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10/3/18 Technical edits

			Sponsor:	Lambert
K	ea L 7 Pas	sed	Proposed No.:	2018-0153.2
1 6	\		D ORDINANCI	E 2018-0153, VERSION 2
2	On page 1, on lin	ne 19, after "Prov	iso P2," strike "r	equires" and insert "required"
3				
4	On page 2, on lin	e 24, after "Prov	iso P3," strike "re	equires" and insert "required"
5				
6	On page 10, on li	ne 211, after " <u>sc</u>	ope of the" strike	"two-year" and insert "midpoint"
7				
8	On page 15, on li	ne 332, after " <u>an</u>	nual," strike " <u>two</u>	o-year" and insert "midpoint"
9			,	
10	In Attachment A,	on page 5, strike	e lines 126 throug	gh 157 and insert:
11 12 13	"In Chapter 3 R amend policy as	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Natural Resoul	rce Lands, starting on page 3-58,
14	R-650a	74114-90		Production District is the first
15 16				ndergo a watershed planning effort all implement the recommendations of
17			_	d Advisory Committee. The
18		•		and other actions identified in the final
19				commendations will form the basis for a
20		watershed planni	ng approach to bal	ance fish, farm and flood interests
21		across the Snoqu	almie Valley Agricı	ultural Production District and an
22		agreement on pro	tecting a defined n	umber of acres of agricultural land. The
23		Advisory Commit	tee, or a successoı	committee, will monitor progress of the
24		task forces and w	ill reconvene to ev	aluate the watershed planning approach
25		to balancing inter	ests prior to the ne	ext Comprehensive Plan Update. The

26	policy issues and recommendations outlined in the Snoqualmie Fish, Farm,
27	Flood Advisory Committee Report and Recommendations are largely
28	specific to the Snoqualmie Valley and are not intended to be applied broadly
29	in other Agricultural Production Districts. Future Fish, Farm, Flood efforts
30	focused in other Agricultural Production Districts will need to go through
31	their own processes to identify barriers to success for all stakeholders in
32	these geographic areas. R-649 continues to apply to the Snoqualmie Valley
33 34	Agricultural Production District until the watershed planning effort outlined in the Fish, Farm and Flood recommendations is complete. A policy
35	reflecting the outcome of this effort shall be included in the next ((four))
36	eight-year cycle Comprehensive Plan Update.
	eight-year cycle Comprehensive Flan Opdate.
37	In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-72,
38 39	amend policy as follows:
40	amena poncy as ronows.
41	R-683 King County may update the Mineral Resources Map to identify additional
42	Potential Mineral Resource Sites only during the ((four))eight-year
43	Comprehensive Plan amendment cycle or as part of a midpoint update."
44	
45	In Attachment A, on page 6, on line 174, after "In Chapter 10" strike "Community
46	Service Area Subarea Planning" and insert "Economic Development"
47	
4.0	The state of the s
48	In Attachment A, on page 14, on line 377, after "Amendments and" strike "Review"
49	and insert "Evaluation"
50	
51	In Attachment A, on page 15, on line 380, after "Amendments and" strike "Review"
52	and insert "Evaluation"
53	
54	In Attachment A, on page 16, on line 438, after "Amendments and" strike "Review"
55	and insert "Evaluation"
56	

57	In Att	achment A, on page 17, on line 466, after "Amendments and" strike "Review"
58	and in	sert "Evaluation"
59		
60	In Atta	achment A, on page 20, at the beginning of line 582, strike "September 28" and
61	insert	"September 30"
62	is .	
63	In Atta	achment A, on page 21, on line 631, after "((December 31, 2018))" strike "June 29"
64	and in	sert "June 28"
65	36	
66	In Atta	achment A, on page 23, on line 680, after "consideration by" strike "September 28"
67	and in	sert "September 30"
68		
69	In Atta	achment A, on page 25, on line 771, after "((December 31, 2018))" strike "June 30"
70	and ins	sert "June 28"
71		
72	In Atta	achment A, starting on page 26, line 813, strike everything through page 27, line
73	824 an	d insert: "
74 75	<u>•</u>	Timeline: A motion authorizing the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by January 2, 2019. The Council shall have until February 28, 2019 to
76 77		adopt the motion. The 2020 Comprehensive Plan update shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by September 30, 2019. The Council shall have until June 30, 2020 to adopt the
78		2020 Comprehensive Plan update.
79	•	Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council a motion authorizing the 2020 Comprehensive
80		Plan update. The Council shall have until February 28, 2019 to adopt the motion, either as
81		transmitted or amended. In the absence of Council approval by February 28, 2019, the Executive
82		shall proceed to implement the scope as proposed. If the motion is approved by February 28,
83		2019, the scope shall proceed as established by the approved motion. The Executive shall then file

with the Council the proposed 2020 Comprehensive Plan update by September 30, 2019. The Council shall have until June 30, 2020 to adopt the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update."

In Attachment A, 2018 Amendments to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, dated September 12, 2018, the clerk of the council is instructed to engross changes from any adopted amendments and correct any scrivener's errors. Line numbers have been added to the attachment for ease of reference. The clerk of the council is instructed to remove line numbers in the attachment on the final version of this legislation adopted by the council before presentation to the executive. The clerk of the council is also instructed to update the header to reflect the enactment number upon final adoption.

Upon final adoption, Council staff is instructed to update any text within Attachment A to reflect the enactment number, incorporate adopted changes into the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, update the table of contents as necessary, and provide an electronic copy to the executive.

In Attachment B, 2018 Amendments to the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan, dated September 12, 2018, the clerk of the council is instructed to engross changes from any adopted amendments and correct any scrivener's errors. Line numbers have been added to the attachment for ease of reference. The clerk of the council is instructed to remove line numbers in the attachment on the final version of this legislation adopted by the council before presentation to the executive. The clerk of the council is also instructed to update the header to reflect the enactment number upon final adoption. Upon final adoption, Council staff is instructed to update any text within Attachment B to reflect the enactment number, incorporate adopted changes into the

108	Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan, update the table of
109	contents as necessary, and provide an electronic copy to the executive.
110	
111	EFFECT: This Amendment makes technical corrections to the Proposed Ordinance
112	and Attachment A, including:
113	Clarifying language in the Findings;
114	• Correcting one term from "two-year" to "midpoint" update, consistent with
115	the action taken in the Planning, Rural Service and Environment
116	Committee;
117	<ul> <li>Re-ordering text in Attachment A to put it in consecutive order;</li> </ul>
118	• Correcting titles of the King County Comprehensive Plan (KCCP) chapters
119	in Attachment A; and
120	• Correcting the dates of the Workplan Action items transmittal to Council to
121	be consistent with the Proposed Ordinance.

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 2018 Amendments to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan

**King County** 

In compliance with the 2017-2018 Biennial Budget Ordinance, Ordinance 18409, Sections 19 and 88, as amended by Ordinance 18602, Section 5, Proviso P2, and Ordinance 18602, Section 47, Proviso P3.

September 12, 2018



## In the second paragraph of the Cover Letter, amend text as follows:

The 2016 update is a major (((every four year))) review of the Comprehensive Plan. It builds on King County's 25 years of success in implementing the Growth Management Act. Since adoption of the first Comprehensive Plan in 1994, the vast majority of housing growth countywide – 96 percent – has occurred in urban areas. Building on this success, the 2016 plan now also responds to new critical challenges:

# In the Executive Summary, starting on page ES-5, amend text as follows:

# Major ((Four-Year-))Update

The 2016 update is a major ((four-year-)) review of the Comprehensive Plan and, this year marks the 25th anniversary of the passage of the Growth Management Act. This landmark legislation requires jurisdictions to designate an urban growth area, within which growth would be encouraged, and adopt regulations to conserve resource land and environmentally sensitive areas. By almost any measure, King County has been successful in realizing the broad goals of the Growth Management Act. However, success has not been easy and, looking forward, the Comprehensive Plan needs to respond to new challenges, such as equitable access to opportunity, reducing carbon pollution and responding to climate impacts, addressing housing affordability and strengthening mobility. To address these, the following updates are included in the 2016 Comprehensive Plan.

# In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on page 1-8, amend text as follows:

Community Service Area Subarea plans, ((including)) as well as other community plans and basin plans, focus the policy direction of the Comprehensive Plan to a smaller geographic area (see Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, for information on large-scale subarea land use plans for rural and urban unincorporated communities in King County). Smaller-scale studies, known as area zoning and land use studies, per King County Code, are focused on adoption or amendment of land use and zoning maps on an area wide basis rather than the broad range of topics that are addressed in a full subarea plan. Examples of subarea plans and area zoning studies include the Duwamish Coalition Project, White Center Action Plan, Fall City Subarea Plan, the East Redmond Subarea Plan, and planning efforts within a watershed or basin. Development of subarea plans are guided by the following policy as well as other applicable policies of the Comprehensive Plan and provisions in the King County Code.

#### In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on page 1-9, amend text as 61 follows: 62 63 In addition to subarea plans and area zoning and land use studies, King County's land use planning also includes 64 other planning processes. These include Comprehensive Plan policy directed subarea studies, such as the 65 establishment of new community business centers, adjusting Rural Town boundaries, or assessing the feasibility 66 of ((upzoning)) zoning reclassifications in urban unincorporated areas. Subarea studies are focused on specific 67 areas of the County, but do not look at the range of issues that a subarea plan would include. In some cases, an 68 area zoning and land use study may suffice to meet the requirements of the policies. In addition, there are Site 69 Specific Land Use Amendments and Zone Reclassifications, which are site specific processes that involve 70 County staff review and recommendations, a public hearing and recommendation by a Hearing Examiner and a 71 decision by County Council. These must be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan or be proposed with 72 amendments during the Plan update process. 73 74 In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on page 1-11, amend text as 75 follows: 76 77 The Growth Management Act allows local comprehensive plan amendments to be considered once each year. In 78 King County, those annual amendments allow ((technical)) limited changes only, except for once every 79 ((four))eight years. Then, during the "((Four))Eight-Year Cycle review process," substantive changes to policies((7 80 land use designations)) and amendments to the Urban Growth Area boundary can be proposed and adopted. A 81 smaller-range of substantive changes to policies and amendments to the Urban Growth Area boundary may also 82 be considered at the midpoint of the eight-year update cycle, but only if authorized by motion. These provisions 83 are detailed in King County Code Title 20.18. Additional information and policies are found in Chapter 12, 84 Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation. 85 86 In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, starting on page 1-23, amend 87 text as follows: 88 89 Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning 90 This chapter uses King County's seven Community Service Areas as the framework for its renewed subarea 91 planning program that offers long-range planning services to unincorporated communities. The majority of King 92 County's community plans (((except for the West Hill and White Center Plans))) are no longer in effect as 93 separately adopted plans. In many cases, however, the plans contain valuable historical information about King 94

County's communities and often provide background for the land'uses in effect today. Policies from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The plans currently in effect are the West Hill Community Plan, White Center Community Action Plan, Fall City Subarea Plan, and the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan.

community plans were retained as part of the Comprehensive Plan to recognize the unique each community and to provide historical context. This chapter will be updated, where a new Community Service Area subarea plans as they are adopted.  Chapter 12: Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation  The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and Countywide Planning Plans been adopted to achieve the growth management objectives of King County and the regidescribes the county's process for amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and dicycle, midpoint cycle, and the ((four))eight((-))-year-cycle amendments. The chapter idea Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zor In Chapter 2 Urban Communities, on page 2-32, amend policy as for the communities of the c	•
Chapter 12: Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation  The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and Countywide Planning F been adopted to achieve the growth management objectives of King County and the regidescribes the county's process for amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and d cycle, midpoint cycle, and the ((four))eight((-))-year-cycle amendments. The chapter idea Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zon	appropriate, to reflect the
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The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and Countywide Planning F been adopted to achieve the growth management objectives of King County and the regidescribes the county's process for amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and d cycle, midpoint cycle, and the ((four))eight((-))-year-cycle amendments. The chapter idea Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zon	
been adopted to achieve the growth management objectives of King County and the region describes the county's process for amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and decycle, midpoint cycle, and the ((four))eight((-))-year-cycle amendments. The chapter idea Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zor	
describes the county's process for amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and d cycle, midpoint cycle, and the ((four))eight((-))-year-cycle amendments. The chapter ider Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zor	olicy framework have
cycle, midpoint cycle, and the ((four))eight((-))-year-cycle amendments. The chapter ider Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zor	on. This chapter
Workplan actions that will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zor	istinguishes the annual
within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zor	ntifies a series of major
	t or refine provisions
In Chapter 2 Urban Communities, on page 2-32, amend policy as f	ing.
In Chapter 2 Urban Communities, on page 2-32, amend policy as f	
	ollows:
U-183 King County should actively pursue designating urban separa	
unincorporated area and work with the cities to establish perr	
separators within the ((unincorporated))incorporated area tha	t link with and
enhance King County's urban separator corridors.	
In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on	page 3-35, amend
text as follows:	
toxt de follows.	
There are three existing industrial areas in the Rural Area containing multiple industrial	uses on several sites.
One is located within the southwest portion of the Town of Vashon. The second is a des	ignated industrial area
adjacent to the Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center of Preston. The Preston Industry	
existing concentration of industrial uses that contributes to the economic diversity of the	0
expansion of this industrial area beyond the identified boundaries is not permitted (see ((	Ė
Policy CP-((942))547). The third industrial area is located along State Route 169 on land	Countywide Planning ))

continue to be used as for industrial purposes and have a designation as a King County Historic Site.

# In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-72, amend

## policy as follows:

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129 R-683 King County may update the Mineral Resources Map to identify additional

Potential Mineral Resource Sites only during the ((four))eight-year

Comprehensive Plan amendment cycle or as part of a midpoint update.

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# In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-58, amend

# policy as follows:

R-650a

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The Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production District is the first Agricultural Production District to undergo a watershed planning effort called for in R-650. King County shall implement the recommendations of the Snoqualmie Fish, Farm and Flood Advisory Committee. The recommendations of the task forces and other actions identified in the final Advisory Committee Report and Recommendations will form the basis for a watershed planning approach to balance fish, farm and flood interests across the Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production District and an agreement on protecting a defined number of acres of agricultural land. The Advisory Committee, or a successor committee, will monitor progress of the task forces and will reconvene to evaluate the watershed planning approach to balancing interests prior to the next Comprehensive Plan Update. The policy issues and recommendations outlined in the Snoqualmie Fish, Farm, Flood Advisory Committee Report and Recommendations are largely specific to the Snoqualmie Valley and are not intended to be applied broadly in other Agricultural Production Districts. Future Fish, Farm, Flood efforts focused in other Agricultural Production Districts will need to go through their own processes to identify barriers to success for all stakeholders in these geographic areas. R-649 continues to apply to the Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production District until the watershed planning effort outlined in the Fish, Farm and Flood recommendations is complete. A policy reflecting the outcome of this effort shall be included in the next ((four)) eight-year cycle Comprehensive Plan Update.

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## In Chapter 8 Transportation, starting on page 8-7, amend text as follows:

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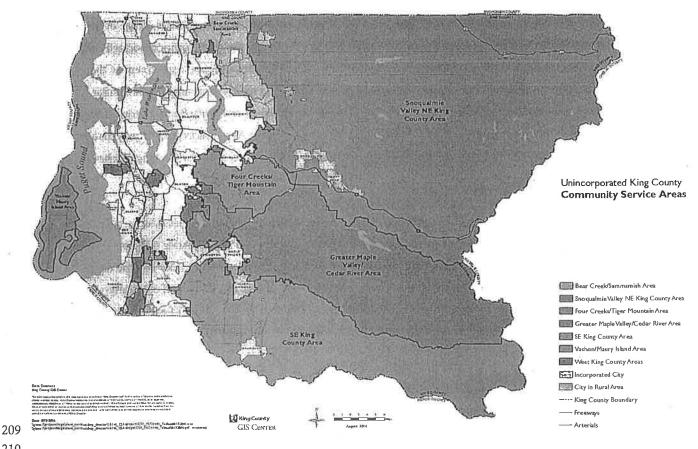
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The Strategic Plan for Road Services defines the vision and mission for the King County Department of Transportation's Road Services Division. The Strategic Plan for Road Services provides detailed direction for the response to the many complex challenges, including two trends that have had significant impacts on the county's

164	road services. One is that annexations, consistent with the goals of the Growth Management Act, have reduced
165	the urban unincorporated area and therefore the tax base that supports the unincorporated road system has
166	shrunk significantly. By ((2020))2023, when the next major Comprehensive Plan update is ((developed))
167	completed, Road Services Division's responsibilities will likely focus almost entirely on the Rural Area and
168	Natural Resource Lands. A second trend is the decline in County road funding, described in greater detail in
169	Section IV. The Strategic Plan for Road Services guides the Road Services Division as it is faced with the
170	consequences of a smaller service area and reduced funding and seeks to manage the unincorporated King
171	County road system through focused investment of available resources to facilitate the movement of people,
172	goods and services, and respond to emergencies.
173	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
174	In Chapter 10 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, starting on page 10-15,
175	amend text as follows:
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177	The mission of the Rural Economic Strategies Plan is to advance the long-term economic viability of the Rural
178	Area and Natural Resource Lands, with an emphasis on farming, forestry, and other rural businesses consistent
179	with the unique character of rural King County. The mission is accomplished by initiating and implementing
180	specific strategies and actions to support and enhance rural economic viability. Rural businesses generally fall
181	into six rural economic clusters and each cluster is supported by specific strategies and actions to strengthen
182	and/or enhance it. The clusters are: Agriculture, Forestry, Equestrian, Home-Based Businesses (i.e., those home
183	occupations that are allowed on lands designated Agriculture, Forestry and Rural Area), Recreation and
184	Tourism, Commercial and Industrial Rural Neighborhood Commercial Centers, Rural Towns, and Cities in the
185	Rural Area. Consistent with CP-((942))539, found in Chapter 11, Community Service Area Subarea Planning,
186	no expansion of industrial land use or zoning is allowed within the Rural Town of Fall City.
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189	In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, starting on page 11-2,
190	amend text as follows:
191	N.
192	A. Planning Framework and Geography
193	Beginning with the 2016 Comprehensive Plan the geographical boundaries of the County's seven Community
194	Service Areas will be used as the framework for subarea plans created and amended from that point forward.
195	Subarea plans will be developed for the six rural Community Service Areas, and for the five remaining large
196	urban unincorporated potential annexation areas. The focus of subarea plans will be on land use issues in these
197	subarea geographies.
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199	There are a number of key benefits to defining subarea planning boundaries to be coterminous with the
200	Community Service Area boundaries. This structure organizes the County's unincorporated planning area into

fewer and more manageable territories so that updates of the plans can occur within a shorter time horizon. Using the Community Service Area boundaries also aligns land use planning with other county services and programs thereby increasing consistency between planning and public service delivery. Finally, since the last round of subarea planning in 1994 there have been numerous major annexations and incorporations which mean some subareas are now largely within the jurisdiction of cities and thus the County now has just a regional, rather than local, planning role in those areas.

Figure: Community Service Areas Map



The following table illustrates how the Community Service Area geography aligns with the former Community Planning Area geography; this is provided to identify how the existing policies are re-assigned into the new geographic structure.

Community Service Area	Includes parts of the following former Community Planning Areas
Bear Creek / Sammamish Area	Bear Creek, Northshore, East Sammamish
Four Creeks / Tiger Mountain Area	Tahoma Raven Heights, Snoqualmie

Greater Maple Valley / Cedar River Area	Tahoma Raven Heights, Soos Creek, East King County, Snoqualmie
SE King County Area	Enumclaw, Tahoma Raven Heights, East King County, Soos Creek
Snoqualmie Valley / NE King County Area	Snoqualmie, East King County, East Sammamish
Vashon / Maury Island	Vashon
West King County Areas (unincorp. urban)	Portions of 10 Community Planning Areas

While there are differences among the Community Service Areas in terms of their boundaries, range of land uses, annexation issues, and more, using this accepted geography will ensure the entire unincorporated portion of the county receives some level of planning on a regular cycle. This includes a regular assessment of the Community Service Area's goals, population changes, new development, employment targets and similar demographic and socioeconomic indicators. These assessments are called Community Service Area Subarea Plans. To address the unique issues in each geography, Community Service Area subarea plans may also have more refined, ((cross-discipline, and localized))land use focuses on rural town centers, urban neighborhoods, or corridor approaches.

The high level review along with more detailed land use planning will be guided by a series of criteria such as community interest, social equity, funding, and new development. Equity and social justice principles will play a particularly key role during subarea plan public engagement activities. People of color, low-income residents, and populations with limited English proficiency will be informed and offered equitable and culturally-appropriate opportunities to participate in its planning process. ((The anticipated length of each detailed subarea plan will be based on the extent and complexity of the work described in each scope.))

# B. Planning Schedule

Below is the schedule for subarea planning using the Community Service Area geography. Reviewing all ((seven))six rural Community Service Area subareas and five large urban Potential Annexation Areas over the course of an ((eight))approximately thirteen year period (while pausing the subarea planning process during the Eight-Year update of the Comprehensive Plan) at both the broad, policy level and at the local, community level with detailed planning will facilitate a more equitable planning process. The plan sequencing was determined by subarea plans already underway, the ability to partner with other jurisdictions, anticipated land use changes within a Community Service Area, and striving for a countywide geographic balance in alternating years. The anticipated duration of each subarea planning process will be two years, which includes time for community engagement, plan development, and Council review and adoption.

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Year	Community Service Area	Other Planning
2016	Vashon-Maury Island CSA	Major Comp. Plan Update
2017	West King County CSA - Skyway-West Hill, and North Highline	
2018	Snoqualmie Valley/Northeast King County CSA	
2019 Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River CSA		2
2020 West King County CSA - Fairwood		Major Comp. Plan Update
2021 Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA		
2022	Southeast King County CSA	
2023	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA	

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# Schedule of Community Service Area Subarea Plans

Planning Year	Adoption Year	Geography	Other Planning
2018-19	2019-20	Skyway West Hill PAA	2020 Comprehensive Plan
2019-20	2020-21	North Highline PAA	
2020-21	2021-22	Snoqualmie Valley/NE King CSA	
2021-22	2022-23	No Subarea Plan	Eight-Year Comp. Plan Update
2022-23	2023-24	Greater Maple Valley/Cedar CSA	
2023-24	2024-25	Fairwood PAA	Λ-====
2024-25	2025-26	Bear Creek/Sammamish CSA	
2025-26	2026-27	Southeast King County CSA	Potential Midpoint Update
2026-27	2027-28	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2027-28	2028-29	East Renton PAA	
2028-29	2029-30	Federal Way PAA	
2029-30	2030-31	No Subarea Plan	Eight-Year Comp. Plan Update

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Note: The planning year is a 12-month, July to June process. The adoption year is a 12-month, July to June process.

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For each of the Community Service Area subarea planning processes, the subarea plans included in Motion 14351, which adopted the scope of work for the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, shall be included. This includes the following adopted scopes of work:

Study in Motion 14351	Community Service Area
Snoqualmie Pass Subarea Plan:	Snoqualmie Valley/Northeast King County CSA
Initiate a subarea plan for Snoqualmie Pass rural town and ski area. The subarea plan should be developed in collaboration with Kittitas County, evaluate and address the current and future housing and economic development needs of this growing community, and include outreach with the local community in its development.	
((Vashon Subarea Plan: Initiate an update to the Vashon Town Plan, and incorporate the updated subarea plan into the Comprehensive plan. The updated subarea plan should include zoning and regulations that: address community and business needs, improve economic vitality and quality of life of its residents, and have included the outreach with the local community in their development.	West-King-County CSA — Vashon-Maury Island CSA))
Highline Subarea Plan: Initiate an update to the Highline Community Plan, and incorporate the updated subarea plan into the Comprehensive Plan. The updated subarea plan should include zoning and regulations that: address the historic wide gaps in equity of infrastructure investments and services; facilitate the revitalization of its neighborhoods, local economy, and quality of life of its residents; and have included outreach with the local community in their development.	West King County CSA – North Highline
Cedar Hills/Maple Valley Subarea Plan: Initiate a subarea plan for the "Cedar Hills/Maple Valley" area. Review land use designations and implementing zoning on parcels 2823069009, 2923069019, 2923069080, 2923069082, 2923069083, 2923069084, 3223069001, 3223069003, 3223069068, 3323069027, 3323069030, and 3323069042 and the surrounding area, which has long-standing industrial and resource material processing uses. Study and make recommendations on the potential long-term land uses for this area, including coordination with the County's planning on future closure of the adjacent Cedar Hills landfill. Include evaluation of options for land uses other than mining, including residential uses, non-residential uses; whether a four-to-one proposal is appropriate for this area; and outreach	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA

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The schedule above ensures that subarea plan goals and objectives are up-to-date and relevant based on current and future needs. ((The approach ensures that geographically logical areas are studied, resulting in a better understanding of cumulative impacts. The approach also allows the opportunity for routine updates of subarea trends and demographics to ensure that recommendations are current, relevant, and viable.—)) Within this larger

structure, if a property owner has an interest in a land use change outside of this planning cycle, they are able to use the existing land use processes. Property owners can submit for a Site Specific Land Use Amendment or Zone Reclassification, per King County Code 20.18.050 and 20.20 respectively. If a significant land use issue arises in a ((CSA))Community Service Area outside of the planning cycle, the cycle may be adjusted. In consideration of the restructure of the subarea planning program adopted in 2018, the County will evaluate

263 initiating a performance audit of the program once the restructure has been implemented, by adding a 264

requirement to the King County Auditor's work plan during the 2021-2022 biennium. Additionally, following

the completion of the first thirteen-year subarea planning cycle, the subarea planning schedule for developing

and adopting updates to the subarea plans moving forward will be reviewed as part of the 2031 major 267

Comprehensive Plan update. This review will include evaluation of whether the subarea plan update schedule

and process can be condensed from its current thirteen-year planning cycle. 269:

carried over to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.

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#### Background C.

Between 1973 and 1994 King County prepared community plans for 12 subareas of unincorporated King County. The first generation of community plans, substantially completed by 1984, were used to implement the county's 1964 Comprehensive Plan, and consisted of detailed land use policies, area zoning, and lists of capital projects (primarily roads and parks) for each planning area. The second generation of community plans, from 1985 to 1994, implemented many concepts of the 1985 King County Comprehensive Plan (for example low-density zoning for Rural Areas, Natural Resource Lands and environmentally sensitive areas, higher urban residential densities, and development guidelines for major urban activity centers such as Kenmore) that were

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Under King County's pre-Growth Management Act planning system, if a community plan conflicted with the comprehensive plan, the community plan governed. Under the Growth Management Act, the comprehensive plan prevails over "subarea" plans (RCW 36.70A.080(2)). The 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan spelled out the relationship between the comprehensive plan and community plans and directed the county to review community plans and repeal or revise them to eliminate conflicts. The county has reviewed the community plans adopted between 1973 and 1994 and determined that, while most community plans' policies are redundant (or, in a few cases, in conflict with the 1994 Comprehensive Plan), some are area-specific or issue-specific and should be readopted as part of the comprehensive plan.

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Although the majority of the community plans (((except for West Hill and White Center))) are no longer in effect as separately adopted plans, 1 in many cases the published plan documents contain valuable historical information about King County's communities and other information that provides background for the policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The plans currently in effect are the West Hill Community Plan, White Center Community Action Plan, Fall City Subarea Plan, and the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan.

293	listed below and for the portions of the local pre-Growth Management Act area zoning that remain in effect.
294	The following sections of this chapter will be updated, as appropriate, to reflect the new Community Service
295	Area subarea plans as they are adopted.
296	
297	In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, starting on page 11-39,
298	amend policy as follows:
299	
300	VII. West King County Area
301	·
302	As noted on the Community Service Areas map at the beginning of this chapter, the West King County Area is
303	comprised of approximately ((twelve))five separate major unincorporated areas within the Urban Growth
304	Boundary; these are all Potential Annexation Areas for several cities, including Federal Way, Seattle((5)) and
305	Renton((, Kent, Redmond and Sammamish)). In addition, there are over one hundred other smaller areas that are
306	affiliated with or adjacent to Kent, Auburn, Issaquah, Sammamish, Redmond, Kenmore and others.
307	
308	King County's approach is that all of these areas annex into the affiliated cities or, for those areas not affiliated,
309	the most logical adjacent city. As subarea planning occurs, adjacent cities will be encouraged to participate.
310	Policies guiding these areas are found both in Chapter 2: Urban Communities in the Potential Annexation Area
311	section as well as in other annexation policies found in chapters throughout the Comprehensive Plan. For the
312	areas at the edge of the urban growth boundary, policies in other parts of this_chapter may be relevant since the
313	historical Community Plans often included these edge communities. This is further described below.
314	
315	Background
316	The estimated population in this CSA in 2014 was approximately 113,000. The West King County CSA
317	consists of separate unincorporated areas that were once part of larger areas with their own community
318	plans. Today's fragmented pattern of unincorporated urban areas is the result of incorporations and
319	piecemeal annexations since the community planning process began in the mid-1980s.
320	
321	The West Hill Community Plan and White Center Community Plan, applying to portions of the original
322	Highline Community Plan, were the last plans adopted by King County (West Hill in 1993, White Center
323	in 1994). They were prepared in conformance with the Growth Management Act (GMA) and are already
324	incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.
325	
	A. East Federal Way Potential Annexation Area
326	A. LUSI I CUCIUI TYUY I VICIIIIUI AIIIICXUIIVII AI CU

Work on the Federal Way Community Plan and/or amendments occurred from 1972 to 1975, 1977 to 1980, and

1984 to 1986. Federal Way was part of the first generation of community plans in the county that were adopted

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scparately from their implementing area zoning. After these experiences, the county decided to adopt both 329 together to avoid going through essentially the same decisions twice for each community. The City of Federal 330 Way incorporated in 1990, removing most of the planning area from the county's jurisdiction. None of the 331 Federal Way Community Plan or its amendments are readopted. 332 333

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#### Fairwood and East Renton Potential Annexation Areas B.

- Fairwood and East Renton are adjacent to the City of Renton and are within the city's potential annexation area. 335
- Over the past decade, small portions (typically at the subdivision scale) have annexed to the city in a piecemeal 336
- fashion. The Fairwood area has approximately 23,000 residents. The Fairwood area was completely within the 337
- historical Soos Creek Planning Area, which is now part of both the Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River and the 338
- West King County Community Service Areas. This means that the general annexation policies in the 339
- comprehensive plan, as well as the Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River area policies are relevant to this area. 340

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- The East Renton area has approximately 6,500 residents. The East Renton area was completely part of the 342
- historical Newcastle Planning Area, which is now part of both the Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain and West King 343
- County Community Service areas. This means that the general annexation policies in the comprehensive plan, as 344
- well as the Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain area policies are relevant to this area. 345

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#### North Highline and White Center Potential Annexation Areas C.

- Highline has one of the longest histories of any community planning area. Between its original adoption in 1976 348
- as the "SeaTac Communities Plan" and adoption of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan, the Highline 349
- Community Plan has been updated or amended 13 times, and has been partially or wholly replaced by plans for 350
- smaller areas within Highline (e.g., West Hill, Burien Activity Center, White Center Community Action Plan, 351
- and SeaTac). The City of SeaTac incorporated in 1990, the City of Burien incorporated in 1993, and numerous 352
- portions of the planning area have been annexed by Tukwila and Des Moines. Although the planning area as a 353
- whole has grown slowly since 1970, the incorporations and annexations have resulted in a significant decrease in 354
- the unincorporated area population. Because the majority of the area has now transitioned into cities, none of 355
- the Highline Community Plan is readopted with the exception of West Hill and White Center, which were 356
- adopted in 1994 as part of the comprehensive plan but published separately. 357

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- The White Center Plan was adopted by King County in 1994, and as such was prepared in conformance with the 359
- Growth Management Act and incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan. 360

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#### West Hill - Skyway Potential Annexation Area D.

- The West Hill Plan was adopted by King County in 1993, and as such was prepared in conformance with the 363
- Growth Management Act and incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan. 364

In 2014, the County adopted Motion 14221, which called for a comprehensive update to the West Hill Community Plan. Around this same time, the County was also providing technical assistance to a community-led effort to update some elements of the Community Plan. This community-led effort resulted in the development of a local Action Plan, which was proposed to be an addendum to the existing Community Plan. Since then, the County reinitiated its Subarea Planning Program – and, as a result, the County now has resources available to comprehensively review the Community Plan, consistent with Motion 14221. The County will work with the community to review the proposed Action Plan and to update the Community Plan within the context of the new Subarea Planning Program. ((An))A process to update to the Community Plan will be initiated in approximately July 2018, with adoption anticipated in June 2020((transmitted by the Executive to the Council by March 1, 2018 and will be considered by the Council as part of the 2018 Comprehensive Plan update)).

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# In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-1,

# amend text as follows:

"The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and countywide policy framework have been adopted to achieve the county and region's growth management objectives. This chapter describes the tools, processes and procedures used to implement, amend and review the Comprehensive Plan.

The chapter explains the relationship between planning and zoning, lists the incentives programs, identifies actions that will be undertaken between major updates to implement or refine provisions within the Comprehensive Plan, and outlines and distinguishes between annual update cycles, midpoint updates, and ((four))eight((-))-year cycle amendments."

380	In Chapter 12	Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-4,
381	amend text an	d policy as follows:
382		
383	The Comprehensiv	e Plan amendment process includes an annual cycle, a midpoint cycle, and ((a four))an
384	eight-year cycle. T	he annual cycle generally is limited to those amendments that propose technical changes and
385		ubarea plans. The ((four-year))eight-year cycle is designed to address amendments that
386		e changes. The midpoint update is an optional process that allows for consideration of a
387		bstantive changes, but only if initiated by motion. This amendment process, based on a
388		ides the measure of certainty and predictability necessary to allow for new land use initiatives
389		ng annual update and midpoint update amendments, the process provides sufficient flexibility
390	v	nical adjustments or changed circumstances. The process requires early and continuous
391		and necessitates meaningful public dialogue.
392	public involvement	and necessitates meaningful public dialogue.
	Vin - County bas so	stablished a docket process to facilitate public involvement and participation in the
393	•	an amendment process in accordance with RCW 36.70A.470. Parties interested in proposing
394	•	
395		Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations, land use designations, zoning, or
396	-	of the Comprehensive Plan can obtain and complete a docket form outlining the proposed
397	amendment. Dock	et forms are available via the King County website.
398		
399	I-201	The amendment process shall provide continuing review and evaluation of
400		Comprehensive Plan policies and development regulations.
401		
402	I-202	Through the amendment process, King County Comprehensive Plan policies and
403		supporting development regulations shall be subject to review, evaluation, and
404		amendment according to an annual cycle, a midpoint cycle, and ((a four)) an
405		eight-year cycle in accordance with RCW 36.70A.130 (1) and (2).
406		
407	1-203	Except as otherwise provided in this policy, the annual cycle shall not consider
408		proposed amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan that require
409		substantive changes to Comprehensive Plan policies and development
410		regulations or that alter the Urban Growth Area Boundary. Substantive
411		amendments may be considered in the annual amendment cycle only if to
412		consider the following:  a. A proposal for a Four-to-One project that changes the Urban Growth
413	6	a. A proposal for a Four-to-One project that changes the Orban Growth  Area Boundary;
414		b. An amendment regarding the provision of wastewater services to a Rural
415 416		Town. Such amendments shall be limited to policy amendments and
417		adjustments to the boundaries of the Rural Town as needed to
418		implement a preferred option identified in a Rural Town wastewater
419		treatment study;

420		c. Amendments necessary for the protection and recovery of threatened
421	<b>3</b>	and endangered species; ((er))
422		d. Adoption of Community Service Area subarea plans:
423	*	e. Amendments to the workplan, only as part of the 2018 subarea planning
424		restructure; or
425		f. Amendments to update the Comprehensive Plan schedule to respond to
426		adopted ordinances to improve alignment with the Growth Management
427		Act, multicounty and countywide planning activities.
428		
429	1-204	The ((four))eight-year cycle shall consider proposed amendments that could be
430		considered in the annual cycle and also those outside the scope of the annual
431		cycle, proposed amendments relating to substantive changes to Comprehensive
432		Plan policies and development regulations, and proposals to alter the Urban
433		Growth Area Boundary in accordance with applicable provisions of Countywide
434		Planning Policies. A smaller-range of substantive changes to policies and
435		amendments to the Urban Growth Area boundary may also be considered at the
436		midpoint of the eight-year update cycle, but only if authorized by motion.
437	•	
438	In Chapter 12 I	mplementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-6,
439	amend text and	I policy as follows:
440		* "
441	III. Revie	w and Evaluation
442	In accordance with	the Growth Management Act, King County and its cities will work together to employ an
443	established review a	nd evaluation program ((through the King County Benchmark Program)), as provided by the
444	King County Count	ywide Planning Policies. The purpose of the program ((is)) will be to determine whether the
445	county and its cities	are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing growth and
446	development assum	ptions, targets, and objectives contained in the Countywide Planning Policies and the county
447	and city comprehen	sive plans with actual growth and development in the county and cities.
448		
449	In partnership with	the King County Growth Report, the King County Buildable Lands Report and
450		itoring of the King County Comprehensive Plan, the ((King County Benchmark Program
451	500 403 50	)) County and its cities will review information relating to and including, but not limited to,
452	the following:	Journal of the first of the fir
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453	• U	rban densities;
454	• R	emaining land capacity;
455	• G	rowth and development assumptions, targets, and objectives;

456	<ul> <li>Residential, commercial, and industrial development;</li> </ul>
457	• Transportation;
458	Affordable housing;
459	Economic development; and
460	Environmental quality.
461	
462	((As outlined in the Workplan section of this chapter, in preparation for the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update,
463	King County intends to develop a new performance measures program to replace the current Benchmark
464	Program.))
465	
466	In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-11,
467	amend text as follows:
468	*
469	VI. 2016 Comprehensive Plan Workplan
470	A new feature of the 2016 Comprehensive Plan is this Workplan section. While Workplan tasks have
471	accompanied the Comprehensive Plan as part of the adoption process by the County Council, these tasks
472	were historically included with the Ordinance rather than inside of the Comprehensive Plan. In the 2016
473	Comprehensive Plan, these tasks will be included in the body of the document. Workplan tasks work in
474	conjunction with the other tools discussed in this chapter, such as regulations, incentive programs, and
475	other core regional planning and implementation activities. Each Workplan item includes a summary
476	description, general timeline and anticipated outcomes. In the 2018 update to the 2016 King County
477	Comprehensive Plan, as part of the restructure adopted in Ordinance XXXXX (Proposed Ordinance 2018-
478	0153) and Motion 15142, the County modified the structure of the King County Comprehensive Plan
479	review cycle, to include a comprehensive update every eight years, as well as potential annual and
480	midpoint updates. As part of this review, Workplan items were amended to reflect this restructure, and to
481	add direction for future updates to the Comprehensive Plan, including a 2020 update.
482	
483	When transmitting to the Council the required report, study, ordinance, and/or motion in any of the items
484	outlined below, the transmittal shall be in the form of a paper original and an electronic copy filed with the
485	clerk of the Council, who shall retain the original and provide an electronic copy to all Councilmembers,
486	the Council chief of staff, the policy staff director and the lead staff for the ((transportation, economy and
107	anticompact) planning gural corpuse and environment committee or its successor

- Action 1: ((Initiation))Implementation of the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program. Under the direction of the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, King County ((is launching)) has launched a new regular subarea planning program. While this is described in greater detail in Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning, launching and implementing this effort will be a major activity following the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.
- *Timeline:* Ongoing; the Executive will propose a subarea plan for each area approximately once every ((seven))thirteen years based on planning schedule in Chapter 11.
  - Outcomes: A proposed subarea plan for each Community Service Area for Council consideration and possible adoption. Each subarea plan shall be transmitted by the Executive to the Council in the form of an ordinance that adopts the subarea plan, ((no later than March 1 of the year following the Community Service Area's planning period)) at a time consistent with King County Code Chapter 20.18. A Public Review Draft of each subarea plan shall be made available to the public and the Council for comment prior to finalizing the plan for transmittal.
  - Lead: Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, in coordination and collaboration with the
    Office of Performance Strategy and Budget. Executive staff, including the Department of Permitting
    and Environmental Review, the Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, or other appropriate
    agencies, shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) representing the applicable
    study area throughout the community planning process.

Action 2: Develop a Performance Measures Program for the Comprehensive Plan. The purpose of the program is to develop longer-term indicators to provide insight into whether the goals of the Comprehensive Plan are being achieved or if revisions are needed. Given the longer-term nature of the issues addressed in the Comprehensive Plan, this program will be implemented on ((a four))an eight-year cycle. Reports are to be released in the year prior to the initiation of the ((four year))eight-year update in order to guide the scoping process for the update. Additionally, to the extent practicable for each dataset, indicators will be reported at the level most consistent with the major geographies in the Growth Management Act and Comprehensive Plan – incorporated cities, unincorporated urban areas, Rural Areas, and Natural Resource Lands.

- Timeline: The motion adopting the program framework shall be transmitted by June 1, 2017. A ((2018)) 2021 Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures Report released by ((December 1, 2018))March 1, 2021, will inform the ((2019))2021 Scope of Work for the ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan update.
- Outcomes: The 2017 framework for the program shall be transmitted by the Executive to the Council by
  June 1, 2017, in the form of a motion that adopts the framework. The ((2018))2021 Comprehensive
  Plan Performance Measures Report shall be completed as directed by the 2017 framework motion
  adopted by the Council. The Executive shall file with the Council the ((2018))2021 Comprehensive
  Plan Performance Measures Report. The ((2019))2021 Scope of Work for the ((2020))2023

525	Comprehensive Plan Update shall be informed by the ((2018))2021 Performance Measures Report. The
526	Executive's transmitted ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan shall include updated references to the new
527	Performance Measures Program.
528	Lead: Office of Performance Strategy and Budget. Executive staff shall work with the Council's
529	Comprehensive Plan lead staff in development of the 2017 framework for the program.
530	
531	
532	Action 3: Implement a Transfer of Development Rights Unincorporated Urban Receiving Area Amenity
533	Funding Pilot Project. The County's Transfer of Development Rights Program has been very effective in
534	implementing Growth Management Act goals to reduce sprawl and permanently protect open space. This
535	Workplan item is to conduct a pilot project to determine the process for providing amenities to unincorporated
536	urban Transfer of Development Rights receiving area communities. The focus of the pilot project will be the East
537	Renton Plateau - an area of urban unincorporated King County that has received a substantial number of
538	Transferrable of Development Rights. The East Renton Plateau Transfer of Development Rights Receiving Area
539	Pilot Project will: develop a process for engaging the community to determine the type of amenities the
540	community desires; assess the type and amounts of funding available for providing amenities; and establish an
541	amount of amenity funding to be provided for each Transferrable of Development Rights (both past and future
542	Transferrable of Development Rights).
543	• Timeline: 2017-2018; (18-month process). The Transfer of Development Rights Amenity Funding Pilot
544	Project Report on the results of the pilot project shall be transmitted to the Council by June 1, 2018, so
545	as to inform the King County 2019-2020 Biennial Budget.
546	Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the Transfer of Development Rights Amenity
547	Funding Pilot Project Report recommending process and funding levels relative to Transferrable of
548	Development Rights used in development projects. The report shall include identification of any
549	necessary recommended amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and King County Code. The
550	Executive shall transmit to the Council any recommended amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and
551	King County Code as part of the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.
552	• Leads: Department of Natural Resources and Parks. Executive staff shall update and coordinate with
553	the Councilmember office(s) representing the pilot project community throughout the process.
554	
555	Action 4: Transfer of Development Rights Program Review. The County's Transfer of Development
556	Rights Program has been very successful in protecting Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands by transferring
557	development potential into cities and unincorporated urban areas. Typically the Transfer of Development Rights
558	Program advances two primary policy objectives: conserving Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands, as well as
559	focusing new growth in urban areas.
560	
561	This Workplan item will do the following:

- A. Prepare a Transfer of Development Rights Program Review Study that addresses:
  - 1) Tax revenue impacts of the Transfer of Development Rights Program for both sending and receiving sites.
  - 2) Analysis of potential Transfer of Development Rights Program changes that build on existing program objectives while considering other policy objectives, such as making investments in economically disadvantaged areas, promoting housing affordability, incentivizing green building, and providing for Transit Oriented Development. The analysis should take into consideration the economic feasibility of and market interest in these other policy objectives, as well as opportunities for providing amenities to communities that receive Transfer of Development Rights. This analysis will be achieved through implementation of a pilot project that utilizes such incentives and provides amenities to the community receiving increased density associated with the Transfer of Development Rights. If possible, the pilot project should be undertaken in Skywáy-West Hill and help implement the Skyway-West Hill Action Plan.
  - 3) Consider possible performance criteria.

- B. Produce an annual report to the Council on the Transfer of Development Rights Program and associated bank activity.
- Timeline: The annual report to the Council shall commence with a report due on December 1, 2017. The Transfer of Development Rights Program Review Study, and an ordinance making Comprehensive Plan and/or King County Code changes if applicable, shall be filed with the Council by ((December 1, 2018)) September 28, 2019 as part of the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the Transfer of Development Rights Program Review Study and the annual report. The Study shall outline policy and implementation options, if applicable. If Comprehensive Plan and/or King County Code changes are recommended, an ordinance implementing those changes shall also be transmitted to the Council with the Study.
- Leads: Department of Natural Resources and Parks, Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.

  Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) representing the pilot project community throughout the process.

Action 5: Review 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan Implementation Needs. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes new policy direction that may need updates in the King County Code in order to be implemented before the ((2020)) 2023 Comprehensive Plan update. The County will utilize an interbranch team to review the 2016 Comprehensive Plan and any necessary code updates. This analysis will result in a report that identifies the areas of the code in need of updating and subsequent legislation to address the areas of inconsistencies. The legislation will also include code changes to K.C.C. 16.82.150 and 16.82.152, and associated references, to reflect court rulings and current case law.

- Timeline: An Implementation Report shall be filed with the Council by July 31, 2017. The Report will 598 inform a code update ordinance(s), which shall be transmitted to the Council no later than December 31, 599 2019. 600
- Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the Executive shall file with the Council, the 2016 601 Comprehensive Plan Implementation Report and the code update ordinance(s). 602
  - Leads: Interbranch team comprised of staff from at least the: King County Council, Office of Performance Strategy and Budget, Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, and Prosecuting Attorney's Office.

Action 6: Alternative Housing Demonstration Project. There is considerable interest to explore temporary 607 and permanent alternative housing models to address the issues of homelessness and affordable housing in the 608 Puget Sound region. King County is currently exploring microhousing pilot projects across the region that can 609 inform a larger demonstration project under King County Code on alternative housing models in unincorporated 610 King County. Based on what the County learns from the experience of pilots across the region, the County 611 should pursue a larger demonstration project that looks at a broader range of temporary and permanent

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alternative housing models under its land use authority. 613

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This work plan item will utilize an interbranch team to analyze the potential for a demonstration project under 615 K.C.C. chapter 21A.55 for one or more temporary or permanent alternative housing projects, such as single 616 and/or multi-family microhousing (i.e., very small units clustered around a shared kitchen and other similar 617

models) or tiny houses, modular construction, live/work units, and co-housing projects. A demonstration 618

project will allow the County to test development regulations and other regulatory barriers related to alternative 619

housing models before adopting or amending permanent regulations. Such regulations could include 620 amendments to or establishment of regulations related to permitted uses or temporary uses, building and fire 621

codes, water and sewer supply requirements, setbacks, landscaping screening, location requirements, light and

glare requirements, public notice, and mitigation of impacts to the surrounding area. This work plan item should 623

also analyze potential funding sources and funding barriers for projects that may or may not require public 624

funding, including funds managed by the King County Housing and Community Development Division of the

Department of Community and Human Services. 626

> Timeline: Two phases. Phase One - Issuance of a request for proposals to identify a project or projects in unincorporated King County that will participate in an Alternative Housing Demonstration Project. While a project or projects are being chosen, a Demonstration Project ordinance package that pilots necessary regulatory flexibilities will be developed for approval by the Council. Such a Demonstration Project shall be transmitted to Council by ((December 31, 2018)) June 29, 2019. Phase II - An Alternative Housing Demonstration Project Report, including proposed regulations and/or amendments to implement the recommendations of the report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by December 31, ((2020)) 2021.

- Attachment A to Proposed Ordinance 2018-0153 Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the Executive shall file with the Council, the 635 Alternative Housing Demonstration Project Report, which shall include analysis of the issues learned in 636 the Demonstration Project(s), and identification of recommended amendments to the Comprehensive 637 Plan and King County Code. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting 638 updates to the Comprehensive Plan and/or King County Code as recommended in the Report. 639 • Leads: The King County Council will convene an interbranch team comprised of staff from at least: King 640 County Council, Department of Community and Human Services, Department of Permitting and 641 Environmental Review, Public Health, and Office of Performance Strategy and Budget. 642 643 644 Action 7: Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates. As part of the transmitted 2016 Comprehensive Plan, the Executive included recommended code changes related to agricultural uses in unincorporated King 645 County. In order to give the Council additional time to consider these proposed changes and to address the 646 647 identified policy issues, the transmitted code changes will not be adopted in 2016. Instead, the code changes will 648 be further developed through this work plan item. 649 The Council identified several policy issues through review of the code changes as part of the 2016 650 651 Comprehensive Plan update. Through use of an interbranch team, this work plan item aims to resolve these policy issues, draft a new ordinance, and complete outreach to affected stakeholders such as the King County 652 653 Agriculture Commission, ag-related business owners, and/or Community Service Areas. If the results of the 654 winery study, currently being reviewed by the Executive, are not complete in time to incorporate into the 2016 655, Comprehensive Plan, then this work plan item should also address the recommendations of that study. 656 Timeline: Six to nine month process. An Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates Report and 657
  - proposed regulations to implement the recommendations in report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by September 30, 2017.

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- Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the Executive shall file with the Council, the Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates Report, which shall include identification of recommended amendments to the King County Code. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting updates to the King County Code as recommended in the Report.
- Leads: The King County Council will convene an interbranch team comprised of at least King County Council staff, the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, the Department of Natural Resources and Parks, and the Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.

Action 8: Cottage Housing Regulations Review. Cottage housing is a method of development that allows for multiple detached single-family dwelling units to be located on a commonly owned parcel. In unincorporated King County, cottage housing is currently only permitted in the R-4 through R-8 urban residential zones, subject to certain conditions in the King County Code, such as in K.C.C. 21A.08.030 and 21A.12.030, which includes being only allowed on lots one acre in size or smaller. This work plan item will

- review Comprehensive Plan policies and development code regulations for the potential for expanded
  allowances for cottage housing in unincorporated King County, including in Rural Areas, and recommend
  policy and code changes as appropriate. The review will include evaluation of encouraging: close proximity of
  garages to the associated housing unit; and development of units with a wide variety of square footages, so as to
  address various needs and a diversity of residents.
- Timeline: A Cottage Housing Regulations Report ((and any proposed policy or code changes to implement the recommendations in the report)) shall be transmitted to the Council ((for consideration)) by December 31, 2018. Any proposed policy or code changes to implement the recommendations in the report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by September 28, 2019 as part of the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the Cottage Housing Regulations Report, which shall include identification of any recommended amendments to the King County Code and/or
   Comprehensive Plan. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting updates to the King County Code and/or the Comprehensive Plan, if recommended in the Report.
- Leads: The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review and the Office of Performance Strategy
   and Budget.
- Action 9: Carbon Neutral King County Plan. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes a new policy F-215b 689 which directs the County to "strive to provide services and build and operate public buildings and infrastructure 690 that are carbon neutral." To support implementation of this policy, this work plan item directs the Executive to 691 develop an Implementation Plan for making King County government carbon neutral. The Implementation 692 Plan shall address existing and new County buildings, as well as all County operations and services, and shall 693 identify the actions, costs and schedule for achieving carbon neutral status. This Implementation Plan will help 694 inform the 2020 update of the Strategic Climate Action Plan, through which existing county targets for carbon 695 neutrality and greenhouse gas emissions reduction will be updated consistent with the F-215b and the 696 697 Implementation Plan.
  - Timeline: A Carbon Neutral King County Implementation Plan and a motion adopting the Implementation Plan shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by February 28, 2019. A Progress Report on development of the Implementation Plan shall be transmitted to the Council by December 31, 2017.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for review and potential approval the Carbon Neutral
   King County Implementation Plan and a motion adopting the Implementation Plan.
  - Leads: Department of Natural Resources and Parks.

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Action 10: Green Building Handbook Review. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes policy direction in Policies U-133, R-336a, F-215a, and ED-501a that encourages green building practices in private development.

708	To support these implementation of these policies, and consistent with direction in the 2015 Strategic Climate
709	Action Plan, the County will soon be in the process of reviewing potential green building code requirements
710	and/or encouraged standards for private development for possible adoption. In the meantime, the County
711	intends to continue to use the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review's existing "Green Building
712	Handbook" to help encourage private green building development, which is referenced in the 2016
713	Comprehensive Plan. This work plan item directs the Executive to transmit to the Council the Green Building
714	Handbook for review and potential approval.
715	• Timeline: The Green Building Handbook and a motion approving the Handbook shall be transmitted to
716	the Council for consideration by March 1, 2017.
717	• Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for review and potential approval the Green Building
718	Handbook and a motion adopting the Handbook.
719	Leads: The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review.
720	
721	Action 11: Bicycle Network Planning Report. The Puget Sound Regional Council has identified a regional
722	bicycle network, for both the existing network and the associated gaps and needs, in its Active Transportation
723	Plan, which is an element of Transportation 2040. King County also identifies local bicycle network needs
724	throughout its planning, such as in the Transportation Needs Report and the Regional Trail Needs Report.
725	
726	This Workplan item directs the King County Department of Transportation, in coordination with the
727	Department of Natural Resources and Parks and the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, to
728	evaluate and report on how to enhance the bicycle network within unincorporated King County and address
729	identified regional and local bicycle infrastructure needs (such as standards for bicycle lanes, tracks and trails;
730	plans and financing for capital improvements; bicycle racks and parking; air filling stations; etc.). This report
731	will include:
732	a. Evaluation of existing King County planning efforts and possible areas for improvement, such as
733	addressing bicycle facility provisions in:
734	o roadway designs and standards, including lighting standards,
735	o plat approvals,
736	o commercial developments,
737	o parks & trails planning, and
738	o transit planning and access to transit.
739	b. Evaluation of bicycle and/or active transportation plan elements of other jurisdictions, including
740	the City of Seattle, for opportunities to connect to King County planning and active transportation
741	facilities.
742	c. Working with stakeholders for identification of needs and areas for possible improvements.
743	• Timeline: The Bicycle Network Planning Report and a motion approving the report shall be transmitted to

the Council for consideration by December 31, 2017.

745	• Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for review and potential approval the Bicycle Network
746	Planning Report and a motion adopting the Report.
747	
748	• Lead: Department of Transportation.
749	
750	Action 12: Update Plat Ingress/Egress Requirements. State law gives King County the responsibility to
751	adopt regulations and procedures for approval of subdivisions and plats. The Department of Permitting and
752	Environmental Review reviews ingress and egress to subdivisions and plats during the preliminary subdivision
753	approval process using the Department of Transportation Roads Division's "King County Road Design and
754	Construction Standards - 2007" (Roads Standards). In recent years, subdivision layouts have included one
755	entry/exit (or ingress/egress) point and a looped road network within the subdivision.
756	
757	Utilizing one entry/exit point can cause access issues if the roadway were to be physically impeded (such as due
758	to: a fire, debris, flooding, ice, snow, etc.). This configuration may also cause traffic backups while waiting for
759	the ability to turn in to or out of the development. Sometimes, this one access point may also be located too
760	close to other intersecting roadways to the roadway that the development intersects; this can contribute to traffic
761	back-ups.
762	
763	This Workplan item directs the Executive to transmit legislation to update the code, (such as K.C.C. Title 21A),
764	and the King County Department of Transportation Roads Standards to address these access issues. This code
765	update will include: requiring two entry/exit points for plats and subdivisions over a certain size; requiring
766	sufficient distance between the two entry/exit points so as to not impact traffic flows; addressing access for
767	emergency vehicles, including requiring adequate roadway width to accommodate emergency vehicles; and
768	increasing the distance between adjacent intersecting streets. The transmittal letter for the ordinance(s) shall
769	indicate the rational for the chosen size threshold for when the County will require two entry/exit points.
770	• Timeline: The proposed amendments to the King County Code and the King County Roads Standards
771	shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by ((December 31, 2018)) June 30, 2019.
772	• Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council an ordinance(s) adopting updates to the King County
773	Code and the King County Roads Standards.
774	• Lead: Department of Transportation and Department of Permitting and Environmental Review.
775	
776	Action 13: Water Availability and Permitting Study. The recent Washington State Supreme Court decision in
777	Whatcom County v. Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board (aka, Hirst) held that counties have a
778	responsibility under the Growth Management Act to make determinations of water availability through the
779	Comprehensive Plan and facilitate establishing water adequacy by permit applicants before issuance of
780	development permits. Hirst also ruled that counties cannot defer to the State to make these determinations. This
781	case overruled a court of appeals decision which supported deference to the State. The Supreme Court ruling
782	will require the County to develop a system for review of water availability in King County, with a particular

focus on future development that would use permit exempt wells as their source of potable water. This system will be implemented through amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan and development regulations. The County will engage in a Water Availability and Permitting Study to address these and related issues. This study will analyze methods to accommodate current zoning given possible water availability issues and will look at innovative ways to accommodate future development in any areas with insufficient water by using mitigation measures (e.g. water banks). This study will not include analysis of current water availability.

• Timeline: Eighteen month process. Initial report will be transmitted to the Council by December 1, 2017; final report, with necessary amendments, will be transmitted to the Council by ((July 1)) December 31, 2018. This report may inform the scope of work for the ((next-major)) 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.

Outcomes: Modifications, as needed, to the Comprehensive Plan, King County Code and County practices related to ensuring availability of water within the Comprehensive Plan and determining the adequacy of water during the development permit process.

 Leads: Performance, Strategy and Budget. Work with the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, Department of Natural Resources and Parks, Department of Public Health, Prosecuting Attorney's Office, and King County Council. Involvement of state agencies, public, local watershed improvement districts, and non-governmental organizations.

Action 14: 2020 Comprehensive Plan Update. In 2018, the County restructured its comprehensive planning program and associated Comprehensive Plan update cycles. This restructure includes moving to an eight-year update cycle. As part of the transition to this new planning cycle and given that the next major plan update will not be completed until 2023, there is a need to make substantive changes in the interim. The scope of the update proposed by the executive in the motion shall include any changes as called for by applicable Workplan Action items, any policy changes or land use proposals that should be considered prior to the 2023 update, review and inclusion of changes related to docket proposals that were recommended to be reviewed as part of the next "major" update, aligning the language in the Comprehensive Plan and Title 20 regarding what is allowed during annual, midpoint and eight-year updates, and reviewing and updating the terminology to consistently describe the various updates.

<u>Timeline:</u> A motion authorizing the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by January 2, 2019. The Council shall have until February 28, 2019 to adopt the motion. The 2020 Comprehensive Plan update shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by September 28, 2019. The Council shall have until June 28, 2020 to adopt the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.

Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council a motion authorizing the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update. The Council shall have until February 28, 2019 to adopt the motion, either as transmitted or amended. In the absence of Council approval by February 28, 2019, the Executive shall proceed to implement the scope as proposed. If the motion is approved by February 28, 2019, the scope shall

822		proceed as established by the approved motion. The Executive shall then file with the Council the
823	5	proposed 2020 Comprehensive Plan update by September 28, 2019. The Council shall have until June
824		28, 2020 to adopt the 2020 Comprehensive Plan update.
825	•	Leads: Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, in coordination and collaboration with the
826		Department of Permitting and Environmental Review.
827		
828		15. Annual DLS Briefing at PRE. In order to better serve the residents of unincorporated
829	King (	County, the Executive transmitted legislation in 2018 (Proposed Ordinance 2018-0312) to
830	establi	sh a new Department of Local Services effective January 1, 2019, following guidance for the
831	creation	on of the Department adopted in Motion 15125. If approved by the Council, the Department will
832	be eva	luating processes, procedures, and policies to identify areas of improvement in the delivery of
833	uninco	orporated services. In addition to this evaluation, the Department will report at least annually to
834	the Pla	nning, Rural Services and Environment (PRE) Committee or its successor on key issues related
835	to unit	acorporated areas.
836	•	Timeline: The Department will report to the PRE Committee or its successor at least annually.
837	•	Outcomes: The Department of Local Services shall coordinate with the Regional Planning Unit
838		and other departments to inform the 2020 Comprehensive Plan Update, and will brief the PRE
839		Committee at least annually.
840	•	Leads: Department of Local Services, in coordination with the Regional Planning Unit of
841		Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget.
842		
843	Action	16: Streamlining the Comprehensive Plan. Public participation, as expressed in Policy RP-
844	103, is	to be actively sought out throughout the development, amendment, and implementation of the
845	Compr	ehensive Plan. The Plan, and various iterations before final adoption, are posted online in order
846	to be a	ccessible to the public, and active outreach efforts during plan updates seek to reach a wide
847	range o	of County residents. However, such a lengthy document with many complex regulatory
848	require	ements can be difficult to navigate and understand. To make the Comprehensive Plan and
849	relevar	nt sections in King County Code Title 20 more reader-friendly and accessible to a wider
850	audien	ce, redundancies and excess detail should be minimized. This workplan item will initiate the
851	proces	s of streamlining the 2016 Comprehensive Plan and portions of King County Code Title 20 over
852	the nex	at several years, with the goal of becoming shorter, easier to understand, and more accessible to
853	the ger	neral public. This review will consider: removal of text or policies that are redundant and/or
854	repetiti	ve within the plan; removal of text or policies that are redundant to other existing plans and
855	policy	documents; removal of outdated text or policies; removal of text or policies that are at a level of

detail that is more appropriate for functional plans, implementation plans, development regulations,

etc.; increasing readability and conciseness; clarifying the process for amending the plan; and making 857 the document and sections of the Code more streamlined, user friendly, and accessible for the public. 858 Timeline: A streamlined version of the Comprehensive Plan and relevant sections of King 859 County Code Title 20, including but not limited to KCC 20.08, 20.12, and 20.18 shall be 860 transmitted to the Council for consideration by June 30, 2022. 861 Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council an ordinance adopting a streamlined 862 version of the Comprehensive Plan and associated code changes as part of the Executive's 863 proposed 2023 Eight-Year Comprehensive Plan update. 864 Leads: Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, in coordination and collaboration with the 865 Council's Comprehensive Planning lead staff and the Department of Permitting and 866 Environmental Review. 867 868 869 870 Actions Related to the Growth Management Planning Council The Growth Management Planning Council (GMPC) is a separate formal body consisting of elected officials 871 872 from King County, Seattle, Bellevue, other cities and towns in King County, special purpose districts, and the 873 Port of Seattle. The GMPC developed the Countywide Planning Policies, providing a countywide vision and 874 serving as a framework for each jurisdiction to develop its own comprehensive plan, which must be consistent with the overall vision for the future of King County. The GMPC is chaired by the King County Executive; five 875 876 King County Councilmembers serve as members. Recommendations from the GMPC are transmitted to the full 877 King County Council for review and consideration. 878 879 The GMPC develops its own independent work program every year; this section of the 2016 Comprehensive 880 Plan Workplan identifies issues the County will bring forward to the GMPC for review, consideration and recommendations. King County will submit these Workplan items to the GMPC for consideration at its first 881 meeting of 2017, with a goal of completing the GMPC review and recommendations by December 31, 2018. 882 883 The Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an Annual or Midpoint Comprehensive Plan Amendment prior to the next Eight-Year update. 884 885 Action ((14)) 17: Develop a Countywide Plan to Move Remaining Unincorporated Urban Potential 886 Annexation Areas Toward Annexation. The GMPC has authority to propose amendments to the Countywide 887 Planning Policies, and a unique defined role related to recommending approval or denial of Urban Growth Area 888 expansions. In order to move remaining unincorporated areas, which vary in size and complexity, towards 889

annexation does not appear feasible in the near future. The report shall include review of tax revenue impacts to

annexation, the GMPC would reconsider the Potential Annexation Areas map and the "Joint Planning and

address Potential Annexation Areas that have been previously unsuccessful in annexation and/or where

Annexation" section of the Countywide Planning Policies. This effort would include an evaluation of how to

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the County resulting from annexations, evaluation of requirements regarding annexation of roadways within 894 Potential Annexation Areas, and identification of current orphaned roads and potential methods to transfer 895 896 ownership to cities. Deadline: December 31, 2019. 897 Action ((15)) 18: Review the Four-to-One Program. The County's Four-to-One Program has been very 898 effective in implementing Growth Management Act goals to reduce sprawl and encourage retention of open 899 space. This is done through discretionary actions by the County Council, following a proposal being submitted 900 by a landowner(s) to the County. Over time, there have been proposals that vary from the existing parameters of 901 the program; these have included possible conversion of urban zoning for lands not contiguous to the original 902 1994 Urban Growth Area, allowing the open space to be non-contiguous to the urban extension, use of transfer 903 of development rights, providing increased open space credit for preserved lands with high ecological value (such 904 905 as lands that could provide for high value floodplain restoration, riparian habitat, or working resource lands), and consideration of smaller parcels or parcels with multiple ownerships. Allowing these changes have the 906 potential for increasing the use of the tool, with attendant risks and benefits. The Growth Management Planning 907 Council would review the Four-to-One program and determine whether changes to the existing program should 908 be implemented that will strengthen the program and improve implementation of the Comprehensive Plan, 909 910 including evaluation of the proposals listed above. 911 Action ((46)) 19: Buildable Lands Program Methodology Review. As required by the Growth Management 912 Act, King County and the 39 cities participate in the Buildable Lands Program to evaluate their capacity to 913 accommodate forecasted growth of housing units and jobs. The program, administered by the Washington State 914 Department of Commerce, requires certain counties to determine whether the county and its cities are achieving 915 urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing assumptions and targets regarding growth and 916 development with actual growth and development in the county and cities. Since issuance of the first Buildable 917 Lands Report in 2002, jurisdictions and stakeholders have expressed the potential for possible refinements of the 918 methodology used by King County and the cities. The Growth Management Planning Council would work with 919 stakeholders to review the methodology, including testing the accuracy of the Buildable Lands Report model and 920 results, for potential refinements. 921 922 In the Glossary, on page G-2, following the definition for "Applicant" add text as 923 follows: 924 926

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## Area Zoning and Land Use Study

An area zoning and land use study is a study that reviews the land use designations and zoning classifications for a specified set of properties. Area zoning and land use studies are focused on a broader set of policies than a subarea study, and do not look at the larger range of issues that a subarea plan would include. Area zoning and land use studies consider specific potential changes to land use or zoning, or both, and analyze such requests based on surrounding land use and zoning, current infrastructure and potential future needs, and consistency with the King County Comprehensive Plan, countywide planning policies, and the growth management act.

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934	In the Glossary, starting on page G-4, amend text as follows:
935	
936	Community Service Area Subarea Plan
937	With King County's initiation of the subarea planning program, the new plans will be called Community Service
938	Area Subarea Plans. These will ((be-a-long-range, multi-discipline, integrated tools that-))apply the countywide
939	goals of the Comprehensive Plan to ((a-))smaller geographic areas. Each one of King County's ((seven))six rural
940	CSAs and each of the five large Potential Annexation Areas has or is scheduled to have its own CSA Subarea
941	Plan. CSA Subarea Plans focus on land use issues in the smaller geographies, as well as community identified
942	implementation activities while recognizing the parameters of County funding and revenue sources((are
943	comprised of two primary components: a CSA Plan Profile and a CSA Subarea Plan. A CSA Plan Profile applies
944	to an entire CSA geography and includes broad goals and policies, CSA demographics, major land uses and
945	trends, and socioeconomic indicators. A CSA Subarea Plan is typically prepared for a targeted area of a CSA
946	such as a rural town center, urban neighborhood or corridor. They contain a more detailed plan or analysis than
947	a CSA Plan Profile and often address the intersection of land use, transportation, housing, and/or the
948	environment)). These plans implement and are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's policies((5)) and
949	development regulations((, and Land Use Map)).
950	
951	In the Glossary, on page G-20, following the definition for "Public Benefit Rating
952	System (PBRS)" add text as follows:
953	
954	Public Review Draft
955	A Public Review Draft is a draft of executive proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments, including proposed
956	Community Service Area subarea plans, made available to the public for review and comment. A Public Review
957	Drafts is published prior to transmittal of proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments to the council so as to
958	provide the public an opportunity to record comments before the executive finalizes the recommended
959	amendments.
960	
961	In the Glossary, on page G-26, amend text as follows:
962	× =
963	Subarea ((Planning)) Plans
964	((This level of planning brings the policy direction of the comprehensive plan to a smaller geographic area.
965	Subarea plans are meant to provide detailed land use plans for local geographic areas. These plans are meant to
966	implement the King-County Comprehensive Plan and be consistent with the County's Comprehensive Plan's
967	policies, development regulations, and Land Use Map.)) A subarea plan is a detailed local land use plan that
968	implements, is consistent with, and is an element of the Comprehensive Plan containing specific policies,
969	guidelines and criteria adopted by the council to guide development and capital improvement decisions within
070	if the second Cale and the Cale and the first appropriate and the grant property of

### Attachment A to Proposed Ordinance 2018-0153

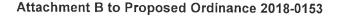
971	districts having unified interests or similar characteristics within the county. Subarea plans may include:
972	community plans, community service area subarea plans, , neighborhood plans, basin plans, and plans
973	addressing multiple areas having common interests. The relationship between the 1994 King County
974	Comprehensive Plan and subarea plans is established by K.C.C. 20.12,015.
975	
976	Subarea Study
977	A subarea study is a study that is required by a policy in the Comprehensive Plan to evaluate a proposed land use
978	change, such as the establishment of new community business centers, adjusting Rural Town boundaries, or
979	assessing the feasibility of zoning reclassifications in urban unincorporated areas. Subarea studies are focused on
980	specific areas of the County, but do not look at the larger range of issues that a subarea plan would include.
981	Subarea studies are separate from area zoning and land use studies defined in K.C.C 20.08.030. The
982	Comprehensive Plan policies and accompanying text shall guide the scope and content of the subarea study.

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2018 Amendment to the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan

September 12, 2018



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In Chapter 11 Implementation, starting on page 89, amend text of workplan as follows:

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### VMI CSA Workplan Action 1: P-suffix Conditions

- During community outreach and development of the subarea plan, the need to update property
- specific, or p-suffix, development conditions on Vashon-Maury Island arose. Conditions VS-
- 32 P2B and VS-P29, which apply to specific parcels within the Vashon Rural Town, were
- reviewed during plan development and the Executive's transmitted 2017 subarea plan
- included proposed changes to these two conditions. Council review of the proposed changes
- to the conditions identified several policy issues in need of further review and potential
- refinement. Additionally, the Council identified the need to comprehensively review all of
- 37 the existing p-suffix conditions on Vashon-Maury Island. As a result, the transmitted changes
- to VS-P28 and VS-P29 will not be adopted in 2017.

39

- Instead, this Workplan action item directs an Interbranch Team to comprehensively review,
- and propose updates as appropriate, all p-suffix conditions and special district overlays for
- Vashon-Maury Island. This review will include: 1) review of the legislative history and
- current status of each existing p-suffix condition and special district overlay and evaluation of
- 44 .its consistency with the Vashon-Maury island subarea plan as adopted by the County, as well
- as other adopted laws, rules and policies, 2) evaluation of any changes needed to
- accommodate farmer's markets within the Rural Town, and 3) updates to conditions for
- 47 marijuana uses to reflect consistency with other unincorporated areas of King County and
- 48 taking into consideration the marijuana industry studies underway by the Executive required
- by Ordinance 18326. The review of the p-suffix conditions and special district overlays, and
- any proposed changes shall include community outreach to be completed by the Executive.
- This outreach shall specifically include notification the property owners impacted by the
- 52 current p-suffix conditions and special district overlays and any proposed changes both to
- 53 the property owners of conditioned parcels and adjacent property owners.

King County

2018 Amendment to the

Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area

Subarea Plan

 September 12, 2018

 Timeline: A Vashon-Maury Island P-Suffix Conditions Report and proposed ordinance to implement the recommendations in report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by ((December 31, 2018)) June 30, 2022.

Outcomes: The Interbranch Team shall develop and the Executive shall file with the
Council the Vashon-Maury Island P-Suffix Conditions Report, which shall include
identification of recommended amendments to the p-suffix conditions and special
district overlays. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting
updates to the p-suffix conditions and special district overlays as recommended in the
Report.

• Lead: The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review shall lead an Interbranch Team including the Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, Council staff, and the Prosecuting Attorney's office. Other departments may need to participate depending on the requirement of the p-suffix condition and special district overlay requirements. Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) representing Vashon-Maury Island throughout the community planning process.



### KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

### Signature Report

### October 24, 2018

#### Ordinance

	Proposed No.	2018-0153.2	Sponsors Lambert
1		AN ORDINANCE relating to c	omprehensive planning;
2		amending Ordinance 263, Artic	le 1 (part), as amended, and
3		K.C.C. 20.08.060, Ordinance 26	3, Article 2, Section 1, as
4		amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.010	, Ordinance 12061, Section
5		4, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12	2.325, Ordinance 13147,
6	,	Section 19, as amended, and K.O.	C.C. 20.18.030, and
7		Ordinance 13147, Section 20, as	amended, and K.C.C.
8		20.18.040, Ordinance 3688, Sec	tion 813, as amended, and
9		K.C.C. 20.18.056, Ordinance 13	3147, Section 22, as
10		amended, and K.C.C. 20.18.060	, Ordinance 13147, Section
<b>L</b> 1		23, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.	18.070, Ordinance 13147,
l2		Section 24, as amended, and K.C	C.C. 20.18.080, Ordinance
13		13147 Section 30, as amended, a	and K.C.C. 20.88.140, and
L4		Ordinance 14047, Section 9, as a	amended, and K.C.C.
15		20.18.170 and adding a new sect	tion to K.C.C. chapter 20.08.
L6	BE IT	ORDAINED BY THE COUNC	IL OF KING COUNTY:
17	SECTI	ON 1. Findings:	
18	A. Th	e 2017-2018 Biennial Budget Or	rdinance, Ordinance 18409, Section 19, as
19	amended by O	rdinance 18602, Section 5, Prov	iso P2, requires the executive to transmit a

20	plan to restructure the Community Service Area subarea planning program, a motion to
21	approve the plan, and an ordinance that implements changes recommended by the plan to
22	the King County Comprehensive Plan and the King County Code.

- B. The 2017-2018 Biennial Budget Ordinance, Ordinance 18409, Section 88, as amended by Ordinance 18602, Section 47, Proviso P3, requires the executive to transmit a plan to restructure the Community Service Area subarea planning program, a motion to approve the plan, and an ordinance that implements changes recommended by the plan to the King County Comprehensive Plan and the King County Code.
- C. This ordinance implements the changes recommended by the plan by amending the King County Code and amending the King County Comprehensive Plan.
- D. The plan calls for the Community Service Area subarea planning program to adopt one plan every year with the exception of the year in which a major update to the King County Comprehensive Plan is completed.
- E. RCW 36.70A.130(5)(a) requires King County, and the cities within King

  County, to complete a review of its comprehensive plan on or before June 30, 2015, and

  every eight years thereafter. This means the next major review and update of the King

  County Comprehensive Plan is to be completed by June 30, 2023.
  - F. The major update of the King County Comprehensive Plan is shifted to an eight-year update cycle to expedite the subarea plans and to match the schedule established in RCW 36.70A.130(5)(a).
- G. The shift to an eight-year update cycle allows the county to more closely collaborate with the cities in King County, to implement VISION 2050, with an expected approval date of May 2020, and to plan for growth in accordance with growth targets that

43	will subsequently be established in the King County Countywide Planning Policies.
44	H. The King County Code allows annual amendments to the King County
45	Comprehensive Plan in accordance with the Washington state Growth Management Act,
46	chapter 36.70A RCW.
47	I. The 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, adopted by King County
48	Ordinance 18427, was a four-year update under the previous comprehensive planning
49	structure. The 2016 King Comprehensive Plan was amended in 2017 by Ordinance
50	18623 adopting the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan.
51	J. The amendment to the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area
52	Subarea Plan in Attachment B to this ordinance shifts the transmittal date from December
53	31, 2018 to June 30, 2022 for Workplan Action 1, which involves the review of the
54	property-specific development conditions and special district overlays on Vashon-Maury
55	Island.
56	K. The amendments to policies and text in Attachments A and B to this ordinance
57	constitute the 2018 annual update to the King County Comprehensive Plan.
58	L. The restructure in this ordinance and its attachments recognizes the maturity of
59	the Comprehensive Plan, that recent major updates have primarily focused on addressing
60	emerging policy issues and that the number of docket requests have drastically reduced
61	over time. The restructure will also aid the county's ability to be responsive to time-
62	sensitive issues, address requests from residents, and to serve the needs of its
63	unincorporated communities.
64	SECTION 2. A. Attachments A and B to this ordinance are hereby adopted as
65	amendments to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, as adopted by Ordinance

66	18427 and as amended in 2017 by Ordinance 18623.
67	B. The 2017 Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan as
68	adopted in Attachment A to Ordinance 18623 and as amended by this ordinance is hereby
69	adopted as an amendment to and an element of the 2016 King County Comprehensive
70	Plan.
71	NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 20.08 a
72	new section to read as follows:
73	"Area zoning and land use study" means a study that reviews the land use
74	designations and zoning classifications for a specified set of properties. "Area zoning
75	and land use studies" are focused on a broader set of policies than a subarea study, and do
76	not look at the larger range of issues that a subarea plan would include. "Area zoning and
77	land use studies" consider specific potential changes to land use or zoning, or both, and
78	analyze such requests based on surrounding land use and zoning, current infrastructure
79	and potential future needs, and consistency with the King County Comprehensive Plan,
80	countywide planning policies and the Growth Management Act, chapter 36.70A RCW.
81	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 20.08 a
82	new section to read as follows:
83	"Public review draft" means a draft of executive proposed Comprehensive Plan
84	amendments, including proposed subarea plans, made available to the public for review
85	and comment. A "public review draft" is published before transmittal of proposed

Comprehensive Plan amendments to the council so as to provide the public an

opportunity to record comments before the executive finalizes the recommended

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amendments.

	SECTI	ON 5. Ordina	ance 263, Artic	ele 1 (part)	), as ameno	ded, and k	K.C.C. 2	20.08.060
are l	nereby ame	ended to read	as follows:					
					1 //	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

"Subarea plan" means <u>a</u> detailed local land use plan ((which)) that implements, is consistent with and is an element of the ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan, containing specific policies, guidelines and criteria adopted by the council to guide development and capital improvement decisions within specific subareas of the county. ((The s))Subareas ((of the county shall consist of)) are distinct communities, specific geographic areas or other types of districts having unified interests or similar characteristics within the county. Subarea plans may include((÷)) community plans, ((which have been prepared for large unincorporated areas; potential annexation area plans, which have been prepared for urban areas that are designated for future annexation to a city;)) community service area subarea plans, neighborhood plans, ((which have been prepared for small unincorporated areas;)) basin plans and plans addressing multiple areas having common interests. The relationship between the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan and subarea plans is established by K.C.C. 20.12.015.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 6.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 20.08 a new section to read as follows:

"Subarea study" means a study that is required by a policy in the Comprehensive

Plan to evaluate a proposed land use change, such as the establishment of new

community business centers, adjusting Rural Town boundaries or assessing the feasibility

of zoning reclassifications in urban unincorporated areas. "Subarea studies" are focused

on specific areas of the county, but do not look at the larger range of issues that a subarea

plan would include. "Subarea studies" are separate from area zoning and land use studies

112	defined in Section 3 of this ordinance. The Comprehensive Plan policies and
113	accompanying text shall guide the scope and content of the subarea study.
114	SECTION 7. Ordinance 263, Article 2, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C.
115	20.12.010 are hereby amended to read as follows:
116	A. Under the King County Charter, the state Constitution and the Washington
117	state Growth Management Act, chapter 36.70A RCW, King County adopted the 1994
118	King County Comprehensive Plan via Ordinance 11575 and declared it to be the
119	Comprehensive Plan for King County until amended, repealed or superseded. The
120	Comprehensive Plan has been reviewed and amended multiple times since its adoption in
121	1994. Amendments to the 1994 Comprehensive Plan to-date are currently reflected in the
122	2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, as adopted in Ordinance 18427 and as amended
123	by Ordinance 18623 and this ordinance. The Comprehensive Plan shall be the principal
124	planning document for the orderly physical development of the county and shall be used
125	to guide subarea plans, functional plans, provision of public facilities and services,
126	review of proposed incorporations and annexations, development regulations and land
127	development decisions.
128	SECTION 8. Ordinance 12061, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.325 are
129	hereby amended to read as follows:
130	The 2017 Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan, dated
131	December 4, 2017, in Attachment A to Ordinance 18623 and as amended by Attachment
132	B to this ordinance, is adopted as a subarea plan and an element of the 2016 King County
133	Comprehensive Plan and, as such, constitutes official county policy for the geographic
134	area of unincorporated King County defined plan.

135	SECTION 9. Ordinance 13147, Section 19, and K.C.C. 20.18.030 are hereby
136	amended to read as follows:
137	A. The King County Comprehensive Plan shall be amended in accordance with
138	this chapter, which, in compliance with RCW 36.70A.130(2), establishes a public
139	participation program whereby amendments are considered by the council no more
140	frequently than once a year as part of the ((amendment)) update cycle established in this
141	chapter, except that the council may consider amendments more frequently to address:
142	1. Emergencies;
143	2. An appeal of the plan filed with the Central Puget Sound Growth
144	Management Hearings Board or with the court;
145	3. The initial adoption of a subarea plan, which may amend the urban growth
146	area boundary only to redesignate land within a joint planning area;
147	4. An amendment of the capital facilities element of the Comprehensive Plan
148	that occurs in conjunction with the adoption of the county budget under K.C.C.
149	4A.100.010; or
150	5. The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under chapter
151	90.58 RCW.
152	B. Every year the Comprehensive Plan may be amended to address technical
153	updates and corrections, to adopt community service area subarea plans and to consider
154	amendments that do not require substantive changes to policy language ((, changes to the
155	priority areas map,)) or do not require changes to the urban growth area boundary, excep
156	as permitted in subsection B.9. and 11. of this section. ((This)) The-review may be
157	referred to as the annual ((eyele)) update. The Comprehensive Plan, including subarea

158	plans, may be amended in the annual ((eyele)) update only to consider the following:
159	1. Technical amendments to policy, text, maps or shoreline designations;
160	2. The annual capital improvement plan;
161	3. The transportation needs report;
162	4. School capital facility plans;
163	5. Changes required by existing Comprehensive Plan policies;
164	6. Changes to the technical appendices and any amendments required thereby;
165	7. Comprehensive updates of subarea plans initiated by motion;
166	8. Changes required by amendments to the ((e))Countywide ((p))Planning
167	((p))Policies or state law;
168	9. Redesignation proposals under the four-to-one program as provided for in
169	this chapter;
170	10. Amendments necessary for the conservation of threatened and endangered
171	species;
172	11. Site-specific land use map amendments that do not require substantive
173	change to $((e))\underline{C}$ omprehensive $((p))\underline{P}$ lan policy language and that do not alter the urban
174	growth area boundary, except to correct mapping errors;
175	12. Amendments resulting from subarea studies required by ((e))Comprehensive
176	$((p))\underline{P}$ lan policy that do not require substantive change to $((e))\underline{C}$ omprehensive $((p))\underline{P}$ lan
177	policy language and that do not alter the urban growth area boundary, except to correct
178	mapping errors;
179	13. Changes required to implement a study regarding the provision of
180	wastewater services to a Rural Town. The amendments shall be limited to policy

181	amendments and adjustment to the boundaries of the Rural Town as needed to implement
182	the preferred option identified in the study; ((or))
183	14. Adoption of community service area subarea plans;
184	15. Amendments to the Comprehensive Plan update schedule that respond to
185	adopted ordinances and improve alignment with the timing requirements in the
186	Washington state Growth Management Act, RCW chapter 36.70A, and alignment with
187	multicounty and countywide planning activities; or
188	16. Amendments to the Comprehensive Workplan, only as part of the 2018
189	subarea planning restructure adopted by this ordinance.
190	C. Every ((fourth)) eighth year beginning in ((2000)) 2023, the county shall
191	complete a comprehensive review of the Comprehensive Plan in order to update it as
192	appropriate and to ensure continued compliance with the GMA. This review may
193	provide for a cumulative analysis of the twenty-year plan based upon official population
194	growth forecasts, benchmarks and other relevant data in order to consider substantive
195	changes to policy language and changes to the urban growth area. ((This)) The
196	comprehensive review shall begin one year in advance of the transmittal and may be
197	referred to as the ((four)) eight-year ((eyele)) update. The urban growth area boundaries
198	shall be reviewed in the context of the ((four)) eight-year ((eyele)) update and in
199	accordance with countywide planning policy G-1 and RCW 36.70A.130.
200	<u>D.1.</u> If ((the county determines that the purposes of the Comprehensive Plan are
201	not being achieved as evidenced by official population growth forecasts, benchmarks,
202	trends and other relevant data)) there is a scope of work adopted by motion to perform a
203	limited update to the Comprehensive Plan to address time-sensitive issues prior to the

next eight-year update, substantive changes to the Comprehensive Plan and amendments
to the urban growth area boundary may also be considered ((on even calendar years. This
determination shall be authorized by motion)) at the midpoint of the eight-year update
cycle. This update that can include substantive changes and amendments as authorized
by motion may be referred to as the midpoint update.

- 2. The motion shall specify the scope of the midpoint update, and identify that the resources necessary to accomplish the work are available. ((An analysis of the motion's fiscal impact)) A fiscal note for the scope of the two-year update shall be provided to the council ((before to adoption)) by the executive within fifteen business days of introduction of the proposed motion. If ((T))the executive ((shall)) determines ((if)) an additional ((funds are)) appropriation is necessary to complete the midpoint update, ((and)) the executive may transmit an ordinance requesting the additional appropriation ((of supplemental funds)).
- 3. If the executive proposes a midpoint update, the executive shall transmit to the council by the last business day in June two years before the midpoint year of the eight-year update cycle a proposed motion specifying the scope of work for the midpoint update. The council shall have until September 15 of that year, to adopt a motion specifying the scope of work initiating a midpoint update, either as transmitted or amended, or as introduced or amended. If the motion is approved by September 15, the scope shall proceed as established by the approved motion. In the absence of council approval by September 15, the executive shall proceed to implement the scope as transmitted. If such a motion is adopted, the executive shall transmit a midpoint update by the last business day of June of the following year after adoption of the motion. The

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council shall have until June	30 of the following	year after transmittal	to adopt a midpoint
update.			

229	4. Before initiation of the first eight-year update in 2023, substantive changes to
230	the Comprehensive Plan and amendments to the urban growth area boundary may be
231	considered. The amendments shall be considered in the 2020 Comprehensive Plan
232	update and shall be subject to the midpoint update process and requirements. The
233	executive shall transmit to the council by the first business day of January 2019 a
234	proposed motion specifying the scope of work for the proposed amendments consistent
235	with K.C.C. 20.18.030.D.1. The council shall have until the last business day of
236	February 2019, to adopt the motion, either as transmitted or amended. In the absence of
237	council approval by the last business day of February 2019, the executive shall proceed to
238	implement the scope as proposed. If the motion is approved the last business day of
239	February 2019, the scope shall proceed as established by the approved motion. The
240	executive shall transmit to the council any proposed amendments for the 2020
241	Comprehensive Plan update the by the last business day of September 2019. The council
242	shall have until the last business day of June 2020 to adopt the 2020 Comprehensive Plan
243	update.

 $((D_{-}))$  E. The executive shall seek public comment on the ((e))Comprehensive  $((p))\underline{P}$ lan and any proposed  $((e))\underline{C}$ omprehensive  $((p))\underline{P}$ lan amendments in accordance with the procedures in K.C.C. 20.18.160 before making a recommendation, which shall include publishing a public review draft of the proposed Comprehensive Plan amendments, in addition to conducting the public review and comment procedures required by SEPA. The public shall be afforded at least one official opportunity to record

public comment before the transmittal of a recommendation by the executive to the
council. County-sponsored councils and commissions may submit written position
statements that shall be considered by the executive before transmittal and by the council
before adoption, if they are received in a timely manner. The executive's
recommendations for changes to policies, text and maps shall include the elements listed
in Comprehensive Plan policy I-207 and analysis of their financial costs and public
benefits, any of which may be included in environmental review documents. Proposed
amendments to the Comprehensive Plan shall be accompanied by any development
regulations or amendments to development regulations, including area zoning, necessary
to implement the proposed amendments.
SECTION 10 Ordinance 13147 Section 20, and K.C.C. 20.18.040 are hereby

- SECTION 10. Ordinance 13147, Section 20, and K.C.C. 20.18.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:
  - A. Site-specific land use map or shoreline master program map amendments may be considered ((annually or during the four year review cycle)) during the annual update, midpoint update or eight-year update, depending on the degree of change proposed.
  - B. The following categories of site-specific land use map amendments or shoreline master program map may be initiated by either the county or a property owner for consideration in the annual ((review cycle)) update:
- 1. Amendments that do not require substantive change to ((e))Comprehensive

  ((p))Plan policy language and that do not alter the urban growth area boundary, except to

  correct mapping errors; and
- 271 2. Four-to-one-proposals.
  - C. The following categories of site-specific land use map and shoreline master

273	program amendments may be initiated by either the county or a property owner for
274	consideration in ((four)) the eight-year ((review cycle)) update or midpoint update:
275	1. Amendments that could be considered in the annual ((review cycle)) update;
276	2. Amendments that require substantive change to Comprehensive Plan policy
277	language; and
278	3. Amendments to the urban growth area boundary.
279	SECTION 11. Ordinance 3688, Section 813, and K.C.C. 20.18.056 are hereby
280	amended to read as follows:
281	A. Shoreline environments designated by the master program may be considered
282	for redesignation during the ((four)) eight-year ((review cycle)) update or midpoint
283	update.
284	B. A redesignation shall follow the process in K.C.C. 20.18.050.
285	SECTION 12. Ordinance 13147, Section 22, and K.C.C. 20.18.060 are hereby
286	amended to read as follows:
287	A. Beginning in ((1999)) 2021, and every ((fourth)) eighth year thereafter the
288	executive shall transmit to the council by the ((first)) <u>last</u> business day of ((March)) <u>June</u>
289	a proposed motion specifying the scope of work for proposed amendments to the
290	Comprehensive Plan that will occur in the following year, which motion shall include the
291	following:
292	1. Topical areas relating to amendments to policies, the land use map ((and/or)),
293	implementing development regulations, or any combination of those amendments that the
294	executive intends to consider for recommendation to the council; and
295	2. An attachment to the motion advising the council of the work program the

executive intends to follow to accomplish state Environmental Policy Act review and public participation.

- B. The council shall have until ((April 30)) September 15 to approve the motion. In the absence of council approval, the executive shall proceed to implement the work program as proposed. If the motion is approved, the work program shall proceed as established by the approved motion.
- C. Beginning in ((2000)) 2022 and every ((fourth)) eighth year thereafter, the executive shall transmit to the council by the ((first)) last business day of ((March)) June a proposed ordinance amending the Comprehensive Plan, except that the capital improvement program and the ordinances adopting updates to the transportation needs report and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted no later than the biennial budget transmittal and shall be adopted in conjunction with the budget. However, in those years when there is only a midbiennium review of the budget, the ordinances adopting the capital improvement plan and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted by October 1 and adopted no later than the midbiennium review under K.C.C. 4A.100.010. All transmittals shall be accompanied by a public participation note, identifying the methods used by the executive to ensure early and continuous public participation in the preparation of amendments. The council shall have until June 30 of the following year to adopt the amendments to the Comprehensive Plan, in accordance with RCW 36.70A.130.
- SECTION 13. Ordinance 13147, Section 23, and K.C.C. 20.18.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:
- A. The executive shall transmit to the council any proposed amendments for the

319	annual ((eyele)) update by the ((first)) last business day of ((March)) June, except that the
320	capital improvement program and the ordinances adopting updates to the transportation
321	needs report and the school capital facility plans shall be transmitted no later than the
322	biennial budget transmittal and shall be adopted in conjunction with the budget.
323	However, in those years when there is only a midbiennium review of the budget, the
324	ordinances adopting the capital improvement plan and the school capital facility plans
325	shall be transmitted by October 1, and adopted no later than the midbiennium review
326	under K.C.C. 4A.100.010.
327	B. All transmittals shall be accompanied by a public participation note,
328	identifying the methods used by the executive to assure early and continuous public
329	participation in the preparation of amendments.
330	C. Proposed amendments, including site-specific land use map amendments, that
331	are found to require preparation of an environmental impact statement, shall be
332	considered for inclusion in the next ((amendment cycle)) annual, two-year or eight-year
333	<u>update</u> following completion of the appropriate environmental documents.
334	SECTION 14. Ordinance 13147, Section 24, and K.C.C. 20.18.080 are hereby
335	amended to read as follows:
336	A. Initial subarea plans may be adopted by ordinance at any time.
337	B. The schedule for adoption of or comprehensive updates to Community Service
338	Area subarea plans is established in the Comprehensive Plan.
339	C. Adoption of comprehensive updates of existing, non-Community Service Area
340	((S))subarea plans may ((be)) occur during annual updates, as allowed in K.C.C.
3/11	20.18.030 if initiated by motion ((or by council action which preceded the adoption of

342	Ordinance 13147)). If initiated by motion, the motion shall specify the scope of the plan,
343	identify the completion date, and identify that the resources necessary to accomplish the
344	work are available. The executive ((will)) shall determine if an additional ((funds are))
345	appropriation is necessary to complete the subarea plan, and may transmit an ordinance
346	requesting the additional appropriation ((of supplemental funds)). Amendments to or
347	comprehensive updates not initiated by motion of existing, non-Community Service Area
348	subarea plans shall be considered in the same manner as amendments to the
349	$((e))\underline{C}$ omprehensive $((p))\underline{P}$ lan and shall be classified $((pursuant\ to))$ $\underline{in\ accordance\ with}$
350	K.C.C. ((20.18.040, except that comprehensive updates of subarea plans may be initiated
351	by motion and the resulting amendments may be considered in the annual cycle))
352	<u>20.18.030</u> .
353	SECTION 15. Ordinance 13147, Section 30, and K.C.C. 20.18.140 are hereby
354	amended to read as follows:
355	A. In accordance with RCW 36.70A.470, a docket containing written comments
356	on suggested plan or development regulation amendments shall be coordinated by the
357	department. The docket is the means either to suggest a change or to identify a
358	deficiency, or both, in the Comprehensive Plan or development regulation. For the
359	purposes of this section, "deficiency" refers to the absence of required or potentially
360	desirable contents of the Comprehensive Plan or development regulation and does not
361	refer to whether a development regulation addressed a project's probable specific adverse
362	environmental impacts that could be mitigated in the project review process. Any
363	interested party, including applicants, citizens and government agencies, may submit
364	items to the docket.

B. All agencies of county government having responsibility for elements of the
Comprehensive Plan or implementing development regulations shall provide a means by
which citizens may docket written comments on the plan or on development regulations.
The department shall use public participation methods identified in K.C.C. 20.18.160 to
solicit public use of the docket. The department shall provide a mechanism for docketing
amendments through the Internet.

- 1. All docketed comments relating to the Comprehensive Plan shall be reviewed by the department and considered for an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan.
- 2. The deadline for submitting docketed comments is ((June 30)) December 31 for consideration in the ((amendment cycle)) update process for the following year.
- 3. By the ((first)) <u>last</u> business day of ((December)) <u>April</u>, the department shall issue an executive response to all docketed comments. Responses shall include a classification of the recommended changes as appropriate for ((either)) the annual <u>update</u>, <u>midpoint update</u> or ((four)) <u>eight</u>-year ((eyele)) <u>update</u>, and an executive recommendation indicating whether or not the docketed items are to be included in the next ((year's)) executive\_recommended ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan update. If the docketed changes will not be included in the next executive transmittal, the department shall indicate the reasons why, and shall inform the proponent that they may petition the council during the legislative review process.
- 4. By the ((first)) <u>last</u> business day of ((December)) <u>April</u>, the department shall forward to the council a report including all docketed amendments and comments with an executive response. The report shall include a statement indicating that the department has complied with the notification requirements ((contained)) in this section. <u>The</u>

executive shall attach to the report copies of the docket requests and supporting materials submitted by the proponents and copies of the executive response that was issued to the proponents.

- 5. Upon receipt of the docket report, the council shall include all proponents of docketed requests in the mailing list for agendas to all committee meetings in which the Comprehensive Plan will be reviewed during the next available update. At the beginning of the committee review process, the council shall develop a committee review schedule with dates for committee meetings and any other opportunities for public testimony and for proponents to petition the council to consider docket changes that were not recommended by the executive and shall attach the review schedule to the agenda whenever the Comprehensive Plan is to be reviewed.
- 6 Docketed comments relating to development regulations shall be reviewed by the appropriate county agency. Those requiring a Comprehensive Plan amendment shall be forwarded to the department and considered for an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan. Those not requiring a Comprehensive Plan amendment shall be considered by the responsible county agency for amendments to the development regulations.
- 7. The docket report shall be made available through the Internet. The department shall endeavor to make the docket report available within one week of transmittal to the council.
- C. In addition to the docket, the department shall provide opportunities for general public comments both before the docketing deadline each year, and during the executive's review periods before transmittal to the council. The opportunities may include, but are not limited to, the use of the following: comment cards, electronic or

411	posted mail, Internet, public meetings with opportunities for discussion and feedback,
412	printed summaries of comments received and twenty-four-hour telephone hotlines. The
413	executive shall assure that the opportunities for public comment are provided as early as
414	possible for each stage of the process, to assure timely opportunity for public input.
415	SECTION 16. Ordinance 14047, Section 9, and K.C.C. 20.18.170 are hereby
416	amended to read as follows:
417	A. The total area added to the urban growth area as a result of this program shall
418	not exceed four thousand acres. The department shall keep a cumulative total for all
419	parcels added under this section. The total shall be updated annually through the plan
420	amendment process.
421	B. Proposals shall be processed as land use amendments to the Comprehensive
422	Plan and may be considered in ((either)) the annual <u>update</u> , <u>midpoint update</u> or ((four))
423	eight-year ((eyele)) update. Site suitability and development conditions for both the
424	urban and rural portions of the proposal shall be established through the preliminary
425	formal plat approval process.
426	C. A term conservation easement shall be placed on the open space at the time
427	the four to one proposal is approved by the council. Upon final plat approval, the open
428	space shall be permanently dedicated in fee simple to King County.
429	D. Proposals adjacent to incorporated area or potential annexation areas shall be
430	referred to the affected city and special purpose districts for recommendations.
431	SECTION 17. In accordance with K.C.C. 20.12.200, the executive shall submit
432	this ordinance to the state Department of Ecology for its approval of the standards in
433	sections 10 and 11 of this ordinance, as provided in RCW 90.58.090.

SECTION 18. Sections 10 and 11 of this ordinance take effect within the
shoreline jurisdiction fourteen days after the Department of Ecology provides written
notice of final action stating that the proposal is approved, in accordance with RCW
90.58.909. The executive shall provide the written notice of final action to the clerk of
the council.

SECTION 19. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to

ny person or circumstance is held inva	lid, the remainder of the ordinance or the
pplication of the provision to other per	rsons or circumstances is not affected.
i)	
	KING COUNTY COUNCIL
	KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON
ATTEST:	J. Joseph McDermott, Chair
ATTEST.	
Melani Pedroza, Clerk of the Council	91
APPROVED this day of	
- V	
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	Dow Constantine, County Executive
	Dow Constantine, County Executive
Attachments: A. 2018 Amendments to the 20	016 King County Comprehensive Plan 20180912, nmunity Service Area Subarea Plan 20180912

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# 2018 Amendments to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan

In compliance with the 2017-2018 Biennial Budget Ordinance, Ordinance 18409, Sections 19 and 88, as amended by Ordinance 18602, Section 5, Proviso P2, and Ordinance 18602, Section 47, Proviso P3.

Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget

March 1, 2018

#### In the second paragraph of the Cover Letter, amend text as follows:

The 2016 update is a major (((every four year))) review of the Comprehensive Plan. It builds on King County's 25 years of success in implementing the Growth Management Act. Since adoption of the first Comprehensive Plan in 1994, the vast majority of housing growth countywide – 96 percent – has occurred in urban areas. Building on this success, the 2016 plan now also responds to new critical challenges:

In the Executive Summary, starting on page ES-5, amend text as follows:

### Major ((Four-Year))Update

The 2016 update is a major ((four-year-)) review of the Comprehensive Plan and, this year marks the 25th anniversary of the passage of the Growth Management Act. This landmark legislation requires jurisdictions to designate an urban growth area, within which growth would be encouraged, and adopt regulations to conserve resource land and environmentally sensitive areas. By almost any measure, King County has been successful in realizing the broad goals of the Growth Management Act. However, success has not been easy and, looking forward, the Comprehensive Plan needs to respond to new challenges, such as equitable access to opportunity, reducing carbon pollution and responding to climate impacts, addressing housing affordability and strengthening mobility. To address these, the following updates are included in the 2016 Comprehensive Plan.

## In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on page 1-8, amend text as follows:

Subarea plans, including community plans and basin plans, focus the policy direction of the Comprehensive Plan to a smaller geographic area (see Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, for information on these larger-scale subarea land use plans). Smaller-scale studies, known as area zoning and land use studies, per King County Code,<sup>5</sup> are focused on adoption or amendment of land use and zoning maps on an area wide basis rather than the broad range of topics that are addressed in a full subarea plan. Examples of subarea plans and area zoning studies include the Duwamish Coalition Project, White Center Action Plan, Fall City Subarea Plan, the East Redmond Subarea Plan, and planning efforts within a watershed or basin. Development of subarea plans are guided by the following policy as well as other applicable policies of the Comprehensive Plan and provisions in the King County Code.<sup>6</sup>

## In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on page 1-9, amend text as follows:

In addition to subarea plans and area zoning and land use studies, King County's land use planning also includes other planning processes. These include Comprehensive Plan policy directed subarea studies, such as the

establishment of new community business centers, adjusting Rural Town boundaries, or assessing the feasibility of upzoning in urban unincorporated areas. Subarea studies are focused on specific areas of the County, but do not look at the range of issues that a subarea plan would include. In some cases, an area zoning and land use study may suffice to meet the requirements of the policies. In addition, there are Site Specific Land Use Amendmentss and Zone Reclassifications, which are site specific processes that involve County staff review and recommendations, a public hearing and recommendation by a Hearing Examiner and a decision by County Council. These must be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan or be proposed with amendments during the Plan update process.

## In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, on page 1-11, amend text as follows:

The Growth Management Act allows local comprehensive plan amendments to be considered once each year. In King County, those annual amendments allow technical changes only, except for once every ((four))eight years. Then, during the "((Four))Eight-Year Cycle review process," substantive changes to policies, land use designations and the Urban Growth Area boundary can be proposed and adopted. These provisions are detailed in King County Code Title 20.18. Additional information and policies are found in Chapter 12, Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation.

## In Chapter 1 Regional Growth Management Planning, starting on page 1-23, amend text as follows:

#### Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning

This chapter uses King County's seven Community Service Areas as the framework for its renewed subarea planning program that offers long-range planning services to unincorporated communities. King County's community plans (except for the Fall City, West Hill and White Center Plans) are no longer in effect as separately adopted plans. In many cases, however, the plans contain valuable historical information about King County's communities and often provide background for the land uses in effect today. Policies from the community plans were retained as part of the Comprehensive Plan to recognize the unique characteristics of each community and to provide historical context. This chapter will be updated, where appropriate, to reflect the new Community Service Area subarea plans as they are adopted.

#### Chapter 12: Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation

The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and Countywide Planning Policy framework have been adopted to achieve the growth management objectives of King County and the region. This chapter describes the county's process for amending the Comprehensive Plan and outlines and distinguishes the annual cycle and the ((four))eight year-cycle amendments. The chapter identifies a series of major Workplan actions that

will be undertaken between the major update cycles to implement or refine provisions within the Plan. This chapter further explains the relationship between planning and zoning.

In Chapter 2 Urban Communities, on page 2-32, amend policy as follows:

U-183

King County should actively pursue designating urban separators in the unincorporated area and work with the cities to establish permanent urban separators within the ((unincorporated))incorporated area that link with and enhance King County's urban separator corridors.

In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-35, amend text as follows:

There are three existing industrial areas in the Rural Area containing multiple industrial uses on several sites. One is located within the southwest portion of the Town of Vashon. The second is a designated industrial area adjacent to the Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center of Preston. The Preston Industrial Area recognizes an existing concentration of industrial uses that contributes to the economic diversity of the Rural Area, but expansion of this industrial area beyond the identified boundaries is not permitted (see ((Countywide Planning)) Policy CP-((942))547). The third industrial area is located along State Route 169 on lands that have been and continue to be used as for industrial purposes and have a designation as a King County Historic Site.

In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-72, amend policy as follows:

R-683

King County may update the Mineral Resources Map to identify additional Potential Mineral Resource Sites only during the ((four))eight-year Comprehensive Plan amendment cycle.

In Chapter 3 Rural Areas and Natural Resource Lands, starting on page 3-58, amend policy as follows:

R-650a

The Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production District is the first Agricultural Production District to undergo a watershed planning effort called for in R-650. King County shall implement the recommendations of the Snoqualmie Fish, Farm and Flood Advisory Committee. The recommendations of the task forces and other actions identified in the final Advisory Committee Report and Recommendations will form the basis for a watershed planning approach to balance fish, farm and flood interests across the Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural

Production District and an agreement on protecting a defined number of acres of agricultural land. The Advisory Committee, or a successor committee, will monitor progress of the task forces and will reconvene to evaluate the watershed planning approach to balancing interests prior to the next Comprehensive Plan Update. The policy issues and recommendations outlined in the Snoqualmie Fish, Farm, Flood Advisory Committee Report and Recommendations are largely specific to the Snoqualmie Valley and are not intended to be applied broadly in other Agricultural Production Districts. Future Fish, Farm, Flood efforts focused in other Agricultural Production Districts will need to go through their own processes to identify barriers to success for all stakeholders in these geographic areas. R-649 continues to apply to the Snoqualmie Valley Agricultural Production District until the watershed planning effort outlined in the Fish, Farm and Flood recommendations is complete. A policy reflecting the outcome of this effort shall be included in the next ((four))eight-year cycle Comprehensive Plan Update.

#### In Chapter 8 Transportation, starting on page 8-7, amend text as follows:

The Strategic Plan for Road Services defines the vision and mission for the King County Department of Transportation's Road Services Division. The Strategic Plan for Road Services provides detailed direction for the response to the many complex challenges, including two trends that have had significant impacts on the county's road services. One is that annexations, consistent with the goals of the Growth Management Act, have reduced the urban unincorporated area and therefore the tax base that supports the unincorporated road system has shrunk significantly. By ((2020))2023, when the next major Comprehensive Plan update is developed, Road Services Division's responsibilities will likely focus almost entirely on the Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands. A second trend is the decline in County road funding, described in greater detail in Section IV. The Strategic Plan for Road Services guides the Road Services Division as it is faced with the consequences of a smaller service area and reduced funding and seeks to manage the unincorporated King County road system through focused investment of available resources to facilitate the movement of people, goods and services, and respond to emergencies.

## In Chapter 10 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, starting on page 10-15, amend text as follows:

The mission of the Rural Economic Strategies Plan is to advance the long-term economic viability of the Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands, with an emphasis on farming, forestry, and other rural businesses consistent with the unique character of rural King County. The mission is accomplished by initiating and implementing specific strategies and actions to support and enhance rural economic viability. Rural businesses generally fall into six rural economic clusters and each cluster is supported by specific strategies and actions to strengthen

and/or enhance it. The clusters are: Agriculture, Forestry, Equestrian, Home-Based Businesses (i.e., those home occupations that are allowed on lands designated Agriculture, Forestry and Rural Area), Recreation and Tourism, Commercial and Industrial Rural Neighborhood Commercial Centers, Rural Towns, and Cities in the Rural Area. Consistent with CP-((942))539, found in Chapter 11, Community Service Area Subarea Planning, no expansion of industrial land use or zoning is allowed within the Rural Town of Fall City.

In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, starting on page 11-2, amend text as follows:

### A. Planning Framework and Geography

Beginning with the 2016 Comprehensive Plan the geographical boundaries of the County's seven Community Service Areas will be used as the framework for subarea plans created and amended from that point forward. Subarea plans will be developed for the six Rural Area Community Service Areas, and for the five remaining large urban unincorporated potential annexation areas. The focus of subarea plans will be on land use issues in these subarea geographics.

There are a number of key benefits to defining subarea planning boundaries to be coterminous with the Community Service Area boundaries. This structure organizes the County's unincorporated planning area into fewer and more manageable territories so that updates of the plans can occur within a shorter time horizon. Using the Community Service Area boundaries also aligns land use planning with other county services and programs thereby increasing consistency between planning and public service delivery. Finally, since the last round of subarea planning in 1994 there have been numerous major annexations and incorporations which mean some subareas are now largely within the jurisdiction of cities and thus the County now has just a regional, rather than local, planning role in those areas.

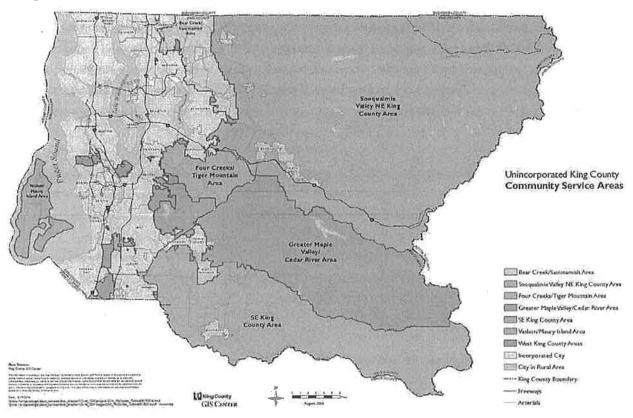


Figure: Community Service Areas Map

The following table illustrates how the Community Service Area geography aligns with the former Community Planning Area geography; this is provided to identify how the existing policies are re-assigned into the new geographic structure.

Community Service Area	Includes parts of the following former Community Planning Areas
Bear Creek / Sammamish Area	Bear Creek, Northshore, East Sammamish
Four Creeks / Tiger Mountain Area	Tahoma Raven Heights, Snoqualmie
Greater Maple Valley / Cedar River Area	Tahoma Raven Heights, Soos Creek, East King County, Snoqualmie
SE King County Area	Enumclaw, Tahoma Raven Heights, East King County, Soos Creek
Snoqualmie Valley / NE King County Area	Snoqualmie, East King County, East Sammamish
Vashon / Maury Island	Vashon
West King County Areas (unincorp. urban)	Portions of 10 Community Planning Areas

While there are differences among the Community Service Areas in terms of their boundaries, range of land uses, annexation issues, and more, using this accepted geography will ensure the entire unincorporated portion of the county receives some level of planning on a regular cycle. This includes a regular assessment of the Community Service Area's goals, population changes, new development, employment targets and similar demographic and socioeconomic indicators. These assessments are called Community Service Area Subarea Plans. To address the unique issues in each geography, Community Service Area subarea plans may also have more refined, ((cross discipline, and localized))land use focuses on rural town centers, urban neighborhoods, or corridor approaches.

((The high level review along with more detailed land use planning will be guided by a series of criteria such as community interest, social equity, funding, and new development.)) Equity and social justice principles will play a particularly key role during subarea plan public engagement activities. People of color, low-income residents, and populations with limited English proficiency will be informed and offered equitable and culturallyappropriate opportunities to participate in its planning process. ((The anticipated length of each detailed subarea plan will be based on the extent and complexity of the work described in each scope.)) The anticipated duration of each subarea planning process will be two years, which includes time for community engagement, plan development, and Council review and adoption.

The high level review along with more detailed land use planning will be guided by a series of criteria such as community interest, social equity, funding, and new development. Equity and social justice principles will play a particularly key role during subarea plan public engagement activities. People of color, low-income residents, and populations with limited English proficiency will be informed and offered equitable and culturallyappropriate opportunities to participate in its planning process. ((The anticipated length of each detailed subarea plan will be based on the extent and complexity of the work described in each scope.))

#### **Planning Schedule** B.

Below is the schedule for subarea planning using the Community Service Area geography. Reviewing all ((seven))six Rural Area subareas and five large urban Potential Annexation Areas over the course of an ((eight))approximately thirteen year period (while pausing the subarea planning process during the Eight-Year update of the Comprehensive Plan) at both the broad, policy level and at the local, community level with detailed planning will facilitate a more equitable planning process. The plan sequencing was determined by subarea plans already underway, the ability to partner with other jurisdictions, anticipated land use changes within a Community Service Area, and striving for a countywide geographic balance in alternating years. ((

Year	Community-Service Area	Other Planning
2016	Vashon-Maury Island-CSA	Major Comp. Plan Update
2017	West King County CSA - Skyway-West Hill, and North Highline	

<del>2018</del>	Snoqualmie Valley/Northeast King County CSA	
<del>2019</del>	Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River CSA	
2020	West-King County CSA - Fairwood	Major-Comp. Plan Update
<del>2021</del>	Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA	
<del>2022</del>	Southeast King County GSA	
2023	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA	

#### Schedule of Community Service Area & Major Potential Annexation Area Subarea Plans

Adoption Year	Geography	Other Planning
2020	Skyway West Hill PAA	
2021	North Highline PAA	
2022	Snoqualmie Valley/NE King CSA	
2023	No Plan	Eight-Year Comp. Plan Update
2024	Greater Maple Valley/Cedar CSA	
2025	Fairwood PAA	
2026	Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA	
2027	Southeast King County CSA	
2028	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA	
2029	East Renton PAA	
2030	Federal Way PAA	
2031	No Plan	Eight-Year Comp. Plan Update
	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	2020 Skyway West Hill PAA  2021 North Highline PAA  2022 Snoqualmie Valley/NE King CSA  2023 No Plan  2024 Greater Maple Valley/Cedar CSA  2025 Fairwood PAA  2026 Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA  2027 Southeast King County CSA  2028 Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA  2029 East Renton PAA  2030 Federal Way PAA

Note: The Planning Year starts in July and plan adoption is intended to occur in June two years later.

For each of the Community Service Area subarea planning processes, the subarea plans included in Motion 14351, which adopted the scope of work for the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, shall be included. This includes the following adopted scopes of work:

Study in Motion 14351	Community Service Area	
Snoqualmie Pass Subarea Plan: Initiate a subarea plan for Snoqualmie Pass rural town and ski area. The subarea plan should be developed in collaboration with Kittitas County, evaluate and address the current and future housing and economic development needs of this growing community, and include outreach with the local community in its development.	Snoqualmie Valley/Northeast King County CSA	
((Vashon Subarea Plan: Initiate an update to the Vashon Town Plan, and incorporate the updated subarea plan into the	West King County CSA — Vashon-Maury Island CSA))	

Comprehensive plan. The updated subarea plan should include zoning and regulations that: address community and business needs, improve economic vitality and quality of life of its residents, and have included the outreach with the local community in their development.	
Highline Subarea Plan:  Initiate an update to the Highline Community Plan, and incorporate the updated subarea plan into the Comprehensive Plan. The updated subarea plan should include zoning and regulations that: address the historic wide gaps in equity of infrastructure investments and services; facilitate the revitalization of its neighborhoods, local economy, and quality of life of its residents; and have included outreach with the local community in their development.	West King County CSA – North Highline
Cedar Hills/Maple Valley Subarea Plan: Initiate a subarea plan for the "Cedar Hills/Maple Valley" area. Review land use designations and implementing zoning on parcels 2823069009, 2923069019, 2923069080, 2923069082, 2923069083, 2923069084, 3223069001, 3223069003, 3223069068, 3323069027, 3323069030, and 3323069042 and the surrounding area, which has long-standing industrial and resource material processing uses. Study and make recommendations on the potential long-term land uses for this area, including coordination with the County's planning on future closure of the adjacent Cedar Hills landfill. Include evaluation of options for land uses other than mining, including residential uses, non-residential uses; whether a four-to-one proposal is appropriate for this area; and outreach with the local community in its development.	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA

The schedule above ensures that subarea plan goals and objectives are up-to-date and relevant based on current and future needs. ((The approach ensures that geographically logical areas are studied, resulting in a better understanding of cumulative impacts. The approach also allows the opportunity for routine updates of subarea trends and demographics to ensure that recommendations are current, relevant, and viable.—)) Within this larger structure, if a property owner has an interest in a land use change outside of this planning cycle, they are able to use the existing land use processes. Property owners can submit for a Site Specific Land Use Amendment or Zone Reclassification, per King County Code 20.18.050 and 20.20 respectively. If a significant land use issue arises in a ((CSA))Community Service Area outside of the planning cycle, the cycle may be adjusted.

### C. Background

Between 1973 and 1994 King County prepared community plans for 12 subareas of unincorporated King County. The first generation of community plans, substantially completed by 1984, were used to implement the county's 1964 Comprehensive Plan, and consisted of detailed land use policies, area zoning, and lists of capital

projects (primarily roads and parks) for each planning area. The second generation of community plans, from 1985 to 1994, implemented many concepts of the 1985 King County Comprehensive Plan (for example low-density zoning for Rural Areas, Natural Resource Lands and environmentally sensitive areas, higher urban residential densities, and development guidelines for major urban activity centers such as Kenmore) that were carried over to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.

Under King County's pre-Growth Management Act planning system, if a community plan conflicted with the comprehensive plan, the community plan governed. Under the Growth Management Act, the comprehensive plan prevails over "subarea" plans (RCW 36.70A.080(2)). The 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan spelled out the relationship between the comprehensive plan and community plans and directed the county to review community plans and repeal or revise them to eliminate conflicts. The county has reviewed the community plans adopted between 1973 and 1994 and determined that, while most community plans' policies are redundant (or, in a few cases, in conflict with the 1994 Comprehensive Plan), some are area-specific or issue-specific and should be readopted as part of the comprehensive plan.

Although the community plans (except for <u>Fall City</u>, West Hill and White Center) are no longer in effect as separately adopted plans, in many cases the published plan documents contain valuable historical information about King County's communities and other information that provides background for the policies listed below and for the portions of the local pre-Growth Management Act area zoning that remain in effect. The following sections of this chapter will be updated, as appropriate, to reflect the new Community Service Area subarea plans as they are adopted.

In Chapter 11 Community Service Area Subarea Planning, starting on page 11-39, amend policy as follows:

# VII. West King County Area

As noted on the Community Service Areas map at the beginning of this chapter, the West King County Area is comprised of approximately ((twelve))five separate major unincorporated areas within the Urban Growth Boundary; these are all Potential Annexation Areas for several cities, including Federal Way, Seattle((7)) and Renton((, Kent, Redmond and Sammamish)). In addition, there are over *one hundred* other smaller areas that are affiliated with or adjacent to Kent, Auburn, Issaquah, Sammamish, Redmond, Kenmore and others.

King County's approach is that <u>all of</u> these areas annex into the affiliated cities or, for those areas not affiliated, the most logical adjacent city. <u>As subarea planning occurs, adjacent cities will be encouraged to participate.</u>

Policies guiding these areas are found both in Chapter 2: Urban Communities in the Potential Annexation Area section as well as in other annexation policies found in chapters throughout the Comprehensive Plan. For the

areas at the edge of the urban growth boundary, policies in other parts of this\_chapter may be relevant since the historical Community Plans often included these edge communities. This is further described below.

#### **Background**

The estimated population in this CSA in 2014 was approximately 113,000. The West King County CSA consists of separate unincorporated areas that were once part of larger areas with their own community plans. Today's fragmented pattern of unincorporated urban areas is the result of incorporations and piecemeal annexations since the community planning process began in the mid-1980s.

The West Hill Community Plan and White Center Community Plan, applying to portions of the original Highline Community Plan, were the last plans adopted by King County (West Hill in 1993, White Center in 1994). They were prepared in conformance with the Growth Management Act (GMA) and are already incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.

#### A. East Federal Way Potential Annexation Area

Work on the Federal Way Community Plan and/or amendments occurred from 1972 to 1975, 1977 to 1980, and 1984 to 1986. Federal Way was part of the first generation of community plans in the county that were adopted separately from their implementing area zoning. After these experiences, the county decided to adopt both together to avoid going through essentially the same decisions twice for each community. The City of Federal Way incorporated in 1990, removing most of the planning area from the county's jurisdiction. None of the Federal Way Community Plan or its amendments are readopted.

#### B. Fairwood and East Renton Potential Annexation Areas

Fairwood and East Renton are adjacent to the City of Renton and are within the city's potential annexation area. Over the past decade, small portions (typically at the subdivision scale) have annexed to the city in a piecemeal fashion. The Fairwood area has approximately 23,000 residents. The Fairwood area was completely within the historical Soos Creek Planning Area, which is now part of both the Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River and the West King County Community Service Areas. This means that the general annexation policies in the comprehensive plan, as well as the Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River area policies are relevant to this area.

The East Renton area has approximately 6,500 residents. The East Renton area was completely part of the historical Newcastle Planning Area, which is now part of both the Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain and West King County Community Service areas. This means that the general annexation policies in the comprehensive plan, as well as the Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain area policies are relevant to this area.

# C. North Highline and White Center Potential Annexation Areas

Highline has one of the longest histories of any community planning area. Between its original adoption in 1976 as the "SeaTac Communities Plan" and adoption of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan, the Highline Community Plan has been updated or amended 13 times, and has been partially or wholly replaced by plans for smaller areas within Highline (e.g., West Hill, Burien Activity Center, White Center Community Action Plan, and SeaTac). The City of SeaTac incorporated in 1990, the City of Burien incorporated in 1993, and numerous portions of the planning area have been annexed by Tukwila and Des Moines. Although the planning area as a whole has grown slowly since 1970, the incorporations and annexations have resulted in a significant decrease in the unincorporated area population. Because the majority of the area has now transitioned into cities, none of the Highline Community Plan is readopted with the exception of West Hill and White Center, which were adopted in 1994 as part of the comprehensive plan but published separately.

The White Center Plan was adopted by King County in 1994, and as such was prepared in conformance with the Growth Management Act and incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.

## D. West Hill — Skyway Potential Annexation Area

The West Hill Plan was adopted by King County in 1993, and as such was prepared in conformance with the Growth Management Act and incorporated as part of the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan.

In 2014, the County adopted Motion 14221, which called for a comprehensive update to the West Hill Community Plan. Around this same time, the County was also providing technical assistance to a community-led effort to update some elements of the Community Plan. This community-led effort resulted in the development of a local Action Plan, which was proposed to be an addendum to the existing Community Plan. Since then, the County reinitiated its Subarea Planning Program – and, as a result, the County now has resources available to comprehensively review the Community Plan, consistent with Motion 14221. The County will work with the community to review the proposed Action Plan and to update the Community Plan within the context of the new Subarea Planning Program. ((An))A process to update to the Community Plan will be initiated in approximately July 2018, with adoption anticipated in June 2020((transmitted by the Executive to the Council by March 1, 2018 and will be considered by the Council as part of the 2018 Comprehensive Plan update)).

In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-1, amend text as follows:

The Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations and countywide policy framework have been adopted to achieve the county and region's growth management objectives. This chapter describes the tools, processes and procedures used to implement, amend and review the Comprehensive Plan.

The chapter explains the relationship between planning and zoning, lists the incentives programs, identifies actions that will be undertaken between major updates to implement or refine provisions within the Comprehensive Plan, and outlines and distinguishes between annual update cycles and ((four))eight year cycle amendments.

In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-4, amend text and policy as follows:

The Comprehensive Plan amendment process includes an annual cycle and ((a four))an eight-year cycle. The annual cycle generally is limited to those amendments that propose technical changes. The ((fouryear)) Eight-Year cycle is designed to address amendments that propose substantive changes. This amendment process, based on a defined cycle, provides the measure of certainty and predictability necessary to allow for new land use initiatives to work. By allowing annual amendments, the process provides sufficient flexibility to account for technical adjustments or changed circumstances. The process requires early and continuous public involvement and necessitates meaningful public dialogue.

King County has established a docket process to facilitate public involvement and participation in the Comprehensive Plan amendment process in accordance with RCW 36.70A.470. Parties interested in proposing changes to existing Comprehensive Plan policies, development regulations, land use designations, zoning, or other components of the Comprehensive Plan can obtain and complete a docket form outlining the proposed amendment. Docket forms are available via the King County website.

I-201 The amendment process shall provide continuing review and evaluation of Comprehensive Plan policies and development regulations.

I-202 Through the amendment process, King County Comprehensive Plan policies and supporting development regulations shall be subject to review, evaluation, and amendment according to an annual cycle and ((a-four))eight-year cycle in accordance with RCW 36.70A.130 (1) and (2).

1-203

Except as otherwise provided in this policy, the annual cycle shall not consider proposed amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan that require substantive changes to Comprehensive Plan policies and development regulations or that alter the Urban Growth Area Boundary. Substantive amendments may be considered in the annual amendment cycle only if to consider the following:

- a. A proposal for a Four-to-One project that changes the Urban Growth Area Boundary;
- b. An amendment regarding the provision of wastewater services to a Rural Town. Such amendments shall be limited to policy amendments and adjustments to the boundaries of the Rural Town as needed to implement a preferred option identified in a Rural Town wastewater treatment study;
- Amendments necessary for the protection and recovery of threatened and endangered species; or
- d. Adoption of Community Service Area subarea plans.

I-204

The ((four))eight-year cycle shall consider proposed amendments that could be considered in the annual cycle and also those outside the scope of the annual cycle, proposed amendments relating to substantive changes to Comprehensive Plan policies and development regulations, and proposals to alter the Urban Growth Area Boundary in accordance with applicable provisions of Countywide Planning Policies.

In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-6, amend text and policy as follows:

# III. Review and Evaluation

In accordance with the Growth Management Act, King County and its cities will work together to employ an established review and evaluation program through the King County Benchmark Program, as provided by the King County Countywide Planning Policies. The purpose of the program is to determine whether the county and its cities are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing growth and development assumptions, targets, and objectives contained in the Countywide Planning Policies and the county and city comprehensive plans with actual growth and development in the county and cities.

In partnership with the King County Growth Report, the King County Buildable Lands Report and supplementary monitoring of the King County Comprehensive Plan, the King County Benchmark Program collects and reviews information relating to and including, but not limited to, the following:

- Urban densities;
- · Remaining land capacity;
- Growth and development assumptions, targets, and objectives;
- Residential, commercial, and industrial development;
- Transportation;
- Affordable housing;
- Economic development; and
- Environmental quality.

As outlined in the Workplan section of this chapter, in preparation for the ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan update, King County intends to develop a new performance measures program to replace the current Benchmark Program.

In Chapter 12 Implementation, Amendments and Review, starting on page 12-11, amend text as follows:

Action 1: ((Initiation))Implementation of the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program. Under the direction of the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, King County is launching a new regular subarea planning program. While this is described in greater detail in Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning, launching and implementing this effort will be a major activity following the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.

- *Timeline:* Ongoing; the Executive will propose a subarea plan for each area approximately once every ((seven))thirteen years based on planning schedule in Chapter 11.
- Outcomes: A proposed subarea plan for each Community Service Area for Council consideration and
  possible adoption. Each subarea plan shall be transmitted by the Executive to the Council in the form
  of an ordinance that adopts the subarea plan, ((no later than March 1 of the year following the
  Community Service Area's planning period))at a time consistent with the King County Code.
- Lead: Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, in coordination and collaboration with the
  Office of Performance Strategy and Budget. Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the
  Councilmember office(s) representing the applicable study area throughout the community planning
  process.

Action 2: Develop a Performance Measures Program for the Comprehensive Plan. The purpose of the program is to develop longer-term indicators to provide insight into whether the goals of the

Comprehensive Plan are being achieved or if revisions are needed. Given the longer-term nature of the issues addressed in the Comprehensive Plan, this program will be implemented on ((a four))an eight-year cycle. Reports are to be released in the year prior to the initiation of the ((four year))Eight-Year update in order to guide the scoping process for the update. Additionally, to the extent practicable for each dataset, indicators will be reported at the level most consistent with the major geographies in the Growth Management Act and Comprehensive Plan – incorporated cities, unincorporated urban areas, Rural Areas, and Natural Resource Lands.

- Timeline: The motion adopting the program framework shall be transmitted by June 1, 2017. A ((2018)) 2021 Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures Report released by ((December 1, 2018)) March 1, 2021, will inform the ((2019))2021 Scope of Work for the ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan update.
- Outcomes: The 2017 framework for the program shall be transmitted by the Executive to the Council by June 1, 2017, in the form of a motion that adopts the framework. The ((2018))2021 Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures Report shall be completed as directed by the 2017 framework motion adopted by the Council. The Executive shall file with the Council the ((2018))2021 Comprehensive Plan Performance Measures Report. The ((2019))2021 Scope of Work for the ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan Update shall be informed by the ((2018))2021 Performance Measures Report. The Executive's transmitted ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan shall include updated references to the new Performance Measures Program.
- Lead: Office of Performance Strategy and Budget. Executive staff shall work with the Council's Comprehensive Plan lead staff in development of the 2017 framework for the program.

Funding Pilot Project. The County's Transfer of Development Rights Program has been very effective in implementing Growth Management Act goals to reduce sprawl and permanently protect open space. This Workplan item is to conduct a pilot project to determine the process for providing amenities to unincorporated urban Transfer of Development Rights receiving area communities. The focus of the pilot project will be the East Renton Plateau — an area of urban unincorporated King County that has received a substantial number of Transferrable of Development Rights. The East Renton Plateau Transfer of Development Rights Receiving Area Pilot Project will: develop a process for engaging the community to determine the type of amenities the community desires; assess the type and amounts of funding available for providing amenities; and establish an amount of amenity funding to be provided for each Transferrable of Development Rights (both past and future Transferrable of Development Rights).

- *Timeline:* 2017-2018; (18-month process). The Transfer of Development Rights Amenity Funding Pilot Project Report on the results of the pilot project shall be transmitted to the Council by June 1, 2018, so as to inform the King County 2019-2020 Biennial Budget.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the Transfer of Development Rights Amenity

Funding Pilot Project Report recommending process and funding levels relative to Transferrable of Development Rights used in development projects. The report shall include identification of any necessary recommended amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and King County Code. The Executive shall transmit to the Council any recommended amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and King County Code as part of the ((2020))2023 Comprehensive Plan update. The Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an Annual Comprehensive Plan Amendment prior to the Eight-Year update.

• Leads: Department of Natural Resources and Parks. Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) representing the pilot project community throughout the process.

Action 4: Transfer of Development Rights Program Review. The County's Transfer of Development Rights Program has been very successful in protecting Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands by transferring development potential into cities and unincorporated urban areas. Typically the Transfer of Development Rights Program advances two primary policy objectives: conserving Rural Area and Natural Resource Lands, as well as focusing new growth in urban areas.

This Workplan item will do the following:

- A. Prepare a Transfer of Development Rights Program Review Study that addresses:
  - 1) Tax revenue impacts of the Transfer of Development Rights Program for both sending and receiving sites.
  - 2) Analysis of potential Transfer of Development Rights Program changes that build on existing program objectives while considering other policy objectives, such as making investments in economically disadvantaged areas, promoting housing affordability, incentivizing green building, and providing for Transit Oriented Development. The analysis should take into consideration the economic feasibility of and market interest in these other policy objectives, as well as opportunities for providing amenities to communities that receive Transfer of Development Rights. This analysis will be achieved through implementation of a pilot project that utilizes such incentives and provides amenities to the community receiving increased density associated with the Transfer of Development Rights. If possible, the pilot project should be undertaken in Skyway-West Hill and help implement the Skyway-West Hill Action Plan.
  - 3) Consider possible performance criteria.
- B. Produce an annual report to the Council on the Transfer of Development Rights Program and associated bank activity.
- *Timeline:* The annual report to the Council shall commence with a report due on December 1, 2017. The Transfer of Development Rights Program Review Study, and an ordinance making Comprehensive Plan

- and/or King County Code changes if applicable, shall be filed with the Council by December 1, 2018.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the Transfer of Development Rights Program Review Study and the annual report. The Study shall outline policy and implementation options, if applicable. If Comprehensive Plan and/or King County Code changes are recommended, an ordinance implementing those changes shall also be transmitted to the Council with the Study. The Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an Annual Comprehensive Plan Amendment prior to the Eight-Year update.
- Leads: Department of Natural Resources and Parks, Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.
   Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) representing the pilot project community throughout the process.

Action 5: Review 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan Implementation Needs. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes new policy direction that may need updates in the King County Code in order to be implemented before the ((2020)) 2023 Comprehensive Plan update. The County will utilize an interbranch team to review the 2016 Comprehensive Plan and any necessary code updates. This analysis will result in a report that identifies the areas of the code in need of updating and subsequent legislation to address the areas of inconsistencies. The legislation will also include code changes to K.C.C. 16.82.150 and 16.82.152, and associated references, to reflect court rulings and current case law.

- *Timeline:* An Implementation Report shall be filed with the Council by July 31, 2017. The Report will inform a code update ordinance(s), which shall be transmitted to the Council no later than December 31, 2019.
- Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the Executive shall file with the Council, the 2016 Comprehensive Plan Implementation Report and the code update ordinance(s).
- Leads: Interbranch team comprised of staff from at least the: King County Council, Office of Performance Strategy and Budget, Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, and Prosecuting Attorney's Office.

Action 6: Alternative Housing Demonstration Project. There is considerable interest to explore temporary and permanent alternative housing models to address the issues of homelessness and affordable housing in the Puget Sound region. King County is currently exploring microhousing pilot projects across the region that can inform a larger demonstration project under King County Code on alternative housing models in unincorporated King County. Based on what the County learns from the experience of pilots across the region, the County should pursue a larger demonstration project that looks at a broader range of temporary and permanent alternative housing models under its land use authority.

This work plan item will utilize an interbranch team to analyze the potential for a demonstration project under K.C.C. chapter 21A.55 for one or more temporary or permanent alternative housing projects, such as single

and/or multi-family microhousing (i.e., very small units clustered around a shared kitchen and other similar models) or tiny houses, modular construction, live/work units, and co-housing projects. A demonstration project will allow the County to test development regulations and other regulatory barriers related to alternative housing models before adopting or amending permanent regulations. Such regulations could include amendments to or establishment of regulations related to permitted uses or temporary uses, building and fire codes, water and sewer supply requirements, setbacks, landscaping screening, location requirements, light and glare requirements, public notice, and mitigation of impacts to the surrounding area. This work plan item should also analyze potential funding sources and funding barriers for projects that may or may not require public funding, including funds managed by the King County Housing and Community Development Division of the Department of Community and Human Services.

- Timeline: Two phases. Phase One Issuance of a request for proposals to identify a project or projects in unincorporated King County that will participate in an Alternative Housing Demonstration Project. While a project or projects are being chosen, a Demonstration Project ordinance package that pilots necessary regulatory flexibilities will be developed for approval by the Council. Such a Demonstration Project shall be transmitted to Council by December 31, 2018. Phase II An Alternative Housing Demonstration Project Report, including proposed regulations and/or amendments to implement the recommendations of the report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by December 31, 2020.
- Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the Executive shall file with the Council, the
  Alternative Housing Demonstration Project Report, which shall include analysis of the issues learned in
  the Demonstration Project(s), and identification of recommended amendments to the Comprehensive
  Plan and King County Code. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting
  updates to the Comprehensive Plan and/or King County Code as recommended in the Report. The
  Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion
  in an Annual Comprehensive Plan Amendment prior to the Eight-Year update.
- Leads: The King County Council will convene an interbranch team comprised of staff from at least: King
  County Council, Department of Community and Human Services, Department of Permitting and
  Environmental Review, Public Health, and Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.

Action 7: Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates. As part of the transmitted 2016 Comprehensive Plan, the Executive included recommended code changes related to agricultural uses in unincorporated King County. In order to give the Council additional time to consider these proposed changes and to address the identified policy issues, the transmitted code changes will not be adopted in 2016. Instead, the code changes will be further developed through this work plan item.

The Council identified several policy issues through review of the code changes as part of the 2016 Comprehensive Plan update. Through use of an interbranch team, this work plan item aims to resolve these policy issues, draft a new ordinance, and complete outreach to affected stakeholders such as the King County

Agriculture Commission, ag-related business owners, and/or Community Service Areas. If the results of the winery study, currently being reviewed by the Executive, are not complete in time to incorporate into the 2016 Comprehensive Plan, then this work plan item should also address the recommendations of that study.

- *Timeline:* Six to nine month process. An Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates Report and proposed regulations to implement the recommendations in report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by September 30, 2017.
- Outcomes: The interbranch team shall prepare, and the Executive shall file with the Council, the
  Agricultural Related Uses Zoning Code Updates Report, which shall include identification of
  recommended amendments to the King County Code. The Executive shall also file with the Council an
  ordinance adopting updates to the King County Code as recommended in the Report.
- Leads: The King County Council will convene an interbranch team comprised of at least King County
  Council staff, the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, the Department of Natural
  Resources and Parks, and the Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.

Action 8: Cottage Housing Regulations Review. Cottage housing is a method of development that allows for multiple detached single-family dwelling units to be located on a commonly owned parcel. In unincorporated King County, cottage housing is currently only permitted in the R-4 through R-8 urban residential zones, subject to certain conditions in the King County Code, such as in K.C.C. 21A.08.030 and 21A.12.030, which includes being only allowed on lots one acre in size or smaller. This work plan item will review Comprehensive Plan policies and development code regulations for the potential for expanded allowances for cottage housing in unincorporated King County, including in Rural Areas, and recommend policy and code changes as appropriate.

- *Timeline:* A Cottage Housing Regulations Report and any proposed policy or code changes to implement the recommendations in the report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by December 31, 2018.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council the Cottage Housing Regulations Report, which shall include identification of any recommended amendments to the King County Code and/or Comprehensive Plan. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting updates to the King County Code and/or the Comprehensive Plan, if recommended in the Report. The Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an Annual Comprehensive Plan Amendment prior to the Eight-Year update.
- Leads: The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review and the Office of Performance Strategy and Budget.

**Action 9:** Carbon Neutral King County Plan. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes a new policy F-215b which directs the County to "strive to provide services and build and operate public buildings and infrastructure

that are carbon neutral." To support implementation of this policy, this work plan item directs the Executive to develop an Implementation Plan for making King County government carbon neutral. The Implementation Plan shall address existing and new County buildings, as well as all County operations and services, and shall identify the actions, costs and schedule for achieving carbon neutral status. This Implementation Plan will help inform the 2020 update of the Strategic Climate Action Plan, through which existing county targets for carbon neutrality and greenhouse gas emissions reduction will be updated consistent with the F-215b and the Implementation Plan.

- Timeline: A Carbon Neutral King County Implementation Plan and a motion adopting the
  Implementation Plan shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by February 28, 2019. A
  Progress Report on development of the Implementation Plan shall be transmitted to the Council by
  December 31, 2017.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for review and potential approval the Carbon Neutral King County Implementation Plan and a motion adopting the Implementation Plan.
- Leads: Department of Natural Resources and Parks.

Action 10: Green Building Handbook Review. The 2016 Comprehensive Plan includes policy direction in Policies U-133, R-336a, F-215a, and ED-501a that encourages green building practices in private development. To support these implementation of these policies, and consistent with direction in the 2015 Strategic Climate Action Plan, the County will soon be in the process of reviewing potential green building code requirements and/or encouraged standards for private development for possible adoption. In the meantime, the County intends to continue to use the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review's existing "Green Building Handbook" to help encourage private green building development, which is referenced in the 2016 Comprehensive Plan. This work plan item directs the Executive to transmit to the Council the Green Building Handbook for review and potential approval.

- *Timeline:* The Green Building Handbook and a motion approving the Handbook shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by March 1, 2017.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for review and potential approval the Green Building Handbook and a motion adopting the Handbook.
- Leads: The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review.

Action 11: Bicycle Network Planning Report. The Puget Sound Regional Council has identified a regional bicycle network, for both the existing network and the associated gaps and needs, in its Active Transportation Plan, which is an element of *Transportation 2040*. King County also identifies local bicycle network needs throughout its planning, such as in the Transportation Needs Report and the Regional Trail Needs Report.

This Workplan item directs the King County Department of Transportation, in coordination with the Department of Natural Resources and Parks and the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, to evaluate and report on how to enhance the bicycle network within unincorporated King County and address identified regional and local bicycle infrastructure needs (such as standards for bicycle lanes, tracks and trails; plans and financing for capital improvements; bicycle racks and parking; air filling stations; etc.). This report will include:

- a. Evaluation of existing King County planning efforts and possible areas for improvement, such as addressing bicycle facility provisions in:
  - o roadway designs and standards, including lighting standards,
  - o plat approvals,
  - o commercial developments,
  - o parks & trails planning, and
  - o transit planning and access to transit.
- b. Evaluation of bicycle and/or active transportation plan elements of other jurisdictions, including the City of Seattle, for opportunities to connect to King County planning and active transportation facilities.
- c. Working with stakeholders for identification of needs and areas for possible improvements.
- *Timeline:* The Bicycle Network Planning Report and a motion approving the report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by December 31, 2017.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council for review and potential approval the Bicycle Network Planning Report and a motion adopting the Report.
- Lead: Department of Transportation.

Action 12: Update Plat Ingress/Egress Requirements. State law gives King County the responsibility to adopt regulations and procedures for approval of subdivisions and plats. The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review reviews ingress and egress to subdivisions and plats during the preliminary subdivision approval process using the Department of Transportation Roads Division's "King County Road Design and Construction Standards – 2007" (Roads Standards). In recent years, subdivision layouts have included one entry/exit (or ingress/egress) point and a looped road network within the subdivision.

Utilizing one entry/exit point can cause access issues if the roadway were to be physically impeded (such as due to: a fire, debris, flooding, ice, snow, etc.). This configuration may also cause traffic backups while waiting for the ability to turn in to or out of the development. Sometimes, this one access point may also be located too close to other intersecting roadways to the roadway that the development intersects; this can contribute to traffic back-ups.

This Workplan item directs the Executive to transmit legislation to update the code, (such as K.C.C. Title 21A), and the King County Department of Transportation Roads Standards to address these access issues. This code update will include requiring two entry/exit points for plats and subdivisions over a certain size and increasing the distance between adjacent intersecting streets. The transmittal letter for the ordinance(s) shall indicate the rational for the chosen size threshold for when the County will require two entry/exit points.

- *Timeline:* The proposed amendments to the King County Code and the King County Roads Standards shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by December 31, 2018.
- Outcomes: The Executive shall file with the Council an ordinance(s) adopting updates to the King County
  Code and the King County Roads Standards.
- Lead: Department of Transportation and Department of Permitting and Environmental Review.

Action 13: Water Availability and Permitting Study. The recent Washington State Supreme Court decision in Whatcom County v. Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board (aka, Hirst) held that counties have a responsibility under the Growth Management Act to make determinations of water availability through the Comprehensive Plan and facilitate establishing water adequacy by permit applicants before issuance of development permits. Hirst also ruled that counties cannot defer to the State to make these determinations. This case overruled a court of appeals decision which supported deference to the State. The Supreme Court ruling will require the County to develop a system for review of water availability in King County, with a particular focus on future development that would use permit exempt wells as their source of potable water. This system will be implemented through amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan and development regulations. The County will engage in a Water Availability and Permitting Study to address these and related issues. This study will analyze methods to accommodate current zoning given possible water availability issues and will look at innovative ways to accommodate future development in any areas with insufficient water by using mitigation measures (e.g. water banks). This study will not include analysis of current water availability.

- *Timeline*: Eighteen month process. Initial report will be transmitted to the Council by December 1, 2017; final report, with necessary amendments, will be transmitted to the Council by July 1, 2018. This report may inform the scope of work for the next major Comprehensive Plan update.
- Outcomes: Modifications, as needed, to the Comprehensive Plan, King County Code and County
  practices related to ensuring availability of water within the Comprehensive Plan and determining the
  adequacy of water during the development permit process. The Executive will work with the Council
  to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an Annual Comprehensive Plan
  Amendment prior to the Eight-Year update.
- Leads: Performance, Strategy and Budget. Work with the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, Department of Natural Resources and Parks, Department of Public Health, Prosecuting Attorney's Office, and King County Council. Involvement of state agencies, public and non-governmental organizations.

#### Actions Related to the Growth Management Planning Council

The Growth Management Planning Council (GMPC) is a separate formal body consisting of elected officials from King County, Seattle, Bellevue, other cities and towns in King County, special purpose districts, and the Port of Seattle. The GMPC developed the Countywide Planning Policies, providing a countywide vision and serving as a framework for each jurisdiction to develop its own comprehensive plan, which must be consistent with the overall vision for the future of King County. The GMPC is chaired by the King County Executive; five King County Councilmembers serve as members. Recommendations from the GMPC are transmitted to the full King County Council for review and consideration.

The GMPC develops its own independent work program every year; this section of the 2016 Comprehensive Plan Workplan identifies issues the County will bring forward to the GMPC for review, consideration and recommendations. King County will submit these Workplan items to the GMPC for consideration at its first meeting of 2017, with a goal of completing the GMPC review and recommendations by December 31, 2018. With due consideration regarding the outcomes of the work of the Growth Management Planning Council, the Executive will work with the Council to determine whether the amendments are appropriate for inclusion in an Annual Comprehensive Plan Amendment prior to the Eight-Year update.

Action 14: Develop a Countywide Plan to Move Remaining Unincorporated Urban Potential Annexation Areas Toward Annexation. The GMPC has authority to propose amendments to the Countywide Planning Policies, and a unique defined role related to recommending approval or denial of Urban Growth Area expansions. In order to move remaining unincorporated areas, which vary in size and complexity, towards annexation, the GMPC would reconsider the Potential Annexation Areas map and the "Joint Planning and Annexation" section of the Countywide Planning Policies. This effort would include an evaluation of how to address Potential Annexation Areas that have been previously unsuccessful in annexation and/or where annexation does not appear feasible in the near future.

Action 15: Review the Four-to-One Program. The County's Four-to-One Program has been very effective in implementing Growth Management Act goals to reduce sprawl and encourage retention of open space. This is done through discretionary actions by the County Council, following a proposal being submitted by a landowner(s) to the County. Over time, there have been proposals that vary from the existing parameters of the program; these have included possible conversion of urban zoning for lands not contiguous to the original 1994 Urban Growth Area, allowing the open space to be non-contiguous to the urban extension, use of transfer of development rights, providing increased open space credit for preserved lands with high ecological value (such as lands that could provide for high value floodplain restoration, riparian habitat, or working resource lands), and consideration of smaller parcels or parcels with multiple ownerships. Allowing these changes have the potential for increasing the use of the tool, with attendant risks and benefits. The Growth Management Planning Council would review the Four-to-One program and determine whether changes to the existing program should be implemented that will strengthen the program and improve implementation of the Comprehensive Plan, including evaluation of the proposals listed above.

Action 16: Buildable Lands Program Methodology Review. As required by the Growth Management Act, King County and the 39 cities participate in the Buildable Lands Program to evaluate their capacity to accommodate forecasted growth of housing units and jobs. The program, administered by the Washington State Department of Commerce, requires certain counties to determine whether the county and its cities are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing assumptions and targets regarding growth and development with actual growth and development in the county and cities. Since issuance of the first Buildable Lands Report in 2002, jurisdictions and stakeholders have expressed the potential for possible refinements of the methodology used by King County and the cities. The Growth Management Planning Council would work with stakeholders to review the methodology, including testing the accuracy of the Buildable Lands Report model and results, for potential refinements.

#### In the Glossary, starting on page G-4, amend text as follows:

#### Community Service Area Plan

With King County's initiation of the subarea planning program, the new plans will be called Community Service Area Plans. These will ((be a long-range, multi-discipline, integrated tools that)) apply the countywide goals of the Comprehensive Plan to ((a-)) smaller geographic areas. Each one of King County's ((seven)) six Rural Area CSAs and each of the five large Potential Annexation Areas has or is scheduled to have its own CSA Plan. CSA Plans focus on land use issues in the smaller geographies, as well as community identified implementation activities while recognizing the parameters of County funding and revenue sources((are comprised of two primary components: a CSA Plan Profile and a CSA Subarea Plan. A CSA Plan Profile applies to an entire CSA geography and includes broad goals and policies, CSA demographics, major land uses and trends, and socioeconomic indicators. A CSA Subarea Plan is typically prepared for a targeted area of a CSA such as a rural town center, urban neighborhood or corridor. They contain a more detailed plan or analysis than a CSA Plan Profile and often address the intersection of land use, transportation, housing, and/or the environment)). These plans implement and are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's policies, development regulations, and Land Use Map.



# 2018 Amendment to the Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan

Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget

March 1, 2018

In Chapter 11 Implementation, starting on page 89, amend text of workplan as follows:

#### VMI CSA Workplan Action 1: P-suffix Conditions

During community outreach and development of the subarea plan, the need to update property specific, or p-suffix, development conditions on Vashon-Maury Island arose. Conditions VS-P2B and VS-P29, which apply to specific parcels within the Vashon Rural Town, were reviewed during plan development and the Executive's transmitted 2017 subarea plan included proposed changes to these two conditions. Council review of the proposed changes to the conditions identified several policy issues in need of further review and potential refinement. Additionally, the Council identified the need to comprehensively review all of the existing p-suffix conditions on Vashon-Maury Island. As a result, the transmitted changes to VS-P28 and VS-P29 will not be adopted in 2017.

Instead, this Workplan action item directs an Interbranch Team to comprehensively review, and propose updates as appropriate, all p-suffix conditions and special district overlays for Vashon-Maury Island. This review will include: 1) review of the legislative history and current status of each existing p-suffix condition and special district overlay and evaluation of its consistency with the Vashon-Maury island subarea plan as adopted by the County, as well. as other adopted laws, rules and policies, 2) evaluation of any changes needed to accommodate farmer's markets within the Rural Town, and 3) updates to conditions for marijuana uses to reflect consistency with other unincorporated areas of King County and taking into consideration the marijuana industry studies underway by the Executive required by Ordinance 18326. The review of the p-suffix conditions and special district overlays, and any proposed changes shall include community outreach to be completed by the Executive. This outreach shall specifically include notification the property owners impacted by the current p-suffix conditions and special district overlays and any proposed changes – both to the property owners of conditioned parcels and adjacent property owners.

- *Timeline*: A Vashon-Maury Island P-Suffix Conditions Report and proposed ordinance to implement the recommendations in report shall be transmitted to the Council for consideration by ((December 31, 2018))June 30, 2021.
- Outcomes: The Interbranch Team shall develop and the Executive shall file with the
  Council the Vashon-Maury Island P-Suffix Conditions Report, which shall include
  identification of recommended amendments to the p-suffix conditions and special
  district overlays. The Executive shall also file with the Council an ordinance adopting
  updates to the p-suffix conditions and special district overlays as recommended in the
  Report.
- Lead: The Department of Permitting and Environmental Review shall lead an Interbranch Team including the Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget, Council staff, and the Prosecuting Attorney's office. Other departments may need to participate depending on the requirement of the p-suffix condition and special district overlay requirements. Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) represent ng Vashon-Maury Island throughout the community planning process.

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# Metropolitan King County Council Planning, Rural Service and Environment Committee

#### REVISED STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item:		Name:	Erin Auzins
Proposed No.:	2018-0153	Date:	September 12, 2018

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Proposed Substitute Ordinance 2018-0153.2 which would adopt the 2018 update to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, passed out of committee on September 12, 2018 with a "Do Pass" recommendation. The Ordinance was amended in committee with Amendment S1 and five line amendments to S1. Detailed effect statements are attached to each amendment.

#### SUBJECT

Proposed Ordinance (PO) 2018-0153 would adopt the 2018 annual cycle update to the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan (KCCP)<sup>1</sup> and implement the restructure described in Motion 15142.

#### SUMMARY

PO 2018-0153 was transmitted with Proposed Motion (PM) 2018-0154² in response to Proviso P2 of Section 5³ and Proviso P3 of Section 47⁴ of Ordinance 18602, a supplemental 2017-2018 King County Budget ordinance. The Proposed Ordinance would implement the changes recommended in the Proposed Subarea Planning Program Restructure Plan (Plan) described in Motion 15142, by amending the King County Code (K.C.C.), the 2016 KCCP, and the 2017 Vashon-Maury Island CSA Subarea Plan.

Key elements of the restructure proposal include:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ordinance 18427, as amended in 2017 by Ordinance 18623

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Adopted as Motion 15142 on May 7, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Amending Section 19 of Ordinance 18409, the 2017-18 Biennial Budget, related to Performance, Strategy and Budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Amending Section 88 of Ordinance, 18409, the 2017-18 Biennial Budget, related to Department of Permitting and Environmental Review's General Public Services fund

- moving the KCCP from a four-year major update cycle to an eight-year major update cycle;
- shifting the annual timelines for KCCP updates and subarea plans from a March 1 transmittal (with adoption by the end of the same year) to a June 30 transmittal (with adoption by June 30 the following year);
- pausing development and adoption of subarea plans during major KCCP updates;
- extending the subarea planning schedule to include additional planning for urban unincorporated communities; and
- hiring two additional subarea planners in DPER.5

Committee action on **PO 2018-0153** is currently scheduled to occur at **today's hearing**.<sup>6</sup> At today's briefing, Council staff will brief the chair's striking amendment, which includes modifications to the Executive's proposal by:

- Establishing a two-year update option.
- Authorizing a 2020 KCCP update.
- Allowing amendments of subarea plans as part of an annual update.
- Allowing substantive amendments of KCCP Workplan items as part of an annual update.
- Requiring a Public Review Draft be issued for each KCCP update, including subarea plans, prior to transmittal to the Council.
- Adding language regarding an evaluation of the subarea restructure program at some point in the future.
- Modifying several Workplan Items to update the deadlines for transmittal to Council.
- Modifying the substance of several Workplan Action items.
- Adding new Workplan Action items.

Changes made to the chair's striking amendment since the September 4th meeting include:

- An allowance for unfinished items from the two-year update to be extended into the next year's annual update was removed from the striking amendment.
- Language was added to the requirements for the motion to initiate a two-year update to include in that motion the timelines for the Executive to develop and transmit the two-year update, and for the Council to review and approve the twoyear update.
- In Attachment A, language was added to the lead-in text for the Community Service Area subarea planning program to specify that a performance audit of the subarea planning program will occur during of the 2021-2022 biennium.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For reference, a comparison matrix of the current structure and the proposed restructure is included as **Attachment 5** to the staff report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Attachment 4 for full schedule; last updated on September 6, 2018 – subject to change.

#### BACKGROUND

**KCCP** update cycles. The KCCP is the guiding policy document for land use and development regulations in unincorporated King County, as well as for regional services throughout the County, including transit, sewers, parks, trails, and open space. It is informed by and must be consistent with the Growth Management Act (GMA). The GMA, policies in the KCCP, and regulations in the King County Code dictate the allowed frequency for considering and adopting updates to the KCCP.

The GMA requires that comprehensive plans be reviewed and updated at least once every eight years. The next GMA required update deadline is June 30, 2023. Jurisdictions are allowed, but not required, to update their plans more frequently than the mandated once every eight years update. The GMA does not place restrictions on what changes can be considered during these interim, non-mandated updates, except that comprehensive plans cannot be amended more than once per year. 8

King County currently performs comprehensive updates to its KCCP once every four years. This is known as the "four-year" or "major update" cycle. The four-year update structure was created in 1998 via the adoption of Ordinance 13147. As required by current regulations in the KCCP and Code, four-year updates are the only time that substantive changes to KCCP policy language and amendments to the Urban Growth Area (UGA) boundary may be considered.<sup>9</sup>

The four-year update structure provides an option for substantive updates during Year Two of the update cycle, <sup>10</sup> known as "midpoint updates." These midpoint updates allow for adoption of substantive policy changes if "the county determines that the purposes of the KCCP are not being achieved as evidenced by official population growth forecasts, benchmarks, trends and other relevant data." This determination must be authorized by a motion adopted by the Council. The motion must also identify the scope of the update and the resources necessary to accomplish the work. Since the current structure was adopted in 1998, the County has not exercised the option for a "midpoint update".

The four-year structure also allows limited types of amendments to the KCCP to be adopted during years between four-year updates. This is known as the "annual cycle." While the Code states that the KCCP "may be amended" annually, it is not required to be reviewed or amended on an annual basis. Annual cycle updates allow for consideration of technical and non-substantive changes, adoption of subarea plans, approval of Four-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> RCW 36.70A.130. Jurisdictions must review and update comprehensive plans by June 30, 2015 and every eight years thereafter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Except in limited instances as allowed in RCW 36.70A.130.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> K.C.C. 20.18.030. The annual Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), Transportation Needs Report (TNR), and school capital facilities plans are elements of the KCCP but are adopted in conjunction with the County budget, and thus follow separate timeline, process, and update requirements. See K.C.C. 20.18.060 and 20.18.070

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> K.C.C. 20.18.030.C, defined as updates during "even calendar years".

to-One proposals, 11 and approval of other zoning and/or land use designation changes that do not require substantive policy changes. 12

The first four-year cycle began with the adoption of the 2000 KCCP.<sup>13</sup> The most recent four-year update occurred in 2016, which was the fifth major plan update under this structure. The 2018 KCCP update in PO 2018-0153 is an annual cycle update. The next major KCCP update is scheduled for adoption in 2020.

**CSA** subarea plans. A CSA subarea plan is a 20-year, multi-discipline, integrated policy document that applies the countywide goals of the KCCP to a smaller geographic area. While CSA subarea plans are bound as stand-alone document, they are elements of and adopted as part of the KCCP.

In the 1980s and 1990s, King County had a robust subarea planning program for unincorporated communities, and subarea plans for most unincorporated communities were adopted by the County during this time. Following the adoption of the GMA in the 1990s, key policies from these individual subarea plans were updated where necessary to comply with the GMA. Those policies were then integrated into the KCCP, and most of the subarea plans were repealed. A few stand-alone subarea plans were adopted as components of the KCCP and are still active planning documents today. These active subarea plans are the Fall City Subarea Plan, West Hill Community Plan, and White Center Community Action Plan. Since the mid-1990s, only minor updates to these remaining subarea plans have been adopted.

Many of the County's unincorporated geographies have experienced significant changes over the last 20 years due to growth and/or annexations and incorporations. After nearly two decades of aging community plans and policies, and in recognition of the long-term service provider and local government role the County plays for remaining unincorporated areas, the County identified the need to re-engage in more detailed long-range planning for these communities. Therefore, in 2014, the County adopted Ordinance 17884, which created a new local subarea planning program within DPER.

Subarea planning coordination and collaboration. Prior to 2014, King County Code Chapter 2.16 directed that "managing and coordinating the development and implementation of the county's Comprehensive Plan" was a responsibility of DPER. "Subarea planning" was not mentioned as a unique program or planning element, as the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> A discretionary program that allows for consideration of UGA expansions when land owners voluntary apply to have their land considered, with twenty percent of the land (i.e., the "one") potentially added to the UGA and the remaining eighty percent (i.e., the "four") permanently added to the King County Open Space System. See program requirements in Countywide Planning Policies (CPPs) DP- 16 and DP- 17, KCCP Policies U- 185 to U- 190, and K.C.C. 20.18.070, 20.18.170, and 20.18.180.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> K.C.C. 20.18.030(B).

<sup>13</sup> via Ordinance 14044

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The 1996 Vashon Town Plan was also one of these remaining active subarea plans. That plan was replaced by a new subarea plan for Vashon-Maury Island (adopted in 2017 via Ordinance 18623) that was developed under the new CSA subarea planning program, which will be discussed later in the staff report.

County has not engaged in subarea planning since the mid-1990s. The adoption of Ordinance 17884 in 2014 not only created a subarea planning function in DPER, but also created a new "regional planning" function within PSB.

Ordinance 17884 amended K.C.C. 2.16.025 to reflect that PSB's new regional planning unit would be responsible for long-range planning, including "managing updates to the county's Comprehensive Plan in coordination with" DPER. K.C.C. 2.16.055 was also amended to reflect that DPER would be responsible for local land use planning, including "managing the development and implementation of unincorporated subarea plans in coordination with the regional planning" unit in PSB, and in accordance with KCCP and GMA requirements. These changes formalized the separate but coordinated long-range comprehensive planning roles and local current use subarea planning roles within King County government.

Following adoption of Ordinance 17884, the County's 2015-2016 Biennial Budget<sup>15</sup> provided new funding for DPER to hire a subarea planner to manage this new local land use planning function. The 2015-16 Budget also authorized funding for PSB to allocate staff for its new long-range planning functions, including the creation of a comprehensive planning manager position within the regional planning unit. The 2015-16 Budget also included a funding proviso<sup>16</sup> that required the Executive to transmit a plan on procedures for how PSB and DPER would coordinate their planning efforts, and to report on implementation of the procedures.

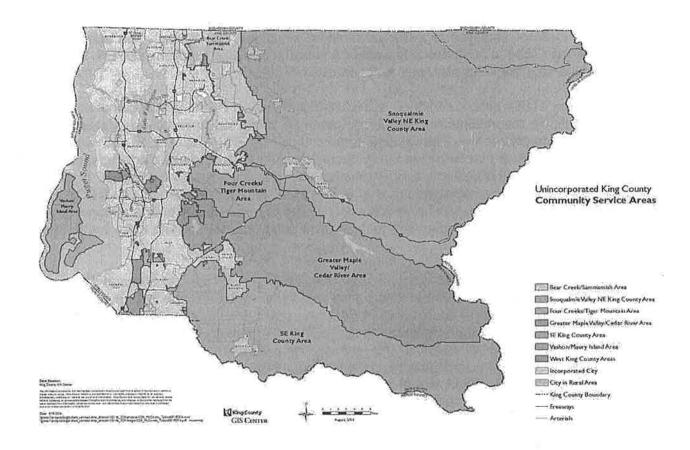
In 2015, Motion 14341 was adopted by the Council, which approved the coordination plan and procedures, as required by the proviso. The roles and procedures outlined in that plan reinforced the separate but coordinated roles outlined in the Code for the two agencies. In addition to the aforementioned code requirement for "coordination", Motion 14341 states that DPER must also "collaborate" with PSB in the preparation of or amendments to subarea plans.

**Subarea planning structure.** The KCCP includes direction for how the new subarea planning program would be implemented. Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning states that the County's unincorporated CSA geographies<sup>17</sup> would be used to identify the program's planning areas, as depicted in the following map.

<sup>16</sup> P1 in Section 18 (Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget) of Ordinance 17941.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Ordinance 17941.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> As adopted in Ordinance 17415: Bear Creek/Sammamish, Snoqualmie Valley/Northeast King County, Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain, Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River, Southeast King County, Vashon-Maury Island, and West King County (includes various pockets of urban unincorporated areas).



Chapter 11 also includes a rotating, eight-year subarea planning schedule for each CSA geography, whereby planning would occur in the six rural CSA geographies and in two or three of "West King County CSA" urban unincorporated area communities 18 each eight-year cycle, as shown in the following table.

Year <sup>19</sup>	Community Service Area	Other Planning <sup>20</sup>
2016	Vashon-Maury Island CSA	Major Comp. Plan
		Update
2017	West King County CSA – Skyway-West Hill,	. 4
	and North Highline	
2018	Snoqualmie Valley/Northeast King County	,
	CSA	
2019	Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River CSA	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> The specific West King County areas would change each planning cycle. The first eight-year cycle would focus on Skyway-West Hill and North Highline one year, and the Fairwood another year. It is anticipated that the next eight-year cycle would focus on different urban unincorporated areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> "Year" identifies the year in which the plan will be developed by the Executive. Transmittal to the Council for possible action would occur the following year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> "Other Planning" includes year in which the Council is considering other pieces of legislation at the same time as Executive development of CSA subarea plans.

2020	West King County CSA – Fairwood	Major Comp. Plan Update
2021	Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA	
2022	Southeast King County CSA	
2023	Four Creeks/Tiger Mountain CSA	

Additionally, in Chapter 12: Implementation, Amendments and Evaluation, 2016 KCCP Workplan<sup>21</sup> Action 1 provides the following direction related to CSA subarea plan development:

Action 1: Initiation of the Community Service Area Subarea Planning Program. Under the direction of the Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, King County is launching a new regular subarea planning program. While this is described in greater detail in Chapter 11: Community Service Area Subarea Planning, launching and implementing this effort will be a major activity following the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.

- Timeline: Ongoing; the Executive will propose a subarea plan for each area approximately once every seven years based on planning schedule in Chapter 11.
- Outcomes: A proposed subarea plan for each Community Service Area for Council consideration and possible adoption. Each subarea plan shall be transmitted by the Executive to the Council in the form of an ordinance that adopts the subarea plan, no later than March 1 of the year following the Community Service Area's planning period.
- Lead: Department of Permitting and Environmental Review, in coordination and collaboration with the Office of Performance Strategy and Budget. Executive staff shall update and coordinate with the Councilmember office(s) representing the applicable study area throughout the community planning process.

Based on this, community outreach and CSA subarea plan development would occur for any given geography in the year outlined in the schedule adopted in Chapter 11 and, as directed in Workplan Action 1, will be transmitted to the Council by March 1 of the following year. For example, Vashon-Maury Island CSA Subarea Plan outreach and plan development occurred in 2016 and transmittal occurred in 2017.

**Skyway-West Hill Subarea Plan.** In 2014, the County adopted Motion 14221, which called for a comprehensive update to the 1994 West Hill Community Plan. <sup>22</sup> Around this same time, the County was also providing technical assistance to a community-led effort to update some elements of the Community Plan. This community-led effort resulted in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The Workplan is comprised of set of "Actions" that are planned to implement the 2016 KCCP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Adopted in 1993 via Ordinance 11166. Only minor map and zoning amendments to the Community Plan have been adopted since 1993.

the development of a series of proposed local implementation actions called the Skyway-West Hill Action Plan (SWAP). The SWAP was proposed to be adopted as an addendum to the existing 1994 Community Plan during the 2016 update of the KCCP.<sup>23</sup> No policy changes to the Community Plan were included in the proposed SWAP.

The SWAP was a community-developed document, and was drafted prior to the adoption of the new subarea planning program framework in the 2016 KCCP. The SWAP process did not include comprehensive review and/or updates to the underlying Community Plan, which was not consistent with Motion 14221 or the underlying subarea planning program goals. Additionally, a variety of policy issues, such as substantive budgetary impacts, were identified during Council review of the transmitted SWAP. As a result, the SWAP was not adopted as part of the 2016 KCCP. Instead, the 2016 KCCP directed the Executive to work with the community to review the proposed SWAP and to comprehensively update the Community Plan within the context of the subarea planning program. The KCCP currently includes a March 1, 2018 deadline for transmittal of the subarea plan.<sup>24</sup> However, due to the adoption of the budget provisos that will be discussed later in the staff report, Executive work on development of the Skyway-West Hill subarea plan has not begun and, as such, the plan has not yet been transmitted.

Vashon-Maury Island Subarea Plan. In 2017, the Council reviewed and adopted the first subarea plan created under the new CSA subarea planning program: the Vashon Maury-Island CSA Subarea Plan. <sup>25</sup> Community outreach and plan development by the Executive began in early 2016. The plan was scheduled to be transmitted to the Council on March 1, 2017. However, community outreach and plan development became a 15-month long process, and the proposed subarea plan was transmitted on July 21, 2017. The transmitted plan was a robust document that included adoption of many new policies across all policy areas of the KCCP: land use; rural area and natural resource lands; housing and human services; environment; parks, open space and cultural resources; transportation; and services, facilities and utilities. An implementation matrix was also included that outlined one or more "actions" for implementation of each individual policy in the subarea plan.

Council review of the plan identified several areas of substantive policy issues in the transmittal, including inconsistency with the GMA, inconsistency with adopted KCCP policies, changes to current countywide and area-specific policy direction, potential for unanticipated County responsibilities, King County budget impacts, and service implications countywide and/or for other CSA geographies.

As called for by the King County Code and Motion 14341, the subarea plan was primarily developed and prepared by DPER. However, both the Code and Motion 14341 also required the subarea plan to be developed in coordination and collaboration with PSB. Given the GMA and KCCP consistency issues that were highlighted during Council review

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Included as Attachment J to the Executive's transmitted 2016 KCCP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> As part of the 2018 annual cycle KCCP update. 2016 KCCP, as amended, Chapter 11, pages 11-40 and 11-41.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Attachment A to Ordinance 18623.

of the proposed plan, it became apparent that the required coordination and collaboration between DPER and PSB may not have occurred as required. Similarly, review for consistency with adopted budget direction – including consideration of existing and planned programmatic work, capital plans, and projects for the subarea – also did not appear to have occurred.

As a result, a striking amendment to the transmitted plan was developed, which addressed the various policy, budget, programmatic, and services issues identified during Council review of the transmittal. The striking amendment and proposed legislation, as amended, were approved by the Transportation, Economy and Environment Committee on October 17, 2017, with final adoption occurring at the full Council on December 4, 2017. The adopted plan also included a Workplan with three action items for implementation of the subarea plan.

2017-18 King County Budget subarea planning provisos. Following Council review of the proposed 2016 SWAP and the transmitted 2017 Vashon-Maury Island CSA Subarea Plan, the Council identified the need for the County to reassess the subarea planning program, including the program's structure and schedule, the elements of subarea plans, and interdepartmental roles in the development of subarea plans. As a result, Proviso P2 of Section 5 and Proviso P3 of Section 47 of Ordinance 18602, a supplemental 2017-2018 King County Budget ordinance, were adopted in November 2017.

The two provisos restricted \$200,000 each from DPER's and PSB's budgets, and directed that no funds could be expended on subarea planning activities, unless and until the Council acts on the motion to approve the proviso response. The key elements of the subarea planning program restructure plan called for in the provisos were as follows.

- **A. Consistency.** Methods to ensure subarea plans will be consistent with existing laws, policies, and adopted budget direction.
- **B. DPER and PSB coordination.** Recommendations for coordination and collaboration between DPER and PSB's Regional Planning Unit in the development of subarea plans.
- **C. Departmental consultation.** Methods to ensure subarea plans will be developed in consultation with and with concurrence by other County departments.
- **D. Schedule.** Evaluation of potential changes to the subarea planning schedule to ensure sufficient time to complete plan development and adoption, including considering whether subarea plans should be developed and/or adopted at the same time as major KCCP updates are developed and/or adopted.

It is worth noting that the adopted 2016 KCCP stated that the County will evaluate "scheduling major [KCCP] updates in odd calendar years, in consideration of the County's biennial budget cycle." Under the current update schedule, Council consideration of the Executive's proposed 2016 KCCP update overlapped with Council consideration of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> 2016 KCCP welcome letter

Executive's proposed 2017-18 Biennial Budget. This KCCP language directs evaluation of whether future major KCCP updates should occur in the year between adoption of the biennial budget. In this context, it was anticipated that evaluation of any potential changes to the subarea planning schedule called for in the budget provisos would be assessed in conjunction with potential changes to the underlying KCCP update schedule.

The full proviso language is included here for reference.

#### Proviso P2 of Section 5, Ordinance 18602 - Performance, Strategy and Budget

Of this appropriation, \$200,000 shall not be expended or encumbered, and no funds shall be expended or encumbered on Community Service Area subarea planning except for responding to this proviso, until the executive transmits a plan to restructure the Community Service Area subarea planning program, a motion that should approve the plan, and an ordinance that implements changes recommended by the plan to the King County Comprehensive Plan and the King County Code and references the subject matter, the proviso's ordinance, ordinance section and proviso number in both the title and body of the motion and a motion approving the plan is passed by the council.

The plan shall include, but not be limited to:

- A. Methods to ensure that the subarea plans that are transmitted to the council will be consistent with:
- 1. Current state law, the Countywide Planning Policies and the King County Comprehensive Plan; and
- 2. Adopted county budget direction and appropriations, or if it will not be consistent, methods to both provide clarity where the plan would require additional appropriation to accomplish and to prioritize actions within the individual Community Service Area subarea plans, and with other county budget priorities;
- B. An evaluation of existing and recommendation for future coordination and collaboration between the department of permitting and environmental review and the office of performance, strategy and budget occurs, as required by K.C.C. 2.16.025 and 2.16.055 and Motion 14341. If changes to the King County Code are recommended to improve this coordination and collaboration, an ordinance implementing those changes shall be transmitted by the executive;
- C. Methods to ensure that other departments are consulted in the Community Service Area subarea planning process and concur with the recommended policies and implementing actions proposed in the executive-recommended subarea plans; and
- D. An evaluation of the current proposed Community Service Area subarea planning schedule in Chapter 11 of the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, including whether one year is sufficient time to complete all necessary aspects the Community Service Area subarea plans, such as: communing engagement and outreach; coordination, collaboration and consultation between King County departments; and refining recommendations

to ensure compliance with the law. The evaluation shall also include consideration of modifying the Community Service Area subarea planning schedule to eliminate a Community Service Area subarea plan being transmitted as part of, or with, a major update to the King County Comprehensive Plan. If changes to the schedule or scope of the Community Service Area subarea planning program is recommended, an ordinance that implements those changes shall be transmitted by the executive.

The executive should file the plan, motion and ordinance required by this proviso by March 1, 2018, in the form of a paper original and an electronic copy with the clerk of the council, who shall retain the original and provide an electronic copy to all councilmembers, the council chief of staff, the policy staff director and the lead staff for the transportation, economy and environment committee, or its successor.

#### Proviso P3 of Section 47, Ordinance 18602 - DPER General Public Services

Of this appropriation, \$200,000 shall not be expended or encumbered, and no funds shall be expended or encumbered on Community Service Area subarea planning except for responding to this proviso, until the executive transmits a plan to restructure the Community Service Area subarea planning program, a motion that should approve the plan, and an ordinance that implements changes recommended by the plan to the King County Comprehensive Plan and the King County Code and references the subject matter, the proviso's ordinance, ordinance section and proviso number in both the title and body of the motion and a motion approving the plan is passed by the council.

The plan shall include, but not be limited to:

- A. Methods to ensure that the subarea plans that are transmitted to the council will be consistent with:
- 1. Current state law, the Countywide Planning Policies and the King County Comprehensive Plan; and
- 2. Adopted county budget direction and appropriations, or if it will not be consistent, methods to both provide clarity where the plan would require additional appropriation to accomplish and to prioritize actions within the individual Community Service Area subarea plans, across all the Community Service Area subarea plans, and with other county budget priorities;
- B. An evaluation of existing and recommendation for future coordination and collaboration between the department of permitting and environmental review and the office of performance, strategy and budget occurs, as required by K.C.C. 2.16.025 and 2.16.055 and Motion 14341. If changes to the King County Code are recommended to improve this coordination and collaboration, an ordinance implementing those changes shall be transmitted by the executive;
- C. Methods to ensure that other departments are consulted in the Community Service Area subarea planning process and concur with the recommended policies and implementing actions proposed in the executive-recommended subarea plans; and

D. An evaluation of the current proposed Community Service Area subarea planning schedule in Chapter 11 of the 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan, including whether one year is sufficient time to complete all necessary aspects the Community Service Area subarea plans, such as: communing engagement and outreach; coordination, collaboration and consultation between King County departments; and refining recommendations to ensure compliance with the law. The evaluation shall also include consideration of modifying the Community Service Area subarea planning schedule to eliminate a Community Service Area subarea plan being transmitted as part of, or with, a major update to the King County Comprehensive Plan. If changes to the schedule or scope of the Community Service Area subarea planning program is recommended, an ordinance that implements those changes shall be transmitted by the executive.

The executive should file the plan, motion, and ordinance required by this proviso by March 1, 2018, in the form of a paper original and an electronic copy with the clerk of the council, who shall retain the original and provide an electronic copy to all councilmembers, the council chief of staff, the policy staff director and the lead staff for the transportation, economy and environment committee, or its successor.

The Council approved Motion 15142 on May 7, 2018, which approved the Executive's Plan. Proposed Ordinance 2018-0153 would implement the changes recommended by the Plan. The ordinance proposes to implement the changes recommended in the Plan via amendments to the King County Code, the 2016 KCCP in Attachment A, and the 2017 Vashon-Maury Island CSA Subarea Plan in Attachment B.

#### **ANALYSIS**

Comprehensive planning cycle. Proposed Ordinance 2018-0153 would change the current major KCCP update cycle from once every four years to once every eight years. The next major KCCP update is proposed to be adopted in 2023, rather than 2020 under the current four-year cycle. The Plan notes that the intent of this change is to: increase capacity to focus on the current interest in local subarea planning, service delivery, and plan implementation; and to align with the 2023 GMA-required comprehensive plan update deadline and other forthcoming regional planning efforts. Additionally, leading up to the 2023 update deadline, the following regional planning activities will occur:

- the Puget Sound Regional Council (PSRC) is updating its VISION 2040 plan, which includes the Multicounty Planning Policies (MPPs) and the Regional Growth Strategy, which is scheduled for adoption in May 2020;
- the Growth Management Planning Council (GMPC) will then update the Countywide Planning Policies (CPPs) and countywide growth targets in 2021 to reflect the new VISION plan; and
- the next Buildable Lands Report is due by June 2021.

These forthcoming planning activities are timed so as to inform the comprehensive plan updates for all Puget Sound jurisdictions that are due by June 2023. The County's current four-year update cycle does not directly align with the eight-year GMA cycle; King County's GMA mandated plan updates are currently adopted three years before the deadline. For example, the County adopted a major KCCP in 2012 to meet the 2015 GMA mandated update. Under the current planning cycle, the 2020 KCCP would be adopted to meet the 2023 GMA mandated update. The County could choose to adopt a major update sooner than 2023, but the KCCP would need to be updated again to reflect the three regional planning activities above - which may have staff resource and/or subarea planning schedule impacts, especially if the Council approves an 8 year cycle that does not begin in 2023.

**Midpoint updates.** The Council may wish to consider what the appropriate interval for major updates should be (such as a four-year or eight-year cycle) in the context of midpoint update options. Similar to the current structure, the transmittal proposes to continue to allow a midpoint update option, whereby substantive KCCP policy changes could be allowed outside of the regular major update schedule. This is proposed to occur at the midpoint of the eight-year cycle (i.e. Year Four of the cycle), and is similar to the existing allowance of substantive changes during a midpoint of the current four-year cycle (i.e. Year Two of the cycle).

Under both the current and proposed regulations, midpoint updates are only allowed if:

1) "the County determines that the purposes of the Comprehensive Plan are not being achieved as evidenced by official population growth forecasts, benchmarks, trends and other relevant data"; 2) this determination is authorized by motion; and 3) resources necessary to accomplish the work are available and fiscal impacts are evaluated. Consideration of UGA amendments are not allowed in either the current or the proposed midpoint option, except for Four-to-One proposals. If an eight-year major update cycle is selected, the Council may wish to consider whether should there be more flexibility in the threshold for and/or expansion of the allowed scope of midpoint updates.

Subarea planning cycle. The current subarea planning schedule requires that subarea plan development and adoption occur while development and adoption of major KCCP updates occur. The Plan proposes to not develop a subarea plan while the Executive is developing a major KCCP update. Similarly, the Plan proposes that Council would not consider adoption of a subarea plan while the Council is deliberating on adoption of a major KCCP update. The Plan notes that the intent of this proposed change is to increase staffing capacity during the development and review of each plan. The Plan states that this increased staff capacity would improve the coordination and collaboration between DPER and PSB, as called for in the Code and Motion 14341, as well as with other departments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> All jurisdictions in Snohomish, King, and Pierce Counties must update their comprehensive plans by 2023. Plan updates for jurisdictions in Kitsap County are due the following year. Other regions in the state also have their respective GMA deadlines for plan updates.

The Plan also proposes to include identified planning dates for the five largest urban unincorporated Potential Annexation Areas (PAAs) in the West King County CSA. The Skyway-West Hill PAA, North Highline PAA, and Fairwood PAA are already included in the current planning cycle. The East Renton Plateau PAA and East Federal Way PAA are proposed to be new additions to the subarea planning schedule. The North Highline PAA is also proposed to have a separate, dedicated planning period – rather than having plan development and adoption occur at the same time as the Skyway-West Hill PAA plan, as the current planning schedule calls for.

When taken together, these proposals would result in an extension of the current subarea planning schedule, as shown in the following table.

Current		Proposed			
Geography	Devel- opment	Adopt- ion	Geography	Devel- opment	Adopt- ion
Vashon-Maury Island CSA	2016-17	2017	Vashon-Maury Island CSA	2016-17	2017
Skyway-West Hill PAA +	2017-18	2018	Skyway-West Hill PAA	2018-19	2019-20
North Highline PAA	2017-10	2010	North Highline PAA	2019-20	2020-21
Snoq. Valley/NE King County CSA	2018-19	2019	Snoq. Valley/NE King County CSA	2020-21	2021-22
Major KCCP Update +			Major KCCP Update	2021-22	2022-23
Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River CSA	2019-20	2020	Greater Maple Valley/Cedar River CSA	2022-23	2023-24
Fairwood PAA	2020-21	2021	Fairwood PAA	2023-24	2024-25
Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA	2021-22	2022	Bear Creek/ Sammamish CSA	2024-25	2025-26
Southeast King County CSA	2022-23	2023	Southeast King County CSA	2025-26	2026-27
Major KCCP Update + Four Creeks/ Tiger Mountain CSA	2023-24	2024	Four Creeks/ Tiger Mountain CSA	2026-27	2027-28
- I			East Renton PAA	2027-28	2028-29
			Federal Way PAA	2028-29	2029-30

Current	Proposed		
	Major KCCP Update	2029-30	2030-31

The current structure has an **eight-year** comprehensive and subarea planning calendar – whereby, the first round of subarea plans would be completed and adopted by **2024** but would only include three of the five major PAAs. The transmittal proposes a **fourteen-year** comprehensive and subarea planning calendar – whereby, the first round of subarea plans would be completed and adopted by **2030** and would include planning for all five major PAAs. While the Executive's proposal would delay completion of the first round of planning, it does not appear that the current 2024 timeline could be achieved without significant increases in staff resources, substantive changes to the scope of the subarea planning program, and/or an increased chance that transmitted plans have similar issues to those identified during the review of the Vashon-Maury Island plan. The timing for development of subarea plans for the two remaining major PAAs beyond 2024 is also not addressed under the current calendar.

**Workplan impacts.** As a result of the new planning schedule outlined above, the Plan also proposes to make a variety of changes to existing Workplan items in the 2016 KCCP and 2017 Vashon-Maury Island CSA Subarea Plan.

For **2016 KCCP Workplan items** that contemplated potential amendments to the KCCP during the next major update in 2020,<sup>28</sup> the transmittal proposes to add general language to each, which states the Executive will work with the Council to determine whether any KCCP amendments resulting from the Workplan item are appropriate for inclusion in a KCCP update prior to the 2023 major KCCP update. Similar language is also proposed for Workplan items related to the GMPC.<sup>29</sup> The Council may wish to work with the Executive to make this determination now, where possible, and amend the Workplan timelines as part of PO 2018-0153. Adopting updated timelines now could improve clarity for the public, as well as establish clear expectations for the Council and Executive. However, it may not be possible to make this determination for some Workplan items until after the analysis called for in the Workplan is complete. Council staff would need to work with Executive staff to evaluate each item if more specificity is desired by the Council.

In the **2017 Vashon-Maury Island CSA Subarea Plan**, the County adopted VMI Workplan Action 1, which called for a review and update of current Special District Overlays (SDOs) and property-specific (P-Suffix) development conditions across the Island. The current deadline for completion of this review and transmittal of any proposed changes is December 31, 2018. The Executive proposes to change this date to June 30, 2022. The Plan notes that the intent of this change is to align subarea planning staff capacity with the new subarea planning calendar. The Plan proposes that the review by subarea planning staff called for in this Workplan item would occur during development of the 2023 major KCCP update, rather than during development of a subarea plan for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Actions 3, 4, 6, 8 and 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Actions 14, 15, and 16.

one of the other geographies. The new proposed date would delay transmittal of the Workplan response by 3 ½ years. The Council may wish to consider whether this change is consistent with the Council-adopted timelines for planning on Vashon-Maury Island.

**Timing.** Council consideration of the Proposed Ordinance will need to occur consistent with the following GMA and KCCP planning requirements and timelines, will result in additional time to review and act on the Proposed Ordinance than is needed for the Proposed Motion. The requirements are as follows:

- limitations on only amending the KCCP once per year, which means any additional 2018 KCCP amendments not related to the proposed changes outlined above will need to be considered as part of or concurrent with the Proposed Ordinance;
- allowing for "early and continuous" public engagement on the proposed changes;<sup>30</sup>
   and
- meeting various public noticing requirements.<sup>31</sup>

The current **schedule** for review of the Proposed Ordinance is included as **Attachment 4** to the staff report.<sup>32</sup> The Committee is scheduled to take action on the Proposed Ordinance at this meeting, on **September 12**<sup>th</sup>. Any Council-desired substantive changes to any element of the proposed restructure should also be considered at that time.

#### **AMENDMENTS**

A chair's striking amendment, S1, has been prepared, and is included as **Attachment 6** to the staff report. A detailed Effect Statement is included in the striking amendment, and at a high level, the substantive changes proposed in the striking amendment include:

- Establishes a two-year update option. Requires a motion to be passed with a scope of work; allows substantive policy changes; and allows urban growth area boundary changes.
- Authorizes a 2020 KCCP update. A scoping motion would be transmitted by the Executive by January 2, 2019. The Council would have until February 28, 2019 to amend/adopt the scoping motion. The 2020 update would be transmitted by September 28, 2019, and the Council would have until June 30, 2020 to adopt the 2020 KCCP update.
- Allows amendments of subarea plans as part of an annual update.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> K.C.C. 20.18.160 and RCW 36.70A.140 call for "early and continuous" public engagement in the development and amendment of the KCCP, including development or amendment of subarea plans and any implementing development regulations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Requirements include: newspaper advertising 30 days in advance of the public hearing, mailed notice to properties within 500 feet of any zoning change 30 days in advance of the public hearing, and a 30-day public comment period on the SEPA determination. The timeline would also need to include staff time needed to produce the necessary public documents in advance of the 30-day deadlines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Last updated on September 6, 2018 – subject to change

- Allows substantive amendments of KCCP Workplan items as part of an annual update.
- Requires a Public Review Draft be issued for each KCCP update, including subarea plans, prior to transmittal to the Council.
- Adds language regarding an evaluation of the subarea restructure program at some point in the future.
- Modifies several Workplan Items to update the deadlines for transmittal to Council.
- Modifies the substance of Workplan Action 1, 8, 12, 13 and 17.
- Adds new Workplan Action 14 regarding the 2020 KCCP Update.
- Adds new Workplan Action 15 regarding review of service delivery of unincorporated area services and briefings at Council committee meetings.
- Adds new Workplan Action 16 regarding Streamlining the Comprehensive Plan.

Since the September 4<sup>th</sup> PRE meeting, the following changes have been made to the chair's striking amendment:

- An allowance for unfinished items from the two-year update to be extended into the next year's annual update was **removed** from the striking amendment.
- Language was added to the requirements for the motion to initiate a two-year update to include in that motion the timelines for the Executive to develop and transmit the two-year update, and for the Council to review and approve the twoyear update.
- In Attachment A, language was **added** to the lead-in text for the Community Service Area subarea planning program to specify that a performance audit of the subarea planning program will occur during of the 2021-2022 biennium.

A title amendment is also in the packet, in **Attachment 7**. The title amendment conforms the title to the changes made in the chair's striking amendment S1.

**Attachment 5** includes a description of each element of the restructure Plan, with a comparison of the existing code, the Executive's transmittal, and the striking amendment.

**Attachment 8** includes a redline version of the chair's striker, including the Proposed Ordinance, Attachment A, and Attachment B.

#### **LINKS**

All components of the transmitted 2018 update to the 2016 KCCP, as well as additional information about the Council's review of the proposal, can be found at:

https://www.kingcounty.gov/council/CompPlan/2018compplan

The components of the proposed legislation and their attachments include:

- Proposed Ordinance 2018-0153
- Attachment A 2018 Amendments to 2016 King County Comprehensive Plan
- Attachment B Amendments to 2017 Vashon-Maury Island Community Service Area Subarea Plan

Also included are supporting documents included in the transmittal package, which do not get adopted as part of the legislation but provide useful information:

- Transmittal Letter
- Plain Language Summary
- I-207 Policy Analysis Matrix
- Regulatory Note
- Fiscal Note