



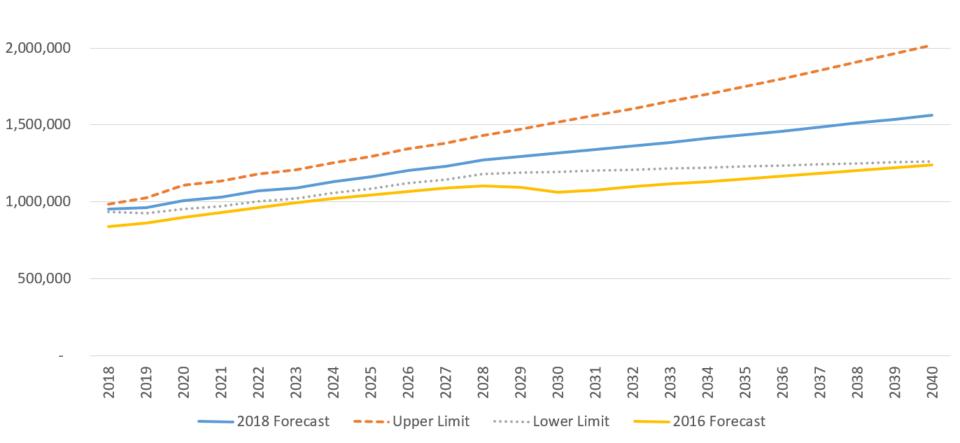
2019 Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan

Key Policy Choices



2018 Tonnage Forecast higher than 2016 Forecast

2,500,000



Cedar Hills Reaches Capacity in 2028 – What's Next?

- Build new capacity to maximize Cedar Hills' life
- Export waste via rail

King County

Solid Waste Division

• Build a Waste to Energy facility



Long Term Disposal

. We only have 10 years to implement the right solution!

Comparison of Disposal Options

COMPARATIVE	FURTHER DEVELOP	EXPORT TO OUT-OF-	WASTE-TO-ENERGY
ATTRIBUTE	CEDAR HILLS	COUNTY LANDFILL	FACILITY
Cost per Ton (2029\$)	\$41	\$55	\$136
Life Cycle Greenhouse Gas	(131,000)	(77,000)	12,000 to 80,000
Emissions (EPA's WARM Model)	MTCO2e	MTCO2e	MTCO2e
Annual Greenhouse Gas	95,000	95,000	1,200,000
Emissions (EPA's eGGRT)	MTCO2e/year	MTCO2e/year	MTCO2e/year
Recycling Rate	No change	No change	2% increase
Risks	SEPA, Permitting	Rail Capacity, Control	Siting, Sizing

Cedar Hills Is Best Choice For Now Options For Later Are Open

- Cedar Hills Advantages
 - Lowest Cost Per Ton
 - Most Favorable GHG
 - Manages Waste Locally
 - Lowest Experience Risk
 - Advisory Committee Support

• Export

- Rail Capacity Risks
- Higher Rate Impact
- Waste to Energy
 - Highest Rate Impact
 - Siting Challenges
 - Plant Sizing Risks



Will Northeast Be Only Urban Area Without Full Service Station?

- Keep Houghton "As-Is"?
- Site and build a new facility?
- Use a combination of facilities?



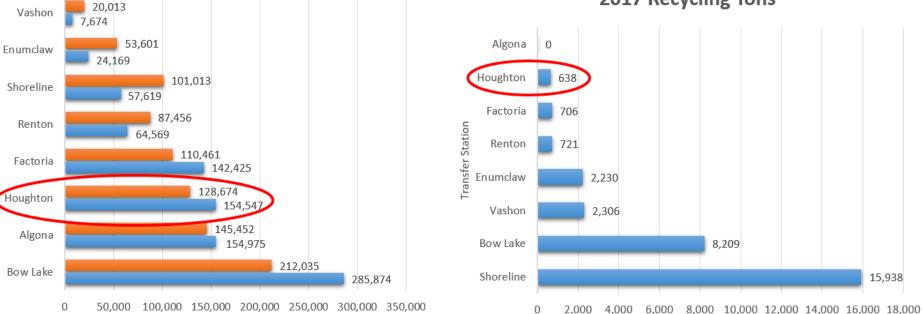


Transfer Services

Tons/Transactions vs Recycling at Stations

Houghton is Third Busiest King County Transfer Station 2017 Tons and Transactions

Houghton Collects the Least Amount of Recyclables of King County Transfer Stations that Collect Recyclables 2017 Recycling Tons



Transactions Tons

Transfer Stations

Tons

Full Service Station Costs More But Offers Greatest Flexibility and Environmental Benefits

Comparative Attribute	Houghton "As Is"	NERTS	Combo
Total cost per Ton (2029)	\$2.39	\$13.11	\$9.79
GHG Reductions from Station Recycling (2029)	(2,165 MTCO2e)	(32,098 MTCO2e)	(28,802 MTCO2e)
Which of the 6 Key Levels of Service are Supported?	 Daily Tonnage Capacity Vehicle Capacity Compaction Recycling Time On Site Emergency Storage 	 Daily Tonnage Capacity Vehicle Capacity Compaction Recycling Time On Site Emergency Storage 	 Daily Tonnage Capacity Vehicle Capacity Compaction Recycling Time On Site Emergency Storage
Recycling	• 3 Recyclable Materials	• 8+ Recyclable Materials	• 6 Recyclable Materials
Risks	 Limited Recycling Little Flexibility For The Future Host City Opposition 	 Station Siting May Take Time And Be Costly Potential Host City Opposition 	 Limited Recycling Less Future Flexibility Siting Can Take Time Potential Host City Opposition

NERTS is Best Choice for Environment, Equity & Service

- New NE Station Advantages Combo Addresses Regional Inequities Maximizes Service Offering Most Favorable GHG Most Cities Support Approach Consistent with Long Standing
 - Siting Challenges Multiplied
 - See Houghton "As-Is" Issues
 - Houghton "As-Is"
 - Minimal Recycling
 - Low Operational Efficiency

Host City Concerns

King County

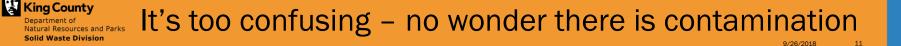
Vatural Resources and Parks

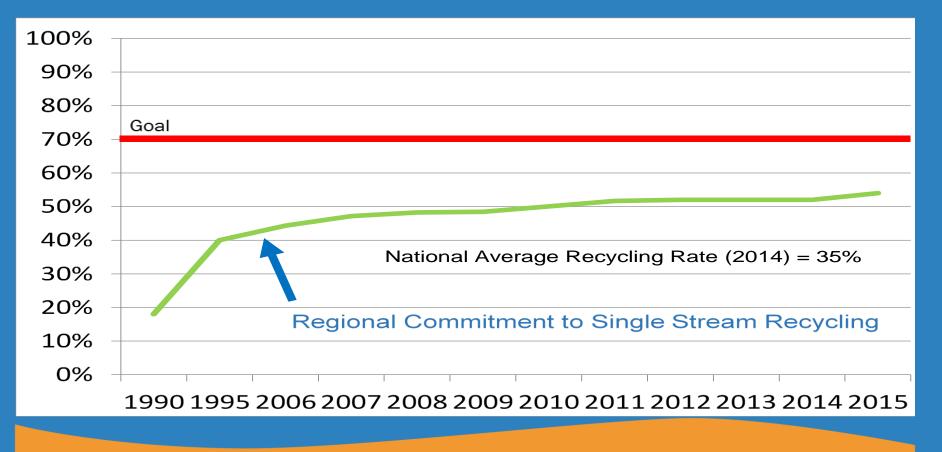
Regional Plan

NERTS is most expensive option, but <\$1/month for single family customer

Recycling Goals Remain High But Progress Has Slowed

- Plan continues strong recycling focus.
- Plan offers a menu of choices so that recycling can be tailored to city and unincorporated area needs.
- New task forces are formed in King County and across the State to pursue more unified approaches in light of China's recent import restrictions.



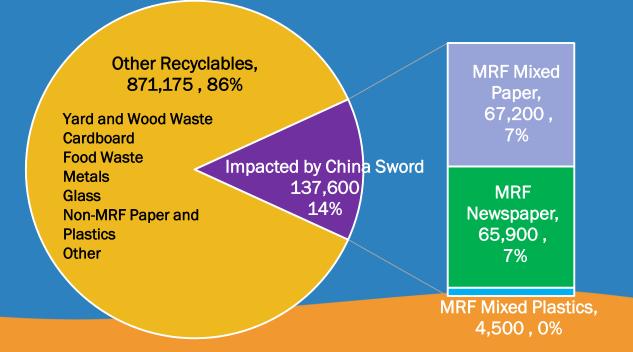


Regional Recycling Rate

King County

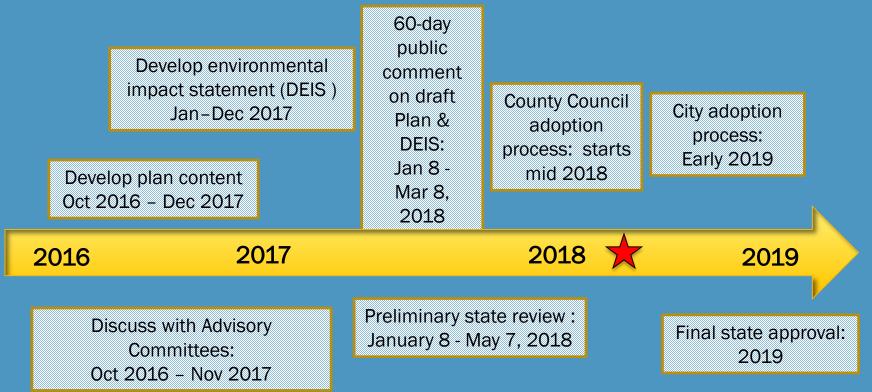
China Sword Local Impacts

China Sword Impacts ~14% of Total Recyclables (2017)





Estimated Plan Adoption Timeline





King Street Center 201 South Jackson Street, Suite 701 Seattle, WA 98104-3855 206-477-4466 711 TTY Relay your.kingcounty.gov/solidwaste

