

## King County

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

## Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: 2022-0377 Version: 1

Type: Ordinance Status: Passed

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Enactment date: 11/29/2022 Enactment #: 19543

Title: AN ORDINANCE regarding surface water management; revising surface water management service

charges; amending Ordinance 7590, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 9.08.070 and establishing

an effective date.

Sponsors: Joe McDermott
Indexes: Surface Water
Code sections: 9.08.070 -

Attachments: 1. Ordinance 19543, 2. 2022-0377 transmittal letter, 3. 2022-0377 fiscal note, 4. 2022-0377

Legislative Review Form, 5. 2022-0377\_SR\_SWM Fee 10-26-22, 6. 2022-0377\_SR\_SWM Fee 11-8-

22, 7. 2022-0377--Seattle Times - Invoice #42179 - \$200.70

| Date       | Ver. | Action By                                 | Action                  | Result |
|------------|------|---|-------------------------|--------|
| 11/15/2022 | 1    | Metropolitan King County Council          | Passed                  | Pass   |
| 11/8/2022  | 1    | Budget and Fiscal Management<br>Committee | Recommended Do Pass     | Pass   |
| 10/26/2022 | 1    | Budget and Fiscal Management<br>Committee | Deferred                |        |
| 10/4/2022  | 1    | Metropolitan King County Council          | Introduced and Referred |        |

Clerk 09/27/2022

AN ORDINANCE regarding surface water management; revising surface water management service charges; amending Ordinance 7590, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 9.08.070 and establishing an effective date.

## STATEMENT OF FACTS:

- 1. King County works in partnership with property owners and state and federal agencies to minimize the impacts of storm and surface runoff on the water quantity and quality of the waters of the state.
- 2. King County charges property owners within its surface water management service area, which is unincorporated King County, a graduated fee based on six nonresidential rate classes

tied to relative amount of impervious surface and one uniform rate class for all residential parcels.

3. In 1986, Ordinance 7590 established the surface water management program to provide a comprehensive approach to surface and storm water problems including "basin planning, land use regulation, construction of facilities, maintenance and public education." In 1991, Ordinance 10187 increased the services provided by the surface water management program and set a rate structure and service charges. In 2001, Ordinance 14261 acknowledged that the costs to provide surface water management had increased due to the ordinary impacts of inflation and due to increased and more stringent federal and state requirements for the proper management of surface water quality and quantity. In 2006, Ordinance 15638 acknowledged that the then soon to be effective new National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit would require King County's compliance with more stringent requirements. In 2010, Ordinance 16958 acknowledged that costs had increased to comply with the stringent requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit and to meet the ordinary impacts of inflation. In 2012, Ordinance 17451 acknowledged that the surface water management program had increased capital construction needs, increased costs of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit compliance, and revenue losses from annexations of unincorporated county areas to cities. It also acknowledged that the King County road services program had identified construction needs to mitigate stormwater impacts and that these capital projects were necessary to protect life and property as well as to maintain or restore water quality and ecological functions in receiving waters. Ordinance 17451 also incorporated changes to the rate adjustment program that provided incentives to property owners to improve on-site control of stormwater through the granting of additional discounts. In 2016, Ordinance 18401 acknowledged the residential parcel fee charged by King County was insufficient to meet the projected revenue

requirements needed to provide necessary surface water management services to protect public health and safety. In 2018, Ordinance 18836 acknowledged that the residential parcel fee charged by King County was insufficient to address inflationary increases in surface water management in accordance with the more stringent federal and state requirements to comply with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit.

- 4. The current rate of two hundred and eighty-nine dollars per single family residential parcels is inadequate to cover inflationary increases in the surface water management fund, it does not provide an adequate level of funding to continue to build upon ongoing efforts to mitigate the impacts of degrading stormwater infrastructure comprised of grey, which are facilities and systems, and green, which are natural lands, forests, bioswales and rain gardens, elements. The proposed increase of approximately eleven and seven hundred sixty-five thousandths percent will help continued efforts to improve the stormwater infrastructure to a higher level of service, one that is more resilient and helps support a long-term strategy to mitigate the impacts of climate change in an equitable manner across the county. Examples of such efforts include removal of barriers to fish passage, forest health and restoration and additional support structures to advance county initiatives.
- 5. An increase in the base amount of the surface water management charge from two hundred eighty-nine dollars per residential parcel in 2023, a thirty-four dollar increase over 2022, and corresponding adjustments in the rates for classes of nonresidential property, are needed to provide necessary surface water management services to protect public health and safety.
- 6. It is in the public interest, and is necessary for the protection of health, safety, and welfare of the residents of King County, that the necessary costs of providing surface water management services continue to be funded and that such costs continue to be charged against those parcels either benefitting from such services or contributing to the increase of surface water runoff, or

both, which the King County surface water management program must address.

7. Parcels owned by federally recognized tribes or members of such tribes that are located within the historical boundaries of a reservation are not subject to the surface water management charges provided for in K.C.C chapter 9.08.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Ordinance 7590, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 9.08.070 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The service charges shall be based on the relative contribution of increased surface and storm water runoff from a given parcel to the surface and storm water management system. The percentage of impervious surfaces on the parcel, the total parcel acreage and any mitigating factors as provided in K.C.C. 9.08.080 shall be used to indicate the relative contribution of increased surface and storm water runoff from the parcel to the surface and storm water management system. The relative contribution of increased surface and storm water runoff from each parcel determines that parcel's share of the service charge revenue needs. The service charge revenue needs of the program are based upon all or any part, as determined by the council, of the cost of meeting stormwater permit obligations of state and federal law and the cost of surface and storm water management services and to pay or secure the payment of all or any portion of any issue of general obligation or revenue bonds issued for that purpose.

B. The division shall determine the service charge for each parcel within the service area by the following methodology:

Residential and very lightly developed nonresidential parcels shall receive a flat rate service charge for the reasons in K.C.C 9.08.060. Light to very heavily developed parcels shall be classified into the appropriate rate category by their percentage of impervious surface coverage. Land use codes or data collected from parcel investigations, or both shall be used to determine each parcel's percentage of impervious surface coverage.

After a parcel has been assigned to the appropriate rate category, the service charge for the parcel shall be

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calculated by multiplying the total acreage of the parcel times the rate for that category.

C. There is hereby imposed upon all developed properties in the service area annual service charges as follows:

| Class         | Impervious Surface %           | Rate                                    |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Residential   | NA                             | ((\$289.00)) \$323.00/parcel/year       |  |
| Very Light    | 0 to less than or equal to 10% | ((\$289.00)) \$323.00/parcel/year       |  |
| Light         | greater than 10% to less than  | ((\$803.51)) <u>\$898.04</u> /acre/year |  |
|               | or equal to 20%                |   |  |
| Moderate      | greater than 20% to less than  | ((\$1,504.04)) \$1,680.99/acre/year     |  |
|               | or equal to 45%                |   |  |
| Moderately    | greater than 45% to less than  | ((\$2,566.60)) \$2,868.55/acre/year     |  |
| Heavy         | or equal to 65%                |   |  |
| Heavy         | greater than 65% to less than  | or ((\$3,575.37)) \$3,996.00/acre/year  |  |
|               | or equal to 85%                |   |  |
| Very Heavy    | greater than 85% to less than  | or ((\$4,399.10)) \$4,916.64 /acre/year |  |
|               | equal to 100%                  |   |  |
| County Roads  | s NA                           | Set in accordance with RCW 90.03.525    |  |
| State Highway | ys NA                          | Set in accordance with RCW 90.03.525    |  |

The minimum service charge in any class shall be ((two hundred eighty-nine dollars)) three hundred and twenty-three dollars per parcel per year. Mobile home parks' maximum annual service charges in any class shall be ((two hundred eighty-nine dollars)) three hundred and twenty-three dollars times the number of mobile home spaces.

D. The county council shall review the surface water management services charges biennially to ensure the long term fiscal viability of the program and to guarantee that debt covenants are met. The program shall

use equitable and efficient methods to determine service charges.

E. When a parcel with impervious surface is divided by the boundary of the service area and a portion of the parcel's impervious surface drains into the service area, the parcel shall be charged as otherwise provided herein on the basis of the lands and impervious surfaces that drain into the service area. When the director has determined that the impervious surface of a parcel, divided by the boundary of the service area, completely drains outside of the service area, the parcel is exempt from the rates and charges of this chapter.

F. The King County council by ordinance may supplement or alter charges within specific basins and subbasins of the service area so as to charge properties or parcels of one basin or subbasin for improvements, studies or maintenance that the council deems to provide service or benefit the property owners of one or more basins or subbasins.

SECTION 2. This ordinance takes effect January 1, 2023.