the urban growth area as a result of ~~((this))~~ the four-to-one program shall not exceed four thousand acres. The department shall keep a cumulative total for all parcels added under this section. The total shall be updated ~~((annually))~~ through the Comprehensive ~~((p))~~ Plan amendment process.

B. Proposals from a property owner shall be initiated through the docket process under K.C.C. 20.18.140. Proposals shall be processed as land use amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and may be considered in the annual update, midpoint update or eight-year update. As part of the docket review of a proposal, ((S))site suitability and development conditions for both the urban and rural portions of the proposal shall be established through ~~((the preliminary formal plat approval process))~~ a preapplication conference under K.C.C. 20.20.030.

C. A term conservation easement satisfactory to King County shall be ~~((placed))~~ recorded on the open space ~~((at the time))~~ portion of the property within twenty-one days of enactment of the ordinance that approves the four-to-one proposal ((is approved by the council)). Upon final plat approval for proposals not adjacent to an incorporated area, or upon annexation of the urban portion of the property to a city for proposals adjacent to an incorporated area, the open space shall be permanently dedicated in fee simple to King County.

D. Proposals adjacent to an incorporated area or potential annexation areas shall be referred to the affected city and special purpose districts for recommendations and agreement by the jurisdiction to add the new urban area to the jurisdiction's Potential Annexation Area.

E. For proposals adjacent to an incorporated area, the legislation approving the Four-to-One proposal shall include property-specific development conditions requiring:

1. Development of the parcels shall only occur after the area is annexed to a city or town; and
2. Adoption of an interlocal agreement between King County and the adjacent jurisdiction within ninety days of enactment of the ordinance that approves the proposal. At a minimum, the interlocal agreement shall establish conditions for site development that are consistent with the four-to-one program requirements

and goals, such as limiting development to residential uses and requiring minimum densities consistent with R-4 zoning, and shall require the development be consistent with the property-specific development conditions adopted in the ordinance that approved the proposal.

SECTION 18. Ordinance 14017, Section 10, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.180 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. A proposal to add land to the urban growth area under this program shall meet the following criteria:

1. A permanent dedication to the King County open space system of four acres of open space is required for every one acre of land added to the urban growth area;
2. The land shall not be zoned (~~((agriculture))~~) agricultural, forest or mineral;
3. The land added to the urban growth area shall:
 - a. be physically contiguous to urban growth area as adopted in 1994, unless the director determines that the land directly adjacent to the urban growth area contains critical areas that would be substantially harmed by development directly adjacent to the urban growth area and that all other criteria can be met; and
 - b. not be in an area where a contiguous band of public open space, parks or watersheds already exists along the urban growth area boundary;
4. The land added to the urban growth area shall be able to be served by sewers and other urban services;
5. A road serving the land added to the urban area shall not be counted as part of the required open space;
6. All urban facilities shall be provided directly from the urban area and shall not cross the open space or rural area and be located in the urban area except as permitted in subsection E of this section;
7. Open space areas shall (~~((retain a rural designation))~~) be given a land use designation and zoning classification consistent with the intended use;
8. The open space shall primarily be on the site and shall buffer the surrounding Rural Area or Natural

Resource Lands from the new urban development. The ~~((minimum depth of the))~~ open space buffer ~~((shall be one half of the property width, unless the director determines that a smaller buffer of no less than two hundred feet is warranted due to the topography and critical areas on the site,))~~ shall generally parallel the urban growth area boundary and shall be configured in such a way as to connect with open space on adjacent properties;

9. The minimum size of the property to be considered is twenty acres. Smaller parcels may be combined to meet the twenty-acre minimum;

10. Urban development under this section shall be limited to residential development and shall be at a minimum density of four dwelling units per acre; and

11. The land to be retained in open space is not needed for any facilities necessary to support the urban development~~((; and))~~.

B. A proposal that adds two hundred acres or more to the urban growth area shall also meet the following criteria:

1. The proposal shall include a mix of housing types including thirty percent below-market-rate units affordable to low, moderate and median income households;

2. In a proposal in which the thirty-percent requirement in subsection B.1. of this section is exceeded, the required open space dedication shall be reduced to three and one-half acres of open space for every one acre added to the urban growth area~~((;))~~.

C. A proposal that adds less than two hundred acres to the urban growth area and that meets the affordable housing criteria in subsection B.1. of this section shall be subject to a reduced open space dedication requirement of three and one-half acres of open space for every one acre added to the urban growth area~~((;))~~.

D. ~~((Requests for redesignation))~~ Proposals shall be evaluated to determine those that are the highest quality, including, but not limited to, consideration of the following:

1. Preservation of fish and wildlife habitat, including wildlife habitat networks, and habitat for

endangered and threatened species;

2. Provision of regional open space connections;
3. Protection of wetlands, stream corridors, ground water and water bodies;
4. Preservation of unique natural, biological, cultural, historical or archeological resources;
5. The size of open space dedication and connection to other open space dedications along the urban

growth area boundary; ~~((and))~~

6. The ability to provide extensions of urban services to the redesignated urban areas;

7. The size and configuration of the open space and the county's ability to efficiently manage the

property; and

8. The potential for public access.

E. The open space acquired through this program shall be preserved primarily as natural areas, passive recreation sites or resource lands for farming and forestry. The following additional uses may be allowed only if located on a small portion of the open space and provided that these uses are found to be compatible with the site's natural open space values and functions:

1. Trails;
2. Compensatory mitigation of wetland losses on the urban designated portion of the project,

consistent with the King County Comprehensive Plan and K.C.C. chapter 21A.24; and

3. Active recreation uses not to exceed five percent of the total open space area. The support services and facilities for the active recreation uses may locate within the active recreation area only, and shall not exceed five percent of the total acreage of the active recreation area. The entire open space area, including any active recreation site, is a regional resource. It shall not be used to satisfy the on-site active recreation space requirements in K.C.C. 21A.14.180 for the urban portion of the four to one property.

SECTION 19. Ordinance 13147, Section 34, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.22.170 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Upon initiation of a site-specific land use map amendment to the Comprehensive Plan under K.C.C. 20.18.050, the examiner shall conduct a public hearing to consider the department's written recommendation and to take testimony and receive additional evidence relating to the proposed amendment. The examiner may consolidate hearings in accordance with K.C.C. 20.22.110 to the extent practicable. No later than thirty days after closing the public hearing on the site-specific land use map amendment, the examiner shall prepare a recommendation that contains written findings and conclusions regarding whether:

1. Under K.C.C. 20.18.040, a proposed site-specific land use map amendment may be considered as part of an annual ~~((review cycle))~~ update; and

2. A site-specific land use map amendment is consistent with the applicable review criteria.

B. The office of the hearing examiner shall compile the written recommendations on all site-specific land use map amendments made in a year into a single report. The report shall be filed by January 15 in the form of a paper original and an electronic copy with the clerk of the council, who shall retain the original and provide an electronic copy to all councilmembers, the council chief of staff and the lead staff for the transportation, economy and environment committee or its successor.

SECTION 20. Ordinance 10870, Section 21, and K.C.C. 21A.02.110 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Except when such areas are specifically designated on the zoning map as being classified in one of the zones provided in this title, land contained in rights-of-way for streets or alleys, or railroads shall be considered unclassified.

B. Within street or alley rights-of-way, uses shall be limited to street purposes as defined by law.

C. Within railroad rights-of-way, allowed uses shall be limited to tracks, signals or other operating devices, movement of rolling stock, utility lines and equipment, and ~~((facilities accessory to and used directly for the delivery and distribution of services to abutting property))~~ freight-rail dependent uses.

D. Where such right-of-way is vacated, the vacated area shall have the zone classification of the

adjoining property with which it is first merged.

SECTION 21. K.C.C. 21A.06.150, as amended by this ordinance, is hereby recodified as a new section in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

SECTION 22. Ordinance 11157, Section 29, and K.C.C. 21A.06.150 are hereby amended to read as follows:

~~((Bulk))~~ Local distribution gas storage tanks: A tank that is not a Fossil Fuel Facility from which illuminating, heating, or liquefied gas is distributed by piping directly to individual users.

SECTION 23. Ordinance 13319, Section 3, and K.C.C. 21A.06.197 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Coal mine by-products stockpiles: an accumulation, greater than five hundred cubic yards and five feet of vertical depth, of undisturbed waste and/or byproduct materials having greater than fifty percent, as measured by weight, of ~~((mineral))~~ coal or coal shale as a component and which resulted from historic coal mining.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 24. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Fossil fuels: coal, petroleum products, such as crude oil and gasoline, and gaseous fuels, such as natural gas and propane, that occur naturally beneath the earth's surface and are derived from decayed plants and animals that lived millions of years ago and are used primarily as a source of energy. Fossil fuels do not include:

A. Petrochemicals that are used primarily for non-fuel products, such as asphalt, plastics, lubricants, fertilizer, roofing and paints;

B. Denatured ethanol and similar fuel additives and biodiesel or renewable diesel with less than five percent fossil fuel content; or

C. Methane generated from the waste management process, such as wastewater treatment, anaerobic

digesters, landfill waste management, livestock manure and composting processes.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 25. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Fossil fuel facility: a commercial facility used primarily to receive, store, transfer, wholesale trade or transport of fossil fuels, such as but not limited to bulk terminals, bulk storage facilities, bulk refining and bulk handling facilities. Fossil fuel facilities do not include individual storage facilities of up to thirty thousand gallons and total cumulative facilities per site of sixty thousand gallons for the purposes of retail or direct to consumer sales, facilities or activities for local consumption; non-commercial facilities, such as storage for educational, scientific or governmental use; or uses preempted by federal rule or law.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 26. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Fossil fuel facility type I: a fossil fuel facility that includes any combination of liquid fossil fuel storage capacity of up to three hundred seventy-eight thousand gallons or dry storage of one thousand four hundred twenty-five cubic yards.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 27. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Fossil fuel facility type II: a fossil fuel facility that includes any combination of fossil fuel liquid storage capacity of more than three hundred seventy-eight thousand gallons or dry storage of one thousand four hundred twenty-five cubic yards.

SECTION 28. Ordinance 10870, Section 201, and K.C.C. 21A.06.805 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Nonhydro-electric generation facility: an establishment for the generation of electricity by nuclear reaction, burning fossil fuels((;)) or other electricity generation methods, except for fossil fuels generated as a by-product in the waste management process, such as wastewater treatment, anaerobic digesters, landfill waste

management, livestock manure and composting processes.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 29. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Sea level rise risk area. Lands on Vashon-Maury Island adjacent to a coastal high hazard area that extend landward to an elevation three feet above the base flood elevation of the adjacent flood zone.

SECTION 30. Ordinance 10870, Section 310, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1350 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Utility facility: a facility for the distribution or transmission of services, including:

- A. Telephone exchanges;
- B. Water pipelines, pumping or treatment stations;
- C. Electrical substations;
- D. Water storage reservoirs or tanks;
- E. Municipal groundwater well-fields;
- F. Regional surface water flow control and water quality facilities;
- G. Natural gas pipelines, gate stations and limiting stations limited to local distribution service,

excluding fossil fuel facilities;

H. Propane, compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas storage tanks serving multiple lots or uses from which fuel is distributed directly to individual users limited to local distribution service, excluding fossil fuel facilities;

- I. Wastewater pipelines, lift stations, pump stations, regulator stations or odor control facilities; and
- J. Communication cables, electrical wires and associated structural supports.

SECTION 31. Ordinance 10870, Section 315, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1375 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Warehousing and wholesale trade: establishments involved in the storage and/or sale of bulk goods for

resale or assembly, excluding establishments offering the sale of bulk goods to the general public which is classified as a retail use in K.C.C. 21A.08.070 and excluding local distribution gas storage tanks as defined by this chapter. These establishments shall include only SIC Major Group Nos. 50 and 51 and SIC Industry Group Nos. 422 and 423, excluding fossil fuels and fossil fuel facilities.

SECTION 32. Ordinance 10870, Section 330, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

P-Permitted Use S-Special Use	RESOURCE			R U R A L	RESIDENTIAL			COMMERCIAL /INDUSTRIAL						
	SIC #	SPECIFIC LA	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	CB	RB	O	I
	DWELLING TYPES:													
*	Single Detach	P C12	P2			P C12	P C12	P C12	P C12	P15				
*	Townhouse					C4	C4	P11 C12	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
*	Apartment					C4	C4	P5 C5	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
*	Mobile Home					S13		C8	P					
*	Cottage Housi							P15						
	GROUP RES													
*	Community R Facility-I					C	C	P14.a	CP	P3	P3	P3	P3	
*	Community R Facility-II							P14.b	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
*	Dormitory					C6	C6	C6	P					
*	Senior Citizen Housing						P4	P4	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
	ACCESSORY													
*	Residential Ad	P7	P7			P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	
*	Home Occupa	P18	P18			P18	P18	P18	P18	P18	P18	P18	P18	
*	Home Industry	C				C	C	C						
	TEMPORAR													
7011	Hotel/Motel (1										P	P	P	
*	Bed and Break Guesthouse	P9				P9	P9	P9	P9	P9	P10	P10		
7041	Organization H Houses											P		

B. Development conditions.

1. Except bed and breakfast guesthouses.
2. In the forest production district, the following conditions apply:

a. Site disturbance associated with development of any new residence shall be limited to three acres. Site disturbance shall mean all land alterations including, but not limited to, grading, utility installation, landscaping, clearing for crops, on-site sewage disposal systems and driveways. Additional site disturbance for agriculture, including raising livestock, up to the smaller of thirty-five percent of the lot or seven acres, may be approved only if a farm management plan is prepared in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30. Animal densities shall be based on the area devoted to animal care and not the total area of the lot;

b. A forest management plan shall be required for any new residence in the forest production district, that shall be reviewed and approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks before building permit issuance; and

c. The forest management plan shall incorporate a fire protection element that includes fire safety best management practices developed by the department.

3. Only as part of a mixed use development subject to the conditions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14, except that in the NB zone on properties with a land use designation of commercial outside of center (CO) in the urban areas, stand-alone townhouse developments are permitted subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.040, 21A.14.030, 21A.14.060 and 21A.14.180.

4. Only in a building listed on the National Register as an historic site or designated as a King County landmark subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.

5.a. In the R-1 zone, apartment units are permitted, if:

(1) At least fifty percent of the site is constrained by unbuildable critical areas. For purposes of this subsection, unbuildable critical areas includes wetlands, aquatic areas and slopes forty percent or steeper and associated buffers; and

(2) The density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area.

b. In the R-4 through R-8 zones, apartment units are permitted if the density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area.

- c. If the proposal will exceed base density for the zone in which it is proposed, a conditional use permit is required.
6. Only as accessory to a school, college, university or church.
- 7.a. Accessory dwelling units:
- (1) Only one accessory dwelling per primary single detached dwelling unit;
 - (2) Only in the same building as the primary dwelling unit on:
 - (a) an urban lot that is less than ~~((five))~~ three thousand six hundred square feet in area;
 - (b) a lot in a rural town that is less than three thousand six hundred square feet in area;
 - (c) except as otherwise provided in subsection B.7.a.(5) of this section, a rural lot outside of a rural town that is less than the minimum lot size; or
 - ~~((e))~~(d) a lot containing more than one primary dwelling;
 - (3) The primary dwelling unit or the accessory dwelling unit shall be owner occupied;
 - (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection B.7.a.(5) of this section, one of the dwelling units shall not exceed one thousand square feet of heated floor area except when one of the dwelling units is wholly contained within a basement or attic; ~~((and))~~
 - (b) When the primary and accessory dwelling units are located in the same building, or in multiple buildings connected by a breezeway or other structure, only one entrance may be located on each street; and
 - (c) Accessory dwelling units shall not exceed the base height as established in 21A.12.030;
 - (5) On a site zoned RA:
 - (a) If one transferable development right is purchased from the Rural Area or Natural Resource Lands under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, the smaller of the dwelling units is permitted a maximum floor area up to one thousand five hundred square feet; and
 - (b) If one transferable development right is purchased from the Rural Area or Natural Resource Lands under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, a detached accessory dwelling unit is allowed on an RA-5 zoned lot that is

at least two and one-half acres and less than three and three-quarters acres;

(6) One additional off-street parking space shall be provided;

(7) The accessory dwelling unit shall be converted to another permitted use or shall be removed if one of the dwelling units ceases to be owner occupied; and

(8) An applicant seeking to build an accessory dwelling unit shall file a notice approved by the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, that identifies the dwelling unit as accessory. The notice shall run with the land. The applicant shall submit proof that the notice was filed before the department shall approve any permit for the construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The required contents and form of the notice shall be set forth in administrative rules. If an accessory dwelling unit in a detached building in the rural zone is subsequently converted to a primary unit on a separate lot, neither the original lot nor the new lot may have an additional detached accessory dwelling unit constructed unless the lot is at least twice the minimum lot area required in the zone; and

(9) Accessory dwelling units (~~and accessory living quarters~~) are not allowed in the F zone.

b. One single or twin engine, noncommercial aircraft shall be permitted only on lots that abut, or have a legal access that is not a county right-of-way, to a waterbody or landing field, but only if there are:

(1) no aircraft sales, service, repair, charter or rental; and

(2) no storage of aviation fuel except that contained in the tank or tanks of the aircraft.

c. Accessory living quarters:

(1) shall not include an area within the building intended for the preparation and storage of food;

(2) are limited to one per lot;

(3) the minimum lot size for detached accessory living quarters in the urban area and in rural towns is three thousand six hundred square feet;

(4) shall not exceed the base height in K.C.C. 21A.12.030;

(5) shall not exceed one thousand square feet of heated floor; and

(6) are not allowed in the F zone.

d. Buildings for residential accessory uses in the RA and A zone shall not exceed five thousand square feet of gross floor area, except for buildings related to agriculture or forestry.

8. Mobile home parks shall not be permitted in the R-1 zones.

9. Only as accessory to the permanent residence of the operator, and:

a. Serving meals shall be limited to paying guests; and

b. The number of persons accommodated per night shall not exceed five, except that a structure that satisfies the standards of the International Building Code as adopted by King County for R-1 occupancies may accommodate up to ten persons per night.

10. Only if part of a mixed use development, and subject to the conditions of subsection B.9. of this section.

11. Townhouses are permitted, but shall be subject to a conditional use permit if exceeding base density.

12. Required before approving more than one dwelling on individual lots, except on lots in subdivisions, short subdivisions or binding site plans approved for multiple unit lots, and except as provided for accessory dwelling units in subsection B.7. of this section.

13. No new mobile home parks are allowed in a rural zone.

14.a. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities.

b. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities with no more than eighteen residents or staff.

15. Only in the R4-R8 zones limited to:

a. ~~((developments no larger than one acre;~~

b. ~~not adjacent to another cottage housing development such that the total combined land area of the cottage housing developments exceeds one acre;~~

e.) All units must be cottage housing units with no less than three units ~~((and no more than sixteen~~

units)), (~~provided that~~) but only if the site contains an existing home that is not being demolished, the existing house is not required to comply with the height limitation in K.C.C. 21A.12.020.B.25. or the floor area and footprint limits in K.C.C. 21A.14.025.B; and

~~(d.)~~ b. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.

16. The development for a detached single-family residence shall be consistent with the following:

- a. The lot must have legally existed before March 1, 2005;
- b. The lot has a Comprehensive Plan land use designation of Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center or Rural Area; and
- c. The standards of this title for the RA-5 zone shall apply.

17. Repealed.

18. Allowed if consistent with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.

SECTION 33. Ordinance 10870, Section 333, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Government/business services land uses.

P-Permitted Use C-Conditional Use S-Special Use		RESOURCE			RURAL		RESIDENTIAL		COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL				
SIC#	SPECIFIC	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	CB	RB	O	I (30)
	GOVERNMENT SERVICES:												
*	Public agency				P3 C5	P3 C5	P3 C	P3 C	P	P	P	P	P16
*	Public agency				P27	P27	P27	P27			P		P
*	Public agency										P	P	P
921	Court									P4	P	P	
9221	Police Facility				P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P	P	P	P
9224	Fire Facility				C6 and 33	C6	C6	C6	P	P	P	P	P
*	Utility Facility	P29 C28	P29 C28	P29 C28	P29 C28 and 33	P29 C28	P29 C28	P29 C28	P	P	P	P	P
*	Commuter Parking				C 33 P19	C P19	C P19	C 19	P	P	P	P	P35
*	Private Stormwater Management	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8

*	Vactor Waste Facility	P	P	P	P18	P18	P18	P18	P31	P31	P31	P31	P
	BUSINESS												
*	Construction				P34						P	P9	P
*	Individual Taxi								P25	P	P10	P	
421	Trucking and								P11	P12	P13	P	
*	Warehousing Wholesale T												P40
*	Self-service S						P14	P37	P	P	P	P	
4221 4222	Farm Product Refrigeration (38)												P
*	Log Storage		P		P26 and 33								P
47	Transportation												P39
473	Freight and C										P	P	P
472	Passenger Tr Service								P	P	P		
48	Communicat									P	P	P	
482	Telegraph and Communicat								P	P	P	P	
*	General Busi								P	P	P	P	P16
*	Professional								P	P	P	P	P16
7312	Outdoor Adv										P	P17	P
735	Miscellaneous Rental								P17	P	P17	P	
751	Automotive Leasing								P	P			P
752	Automotive I								P20a	P20b	P21	P20a	P
*	Off-Street Re Lot				P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32
7941	Professional Teams/Prom										P	P	
873	Research, De Testing										P2	P2	P2
*	Heavy Equip Repair												P
	ACCESSOR												
*	Commercial/ Accessory U			P	P22				P22	P22	P	P	P
*	Helistop					C23	C233	C23	C23	C23	C24	C23	C24

B. Development conditions.

1. Except self-service storage.

2. Except SIC Industry No. 8732-Commercial Economic, Sociological, and Educational Research, see general business service/office.

3.a. Only as a reuse of a public school facility or a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32; or

b. only when accessory to a fire facility and the office is no greater than one thousand five hundred square feet of floor area.

4. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.

5. New utility office locations only if there is no commercial/industrial zoning in the utility district, and not in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no feasible alternative location is possible, and provided further that this condition applies to the UR zone only if the property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town.

6.a. All buildings and structures shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones;

b. Any buildings from which fire-fighting equipment emerges onto a street shall maintain a distance of thirty-five feet from such street;

c. No outdoor storage; and

d. Excluded from the RA-10 and RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no feasible alternative location is possible.

7. Limited to storefront police offices. Such offices shall not have:

a. holding cells;

b. suspect interview rooms (except in the NB zone); or

c. long-term storage of stolen properties.

8. Private stormwater management facilities serving development proposals located on commercial/industrial zoned lands shall also be located on commercial/industrial lands, unless participating in an approved shared facility drainage plan. Such facilities serving development within an area designated urban in the King County Comprehensive Plan shall only be located in the urban area.

9. No outdoor storage of materials.
10. Limited to office uses.
11. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to a gasoline service station.
12. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to a gasoline service station and SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
13. Limited to SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
14. Accessory to an apartment development of at least twelve units provided:
 - a. The gross floor area in self service storage shall not exceed the total gross floor area of the apartment dwellings on the site;
 - b. All outdoor lights shall be deflected, shaded and focused away from all adjoining property;
 - c. The use of the facility shall be limited to dead storage of household goods;
 - d. No servicing or repair of motor vehicles, boats, trailers, lawn mowers or similar equipment;
 - e. No outdoor storage or storage of flammable liquids, highly combustible or explosive materials or hazardous chemicals;
 - f. No residential occupancy of the storage units;
 - g. No business activity other than the rental of storage units; and
 - h. A resident director shall be required on the site and shall be responsible for maintaining the operation of the facility in conformance with the conditions of approval.
 - i. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
15. Repealed.
16. Only as an accessory use to another permitted use.
17. No outdoor storage.

18. Only as an accessory use to a public agency or utility yard, or to a transfer station.

19. Limited to new commuter parking lots designed for thirty or fewer parking spaces or commuter parking lots located on existing parking lots for churches, schools, or other permitted nonresidential uses that have excess capacity available during commuting; provided that the new or existing lot is adjacent to a designated arterial that has been improved to a standard acceptable to the department of local services;

20.a. No tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles,

and

b. Tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles shall be:

(1) permitted only on parcels located within Vashon Town Center;

(2) accessory to a gas or automotive service use; and

(3) limited to no more than ten vehicles.

21. No dismantling or salvage of damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles.

22. Storage limited to accessory storage of commodities sold at retail on the premises or materials used in the fabrication of commodities sold on the premises.

23. Limited to emergency medical evacuation sites in conjunction with police, fire or health service facility. Helistops are prohibited from the UR zone only if the property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town.

24. Allowed as accessory to an allowed use.

25. Limited to private road ambulance services with no outside storage of vehicles.

26. Limited to two acres or less.

27a. Utility yards only on sites with utility district offices; or

b. Public agency yards are limited to material storage for road maintenance facilities.

28. Limited to (~~bulk~~) local distribution gas storage tanks that pipe to individual residences but excluding liquefied natural gas storage tanks.

29. Excluding ((~~bulk~~)) local distribution gas storage tanks.

30. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shall be subject to the provisions for rural industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.

31. Vector waste treatment, storage and disposal shall be limited to liquid materials. Materials shall be disposed of directly into a sewer system, or shall be stored in tanks (or other covered structures), as well as enclosed buildings.

32. Provided:

a. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the urban area must be located in the urban area;

b. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the rural area must be located in the rural area; and

c.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.32.c.(2) of this section, off-street required parking must be located on a lot that would permit, either outright or through a land use permit approval process, the land use the off-street parking will serve.

(2) For a social service agency allowed under K.C.C. 21A.08.050B.13.b. to be located on a site in the NB zone, off-street required parking may be located on a site within three hundred feet of the social service agency, regardless of zoning classification of the site on which the parking is located.

33. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone.

34. Limited to landscape and horticultural services (SIC 078) that are accessory to a retail nursery, garden center and farm supply store. Construction equipment for the accessory use shall not be stored on the premises.

35. Allowed as a primary or accessory use to an allowed industrial-zoned land use.

36. Repealed.

37. Use shall be limited to the NB zone on parcels outside of the Urban Growth Area, Rural Towns and Rural Neighborhoods and the building floor area devoted to such use shall not exceed ten thousand square feet.

38. If the farm product warehousing, refrigeration and storage, or log storage, is associated with agriculture activities it will be reviewed in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.08.090.

39. Excluding fossil fuel facilities.

40. Excluding fossil fuels and fossil fuel facilities.

SECTION 34. Ordinance 10870, Section 335, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Manufacturing land uses.

P-Permitted Use C-Conditional Use S-Special Use	SIC #	SPECIFIC LA	RESOURCE			RUR AL	RESIDENTIAL			COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL				
			A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	CB	RB	O	I (11)
	20	Food and Kind (28)								P2	P2	P2 C		P2 C
* /2082 /2085		Winery/Brewery	P3 C12			P3 C12	P3			P17	P17	P		P
*		Materials Processing Facility		P13 C	P14 C15	P16 C								P
	22	Textile Mill Products												C
	23	Apparel and other Products										C		P
	24	Wood Products furniture	P4 P18	P4 P18 C5		P4 P18 C5	P4					C6		P
	25	Furniture and fixtures		P19		P19						C		P
	26	Paper and Allied Products												C
	27	Printing and Publishing								P7	P7	P7C	P7C	P
*		Marijuana Production	P20			P27					P21 C2	P21 C2		
*		Marijuana Production									P23 C2	P23 C2		P25 C2
	28	Chemicals and Allied Products												C
	2911	Petroleum Refining and Related Industries												C29
	30	Rubber and Miscellaneous Products												C
	31	Leather and Leather Products										C		P
	32	Stone, Clay, Glass and Concrete Products									P6	P9		P
	33	Primary Metal Industries												C

f. Sixty percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be produced; and

g. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided in accordance with state law. The area devoted to tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.3.c. of this section.

4. Limited to rough milling and planing of products grown on-site with portable equipment.

5. Limited to SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills and SIC Industry No. 2431-Millwork. For RA zoned sites, if using lumber or timber grown off-site, the minimum site area is four and one-half acres.

6. Limited to uses found in SIC Industry No. 2434-Wood Kitchen Cabinets and No. 2431-Millwork, (excluding planing mills).

7. Limited to photocopying and printing services offered to the general public.

8. Only within enclosed buildings, and as an accessory use to retail sales.

9. Only within enclosed buildings.

10. Limited to boat building of craft not exceeding forty-eight feet in length.

11. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional use in the table of K.C.C. 21A.08.080.A. shall be prohibited, and all other uses shall be subject to the provisions for rural industrial uses as set forth in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.

12.a. Limited to wineries, SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages and SIC Industry No. 2085-Distilled and Blended Liquors;

b.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.12.b.(2) of this section, the floor area of structures for wineries, breweries and distilleries and any accessory uses shall not exceed a total of eight thousand square feet. The floor area may be increased by up to an additional eight thousand square feet of underground storage that is constructed completely below natural grade, not including required exits and access points, if the

underground storage is at least one foot below the surface and is not visible above ground; and

(2) On Vashon-Maury Island, the total floor area of structures for wineries, breweries and distilleries and any accessory uses may not exceed six thousand square feet, including underground storage;

c. Wineries, breweries and distilleries shall comply with Washington state Department of Ecology and King County board of health regulations for water usage and wastewater disposal. Wineries, breweries and distilleries using water from exempt wells shall install a water meter;

d. Off-street parking is limited to one hundred and fifty percent of the minimum requirement for wineries, breweries or distilleries specified in K.C.C. 21A.18.030;

e. Structures and areas used for processing shall be set back a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjacent to rural area and residential zones, unless the processing is located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;

f. The minimum site area is four and one-half acres. If the total floor area of structures for wineries, breweries and distilleries and any accessory uses exceed six thousand square feet, including underground storage:

(1) the minimum site area is ten acres; and

(2) a minimum of two and one-half acres of the site shall be used for the growing of agricultural products;

g. The facility shall be limited to processing agricultural products and sixty percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be processed; and

h. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided in accordance with state law. The area devoted to tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.12.b. of this section.

13. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an easement:

a. as accessory to a primary forestry use and at a scale appropriate to process the organic waste generated on the site; or

b. as a continuation of a sawmill or lumber manufacturing use only for that period to complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of the sawmill or lumber manufacturing activity.

14. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an easement:

a. as accessory to a primary mineral use; or

b. as a continuation of a mineral processing use only for that period to complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of mineral extraction.

15. Continuation of a materials processing facility after reclamation in accordance with an approved reclamation plan.

16. Only a site that is ten acres or greater and that does not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential use.

17.a. Limited to wineries, SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages and SIC Industry No. 2085-Distilled and Blended Liquors;

b. The floor area devoted to all processing shall not exceed three thousand five hundred square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;

c. Structures and areas used for processing shall maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62; and

d. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided in accordance with state law. The area devoted to tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.18.b. of this section.

18. Limited to:

a. SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills and SIC Industry No. 2431-Millwork, as follows:

- (1) If using lumber or timber grown off-site, the minimum site area is four and one-half acres;
 - (2) The facility shall be limited to an annual production of no more than one hundred fifty thousand board feet;
 - (3) Structures housing equipment used in the operation shall be located at least one-hundred feet from adjacent properties with residential or rural area zoning;
 - (4) Deliveries and customer visits shall be limited to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. on weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on weekends;
 - (5) In the RA zone, the facility's driveway shall have adequate entering sight distance required by the 2007 King County Road Design and Construction Standards. An adequate turn around shall be provided on-site to prevent vehicles from backing out on to the roadway that the driveway accesses; and
 - (6) Outside lighting is limited to avoid off-site glare; and
- b. SIC Industry No. 2411-Logging.
19. Limited to manufacture of custom made wood furniture or cabinets.
 - 20.a. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres;
 - b. Only as an accessory use to a Washington state Liquor Control Board licensed marijuana production facility on the same lot;
 - c. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;
 - d. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and
 - e. Accessory marijuana processing uses allowed under this section are subject to all limitations applicable to marijuana production uses under K.C.C. 21A.08.090.
 - 21.a. Only in the CB and RB zones located outside the urban growth area;

b. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;

d. Per lot, the aggregated total gross floor area devoted to the use of, and in support of, processing marijuana together with any separately authorized production of marijuana shall be limited to a maximum of two thousand square feet; and

e. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.22. of this section.

22.a. Only in the CB and RB zones located outside the urban growth area;

b. Per lot, the aggregated total gross floor area devoted to the use of, and in support of, processing marijuana together with any separately authorized production of marijuana shall be limited to a maximum of thirty thousand square feet;

c. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.; and

d. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site.

23.a. Only in the CB and RB zones located inside the urban growth area;

b. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors,

or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;

d. Per lot, the aggregated total gross floor area devoted to the use of, and in support of, processing marijuana together with any separately authorized production of marijuana shall be limited to a maximum of two thousand square feet; and

e. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.24. of this section.

24.a. Only in the CB and RB zones located inside the urban growth area;

b. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and

d. Per lot, the aggregated total gross floor area devoted to the use of, and in support of, processing marijuana together with any separately authorized production of marijuana shall be limited to a maximum of thirty thousand square feet.

25.a. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

b. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and

c. Per lot, limited to a maximum aggregate total of two thousand square feet of gross floor area devoted to, and in support of, the processing of marijuana together with any separately authorized production of

marijuana.

26.a. With a lighting plan, only if required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

b. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and

c. Per lot, limited to a maximum aggregate total of thirty thousand square feet of gross floor area devoted to, and in support of, the processing of marijuana together with any separately authorized production of marijuana.

27.a. Marijuana processors in all RA zoned areas except for Vashon-Maury Island, that do not require a conditional use permit issued by King County, that receive a Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board license business prior to October 1, 2016, and that King County did not object to within the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board marijuana license application process, shall be considered nonconforming as to subsection B.27.e. of this section, subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.020 through 21A.32.075 for nonconforming uses;

b. Only with a lighting plan that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;

d. Only allowed on lots of at least four and on-half acres on Vashon-Maury Island;

e. Only allowed in the RA-10 or the RA-20 zone, on lots of at least ten acres, except on Vashon-Maury Island;

f. Only as an accessory use to a Washington state Liquor Cannabis Board licensed marijuana

production facility on the same lot; and

g. Accessory marijuana processing uses allowed under this section are subject to all limitations applicable to marijuana production uses under K.C.C. 21A.08.090.

28. If the food and kindred products manufacturing or processing is associated with agricultural activities it will be reviewed in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.08.090.

29. Excluding fossil fuel facilities.

SECTION 35. Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Resource land uses.

P-Permitted Use C-Conditional Special Use		RESOURCE			R U R A L	RESIDENTIAL			COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL				
SIC#	SPECIFIC LA	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	CB	RB	O	I
	AGRICULTURE:												
01	Growing and Harvesting Crops	P	P		P	P	P						P
02	Raising Livestock and Small Animals	P	P		P	P							P
*	Agricultural Activities	P24C	P24C		P24C	P24C							
*	Agricultural Support Services	P25C	P25C		P26C	P26C	P26C		P27 C28	P27 C			
*	Marijuana production	P15 C22			P16 C17					P18 C	P18 C		P20 C21
*	Agriculture Transfer Facility	C10											
*	Agriculture-related needs camp	P12											
*	Agricultural Anaerobic Digester	P13											
	FORESTRY:												
08	Growing & Harvesting Forest Products	P	P	P7	P	P	P						P
*	Forest Research		P		P	P						P2	P
	FISH AND WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT:												
0921	Hatchery/Fish Production	P	P		P	P	C						P
0273	Aquaculture (1)	P	P		P	P	C						P
*	Wildlife Shelter	P	P		P	P							
	MINERAL:												
10,((12,)) 14	Mineral Extraction/Processing		P9 C	P C11									
2951, 3271, 3272	Asphalt/Concrete and Block		P8 C11	P8 C11									P

	ACCESSORY												
*	Resource Acces	P3 P23	P4	P5	P3	P3							P4
*	Farm Worker H	P14			P14								

B. Development conditions.

1. May be further subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.25.
2. Only forest research conducted within an enclosed building.
3. Farm residences in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.08.030.
4. Excluding housing for agricultural workers.
5. Limited to either maintenance or storage facilities, or both, in conjunction with mineral extraction or processing operation.
6. Allowed in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
7. Only in conjunction with a mineral extraction site plan approved in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.22.
8. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an easement:
 - a. as accessory to a primary mineral extraction use;
 - b. as a continuation of a mineral processing only for that period to complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of a mineral extraction; or
 - c. for a public works project under a temporary grading permit issued in accordance with K.C.C. 16.82.152.
9. Limited to mineral extraction and processing:
 - a. on a lot or group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control, which includes but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an easement;
 - b. that are located greater than one-quarter mile from an established residence; and

c. that do not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential use.

10. Agriculture training facilities are allowed only as an accessory to existing agricultural uses and are subject to the following conditions:

a. The impervious surface associated with the agriculture training facilities shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted under K.C.C. 21A.12.040;

b. New or the expansion of existing structures, or other site improvements, shall not be located on class 1, 2 or 3 soils;

c. The director may require reuse of surplus structures to the maximum extent practical;

d. The director may require the clustering of new structures with existing structures;

e. New structures or other site improvements shall be set back a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones;

f. Bulk and design of structures shall be compatible with the architectural style of the surrounding agricultural community;

g. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;

h. Traffic generated shall not impede the safe and efficient movement of agricultural vehicles, nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural roads;

i. Agriculture training facilities may be used to provide educational services to the surrounding rural/agricultural community or for community events. Property owners may be required to obtain a temporary use permit for community events in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.32;

j. Use of lodging and food service facilities shall be limited only to activities conducted in conjunction with training and education programs or community events held on site;

k. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that directly support education and training activities or farm operations; and

l. The King County agriculture commission shall be notified of and have an opportunity to comment

upon all proposed agriculture training facilities during the permit process in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.40.

11. Continuation of mineral processing and asphalt/concrete mixtures and block uses after reclamation in accordance with an approved reclamation plan.

12.a. Activities at the camp shall be limited to agriculture and agriculture-oriented activities. In addition, activities that place minimal stress on the site's agricultural resources or activities that are compatible with agriculture are permitted.

- (1) passive recreation;
- (2) training of individuals who will work at the camp;
- (3) special events for families of the campers; and
- (4) agriculture education for youth.

b. Outside the camp center, as provided for in subsection B.12.e. of this section, camp activities shall not preclude the use of the site for agriculture and agricultural related activities, such as the processing of local food to create value-added products and the refrigeration and storage of local agricultural products. The camp shall be managed to coexist with agriculture and agricultural activities both onsite and in the surrounding area.

c. A farm plan shall be required for commercial agricultural production to ensure adherence to best management practices and soil conservation.

d.(1) The minimum site area shall be five hundred acres. Unless the property owner has sold or transferred the development rights as provided in subsection B.12.c.(3) of this section, a minimum of five hundred acres of the site must be owned by a single individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity and must remain under the ownership of a single individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity for the duration of the operation of the camp.

(2) Nothing in subsection B.12.d.(1) of this section prohibits the property owner from selling or transferring the development rights for a portion or all of the site to the King County farmland preservation

program or, if the development rights are extinguished as part of the sale or transfer, to a nonprofit entity approved by the director;

e. The impervious surface associated with the camp shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted under K.C.C. 21A.12.040;

f. Structures for living quarters, dining facilities, medical facilities and other nonagricultural camp activities shall be located in a camp center. The camp center shall be no more than fifty acres and shall be depicted on a site plan. New structures for nonagricultural camp activities shall be clustered with existing structures;

g. To the extent practicable, existing structures shall be reused. The applicant shall demonstrate to the director that a new structure for nonagricultural camp activities cannot be practicably accommodated within an existing structure on the site, though cabins for campers shall be permitted only if they do not already exist on site;

h. Camp facilities may be used to provide agricultural educational services to the surrounding rural and agricultural community or for community events. If required by K.C.C. chapter 21A.32, the property owner shall obtain a temporary use permit for community events;

i. Lodging and food service facilities shall only be used for activities related to the camp or for agricultural education programs or community events held on site;

j. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that directly support camp activities, farm operations or agricultural education programs;

k. New nonagricultural camp structures and site improvements shall maintain a minimum set-back of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones;

l. Except for legal nonconforming structures existing as of January 1, 2007, camp facilities, such as a medical station, food service hall and activity rooms, shall be of a scale to serve overnight camp users;

m. Landscaping equivalent to a type III landscaping screen, as provided for in K.C.C. 21A.16.040, of

at least twenty feet shall be provided for nonagricultural structures and site improvements located within two hundred feet of an adjacent rural area and residential zoned property not associated with the camp;

- n. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;
- o. The total number of persons staying overnight shall not exceed three hundred;
- p. The length of stay for any individual overnight camper, not including camp personnel, shall not exceed ninety days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period;
- q. Traffic generated by camp activities shall not impede the safe and efficient movement of agricultural vehicles nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural roads;
- r. If the site is adjacent to an arterial roadway, access to the site shall be directly onto the arterial unless the county road engineer determines that direct access is unsafe;
- s. If direct access to the site is via local access streets, transportation management measures shall be used to minimize adverse traffic impacts;
- t. Camp recreational activities shall not involve the use of motor vehicles unless the motor vehicles are part of an agricultural activity or are being used for the transportation of campers, camp personnel or the families of campers. Camp personnel may use motor vehicles for the operation and maintenance of the facility. Client-specific motorized personal mobility devices are allowed; and
- u. Lights to illuminate the camp or its structures shall be arranged to reflect the light away from any adjacent property.

13. Limited to digester receiving plant and animal and other organic waste from agricultural activities, and including electrical generation, as follows:

- a. the digester must be included as part of a Washington state Department of Agriculture approved dairy nutrient plan;
- b. the digester must process at least seventy percent livestock manure or other agricultural organic material from farms in the vicinity, by volume;

c. imported organic waste-derived material, such as food processing waste, may be processed in the digester for the purpose of increasing methane gas production for beneficial use, but not shall exceed thirty percent of volume processed by the digester; and

d. the use must be accessory to an operating dairy or livestock operation.

14. Farm worker housing. Either:

a. Temporary farm worker housing subject to the following conditions:

(1) The housing must be licensed by the Washington state Department of Health under chapter 70.114A RCW and chapter 246-358 WAC;

(2) Water supply and sewage disposal systems must be approved by the Seattle King County department of health;

(3) To the maximum extent practical, the housing should be located on nonfarmable areas that are already disturbed and should not be located in the floodplain or in a critical area or critical area buffer; and

(4) The property owner shall file with the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department identifying the housing as temporary farm worker housing and that the housing shall be occupied only by agricultural employees and their families while employed by the owner or operator or on a nearby farm. The notice shall run with the land; [or]

b. Housing for agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or operator of the farm year-round as follows:

(1) Not more than:

(a) one agricultural employee dwelling unit on a site less than twenty acres;

(b) two agricultural employee dwelling units on a site of at least twenty acres and less than fifty acres;

(c) three agricultural employee dwelling units on a site of at least fifty acres and less than one-hundred acres; and

(d) four agricultural employee dwelling units on a site of at least one-hundred acres, and one additional agricultural employee dwelling unit for each additional one hundred acres thereafter;

(2) If the primary use of the site changes to a nonagricultural use, all agricultural employee dwelling units shall be removed;

(3) The applicant shall file with the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department that identifies the agricultural employee dwelling units as accessory and that the dwelling units shall only be occupied by agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or operator year-round. The notice shall run with the land. The applicant shall submit to the department proof that the notice was filed with the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, before the department approves any permit for the construction of agricultural employee dwelling units;

(4) An agricultural employee dwelling unit shall not exceed a floor area of one thousand square feet and may be occupied by no more than eight unrelated agricultural employees;

(5) To the maximum extent practical, the housing should be located on nonfarmable areas that are already disturbed;

(6) One off-street parking space shall be provided for each agricultural employee dwelling unit; and

(7) The agricultural employee dwelling units shall be constructed in compliance with K.C.C. Title

16.

15. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:

a. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres;

b. With a lighting plan, only if required by and that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors,

or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;

d. Production is limited to outdoor, indoor within marijuana greenhouses, and within structures that are nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013, subject to the size limitations in subsection B.15.e. of this section;

e. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area, or may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013;

f. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board, marijuana greenhouses and nondwelling unit structures shall maintain a minimum street setback of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of thirty feet; and

g. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold of plant canopy combined with area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.22. of this section.

16. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:

a. Marijuana producers in all RA zoned areas except for Vashon-Maury Island, that do not require a conditional use permit issued by King County, that receive a Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board license business prior to October 1, 2016, and that King County did not object to within the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board marijuana license application process, shall be considered nonconforming as to subsection B.16.d. and h. of this section, subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.020 through 21A.32.075 for nonconforming uses;

- b. In all rural area zones, only with a lighting plan that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;
- c. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres on Vashon-Maury Island;
- d. Only allowed in the RA-10 or the RA-20 zone, on lots of at least ten acres, except on Vashon-Maury Island;
- e. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;
- f. Production is limited to outdoor, indoor within marijuana greenhouses, and within nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013, subject to the size limitations in subsection B.16.g. of this section; and
- g. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse, that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area, or may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013;
- h. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board and marijuana greenhouses shall maintain a minimum street setback of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of one hundred feet; and a minimum setback of one hundred fifty feet from any existing residence; and
- i. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold of plant canopy within fenced areas or marijuana greenhouses is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.17. of this section.

17. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:

- a. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres on Vashon-Maury Island;
 - b. Only allowed in the RA-10 or the RA-20 zone, on lots of at least ten acres, except on Vashon-Maury Island;
 - c. In all rural area zones, only with a lighting plan that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;
 - d. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;
 - e. Production is limited to outdoor and indoor within marijuana greenhouses subject to the size limitations in subsection B.17.f. of this section;
 - f. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of thirty thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area; and
 - g. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board, and marijuana greenhouses shall maintain a minimum street setback of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of one hundred feet, and a minimum setback of one hundred fifty feet from any existing residence.
- 18.a. Production is limited to indoor only;
- b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;
 - c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and
 - d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for

processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately authorized processing area; and

e. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square foot threshold area on that parcel shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.19. of this section.

19.a. Production is limited to indoor only;

b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and

d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of thirty thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately authorized processing area.

20.a. Production is limited to indoor only;

b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;

d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of two thousand square

feet and shall be located within a building or tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately authorized processing area; and

e. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.21. of this section.

21.a. Production is limited to indoor only;

b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site; and

d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of thirty thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately authorized processing area.

22. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:

a. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.G.;

b. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres;

c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products are imported onto the site;

d. Production is limited to outdoor, indoor within marijuana greenhouses, and within structures that

are nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013, subject to the size limitations in subsection B.22. e. and f. of this section;

e. On lots less than ten acres, per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of five thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area, or may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013;

f. On lots ten acres or more, per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum aggregated total of ten thousand square feet, and shall be located within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area, or may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013; and

g. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board, marijuana greenhouses and nondwelling unit structures shall maintain a minimum street setback of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of one hundred feet, and a minimum setback of one hundred fifty feet from any existing residence.

23. The storage and processing of non-manufactured source separated organic waste that originates from agricultural operations and that does not originate from the site, if:

- a. agricultural is the primary use of the site;
- b. the storage and processing are in accordance with best management practices included in an approved farm plan; and
- c. except for areas used for manure storage, the areas used for storage and processing do not exceed three acres and ten percent of the site.

24.a. For activities relating to the processing of crops or livestock for commercial purposes, including

associated activities such as warehousing, storage, including refrigeration, and other similar activities and excluding wineries, SIC Industry No. 2085 - Distilled and Blended Liquors and SIC Industry No. 2082 - Malt Beverages:

(1) limited to agricultural products and sixty percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be produced;

(2) in the RA and UR zones, only allowed on sites of at least four and one-half acres;

(3) (a) as a permitted use, the floor area devoted to all processing shall not exceed two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as an historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve an increase in the processing floor area as follows: up to three thousand five hundred square feet of floor area may be devoted to all processing in the RA zones or on farms less than thirty-five acres located in the A zones or up to seven thousand square feet on farms greater than thirty-five acres in the A zone; and

(b) as a permitted use, the floor area devoted to all warehousing, refrigeration, storage or other similar activities shall not exceed two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve an increase of up to three thousand five hundred square feet of floor area devoted to all warehouseing, storage, including refrigeration, or other similar activities in the RA zones or on farms less than thirty-five acres located in the A zones or up to seven thousand square feet on farms greater than thirty-five acres in the A zone;

(4) in the A zone, structures and areas used for processing, warehousing, refrigeration, storage and other similar activities shall be located on portions of agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other agricultural purposes, such as areas within the already developed portion of such agricultural lands that are not available for direct agricultural production, or areas without prime agricultural soils; and

(5) structures and areas used for processing, warehousing, storage, including refrigeration, and other similar activities shall maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62.

b. For activities relating to the retail sale of agricultural products, except livestock:

(1) sales shall be limited to agricultural products and locally made arts and crafts;

(2) in the RA and UR zones, only allowed on sites at least four and one-half acres;

(3) as a permitted use, the covered sales area shall not exceed two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as a historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve an increase of up to three thousand five hundred square feet of covered sales area;

(4) forty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural product sold through the store must be sold by the producers of primary agricultural products;

(5) sixty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural products sold through the store shall be derived from products grown or produced in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a reasonable projection of the source of product sales;

(6) tasting of products, in accordance with applicable health regulations, is allowed;

(7) storage areas for agricultural products may be included in a farm store structure or in any accessory building; and

(8) outside lighting is permitted if there is no off-site glare.

c. Retail sales of livestock is permitted only as accessory to raising livestock.

d. Farm operations, including quipment repair and related facilities, except that:

(1) the repair of tools and machinery is limited to those necessary for the operation of a farm or forest;

(2) in the RA and UR zones, only allowed on sites of at least four and one-half acres;

(3) the size of the total repair use is limited to one percent of the farm size in the A zone, and up to one percent of the size in other zones, up to a maximum of five thousand square feet unless located within an existing farm structure, including but not limited to barns, existing as of December 31, 2003; and

(4) Equipment repair shall not be permitted in the Forest zone.

e. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve reductions of minimum site sizes in the rural and residential zones and minimum setbacks from rural and residential zones.

25. The department may review and approve establishment of agricultural support services in accordance with the code compliance review process in K.C.C. 21A.42.300 only if:

a. project is sited on lands that are unsuitable for direct agricultural production based on size, soil conditions or other factors and cannot be returned to productivity by drainage maintenance; and

b. the proposed use is allowed under any Farmland Preservation Program conservation easement and zoning development standards.

26. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve establishment of agricultural support services only if the project site:

a. adjoins or is within six hundred sixty feet of the agricultural production district;

b. has direct vehicular access to the agricultural production district;

c. except for farmworker housing, does not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential use; and

d. has a minimum lot size of four and one-half acres.

27. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve establishment of agricultural support services only if the project site:

a. is outside the urban growth area,

- b. adjoins or is within six hundred sixty feet of the agricultural production district,
 - c. has direct vehicular access to the agricultural production district,
 - d. except for farmworker housing, does not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential use; and
 - e. has a minimum lot size of four and one-half acres.
28. Only allowed on properties that are outside the urban growth area.

SECTION 36. Ordinance 10870, Section 337, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Regional land uses.

P-Permitted Use C-Conditional Use S-Special Use		RESOURCE			R U R A L	RESIDENTIAL			COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL				
SIC#	SPECIFIC LA	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	CB	RB	O	I (15)
*	Jail						S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Jail Farm/Car	S	S		S	S							
*	Work Release				S19	S19	S	S	S	S	S	S	
*	Public Agency Control Facility		S		S	S					S		P
*	Public Agency Facility		S		S3					S3	S3	S3	C4
*	Hydroelectric Facility		C14 S		C14 S	C14 S	C14 S						
*	Non-hydroelectric Generation Facility	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))	C P12 ((S))
*	Communication (17)	C6c S	P		C6c S	C6c S	C6c S	C6c S	C6c S	P	P	P	P
*	Earth Station	P6b C	P		C6a S	C6a S	C6a S	C6a S	P6b C	P	P	P	P
13	Oil and Gas Exploration	S27	((C)) S27	((P)) S27	S27	((S))	((S))	((S))	((S))	S27	S27	S27	((C)) S27
*	Fossil Fuel Facility I												C28
*	Fossil Fuel Facility II												S28,29
*	Energy Resource Recovery Facility		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Soil Recycling		S	S	S								C
*	Landfill		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Transfer Station			S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		P
*	Wastewater Treatment Facility				S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	C
*	Municipal Wastewater Production	S	P13 S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

*	Airport/Helipad	S7	S7		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Regional Transportation Authority Facility					P25							
*	Rural Public Infrastructure Maintenance				C23								P
*	Transit Bus Bay						S	S	S	S	S	S	P
*	Transit Comf				P26		P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P26	P26
*	School Bus Bay				C5 S20	C5 S	C5 S	C5 S	S	S	S	S	P
7948	Racetrack				S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S24
*	Regional Motor Vehicle Facility												P
*	County Fairgrounds Facility				P21 S22								
*	Fairground									S	S		S
8422	Zoo/Wildlife		S9		S9	S	S	S		S	S		
7941	Stadium/Arena										S		S
8221-8222	College/University	P10	P10		P10 C11 S18	P10 C11 S18	P10 C11 S	P10 C11 S	P10 C11 S	P	P	P	P
*	Zoo Animal Hospital Facility	P16	P16		P16								

B. Development conditions.

1. Except technical institutions. See vocational schools on general services land use table, K.C.C.

21A.08.050.

2. Except arboretum. See K.C.C. 21A.08.040, recreation/cultural land use table.

3. Except weapons armories and outdoor shooting ranges.

4. Except outdoor shooting range.

5. Only in conjunction with an existing or proposed school.

- 6.a. Limited to no more than three satellite dish antennae.

- b. Limited to one satellite dish antenna.

- c. Limited to tower consolidations.

7. Limited to landing field for aircraft involved in forestry or agricultural practices or for emergency landing sites.

8. Except racing of motorized vehicles.

9. Limited to wildlife exhibit.
10. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
11. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.
13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.
14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:
 - a. Any new diversion structure shall not:
 - (1) exceed a height of eight feet as measured from the streambed; or
 - (2) impound more than three surface acres of water at the normal maximum surface level;
 - b. There shall be no active storage;
 - c. The maximum water surface area at any existing dam or diversion shall not be increased;
 - d. An exceedance flow of no greater than fifty percent in mainstream reach shall be maintained;
 - e. Any transmission line shall be limited to a:
 - (1) right-of-way of five miles or less; and
 - (2) capacity of two hundred thirty KV or less;
 - f. Any new, permanent access road shall be limited to five miles or less; and
 - g. The facility shall only be located above any portion of the stream used by anadromous fish.

15. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional or special use in K.C.C. 21A.08.100.A, except for waste water treatment facilities and racetracks, shall be prohibited. All other uses, including waste water treatment facilities, shall be subject to the provisions for rural industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.

16. The operator of such a facility shall provide verification to the department of natural resources and parks or its successor organization that the facility meets or exceeds the standards of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States Department of Agriculture and the accreditation guidelines of

the American Zoo and Aquarium Association.

17. The following provisions of the table apply only to major communication facilities. Minor communication facilities shall be reviewed in accordance with the processes and standard outlined in K.C.C. chapter 21A.27.

18. Only for facilities related to resource-based research.

19. Limited to work release facilities associated with natural resource-based activities.

20. Limited to projects which do not require or result in an expansion of sewer service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school bus base and serving only the school bus base may be used. Renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of a school bus base is permitted but shall not require or result in an expansion of sewer service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school bus base.

21. Only in conformance with the King County Site Development Plan Report, through modifications to the plan of up to ten percent are allowed for the following:

- a. building square footage;
- b. landscaping;
- c. parking;
- d. building height; or
- e. impervious surface.

22. A special use permit shall be required for any modification or expansion of the King County fairgrounds facility that is not in conformance with the King County Site Development Plan Report or that exceeds the allowed modifications to the plan identified in subsection B.21. of this section.

23. The facility shall be primarily devoted to rural public infrastructure maintenance and is subject to

the following conditions:

- a. The minimum site area shall be ten acres, unless:
 - (1) the facility is a reuse of a public agency yard; or
 - (2) the site is separated from a county park by a street or utility right-of-way;
- b. Type 1 landscaping as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 shall be provided between any stockpiling or grinding operations and adjacent residential zoned property;
- c. Type 2 landscaping as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 shall be provided between any office and parking lots and adjacent residential zoned property;
- d. Access to the site does not use local access streets that abut residential zoned property, unless the facility is a reuse of a public agency yard;
- e. Structural setbacks from property lines shall be as follows:
 - (1) Buildings, structures and stockpiles used in the processing of materials shall be no closer than:
 - (a) one hundred feet from any residential zoned properties, except that the setback may be reduced to fifty feet when the grade where the building or structures are proposed is fifty feet or greater below the grade of the residential zoned property;
 - (b) fifty feet from any other zoned property, except when adjacent to a mineral extraction or materials processing site;
 - (c) the greater of fifty feet from the edge of any public street or the setback from residential zoned property on the far side of the street; and
 - (2) Offices, scale facilities, equipment storage buildings and stockpiles shall not be closer than fifty feet from any property line except when adjacent to M or F zoned property or when a reuse of an existing building. Facilities necessary to control access to the site, when demonstrated to have no practical alternative, may be located closer to the property line;
- f. On-site clearing, grading or excavation, excluding that necessary for required access, roadway or

storm drainage facility construction, shall not be permitted within fifty feet of any property line except along any portion of the perimeter adjacent to M or F zoned property. If native vegetation is restored, temporary disturbance resulting from construction of noise attenuation features located closer than fifty feet shall be permitted; and

g. Sand and gravel extraction shall be limited to forty thousand yards per year.

24. The following accessory uses to a motor race track operation are allowed if approved as part of the special use permit:

- a. motocross;
- b. autocross;
- c. skidpad;
- d. garage;
- e. driving school; and
- f. fire station.

25. Regional transit authority facilities shall be exempt from setback and height requirements.

26. Transit comfort facility shall:

- a. only be located outside of the urban growth area boundary;
- b. be exempt from street setback requirements; and
- c. be no more than 200 square feet in size.

27. Use limited to gas extraction as an accessory use to waste management process, such as wastewater treatment, landfill waste management, livestock manure and composting processes.

28. Required for all new, modified or expanded fossil fuel facilities where modified or expanded include, but are not limited to:

- a. new uses or fuel types within existing facilities;
- b. changes to the type of refining, manufacturing and processing;

- c. changes in the location of the facilities;
- d. replacement of existing facilities;
- e. increases in power or water demands;
- f. increases in production capacity; and
- g. changes in the methods or volumes of transport of raw materials or processed products.

29. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:

- a. shall not be located within one thousand feet from any schools, medical care facilities, or places of assembly that have occupancies of greater than one thousand persons, such as arenas, gymnasiums and auditoriums;
- b. shall not be located within two hundred fifty feet from a regulated wetland or aquatic area;
- c. structures shall be setback at least two hundred feet from adjacent properties; and
- d. storage of fossil fuels must be contained within enclosed structures, tanks or similar facilities.

SECTION 37. Ordinance 10870, Section 340, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.12.030 are hereby

amended to read as follows:

A. Densities and dimensions - residential and rural zones.

RURAL					RESIDENTIAL								
STANDARD	RA-2.5	RA-5	RA-10	RA-20	UR	R-1 (17)	R-4	R-6	R-8	R-12	R-18	R-24	R-48
Base Density Unit/Acre	0.2 (du/ac)	0.2 (du/ac)	0.1 (du/ac)	0.05 (du/ac)	0.2 du/a (21)	1 du/ ac	4 du/ ac (6)	6 du/ac	8 du/ac	12 du/ac	18 du/ac	24 du/ac	48 du/ac
Maximum Dwelling Units (20)	0.4 (du/ac)						6 du/ ac (22) 8 du/ ac (27)	9 du/ac (12) (27)	12 du/ac (16) (27)	18 du/ac (24) (27)	27 du/ac (36) (27)	36 du/ac (48) (27)	72 du/ac (96) (27)
Minimum Density							85% (12) (18) (23)	85% (12) (18)	85% (12) (18)	80% (18)	75% (18)	70% (18)	65% (18)
Minimum Lot Area (13)	1.875 ac	3.75 ac	7.5 ac	15 ac									
Minimum Lot Width (3)	135 ft	135 ft	135 ft	135 ft	35 ft (7)	35 ft (7)	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30ft	30 ft	30 ft
Minimum Setback (3)	30 ft (9)	30 ft (9)	30ft (9)	30 ft (9)	30 ft (7)	20 ft (7) (29)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10ft (8)	10 ft (8)
Minimum Setback (3)	5 ft (9)	10ft (9)	10 ft (9)	10 ft (9)	5 ft (7)	5 ft (7) (29)	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft (10)	5 ft (10)	5 ft (10)	5 ft (10)

Base Height	40 ft	40 ft	40 ft	40 ft	35 ft	35 ft (29)	35 ft (25)	35 ft 45 ft (14) (25)	35 ft 45 ft (14) (25)	60 ft	60 ft 80 ft (14)	60 ft 80 ft (14)	60 ft 80 ft (14)
Maximum Impervious Surface: Percent	25% (11) (19) (26)	20% (11) (19) (26)	15% (11) (19) (24) (26)	12.5% (11) (19) (26)	30% (11) (26)	30% (11) (26)	55% (26)	70% (26)	75% (26)	85% (26)	85% (26)	85% (26)	90% (26)

B. Development conditions.

1. This maximum density may be achieved only through the application of residential density incentives in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.34 or transfers of development rights in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, or any combination of density incentive or density transfer.
2. Also see K.C.C. 21A.12.060.
3. These standards may be modified under the provisions for zero-lot-line and townhouse developments.
4. Height limits may be increased if portions of the structure that exceed the base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for each foot above the base height limit, but the maximum height may not exceed seventy-five feet. Netting or fencing and support structures for the netting or fencing used to contain golf balls in the operation of golf courses or golf driving ranges are exempt from the additional interior setback requirements but the maximum height shall not exceed seventy-five feet, except for recreation or multiuse parks, where the maximum height shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five feet, unless a golf ball trajectory study requires a higher fence. Accessory dwelling units and accessory living quarters shall not exceed base heights.
5. Applies to each individual lot. Impervious surface area standards for:
 - a. Regional uses shall be established at the time of permit review;
 - b. Nonresidential uses in rural area and residential zones shall comply with K.C.C. 21A.12.120 and 21A.12.220;
 - c. Individual lots in the R-4 through R-6 zones that are less than nine thousand seventy-six square feet in area shall be subject to the applicable provisions of the nearest comparable R-6 or R-8 zone; and

d. A lot may be increased beyond the total amount permitted in this chapter subject to approval of a conditional use permit.

6. Mobile home parks shall be allowed a base density of six dwelling units per acre.

7. The standards of the R-4 zone apply if a lot is less than fifteen thousand square feet in area.

8. At least twenty linear feet of driveway shall be provided between any garage, carport or other fenced parking area and the street property line. The linear distance shall be measured along the center line of the driveway from the access point to such garage, carport or fenced area to the street property line.

9.a. Residences shall have a setback of at least one hundred feet from any property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations. However, residences on lots less than one hundred fifty feet in width adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations shall have a setback from the rear property line equal to fifty percent of the lot width and a setback from the side property equal to twenty-five percent of the lot width.

b. Except for residences along a property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations, lots between one acre and two and one-half acres in size shall conform to the requirements of the R-1 zone and lots under one acre shall conform to the requirements of the R-4 zone.

10.a. For developments consisting of three or more single-detached dwellings located on a single parcel, the setback shall be ten feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones, except for structures in on-site play areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.190, which shall have a setback of five feet.

b. For townhouse and apartment development, the setback shall be twenty feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones, except for structures in on-site play areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.190, which shall have a setback of five feet, unless the townhouse or apartment development is adjacent to property upon which an existing townhouse or apartment development is located.

11. Lots smaller than one-half acre in area shall comply with standards of the nearest comparable R-4 through R-8 zone. For lots that are one-half acre in area or larger, the maximum impervious surface area

allowed shall be at least ten thousand square feet. On any lot over one acre in area, an additional five percent of the lot area may be used for buildings related to agricultural or forestry practices. For lots smaller than two acres but larger than one-half acre, an additional ten percent of the lot area may be used for structures that are determined to be medically necessary, if the applicant submits with the permit application a notarized affidavit, conforming with K.C.C. 21A.32.170A.2.

12. For purposes of calculating minimum density, the applicant may request that the minimum density factor be modified based upon the weighted average slope of the net buildable area of the site in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.12.087.

13. The minimum lot area does not apply to lot clustering proposals as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.14.

14. The base height to be used only for projects as follows:

- a. in R-6 and R-8 zones, a building with a footprint built on slopes exceeding a fifteen percent finished grade; and
- b. in R-18, R-24 and R-48 zones using residential density incentives and transfer of density credits in accordance with this title.

15. Density applies only to dwelling units and not to sleeping units.

16. Vehicle access points from garages, carports or fenced parking areas shall be set back from the property line on which a joint use driveway is located to provide a straight line length of at least twenty-six feet as measured from the center line of the garage, carport or fenced parking area, from the access point to the opposite side of the joint use driveway.

17.a. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in the R-1 zone shall be required to be clustered if the property is located within or contains:

- (1) a floodplain;
- (2) a critical aquifer recharge area;

- (3) a regionally or locally significant resource area;
- (4) existing or planned public parks or trails, or connections to such facilities;
- (5) a category type S or F aquatic area or category I or II wetland;
- (6) a steep slope; or
- (7) an urban separator or wildlife habitat network designated by the Comprehensive Plan or a

community plan.

b. The development shall be clustered away from critical areas or the axis of designated corridors such as urban separators or the wildlife habitat network to the extent possible and the open space shall be placed in a separate tract that includes at least fifty percent of the site. Open space tracts shall be permanent and shall be dedicated to a homeowner's association or other suitable organization, as determined by the director, and meet the requirements in K.C.C. 21A.14.040. On-site critical area and buffers and designated urban separators shall be placed within the open space tract to the extent possible. Passive recreation, with no development of recreational facilities, and natural-surface pedestrian and equestrian trails are acceptable uses within the open space tract.

18. See K.C.C. 21A.12.085.

19. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in R-1 and RA zones within the North Fork and Upper Issaquah Creek subbasins of the Issaquah Creek Basin (the North Fork and Upper Issaquah Creek subbasins are identified in the Issaquah Creek Basin and Nonpoint Action Plan) and the portion of the Grand Ridge subarea of the East Sammamish Community Planning Area that drains to Patterson Creek shall have a maximum impervious surface area of eight percent of the gross acreage of the plat. Distribution of the allowable impervious area among the platted lots shall be recorded on the face of the plat. Impervious surface of roads need not be counted towards the allowable impervious area. Where both lot- and plat-specific impervious limits apply, the more restrictive shall be required.

20. This density may only be achieved on RA 2.5 zoned parcels receiving density from rural forest

focus areas through a transfer of density credit pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.37.

21. Base density may be exceeded, if the property is located in a designated rural city urban growth area and each proposed lot contains an occupied legal residence that predates 1959.

22. The maximum density is four dwelling units per acre for properties zoned R-4 when located in the Rural Town of Fall City.

23. The minimum density requirement does not apply to properties located within the Rural Town of Fall City.

24. The impervious surface standards for the county fairground facility are established in the King County Fairgrounds Site Development Plan, Attachment A to Ordinance 14808* on file at the department of natural resources and parks and the department of local services, permitting division. Modifications to that standard may be allowed provided the square footage does not exceed the approved impervious surface square footage established in the King County Fairgrounds Site Development Plan Environmental Checklist, dated September 21, 1999, Attachment B to Ordinance 14808*, by more than ten percent.

25. For cottage housing developments only:

a. The base height is eighteen feet.

b. Buildings have pitched roofs with a minimum slope of six and twelve may extend up to twenty-five feet at the ridge of the roof.

26. Impervious surface does not include access easements serving neighboring property and driveways to the extent that they extend beyond the street setback due to location within an access panhandle or due to the application of King County Code requirements to locate features over which the applicant does not have control.

27. Only in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.1.g. and F.6.

28. On a site zoned RA with a building listed on the national register of historic places, additional dwelling units in excess of the maximum density may be allowed under K.C.C. 21A.12.042.

29. Height and setback requirements shall not apply to regional transit authority facilities.

SECTION 38. Ordinance 15032, Section 18, and K.C.C. 21A.14.025 are hereby amended to read as follows:

For cottage housing developments in the R4-R8 zones:

A. The total area of the common open space must be at least two hundred and fifty square feet per unit and at least fifty percent of the units must be clustered around the common space.

B. The total floor area of each unit, (~~including~~) except for two hundred and fifty square feet of any enclosed parking, is limited to one thousand two hundred square feet. The footprint of each unit, including any enclosed parking, is limited to nine hundred square feet. A front or wraparound porch of up to one hundred square feet is permitted and is not to be included in the floor area or footprint calculation.

C. Fences within the cottage housing unit development are limited to three feet in height. Fences along the perimeter of the cottage housing development are limited to six feet.

D. Individual cottage housing units must be at least ten feet apart.

E. Each dwelling unit that abuts common open space shall have a primary entry, or covered porch, or both, oriented to the common open space.

F. Each dwelling unit abutting or proximal to a public right-of-way, not including alleys, shall have a façade that is inviting, such as a primary or secondary entrance or porch, oriented to the public right-of-way. If a dwelling unit abuts more than one public right-of-way, the department shall determine which right-of-way the inviting façade shall be oriented.

SECTION 39. Ordinance 10870, Section 407, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.18.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Except as modified in K.C.C. 21A.18.070.B-D, off-street parking areas shall contain at a minimum the number of parking spaces as stipulated in the following table. Off-street parking ratios expressed as number of spaces per square feet means the usable or net square footage of floor area, exclusive of non-public areas.

Non-public areas include but are not limited to building maintenance areas, storage areas, closets or restrooms. If the formula for determining the number of off-street parking spaces results in a fraction, the number of off-street parking spaces shall be rounded to the nearest whole number with fractions of .50 or greater rounding up and fractions below .50 rounding down.

LAND USE	MINIMUM PARKING SPACES REQUIRED
RESIDENTIAL (K.C.C. 21A.08.030.A):	
Single detached/Townhouse	2.0 per dwelling unit
Apartment:	
Studio units	1.2 per dwelling unit
One bedroom units	1.5 per dwelling unit
Two bedroom units	1.7 per dwelling unit
Three bedroom units or larger	2.0 per dwelling unit
Mobile home park	2.0 per dwelling unit
Senior citizen assisted	1 per 2 dwelling or sleeping units
Community residential facilities	1 per two bedrooms
Dormitory, including religious	1 per two bedrooms
Hotel/Motel including organizational hotel/lodging	1 per bedroom
Bed and breakfast guesthouse	1 per guest room, plus 2 per facility
Cottage housing	1 per dwelling unit less than 750 ft ² 1.5 per dwelling unit equal to 750 ft ² and less than 1,000 ft ² 2 per dwelling unit equal to or greater than 1,000 ft ²
RECREATION/CULTURAL (K.C.C. 21A.08.040.A):	
Recreation/culture uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Bowling center	5 per lane
Golf course	3 per hole, plus 1 per 300 square feet of club house facilities
Tennis Club	4 per tennis court plus 1 per 300 square feet of clubhouse facility
Golf driving range	1 per tee
Park/playfield/paintball	(director)
Theater	1 per 3 fixed seats
Conference center	1 per 3 fixed seats, plus 1 per 50 square feet used for assembly purposes without fixed seats, or 1 per bedroom, whichever results in the greater number of spaces.

LAND USE	MINIMUM PARKING SPACES REQUIRED
GENERAL SERVICES (K.C.C. 21A.08.050.A):	
General services uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Funeral home/Crematory	1 per 50 square feet of chapel area
Daycare I	2 per facility
Daycare II	2 per facility, plus 1 space for each 20 children
Churches, synagogue, temple	1 per 5 fixed seats, plus 1 per 50 square feet of gross floor area without fixed seats used for assembly purposes
Outpatient and Veterinary clinic offices	1 per 300 square feet of office, labs and examination rooms
Nursing and personal care Facilities	1 per 4 beds
Hospital	1 per bed
Elementary schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per 50 students
Secondary schools	
Middle/junior high schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per 50 students
High schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per 10 students
High schools with stadiums	greater of 1 per classroom plus 1 per 10 students, or 1 per 3 fixed seats in stadium
Vocational schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per five students
Specialized instruction Schools	1 per classroom, plus 1 per two students
Artist Studios	.9 per 1,000 square feet of area used for studios
GOVERNMENT/BUSINESS SERVICES (K.C.C. 21A.08.060.A):	
Government/business services uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Public agency yard	1 per 300 square feet of offices, plus .9 per 1,000 square feet of indoor storage or repair areas
Public agency archives	.9 per 1000 square feet of storage area, plus 1 per 50 square feet of waiting/reviewing areas
Courts	3 per courtroom, plus 1 per 50 square feet of fixed seat or assembly areas
Police facility	(director)
Fire facility	(director)
Construction and trade	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus 1 per 3,000 square feet of storage area
Warehousing and storage	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus .9 per 1,000 square feet of storage area

Self-service storage	1 per 3,500 square feet of storage area, plus 2 for any resident director's unit
Outdoor advertising services	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus .9 per 1,000 square feet of storage area
Heavy equipment repair	1 per 300 square feet of office, plus .9 per 1,000 square feet of indoor repair areas
Office	1 per 300 square feet
LAND USE	MINIMUM PARKING SPACES REQUIRED
RETAIL/WHOLESALE (K.C.C. 21A.08.070.A):	
Retail trade uses:	1 per 300 square feet
Exceptions:	
Food stores, less than 15,000 square feet	3 plus 1 per 350 square feet
Gasoline service stations w/o grocery	3 per facility, plus 1 per service bay
Gasoline service stations w/grocery, no service bays	1 per facility, plus 1 per 300 square feet of store
Restaurants	1 per 75 square feet in dining or lounge areas
Wholesale trade uses	.9 per 1000 square feet
Retail and wholesale trade mixed use	1 per 300 square feet
MANUFACTURING (K.C.C. 21A.08.080.A):	
Manufacturing uses	.9 per 1,000 square feet
Winery/Brewery	.9 per 1,000 square feet, plus 1 per 50 square feet of tasting area
RESOURCES (K.C.C. 21A.08.090.A):	
Resource uses	(director)
REGIONAL (K.C.C. 21A.08.100.A):	
Regional uses	(director)

B. An applicant may request a modification of the minimum required number of parking spaces by providing that parking demand can be met with a reduced parking requirement. In such cases, the director may approve a reduction of up to fifty percent of the minimum required number of spaces.

C. When the county has received a shell building permit application, off-street parking requirements shall be based on the possible tenant improvements or uses authorized by the zone designation and compatible with the limitations of the shell permit. When the range of possible uses result in different parking requirements, the director will establish the amount of parking based on a likely range of uses.

D. Where other provisions of this code stipulate maximum parking allowed or reduced minimum parking requirements, those provisions shall apply.

E. In any development required to provide six or more parking spaces, bicycle parking shall be provided. Bicycle parking shall be bike rack or locker-type parking facilities unless otherwise specified.

1. Off-street parking areas shall contain at least one bicycle parking space for every twelve spaces required for motor vehicles except as follows:

a. The director may reduce bike rack parking facilities for patrons when it is demonstrated that bicycle activity will not occur at that location.

b. The director may require additional spaces when it is determined that the use or its location will generate a high volume of bicycle activity. Such a determination will include but not be limited to the following uses:

- (1) Park/playfield,
- (2) Marina,
- (3) Library/museum/arboretum,
- (4) Elementary/secondary school,
- (5) Sports club, or
- (6) Retail business (when located along a developed bicycle trail or designated bicycle route).

2. Bicycle facilities for patrons shall be located within 100 feet of the building entrance and shall be designed to allow either a bicycle frame or wheels to be locked to a structure attached to the pavement.

3. All bicycle parking and storage shall be located in safe, visible areas that do not impede pedestrian or vehicle traffic flow, and shall be well lit for nighttime use.

4. When more than ten people are employed on site, enclosed locker-type parking facilities for employees shall be provided. The director shall allocate the required number of parking spaces between bike rack parking and enclosed locker-type parking facilities.

5. One indoor bicycle storage space shall be provided for every two dwelling units in townhouse and apartment residential uses, unless individual garages are provided for every unit. The director may reduce the number of bike rack parking spaces if indoor storage facilities are available to all residents.

SECTION 40. Ordinance 10870, Section 440, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.22.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

This chapter shall only apply to uses or activities that are mineral extraction or materials processing operations. The regulations in this chapter will apply to all mining operations, including but not limited to SIC Major Groups 10, 12 and 14.

SECTION 41. Ordinance 17539, Section 47, and K.C.C. 21A.24.072 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. As an alternative to an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, during review of an application for a single detached dwelling unit, the director may approve an alteration to a wetland buffer, aquatic area buffer, steep slope hazard area and associated buffer, landslide hazard area and associated buffer and critical area setback as follows:

1. There is no feasible alternative to the development proposal with less adverse impact on the critical area;
2. The alteration is the minimum necessary to accommodate residential use of the property;
3. The approval does not require the modification of a critical area development standard established by this chapter;
4. The development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;
5. No more than five thousand square feet or ten percent of the site, whichever is greater, are disturbed by structures, building setbacks or other land alteration, including grading, utility installations and landscaping,

but not including the area used for a driveway or for an on-site sewage disposal system. For purposes of this section, areas located within the shoreline jurisdiction that are below the ordinary high water mark shall not be included in calculating the site area;

6. The applicant submits an approved rural stewardship plan or forest stewardship plan prepared in accordance with this chapter that addresses the development proposal and the proposed use of the property; and

7. The proposal complies with K.C.C. 21A.24.125 and 21A.24.130.

B. The applicant for the waiver of the alteration exception process shall submit any critical areas studies, alternatives analysis and other documents requested by the department following a preapplication review meeting.

C. Within fourteen calendar days after the department determines the application under this section is complete, it shall provide written mailed notice of the proposed alteration as provided in K.C.C. ((~~20.20.080.H~~)) 20.20.060.H.

D. The department shall allow twenty-one calendar days for comment before making a decision on the request under this section. The department's decision shall be mailed to the applicant and to any other person who requests a copy. The decision shall state the reasons for the decision and, if approved, shall include any required mitigation or conditions.

SECTION 42. Ordinance 10870, Section 478, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.310 are hereby amended to read as follows:

The following development standards apply to development proposals and alterations on sites containing steep slope hazard areas:

A. Except as provided in subsection D. of this section, unless allowed as an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, only the alterations identified in K.C.C. 21A.24.045 are allowed within a steep slope hazard area;

B. A buffer is required from all edges of the steep slope hazard area. To eliminate or minimize the risk

of property damage or injury resulting from slope instability, landsliding or erosion caused in whole or part by the development, the department shall determine the size of the buffer based upon a critical area report prepared by a geotechnical engineer or geologist. The department of local services shall adopt a public rule to implement subsection B of this section, including implementing the requirements for development and review of a critical area report.

1. Except for new structures and substantial improvements to existing structures on sites containing steep slope hazard areas defined in subsection B.2. of this section:

a. ~~((I))~~if a critical area report is not submitted to the department, the minimum buffer is fifty feet~~((-))~~; and

b. ~~((F))~~for building permits for single detached dwelling units only, the department may waive the special study requirement and authorize buffer reductions if the department determines that the reduction will adequately protect the proposed development and the critical area.

2. For new structures and substantial improvements to existing structures on sites where any portion of the steep slope hazard area extends into the coastal high hazard area or the sea level rise risk area, the department shall determine the size of the buffer based upon a critical area report prepared by a geotechnical engineer or geologist that includes assessment of current and future risks of sea level rise conditions anticipated to occur over the next fifty years. If a critical area report is not submitted to the department, the minimum buffer is seventy-five feet; ~~((and))~~

C. Unless otherwise provided in K.C.C. 21A.24.045 or as a necessary part of an allowed alteration, removal of any vegetation from a steep slope hazard area or buffer is prohibited; and

D. All alterations are allowed in the following circumstance:

1. Slopes which are forty percent or steeper with a vertical elevation change of up to twenty feet if no adverse impact will result from the exemption based on King County's review of and concurrence with a soils report prepared by a geologist or geotechnical engineer; and

2. The approved regrading of any slope which was created through previous legal grading activities. Any slope which remains forty percent or steeper following site development shall be subject to all requirements for steep slopes.

SECTION 43. Ordinance 15051, Section 179, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.316 are hereby amended to read as follows:

The following development standards apply to development proposals and alterations on sites containing critical aquifer recharge areas:

A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H. of this section, the following new development proposals and alterations are not allowed on a site located in a category I critical aquifer recharge area:

1. Transmission pipelines carrying petroleum or petroleum products;
2. Sand and gravel, and hard rock mining unless:
 - a. the site has mineral zoning as of January 1, 2005; or
 - b. mining is a permitted use on the site and the critical aquifer recharge area was mapped after the date a complete application for mineral extraction on the site was filed with the department;
3. Mining of any type below the upper surface of the saturated ground water that could be used for potable water supply;
4. Disposal of radioactive wastes, as defined in chapter 43.200 RCW;
5. Hydrocarbon extraction;
6. Commercial wood treatment facilities on permeable surfaces;
7. Underground storage tanks, including tanks that are exempt from the requirements of chapter 173 WAC, with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, that do not comply with standards of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17;
8. Above-ground storage tanks for hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, unless protected with primary and secondary containment areas and a spill protection plan;

9. Golf courses;
10. Cemeteries;
11. Wrecking yards;
12. Landfills for hazardous waste, municipal solid waste or special waste, as defined in K.C.C. chapter 10.04; and

13. On lots smaller than one acre, an on-site septic system, unless:

a. the system is approved by the Washington state Department of Health and has been listed by the Washington State Department of Health as meeting treatment standard N as provided in WAC chapter 426-((~~172A~~))272A; or

b. the Seattle-King County department of public health determines that the systems required under subsection A.13.a. of this section will not function on the site.

B. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H. of this section, the following new development proposals and alterations are not allowed on a site located in a category II critical aquifer recharge area:

1. Mining of any type below the upper surface of the saturated ground water that could be used for potable water supply;

2. Disposal of radioactive wastes, as defined in chapter 43.200 RCW;

3. Hydrocarbon extraction;

4. Commercial wood treatment facilities located on permeable surfaces;

5.a. Except for a category II critical aquifer recharge area located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater, underground storage tanks with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, that do not meet the requirements of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17; and

b. For a category II critical aquifer recharge area located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater, underground storage tanks, including underground storage tanks exempt from the requirements of chapter 173-360 WAC, with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, that do

not comply with the standards in chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17;

6. Above-ground storage tanks for hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, unless protected with primary and secondary containment areas and a spill protection plan;

7. Wrecking yards;

8. Landfills for hazardous waste, municipal solid waste, or special waste, as defined in K.C.C. chapter 10.04; and

9. On lots smaller than one acre, an on-site septic systems, unless:

a. the system is approved by the Washington state Department of Health and has been listed by the Washington state Department of Health as meeting treatment standard N as provided in WAC chapter 426-((~~472A~~))272A; or

b. the Seattle-King County department of public health determines that the systems required under subsection B.9.a. of this section will not function on the site.

C. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H. of this section, the following new development proposals and alterations are not allowed on a site located in a category III critical aquifer recharge area:

1. Disposal of radioactive wastes, as defined in chapter 43.200 RCW;

2. Hydrocarbon extraction;

3. Commercial wood treatment facilities located on permeable surfaces;

4. Underground storage tanks, including tanks exempt from the requirements of chapter 173-360 WAC, with hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, that do not comply with the requirements of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17;

5. Above ground storage tanks for hazardous substances, as defined in chapter 70.105 RCW, unless protected with primary and secondary containment areas and a spill protection plan;

6. Wrecking yards; and

7. Landfills for hazardous waste, municipal solid waste, or special waste, as defined in K.C.C. chapter

10.04.

D. The following standards apply to development proposals and alterations that are substantial improvements on a site located in a critical aquifer recharge area:

1. The owner of an underground storage tank, including a tank that is exempt from the requirements of chapter 173 WAC, in a category I or III critical aquifer recharge area or a category II critical aquifer recharge area located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater shall either bring the tank into compliance with the standards of chapter 173 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17 or properly decommission or remove the tank; and

2. The owner of an underground storage tank in a category II critical aquifer recharge area not located on located over an aquifer underlying an island that is surrounded by saltwater shall bring the tank into compliance with the standards of chapter 173-360 WAC and K.C.C. Title 17 or shall properly decommission or remove the tank.

E. In any critical aquifer recharge area, the property owner shall properly decommission an abandoned well.

F. On a site located in a critical aquifer recharge area within the urban growth area, a development proposal for new residential development, including, but not limited to, a subdivision, short subdivision, or dwelling unit, shall incorporate best management practices included in the King County Surface Water Design Manual into the site design in order to infiltrate stormwater runoff to the maximum extent practical.

G. On an island surround by saltwater, the owner of a new well located within (~~two hundred feet of the ordinary high water mark of the marine shoreline~~) the sea level rise risk area and within a critical aquifer recharge area shall test the well for chloride levels using testing protocols approved by the Washington state Department of Health. The owner shall report the results of the test to Seattle-King County department of public health and to the department of natural resources and parks. If the test results indicate saltwater intrusion is likely to occur, the department of natural resources and parks, in consultation with Seattle-King

County department of public health, shall recommend appropriate measures in addition to the minimum requirements of this title to prevent saltwater intrusion.

H. On a site greater than twenty acres, the department may approve a development proposal otherwise prohibited by subsections A., B. and C. of this section if the applicant demonstrates through a critical areas report that the development proposal is located outside the critical aquifer recharge area and that the development proposal will not cause a significant adverse environmental impact to the critical aquifer recharge area.

I. The provisions relating to underground storage tanks in subsections A. through D. of this section apply only when the proposed regulation of underground storage tanks has been submitted to and approved by the Washington state department of ecology, in accordance with 90.76.040 RCW and WAC 173-360-530.

J. The following standards apply to groundwater wells in critical aquifer recharge areas on Vashon-Maury Island:

1. No new groundwater wells are permitted within a coastal high hazard area. A rainwater catchment system may be used as an alternative water supply source for a single family residence if the requirements of K.C.C. 13.04.070 are met.

2. All new groundwater wells within the sea level rise risk area shall include a surface seal that prevents risks of saltwater contamination caused by sea level rise conditions anticipated to occur over the next fifty years.

SECTION 44. Ordinance 3688, Section 303, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.25.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The King County shoreline jurisdiction consists of((:

~~1. All water areas of the state, as defined in RCW 90.58.030, including reservoirs and associated wetlands, together with the lands underlying them, except for:~~

~~a. lakes smaller than twenty acres and their associated wetlands; and~~

~~b. segments of rivers and streams and their associated wetlands where the mean annual flow is less than twenty cubic feet per second; and~~

~~2.a. The shorelands that extend landward in all directions as measured on a horizontal plane for two hundred feet from the ordinary high water mark of the waterbodies identified in subsection A.1. of this section;~~

~~b. the one hundred year floodplain and contiguous floodplain areas landward two hundred feet from the one hundred year floodplain; and~~

~~c. all wetlands and river deltas associated with the streams, lakes and tidal waters that are subject to chapter 90.58 RCW)) shorelines, shorelines of statewide significance, and shorelines as defined in RCW 90.58.030 and K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 and the one-hundred-year floodplain.~~

B. The shoreline jurisdiction does not include tribal reservation lands and lands held in trust by the federal government for tribes. Nothing in the King County ((S))shoreline ((M))master ((P))program or action taken under that program shall affect any treaty right to which the United States is a party.

C. The lakes and segments of rivers and streams constituting the King County shoreline jurisdiction are set forth in Attachment K((-)) to Ordinance 17485 and as amended by this ordinance. The King County shoreline jurisdiction is shown on a map adopted in chapter ((5)) 6 of the King County Comprehensive Plan. If there is a discrepancy between the map and the criteria established in subsection A. of this section, the criteria shall constitute the official King County shoreline jurisdiction. The county shall update the shoreline master program to reflect the new designation within three years of the discovery of the discrepancy.

SECTION 45. Ordinance 3688, Section 413, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.25.170 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Shoreline stabilization shall not be considered an outright use and shall be permitted only when the department determines that shoreline protection is necessary for the protection of existing legally established primary structures, new or existing non-water-dependent development, new or existing water-dependent development or projects restoring ecological functions or remediating hazardous substance discharges.

Vegetation, berms, bioengineering techniques and other nonstructural alternatives that preserve the natural character of the shore shall be preferred over riprap, concrete revetments, bulkheads, breakwaters and other structural stabilization. Riprap using rock or other natural materials shall be preferred over concrete revetments, bulkheads, breakwaters and other structural stabilization. Lesser impacting measures should be used before more impacting measures.

B. Structural shoreline stabilization may be permitted subject to the standards in this chapter and as follows:

1. The applicant provides a geotechnical analysis that demonstrates that erosion from waves or currents is imminently threatening or that, unless the structural shoreline stabilization is constructed, damage is expected to occur within three years;
2. The erosion is not caused by upland conditions;
3. The proposed structural shoreline protection will provide greater protection than feasible, nonstructural alternatives such as slope drainage systems, vegetative growth stabilization, gravel berms and beach nourishment;
4. The proposal is the minimum necessary to protect existing legally established primary structures, new or existing non-water-dependent development, new or existing water-dependent development or projects restoring ecological functions or remediating hazardous substance discharges; and
5. Adequate mitigation measures will be provided to maintain existing shoreline processes and critical fish and wildlife habitat and ensure no net loss or function of intertidal or riparian habitat.

C. Shoreline stabilization to replace existing shoreline stabilization shall be placed landward of the existing shoreline stabilization, but may be placed waterward directly abutting the old structure only in cases where removal of the old structure would result in greater impact on ecological functions. In critical saltwater habitats, existing shoreline stabilization shall not be allowed to remain in place if the existing shoreline stabilization is resulting in the loss of ecological functions. Adequate mitigation measures that maintain

existing shoreline processes and critical fish and wildlife habitat must be provided that ensures no net loss or function of intertidal or riparian habitat.

D. The maximum height of the proposed shoreline stabilization shall be no more than one foot above the elevation of extreme high water on tidal waters, as determined by the National Ocean Survey published by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or four feet in height on lakes.

E. Shoreline stabilization is prohibited along feeder bluffs and critical saltwater habitat, unless a geotechnical report demonstrates an imminent danger to a legally established structure or public improvement. If allowed, shoreline stabilization along feeder bluffs and critical saltwater habitat must be designed to have the least impact on these resources and on sediment conveyance systems.

F. Shoreline stabilization shall minimize the adverse impact on the property of others to the maximum extent practical.

G. Shoreline stabilization shall not be used to create new lands.

H. Shoreline stabilization shall not interfere with surface or subsurface drainage into the water body.

I. Automobile bodies or other junk or waste material that may release undesirable material shall not be used for shoreline stabilization.

J. Shoreline stabilization shall be designed so as not to constitute a hazard to navigation and to not substantially interfere with visual access to the water.

K. Shoreline stabilization shall be designed so as not to create a need for shoreline stabilization elsewhere.

L. Shoreline stabilization shall comply with the Integrated Stream Protection Guidelines (Washington state departments of Fish and Wildlife, Ecology and Transportation, 2003) and shall be designed to allow for appropriate public access to the shoreline.

M. The department shall provide a notice to an applicant for new development or redevelopment located within the shoreline jurisdiction on Vashon and Maury Island or the sea level rise risk area that the

development may be impacted by sea level rise and recommend that the applicant voluntarily consider setting the development back further than required by this title to allow for future sea level rise.

SECTION 46. Ordinance 13274, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.010 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The purpose of the transfer of development rights program is to transfer residential density from eligible sending sites to eligible receiving sites through a voluntary process that permanently preserves rural ~~((s))~~ and resource lands, urban lands located in equity areas, and urban separator lands that provide a public benefit. The TDR provisions are intended to supplement land use regulations, resource protection efforts and open space acquisition programs and to encourage increased residential development density or increased commercial square footage, especially inside cities, where it can best be accommodated with the least impacts on the natural environment and public services by:

1. Providing an effective and predictable incentive process for property owners of rural, resource and urban separator land to preserve lands with a public benefit as described in K.C.C. 21A.37.020; and
2. Providing an efficient and streamlined administrative review system to ensure that transfers of development rights to receiving sites are evaluated in a timely way and balanced with other county goals and policies, and are adjusted to the specific conditions of each receiving site.

B. The TDR provisions in this chapter shall only apply to TDR receiving site development proposals submitted on or after September 17, 2001, and applications for approval of TDR sending sites submitted on or after September 17, 2001.

SECTION 47. Ordinance 13274, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. For the purpose of this chapter, sending site means the entire tax lot or lots qualified under subsection B. of this section. Sending sites may only be located within rural or resource lands, or urban separator areas, or areas with urban residential medium land use designations as designated by the King County

Comprehensive Plan and that meet the criteria in subsection B. of this section, and shall meet the minimum lot area for construction requirements in K.C.C. 21A.12.100 for the zone in which the sending site is located. Except as provided in K.C.C. 21A.37.110.C., or for lands zoned RA that are managed by the Washington state Department of Natural Resources as state grant or state forest lands or lands that are managed by King County for purposes of residential or commercial development, land in public ownership may not be sending sites. If the sending site consists of more than one tax lot, the lots must be contiguous and the area of the combined lots must meet the minimum lot area for construction requirements in K.C.C. 21A.12.100 for the zone in which the sending site is located. For purposes of this section, lots divided by a street are considered contiguous if the lots would share a common lot line if the street was removed; this provision may be waived by the interagency committee if the total acreage of a rural or resource sending site application exceeds one hundred acres. A sending site shall be maintained in a condition that is consistent with the criteria in this section under which the sending was qualified.

B. Qualification of a sending site shall demonstrate that the site contains a public benefit such that preservation of that benefit by transferring residential development rights to another site is in the public interest. A sending site must meet at least one of the following criteria:

1. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan or a functional plan as an agricultural production district or zoned A;
2. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan or a functional plan as forest production district or zoned F;
3. Designation in the King ~~((Count))~~ County Comprehensive Plan as ~~((rural residential))~~ Rural Area, zoned RA-2.5, RA-5 or RA-10, and meeting the definition in RCW 84.34.020 of open space, farm and agricultural land, or timber land;
4. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan, or a functional plan as a proposed ~~((R))~~ Rural Area or Natural ~~((R))~~ Resource ~~((area))~~ Land regional trail or ~~((R))~~ Rural Area or Natural ~~((R))~~ Resource ~~((area))~~

Land open space site, through either:

a. designation of a specific site; or

b. identification of proposed ~~((Rural Area or Natural Resource (area))~~ Land regional trail or ~~((Rural Area or Natural Resource (area))~~ Land open space sites which meet adopted standards and criteria, and for ~~((Rural Area or Natural Resource (area))~~ Land open space sites, meet the definition of open space land, as defined in RCW 84.34.020;

5. Identification as habitat for federal listed endangered or threatened species in a written determination by the King County department of natural resources and parks, Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife, United States Fish and Wildlife Services or a federally recognized tribe that the sending site is appropriate for preservation or acquisition; ~~((or))~~

6. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan as urban separator and zoned R-1; or

7. Designation in the King County Comprehensive Plan as urban residential medium and located in an equity area identified by the county per King County Code Chapter 26.12 that is approved for Conservation Futures Tax funding and zoned R-4, R-6, R-8, or R-12.

C. For the purposes of the TDR program, acquisition means obtaining fee simple rights in real property, or a less than a fee simple right in a form that preserves in perpetuity the public benefit supporting the designation or qualification of the property as a sending site.

D. If a sending site has any outstanding code violations, the person responsible for code compliance should resolve these violations, including any required abatement, restoration, or payment of civil penalties, before a TDR sending site may be qualified by the interagency review committee created under K.C.C.

21A.37.070. However, the interagency may qualify and certify a TDR sending site with outstanding code violations if the person responsible for code compliance has made a good faith effort to resolve the violations and the proposal is in the public interest.

E. For lots on which the entire lot or a portion of the lot has been cleared or graded in accordance with

a Class II, III or IV special forest practice as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW within the six years prior to application as a TDR sending site, the applicant must provide an affidavit of compliance with the reforestation requirements of the Forest Practices Act, and any additional reforestation conditions of their forest practice permit. Lots on which the entire lot or a portion of the lot has been cleared or graded without any required forest practices or county authorization, shall be not qualified or certified as a TDR sending site for six years unless the six-year moratorium on development applications has been lifted or waived or the landowner has a reforestation plan approved by the state Department of Natural Resources and King County.

SECTION 48. Ordinance 13274, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The number of residential development rights that an unincorporated sending site is eligible to send to a receiving site shall be determined by applying the TDR sending site base density established in subsection D. of this section to the area of the sending site, after deducting the area associated with any existing development, any retained development rights and any portion of the sending site already in a conservation easement or other similar encumbrance. For each existing dwelling unit or retained development right, the sending site area shall be reduced by an area equivalent to the base density for that zone under K.C.C. 21A.12.030.

B. Any fractions of development rights that result from the calculations in subsection A. of this section shall not be included in the final determination of total development rights available for transfer.

C. For purposes of calculating the amount of development rights a sending site can transfer, the amount of land contained within a sending site shall be determined as follows:

1. If the sending site is an entire tax lot, the square footage or acreage shall be determined:

a. by the King County department of assessments records; or

b. by a survey funded by the applicant that has been prepared and stamped by a surveyor licensed in

the state of Washington; and

2. If the sending site consists of a lot that is divided by a zoning boundary, the square footage or acreage shall be calculated separately for each zoning classification. The square footage or acreage within each zoning classification shall be determined by the King County record of the action that established the zoning and property lines, such as an approved lot line adjustment. When such records are not available or are not adequate to determine the square footage or acreage within each zoning classification, the department of local services, permitting division, shall calculate the square footage or acreage through the geographic information system (GIS) mapping system.

D. For the purposes of the transfer of development rights (TDR) program only, the following TDR sending site base densities apply:

1. Sending sites designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan as urban separator and zoned R-1 shall have a base density of four dwelling units per acre;

2. Sending sites zoned RA-2.5 shall have a base density of one unit for each two and one-half acres. Sending sites zoned RA-2.5 that are vacant and are smaller than 1.25 acres shall be allocated one additional TDR for each vacant lot that is smaller than 1.25 acres;

3. Sending sites zoned RA-5 or RA-10 shall have a base density of one dwelling unit per five acres. Vacant sending sites that are zone RA-5 and are smaller than two and one-half acres or that are zoned RA-10 and are smaller than five acres shall be allocated ~~((one))~~ one additional TDR for each vacant lot that is smaller than two and one-half acres or five acres, respectively;

4. Sending sites zoned RA and that have a designation under the King County Shoreline Master Program of conservancy or natural shall be allocated one additional TDR;

5. Sending sites zoned A-10 and A-35 shall have a base density of one dwelling unit per five acres for transfer purposes only;

6. Sending sites zoned F within the forest production district shall have a base density of one dwelling unit per eighty acres or one dwelling unit per each lot that is between fifteen and eighty acres in size; or

7. Sending sites in the urban unincorporated area that meet the criteria in K.C.C. 21A.37.020.B.7 shall be allocated TDRs that are equivalent to the zoning base density established in K.C.C. 21A.12.030 for every one acre of gross land area.

E. A sending site zoned RA, A or F may send one development right for every legal lot larger than five thousand square feet that was created on or before September 17, 2001, if that number is greater than the number of development rights determined under subsection A. of this section. A sending site zoned R-1 may send one development right for every legal lot larger than two thousand five hundred square feet that was created on or before September 17, 2001, if that number is greater than the number of development rights determined under subsection A. of this section.

F. The number of development rights that a King County unincorporated rural or natural resources land sending site is eligible to send to a King County incorporated urban area receiving site shall be determined through the application of a conversion ratio established by King County and the incorporated municipal jurisdiction. The conversion ratio will be applied to the number of available sending site development rights determined under subsection A. or E. of this section.

G. Development rights from one sending site may be allocated to more than one receiving site and one receiving site may accept development rights from more than one sending site.

H. The determination of the number of residential development rights a sending site has available for transfer to a receiving site shall be valid for transfer purposes only, shall be documented in a TDR qualification report prepared by the department of natural resources and parks and sent to the applicant. The qualification report and shall be considered a final determination, not to be revised due to changes to the sending site's zoning, and shall be valid unless conditions on the sending site property that would affect the number of development rights the sending site has available for transfer have changed.

I. Each residential transferable development right that originates from a sending site zoned RA, A or F shall be designated "Rural" and is equivalent to two additional units above base density in eligible receiving

sites located in unincorporated urban King County. Each residential transferable development right that originates from a sending site zoned R-1 urban separator shall be designated "Urban" and is equivalent to one additional unit above base density. Each residential transferable development right that originates from a sending site in urban unincorporated area lands meeting the criteria in K.C.C. 21A.37.020.B.7. shall be designated "Urban" and is equivalent to one additional unit above the base density.

SECTION 49. Ordinance 13274, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. An interagency review committee, chaired by the department of local services permitting division manager and the director of the department of natural resources and parks, or designees, shall be responsible for qualification of sending sites. Determinations on sending site certifications made by the committee are appealable to the examiner under K.C.C. 20.22.040. The department of natural resources and parks shall be responsible for preparing a TDR qualification report, which shall be signed by the director of the department of natural resources and parks or designee, documenting the review and decision of the committee. The qualification report shall:

1. Specify all deficiencies of an application, if the decision of the committee is to disqualify the application;
2. For all qualifying applications, provide a determination as to whether or not additional residential dwelling units and associated accessory units may be accommodated in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.37.050.A.; and
3. Be issued a TDR certification letter within sixty days of the date of submittal of a completed sending site certification application.

B. Responsibility for preparing a completed application rests exclusively with the applicant.

Application for sending site certification shall include:

1. A legal description of the site;

2. A title report;
3. A brief description of the site resources and public benefit to be preserved;
4. A site plan showing the existing and proposed dwelling units, nonresidential structures, driveways, submerged lands and any area already subject to a conservation easement or other similar encumbrance;
5. Assessors map or maps of the lot or lots;
6. A statement of intent indicating whether the property ownership, after TDR certification, will be retained in private ownership or dedicated to King County or another public or private nonprofit agency;
7. Any or all of the following written in conformance with criteria established through a public rule consistent with K.C.C. chapter 2.98, if the site is qualifying as habitat for a threatened or endangered species:
 - a. a wildlife habitat conservation plan;
 - b. a wildlife habitat restoration plan; or
 - c. a wildlife present conditions report;
8. If the site qualifies as an urban unincorporated area sending site meeting the criteria in K.C.C.

21A.37.020.B.7:

- a. demonstration that the site is located in an equity area as defined in K.C.C. 26.12.003; and
- b. confirmation of Conservation Futures Tax award;
9. A forest stewardship plan, written in conformance with criteria established through a public rule consistent with K.C.C. chapter 2.98, if required under K.C.C. 21A.37.060.B.3. and 6.;
- ~~((9-))~~ 10. An affidavit of compliance with the reforestation requirements of the Forest Practices Act and any additional reforestation conditions of the forest practices permit for the site, if required under K.C.C. 21A.37.020.E.;
- ~~((10-))~~ 11. A completed density calculation worksheet for estimating the number of available development rights; and
- ~~((11-))~~ 12. The application fee consistent with K.C.C. ~~((27.36.020))~~ 27.10.170.

SECTION 50. Ordinance 13733, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.37.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

The purpose of the TDR bank is to assist in the implementation of the transfer of development rights (TDR) program by bridging the time gap between willing sellers and buyers of development rights by purchasing and selling development rights, purchasing conservation easements, and facilitating interlocal TDR agreements with cities in King County through the provision of amenity funds. The TDR bank may acquire development rights and conservation easements only from sending sites located in the rural area or in an agricultural or forest production district as designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan, or in the urban unincorporated area only from sites meeting the criteria in K.C.C. 21A.37.020.B.7. Development rights purchased from the TDR bank may only be used for receiving sites in cities or in the urban unincorporated area as designated in the King County Comprehensive Plan.

SECTION 51. Ordinance 10870, Section 578, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The purpose of the pedestrian-oriented commercial development special district overlay is to provide for high-density, pedestrian-oriented retail ~~((/))~~ and employment uses. The ((P))pedestrian-oriented commercial districts shall only be established in areas designated ~~((within a community, subarea, or neighborhood plan as an urban activity center))~~ as a center on the adopted Urban Centers map of the King County Comprehensive Plan and zoned CB, RB or O.

B. Permitted uses shall be those uses permitted in the underlying zone, excluding the following:

1. Motor vehicle, boat and mobile home dealer;
2. Gasoline service station;
3. Drive-through retail and service uses, except SIC Industry Number 5812 (Eating places) in buildings existing before July 2017;
4. Car washes;

5. Retail and service uses with outside storage, e.g. lumber yards, miscellaneous equipment rental or machinery sales;
6. Wholesale uses;
7. Recreation/cultural uses as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.08.040, except parks, sports clubs, theaters, libraries and museums;
8. SIC Major Group 75 (Automotive repair, services and parking) except 7521 (automobile parking; but excluding tow-in parking lots);
9. SIC Major Group 76 (Miscellaneous repair services), except 7631 (Watch, clock and jewelry repair);
10. SIC Major Group 78 (Motion pictures), except 7832 (theater) and 7841 (video tape rental);
11. SIC Major Group 80 (Health services), except offices and outpatient clinics (801-804);
12. SIC Industry Group 421 (Trucking and courier service);
13. Public agency archives;
14. Self-service storage;
15. Manufacturing land uses as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.08.080, except SIC Industry Code 2759 (Commercial printing); (~~and~~)
16. Resource land uses as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.08.090
17. SIC Industry Code 7261 (Funeral home/crematory);
18. Cemetery, columbarium or mausoleum;
19. Interim recycling facility;
20. Utility facility, except underground water, gas or wastewater pipelines;
21. Vactor waste receiving facility; and
22. SIC Industry Group 598 (Fuel dealers).

C. The following development standards shall apply to uses located in pedestrian-oriented commercial

overlay districts:

1. ~~((Every use shall be subject to pedestrian-oriented use limitations and street facade development standards (e.g. placement and orientation of buildings with respect to streets and sidewalks, arcades or marquees) identified and adopted through an applicable community, subarea or, neighborhood plan, or the area zoning process;~~

2.)) For properties that have frontage on ~~((pedestrian street(s) or routes as designated in an applicable plan or area zoning process))~~ a public street, the following conditions shall apply:

a. main building entrances shall be oriented to the ~~((pedestrian))~~ public street;

b. at the ground floor (at grade), buildings shall be located no more than ~~((5))~~ five feet from the sidewalk or sidewalk improvement, but shall not encroach on the public right-of-way. For buildings existing before of the effective date of this ordinance with setbacks greater than five feet and that have substantial improvements made to them after the effective date of this ordinance, a minimum five-foot-wide pedestrian walkway shall be constructed that connects the main building entrance to the public sidewalk or sidewalk improvement;

c. building facades shall comprise at least ~~((75%))~~ seventy-five percent of the total ~~((pedestrian))~~ street frontage for a property and if applicable, at least ~~((75%))~~ seventy-five percent of the total pedestrian route frontage for a property;

d. minimum side setbacks of the underlying zoning are waived;

e. building facades of ground floor retail, general business service, and professional office land uses that front onto a ~~((pedestrian))~~ street ~~((or route))~~ shall ~~((include))~~ incorporate windows into at least thirty percent of the building facade surface area and overhead protection above all building entrances;

f. building facades ~~((along a pedestrian street or route,))~~ that are without ornamentation or are comprised of uninterrupted glass curtain walls or mirrored glass are not permitted; ~~((and))~~

~~((g-))~~ 2. vehicle access shall be limited to the rear access alley or rear access street where such an

alley or street exists((-));

3. Floor/lot area ratio shall not exceed 5:1, including the residential component of mixed use developments, but not including parking structures;

4. Building setback and height requirements may be waived, except for areas within fifty feet of the perimeter of any special district overlay area abutting an R-12 or lower density residential zone;

5. The landscaping requirements of K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 ~~((may be waived if landscaping conforms to a special district overlay landscaping plan adopted as part of the area zoning. The overlay district landscaping plan shall include features addressing street trees, and other design amenities (e.g. landscaped plazas or parks)))~~ shall apply to all new development and to buildings existing before the effective date of this ordinance that have substantial improvements made to them after the effective date of this ordinance; and

6. ~~((On designated pedestrian streets, sidewalk width requirements shall be increased to a range of ten to twelve feet wide including sidewalk landscaping and other amenities. The sidewalk widths exceeding the amount required in the King County Road Standards may occur on private property adjoining the public street right-of-way; and~~

7.)) Off-street parking requirements K.C.C. 21A.18.110 ~~((are modified as follows for all nonresidential uses:~~

a. No less than one space for every 1000 square feet of floor area shall be provided;

b. No more than seventy-five percent of parking shall be on-site surface parking. Such parking shall be placed in the interior of the lot, or at the rear of the building it serves; and

c. At least twenty-five percent of the required parking shall be enclosed in an on-site parking structure or located at an off-site common parking facility, provided that this requirement is waived when the applicant signs a no protest agreement to participate in any improvement district for the future construction of such facilities)) shall apply, except that the relief from K.C.C. 21A.18.110.A.4. that may be granted by the director shall only allow use of on-street parallel parking in front of or adjacent to the subject parcel for the

parking spaces that cannot be accommodated to the rear or sides of buildings.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 52. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38 a new section to read as follows:

A. The purpose of the Skyway-West Hill Neighborhood Business Mixed-Use Special District Overlay is to facilitate linkages to the existing Martin Luther King Jr Way South Neighborhood Business Center, incentivize commercial opportunities close existing high-density housing, incentivize commercial development by allowing more uses than traditionally found in mixed-use developments and provide flexibility in current square footage limitations.

B. The following development standards shall be applied to all development proposals within the Martin Luther King Jr. Way South Mixed-Use Special District Overlay:

1. Development shall be mixed-use as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.753;
2. A professional office as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.910 is an allowed use as part of a mixed-use development in subsection B.1. of this section; and
3. Any nonresidential component of the development that is personal services allowed in the R-48 zone under K.C.C. 21A.08.050 or retail use allowed in the R-48 zone under K.C.C. 21A.08.070 shall comply with K.C.C. 21A.12.230, except that K.C.C. 21A.12.230.A., B. and C. do not apply to the development.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 53. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38 a new section to read as follows:

A. The purpose of the Bear Creek office and retail special district overlay is to provide additional commercial opportunities to support area residents and the local economy and to provide retail options for employees of the office zones.

B. Allowed uses within the special district overlay shall be those uses allowed in the office zone in K.C.C. chapter 21A.08 and the following permitted retail land uses:

1. Building materials and hardware stores;

2. Retail nursery, garden center and farm supply stores;
3. Department and variety stores;
4. SIC Major Group 54 - Food stores;
5. SIC Industry Group 553 - Auto supply stores;
6. SIC Industry Group 554 - Gasoline service stations;
7. SIC Major Group 56 - Apparel and accessory stores;
8. Furniture and home furnishings stores;
9. SIC Major Group 58 - Eating and drinking places;
10. Drug store;
11. SIC Industry Group 592 - Liquor stores;
12. SIC Industry Group 593 - Used goods: antiques/secondhand shops;
13. Sporting goods and related stores;
14. Book, stationary, video and art supply stores, except adult use facilities;
15. Jewelry stores;
16. Hobby, toy and games shops;
17. Photographic and electronic shops;
18. Fabric shops;
19. Florist shops;
20. Personal medical supply stores; and
21. Pet shops.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 54. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.42 a new section to read as follows:

A. The department shall conduct at five-year intervals from the issuance of the permit, a review of the permitted fossil fuel facility site design, mitigation and operating standards.

B. The review is a Type 2 land use decision.

C. The review shall ensure:

1. That the site is operating consistent with all existing permit conditions; and

2. That the most-current site design and operating standards are applied to the site through additional or revised permit conditions as necessary to mitigate identifiable environmental, public health and public safety impacts.

D. The periodic review shall demonstrate consistency with Comprehensive Plan policies.

SECTION 55. Ordinance 13332, Section 33, as amended, and K.C.C. 27.10.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Fees for zoning or ~~((e))~~Comprehensive ~~((p))~~Plan or map modification shall be charged as follows:

- A. Variance
 - 1. Review \$6,692.00
 - 2. Extension \$244.00
- B. Site-specific amendment of land use map, plan, code or shoreline redesignation \$2,234.00
- C. Other zoning reclassification on requests including shoreline environment redesignation, deletion of special district overlay, or amendment or deletion of p-suffix conditions \$9,135.00

D. If a site-specific amendment is implemented as part of ~~((the))~~ a Comprehensive Plan ~~((amendment~~

process)) update, the application fee will be credited toward the zoning reclassification fee, provided that the application for zoning reclassification is filed within one year of the effective date of the site-specific land use map amendment.

SECTION 56. The following are hereby repealed:

- A. Ordinance 10870, Section 580, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.070;
- B. Ordinance 12171, Section 7, and K.C.C. 21A.38.110;
- C. Ordinance 12823, Section 9, and K.C.C. 21A.38.140;
- D. Ordinance 12823, Section 19, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.240; and
- E. Attachments I, II, III, VI and V to Ordinance 11166.

SECTION 57. The executive shall submit sections 42, 43, 44 and 45 of this ordinance, amendments to King County Comprehensive Plan chapter six in Attachment A to this ordinance and amendments to Attachment K of the Shoreline Master Program in Attachments E and H to this ordinance to the state Department of Ecology for its approval, as provided in RCW 90.58.090.

SECTION 58. Sections 42, 43, 44 and 45 of this ordinance, amendments to King County Comprehensive Plan chapter six in Attachment A to this ordinance and amendments to Attachment K of the Shoreline Master Program in Attachments E and H to this ordinance take effect within the shoreline jurisdiction fourteen days after the state Department of Ecology provides written notice of final action stating that the proposal is approved, in accordance with RCW 90.58.909. The executive shall provide the written notice of final action to the clerk of the council.

SECTION 59. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.