King County

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

June 4, 2013

Motion 13906

	Proposed No. 2013-0178.1 Sponsors Dembowski and Phillips
1	A MOTION relating to the King County Metro Strategic
2	Plan for Public Transportation 2011-2021 and King County
3	Metro Service Guidelines and accepting the King County
4	Metro Transit 2012 Service Guidelines Report.
5	WHEREAS, the council adopted the King County Metro Strategic Plan for Public
6	Transportation 2011-2021 (Strategic Plan) and the King County Metro Service
7	Guidelines (Service Guidelines) in July 2011, and
8	WHEREAS, the Strategic Plan and Service Guidelines were to follow the
9	recommendations of the regional transit task force regarding the policy framework for the
10	Metro transit system, and
11	WHEREAS, the regional transit task force recommended that the Strategic Plan
12	and Service Guidelines focus on transparency and clarity, cost control, and productivity,
13	and
14	WHEREAS, the regional transit task force further recommended that the policy
15	guidance for making service reductions and service growth decisions be based on the
16	following three priorities:
17	1. Emphasize productivity due to its linkage to economic development, land use,
18	financial stability, and environmental sustainability;
19	2. Ensure social equity; and

20	3. Provide geographic value throughout the county, and
21	WHEREAS, Ordinance 17143, Section 5, adopting the Strategic Plan and Service
22	Guidelines directs that an annual service guidelines report of Metro's transit system,
23	beginning with a baseline report in 2012, be transmitted by the executive to the council
24	for acceptance by motion, and
25	WHEREAS, Ordinance 17143, Section 5.B, specifies that the annual service
26	guidelines report also be transmitted by March 31 of each year to the regional transit
27	committee for consideration, and
28	WHEREAS, Ordinance 17143, Section 5.A, specifies that the annual service
29	guidelines report include:
30	1. The corridors analyzed to determine the Metro All-Day and Peak Network
31	with a summary of resulting scores and assigned service levels as determined by the
32	Service Guidelines;
33	2. The results of the analysis including a list of over-served and under-served
34	transit corridors and the estimated number of service hours, as either an increase or
35	decrease, necessary to meet each underserved corridor's needs;
36	3. The performance of transit services by route and any changes in the Service
37	Guidelines thresholds since the previous reporting period, using the performance
38	measures identified in Chapter III of the Strategic Plan and in the Service Guidelines;
39	4. A list of transit service changes made to routes and corridors of the network
40	since the last reporting period;
41	5. Network and rider connectivity associated with transit services delivered by
42	other providers; and

43	6. A list of potential changes, if any, to the Strategic Plan and Service Guidelines
44	to better meet their policy intent, and
45	WHEREAS, King County Metro staff has compiled the required information and
46	the executive has transmitted the baseline service guidelines report set forth as
17	Attachment A to this motion to the council and to the regional transit committee;
18	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County:

The King County Council hereby accepts the attached King County Metro Transit

50 2012 Service Guidelines Report.

51

Motion 13906 was introduced on 4/1/2013 and passed by the Metropolitan King County Council on 6/3/2013, by the following vote:

Yes: 9 - Mr. Phillips, Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. Gossett, Ms. Hague, Ms. Patterson, Ms. Lambert, Mr. Dunn, Mr. McDermott and Mr.

Dembowski

No: 0 Excused: 0

> KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Larry Gossett, Chair

ATTEST:

Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

Attachments: A. King County Metro Transit 2012 Service Guidelines Report







King County METRO

We'll Get You There

King County Metro Transit 2012 Service Guidelines Report

March 2013

This page intentionally left blank.

King County Metro Transit 2012 Service Guidelines Report

March 2013



We'll Get You There

Department of Transportation
Metro Transit Division
King Street Center, KSC-TR-0415
201 S. Jackson St
Seattle, WA 98104
206-553-3000 TTY Relay: 711
www.kingcounty.gov/metro

Alternative Formats Available 206-263-5277 TTY Relay: 711

13020/DOT/comm ← 1202M €

Contents

EXECUTIV	E SUMMARY	
INTRODU	CTION	4
SECTION	1. ROUTE AND CORRIDOR ANALYSIS	6
SECTION 2	2. SERVICE INVESTMENT PRIORITIES	20
SECTION 3	3. SERVICE REDUCTION PRIORITIES	33
SECTION 4	4. GUIDELINES AT WORK	39
SECTION 5	5. USING THE GUIDELINES TO FACE A MAJOR FUNDING SHORTFALL	43
SECTION 6	5. POTENTIAL CHANGES	64
FIGURES		
Fig. 1	Metro Service Guidelines Process	Е
Fig. 2	All-Day Network	
Fig. 3	How to Read the Combined Route Performance and Network Assessment Tables	
Fig. 4	Routes Needing Investment to Reduce Passenger Crowding	
Fig. 5	Routes Needing Investment to Improve Schedule Reliability	
Fig. 6	2012 Corridors Below Target Service Levels Map	
Fig. 7	What Does the Performance of My Route Mean?	
Fig.8	Potential Metro Service Reductions—Up to 600,000 Annual Service Hours	
Fig. 9	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: Northwest Seattle/North King County	
Fig. 10	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: Northeast Seattle/North King County	
Fig. 11	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: Southwest Seattle/South King County 5	
Fig. 12	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: Central and Southeast Seattle/South King County	
Fig. 13	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: East King County–North	
Fig. 14	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: East King County—South	
Fig. 15	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: Southwest King County	
Fig. 16	Illustration of Possible Service Reductions: Southeast King County	
	J , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-

Table 1 Table 2	2012 Route Performance Thresholds
Table 2	2012 Route Ferrormance Tillesholds
lable 2	Target Service Levels
Table 3	Number of All-Day Corridors by Service Levels
Table 4	Number of Peak Period Routes Analyzed
Table 5	Corridors Served Primarily by Sound Transit
Table 6	Spring 2012 Route and Corridor Performance
Table 7	2012 Investment Needs
Table 8	Routes Needing Investment to Reduce Passenger Crowding
Table 9	Routes Needing Investment to Improve Schedule Reliability
Table 10	2012 Corridors Below Target Service Levels and Estimated Hours to
	Meet Service Level Targets, Ordered by Investment Priority
Table 11	2011 Corridors Below Target Service Levels that are No Longer
	Targeted for Investment
Table 12	2012 Routes in Top 25% on Both Measures in All Time Periods Served
Table 13	2012 Routes in Top 25% on Both Measures in at Least One Time
	Period Served
Table 14	Estimate of Current Metro Service in High and Medium Potential Reduction Risk Categories
Table 15	Routes Below One or More Productivity Thresholds at High Potential for Major Reduction
Table 16	Routes Below One or More Productivity Thresholds at Medium Potential for Major Reduction
Table 17	Routes Potentially Affected in a Reduction of Up to 600,000 Service Hours
APPENDIC	ES
Appendix A:	Map of Low-Income and Minority Tracts
Appendix B:	Map of Activity Centers
Appendix C:	Route Productivity Data
Appendix D:	Routes with Overcrowding
Appendix E:	Routes with Poor Reliability
Appendix F:	Peak Route Analysis Results
Appendix G:	2012 Corridor Changes
Appendix H:	Corridors that Changed Target Service Level from 2011 to 2012
Appendix I:	2012 Service Changes
Appendix J:	Information Sources
* *	A-23
Appendix K:	Corridor Analysis Tables
Appendix K:	Corridor Analysis Tables
Appendix B: Appendix C: Appendix D: Appendix E: Appendix F: Appendix G: Appendix H: Appendix I:	Map of Low-Income and Minority TractsA-2Map of Activity CentersA-3Route Productivity DataA-4Routes with OvercrowdingA-10Routes with Poor ReliabilityA-11Peak Route Analysis ResultsA-142012 Corridor ChangesA-17Corridors that Changed Target Service Level from 2011 to 2012A-182012 Service ChangesA-19Information SourcesA-23

This page intentionally left blank.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Metro Transit uses service guidelines to plan and manage our transit system and to enable the public to see the basis of our proposals to expand, reduce or revise service. We developed the guidelines in response to a recommendation of the 2010 Regional Transit Task Force, and included them in the Strategic Plan for Public Transportation, which was adopted by King County in 2011. This 2012 Service Guidelines Report was prepared to comply with Section 5 of King County Ordinance 17143, which adopted the guidelines.

The service guidelines strike a balance between productivity, social equity and geographic value. They help us use tax and fare dollars as effectively as possible to provide high-quality service that gets people where they want to go (productivity). They help us make sure



The Service Guidelines define a transparent process using objective data that helps Metro make decisions about adding, reducing and changing transit service to deliver productive, high quality service where it's needed most.

Metro serves areas that have many low-income and minority residents and others who may depend on transit (social equity), and that we respond to public transportation needs throughout the county (geographic value).

This report presents our analysis of Metro's 2012 All-Day and Peak Network, which sets target service levels for the 113 corridors in the network and identifies where service investments are needed. It also presents our analysis of 233 Metro bus routes, identifying routes that are not meeting the performance levels in the service guidelines. While this report does not recommend specific service changes or actions, it identifies areas needing investment as well as services that might be changed or reduced. These findings will be particularly important as a system reduction of up to 17 percent may be necessary because of a projected revenue shortfall.

Investment Needs

The following is a summary of our major findings:

2012 Investment Needs (Based on Spring 2012 Data)

Priority	Investment Area	Estimated Annual Hours Needed
1	Reduce passenger crowding	5,500
2	Improve schedule reliability	19,000
3	Increase service to meet target service levels in All-Day and Peak Network	309,800
	Total investment need	334,300
4	Increase service on high-productivity routes	See discussion on next page

Changes in Investment Needs Since 2011

The total investment need of 334,300 annual service hours is a decline from the 400,000-hour need found in the 2011 analysis. This decline is primarily the result of investments Metro made to reduce passenger crowding, improve schedule reliability, and increase service on corridors that did not meet their target levels. Estimated investment needs also change over time because of changes in land use, ridership, and traffic congestion. This need does not fully reflect changes made after spring 2012. Those changes will be reflected in the guidelines report for spring 2013.

Service quality needs. Six routes need investment to reduce passenger crowding and 55 routes need investment to improve schedule reliability. These routes need investments that are likely to be relatively small, such as an added trip at a particular time of day or a few additional minutes of running time. We determined a total investment need of 24,500 annual service hours to correct the service quality problems. Ridership is increasing, so crowding data from spring 2012 may not reflect current conditions.

Service to meet target service levels in the All-Day and Peak Network. Forty-three corridors need investment to reach target service levels. Meeting target levels typically requires the addition of many trips in a time period or multiple time periods of the day, or complete revision of the schedules of routes serving an area. We determined a total investment need of approximately 309,800 annual service hours to meet target service levels.

High-productivity routes. Ninety routes were in the top 25 percent on one or both productivity measures in 2012. Some of these high-productivity routes are identified for service investments based on service quality needs or are on corridors below target service levels. We plan to invest in high-productivity routes beyond those with needs identified in the first three priorities to focus resources and service in areas where there is latent demand for transit and where service investments will result in higher ridership.

Metro must carry many more riders and almost double the current level of bus service by 2040 to meet the goals in the region's transportation plan. Investing in high-productivity routes is one way we move towards a system that is more productive, carries more riders, and uses resources effectively to serve more people. Metro has made successful investments in high-productivity routes in recent years. We will continue to invest in these routes incrementally as opportunities allow, such as when we restructure service or partner with local jurisdictions. Even larger investments and new resources to grow the system will be required to fully reach the region's goals.

Reduction priorities

The service guidelines suggest priorities for reducing service that consider a route's productivity and its role in meeting the target services levels of the All-Day and Peak Network. These elements help us ensure a network of services that balances productivity, social equity and geographic value. Low productivity is one of the first things considered when services must be reduced, but not all routes with low productivity are priorities for service reductions. Routes that are duplicative and on corridors that are above their target service levels are described as having a high potential for major reduction. Routes that operate below the productivity threshold but help achieve target service levels on the All-Day and Peak Network are described as having a medium potential for major reduction.

While it is not a goal to reduce anyone's transit service, Metro may at times have to reduce service to meet budget needs or reinvestment priorities. When reductions are necessary, services with a high potential for major reduction are considered first, followed by services with a medium potential for reduction. These services do not meet performance standards and are relatively less critical connections on the All-Day and Peak Network.

Any major change to service would be designed to maintain the greatest degree of public mobility and would be subject to policies guiding County Council review and public involvement. Changes could include deletions, reductions and restructures. An estimate of hours that might be reduced from these services in the current system is shown in the table below.

Estimate of Hours that could be Reduced from Services with High and Medium Reduction Potential

	Percent of Total System	Estimated Annual Hours	
High potential for major reduction	3% - 5%	100,000 - 170,000	
Medium potential for major reduction	4% - 6%	130,000 - 200,000	

The guidelines at work: 2012 service changes

Metro used the guidelines analysis to make service revisions in June and September 2012. The revisions were prompted by the planned start of two RapidRide lines and County Council direction to reinvest at least 100,000 annual service hours. In June, we reduced or deleted a number of routes that had low productivity and added service to routes that had crowding or reliability problems. In September, we completed a major service restructure that implemented the RapidRide C and D lines, added frequent all-day service between key centers, increased service to meet target levels, reduced duplicative services, revised and reduced services that had low productivity, and reallocated service hours to improve service quality on several routes. We made these changes with the expectation of attracting more riders, improving productivity, connecting major centers within Seattle and in nearby communities, and advancing social equity by serving people who depend on transit.

Using the guidelines to face a major funding shortfall

Metro is using the guidelines to face one of our biggest potential financial challenges ever. After mid-2014, Metro revenues are projected to fall short of the amount needed to maintain the current level of service. This report includes an illustrative example of a 17-percent (up to 600,000 annual service hours) service reduction that follows the reduction priorities outlined in the service guidelines. These priorities were designed to maintain a balance between productivity, geographic value, and social equity.

The illustration shows that in a major system reduction, Metro could delete, reduce, or revise as many as 70 percent of our existing bus routes, affecting people throughout King County. Even routes that are not low-productivity would be affected by reductions of this magnitude. Many people who currently use transit would have longer, less convenient transit trips or would lose access to service completely. Increased traffic congestion would affect many people, regardless of how they travel today.

Current budget outlook. Metro's ability to make the needed investments in the transit system depends on future funding. Metro and the King County Council have taken numerous actions since 2008 to manage a severe revenue shortfall and preserve as much service as possible, but use of reserve funds and revenue from the temporary congestion reduction charge will no longer be available after mid-2014. As a result, Metro faces an ongoing annual shortfall of \$75 million. Metro's 2013-2014 budget assumes that Metro will cut service beginning in fall 2014 unless a new source of funding is approved.

Metro at a Glance (2012)

Service area Population

2,134 square miles 1.96 million

Employment 1.2 million

Fixed-route ridership 115.4 million* Vanpool ridership: 3.4 million* Access ridership:

* preliminary estimates

1.1 million*

Annual service hours

3.5 million 1,396 buses over 8,000

Active fleet Bus stops

131

Park-and-rides



INTRODUCTION

This is the second annual service guidelines report. It presents the results of our analysis of the Metro system using the service guidelines and identifies services that are candidates for investment, change, or reduction. It serves as a snapshot of Metro service in one fourmonth service change period, and allows us to compare service in that same period each year to identify trends and areas needing improvement.



A redesigned report

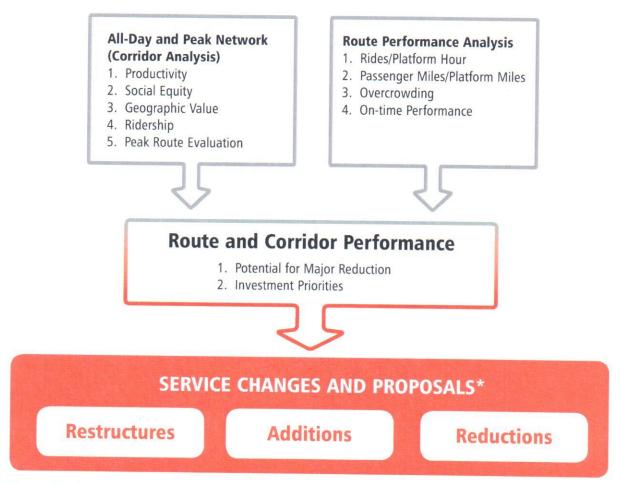
Based on feedback we received from readers last year, we redesigned this year's report to better explain how we use the guidelines to analyze the transit system and how we use the results.

Our intent is to give readers clear answers to the following questions:

- How is my route doing? Section 1 presents the results of our route performance analysis as well
 as our analysis of corridors to determine if target service levels were being met.
- Where are service investments most needed or most likely to occur? Section 2 identifies specific investment priorities based on service quality needs, target service levels, and route productivity.
- What routes have the highest potential for major reductions or elimination? Section 3 identifies which routes have the highest potential for major reductions based on the combined route and All-Day and Peak Network analysis.
- How is Metro using the guidelines? Section 4 describes how we put the guidelines to work as we made major service changes in 2012.
- How would Metro use the guidelines to face a major funding shortfall? Section 5 describes how we would use the guidelines to reduce service, and includes an illustration of how individual routes would be affected and the impacts of major service reductions.

Figure 1 summarizes the service guidelines process that we followed in preparing this report. To read the complete service guidelines, visit http://metro.kingcounty.gov/planning and select the "Service Guidelines" tab.

FIGURE 1 Metro Service Guidelines Process



^{*}Service Design Principles guide changes to the system and are considered when planning for service changes.

SECTION 1

ROUTE AND CORRIDOR ANALYSIS

When Metro plans changes to our transit system, we analyze both the performance of routes (productivity and service quality) and the service those routes provide on the All-Day and Peak Network. The guidelines we use for this analysis are summarized below.

The tables that follow the analysis summary present the information we gathered about both route performance and the level of service on corridors, as well as the resulting potential for major reduction and investment priority for routes.



Route performance analysis

We assess each route's performance by measuring its productivity and service quality.

- 1) Productivity. We calculate productivity using two measures:
 - Rides per platform hour total ridership divided by the total hours a bus travels from the time it leaves its base until it returns.
 - Passenger miles per platform mile total miles traveled by all passengers divided by the total miles
 the bus operates from its base until it returns.

We analyze productivity in peak, off-peak, and night periods in the market the route serves:

- Seattle core routes serve downtown Seattle, First Hill, Capitol Hill, South Lake Union, the University District, or Uptown.
- Non-Seattle-core routes serve other areas of Seattle and King County.

What are corridors and routes?

This section discusses both corridors and routes. It is important to understand these terms.

Corridors are major transit pathways that connect regional growth, manufacturing/industrial, and activity centers; park-and-rides and transit hubs; and major destinations throughout King County. The service guidelines evaluate and set target service levels for the All-Day and Peak Network, which consists of 113 major all-day transit corridors and all peak-period routes in King County. The term "target service levels" refers to the level of service on a corridor of the All-Day and Peak Network. The term "corridor analysis" refers to the analysis of 113 major all-day transit corridors.

Routes are the actual services provided. Service within a single corridor might be provided by multiple bus routes. For example, the corridor from Fremont to downtown Seattle via Dexter Avenue North is served by two different bus routes, 26 and 28, and both of these routes extend beyond Fremont. The service guidelines evaluate bus route productivity and service quality.

Some routes also cover multiple corridors. For example, the Route 271 serves three distinct travel markets: Issaquah-Eastgate, Eastgate-Bellevue, and Bellevue-University District. Metro identified each of these segments as a separate corridor to enable analysis of the different travel markets served by a single route.

Low-productivity routes are those in the bottom 25 percent of routes that operate in the same time period and market. High-productivity routes are those in the top 25 percent. The performance thresholds for 2012 are shown in the table below.

TABLE 1
2012 Route Performance Thresholds

		Peak		Off Peak		Night	
Market	Performance	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile
Routes that do not serve Seattle Core	Bottom 25%	12.0	2.2	10.1	1.9	9.3	2.0
Routes that serve Seattle Core	Bottom 25%	22.8	9.8	30.6	9.9	19.1	5.8

- 2) Service quality. We assess route overcrowding and reliability.
 - Overcrowding is defined as a trip that on average has 25 to 50 percent more riders than seats depending on service frequency; or people standing for longer than 20 minutes.
 - Reliability is measured by how often trips are late—arriving at any time point more than five minutes behind schedule. A route has low reliability if it is late more than 20 percent of the time on an average weekday or weekend, or more than 35 percent of the time in the weekday PM peak period.

All-Day and Peak Network analysis

1) Peak analysis

This analysis compares both rides per trip and travel time on peak period routes to those on the local alternative. A peak route may be justified if it exceeds the guidelines thresholds for either of these measures, and a peak period route that exceeds the thresholds on both measures provides even more value. The results of the peak analysis are in Appendix F.

2) Corridor analysis

Each corridor in the All-Day and Peak Network is assigned target service levels based on land use (potential productivity), social equity, and geographic value. Table 2 shows the target service levels. The All-Day and Peak Network analysis compares the target service levels to existing service to determine whether a corridor is below, at, or above the target levels. The steps of the corridor analysis as well as the results are in Appendix K.

TABLE 2
Target Service Levels

Service	Frequ	Days of				
family	Peak ¹ Off-peak		Night	service	Hours of service	
Very frequent	15 or better	15 or better	30 or better	7 days	16-20 hours	
Frequent	15 or better	30	30	7 days	16-20 hours	
Local	30	30 - 60	*	5-7 days	12-16 hours	
Hourly	60 or worse	60 or worse		5 days	8-12 hours	
Peak	8 trips/day minimum	2		5 days	Peak	

¹ Peak periods are 5-9 a.m. and 3-7 p.m. weekdays; off-peak are 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. weekdays and 5 a.m. to 7 p.m. weekends; night is 7 p.m. to 5 a.m. all days.

Night service on local corridors is determined by ridership and connections.

Our analysis concluded that in 2012, more corridors were targeted for very frequent and hourly service and fewer corridors were targeted for frequent and local service than in 2011.

TABLE 3
Number of All-Day Corridors by Service Levels

Service Level	2011	2012	Change	
Very Frequent	35	37	+ 2	
Frequent	28	26	- 2	
Local	35	31	- 4	
Hourly	15	19	+ 4	

TABLE 4 Number of Peak Period Routes Analyzed

Service Level	2011	2012	Change
Peak	93	92	-1

Among corridors with different all-day target service levels, 11 moved to a more frequent service level, and 10 moved to a less frequent level. These shifts were the result of changes in any of the following: ridership, the percentage of people boarding in low-income or minority areas, or the number of jobs near a corridor. In three instances, corrections of errors in last year's analysis resulted in a change in the target service level. A list of all corridors with different target service levels and the reasons for the change is in Appendix H.

These shifts in target service levels show how the guidelines are sensitive to changes in the community. The target service levels are directly impacted by changes in the use of bus service by people living and working in local communities and in the environment that local jurisdictions help create through policy and planning actions.

The complete network: integration with Sound Transit

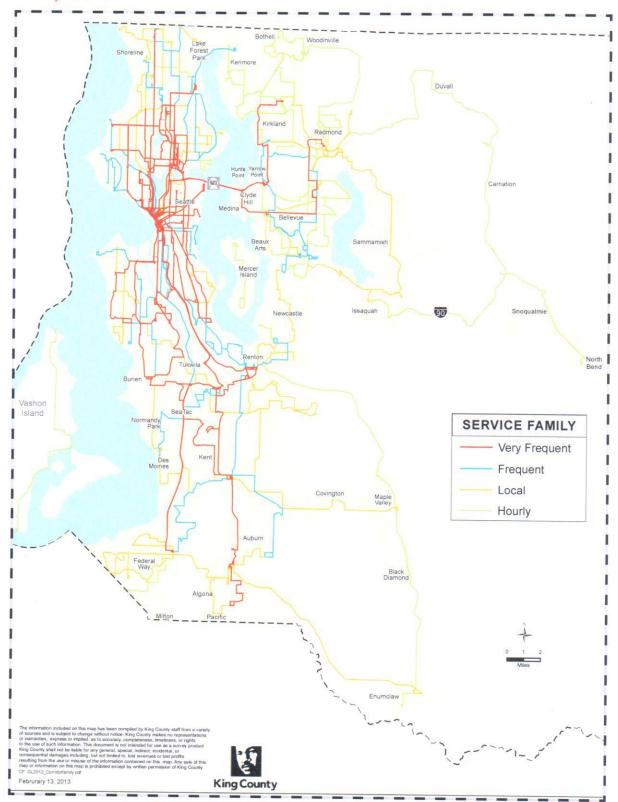
The 113 corridors in Metro's All-Day Network do not include corridors where Sound Transit is the primary provider of all-day service. Key corridors in King County where Sound Transit is the primary provider of two-way, all-day transit service are listed in the table below. Metro operates service in many of these corridors, but these are mainly peak services that complement Sound Transit's all-day service.

TABLE 5: Corridors Served Primarily by Sound Transit

Between	And	Via	Major Route
Woodinville	Downtown Seattle	Bothell, Kenmore, Lake Forest Park, Lake City	522
UW Bothell	Bellevue	Totem Lake	535
Redmond	Downtown Seattle	Overlake	545
Bellevue	Downtown Seattle	Mercer Island	550
Issaquah	Downtown Seattle	Eastgate, Mercer Island	554
Burien	Bellevue	SeaTac, Renton	560
Auburn	Overlake	Kent, Renton, Bellevue	566
SeaTac	Federal Way	1-5	574
Federal Way	Downtown Seattle	1-5	577/578
SeaTac	Downtown Seattle	Rainier Valley	Link light rail

As Link service expands, Sound Transit will become the primary provider in additional corridors such as the Northgate-to-downtown Seattle corridor. As services are introduced and modified, Metro and Sound Transit will make adjustments to the network.

FIG. 2 All-Day Network



Combined analysis: potential for major reduction and investment priority

Figure 3 explains how Metro uses the combined corridor and route analysis to determine the potential for major reduction and the investment priority. Potential major reduction is characterized as high, medium, and low.

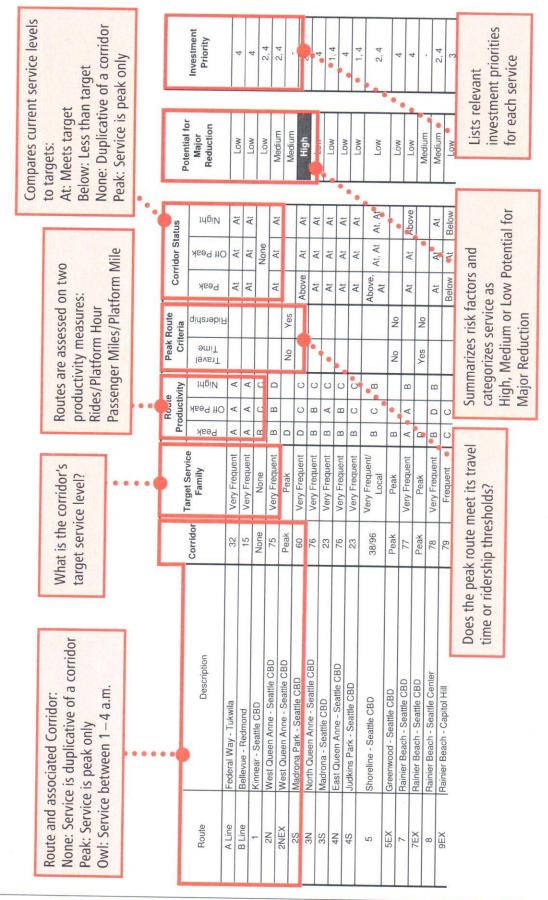
Routes that have low productivity and contribute the least to the total transit network have a relatively high potential for major reduction. We examine those routes first when we take action to improve productivity, meet budget realities, or reinvest existing services to meet our investment priorities.

Investment priorities are listed in the guidelines:

- 1. Overcrowding
- 2. Reliability
- 3. Corridors below target service levels
- 4. High productivity routes

Tables showing the actual results of our analysis follow Figure 3.

How to Read the Combined Route Performance and Network Assessment Tables



ί,	2)	
	1	j	
		J	
	Y	2	
¢	q	Ę	
ŀ	•		

Spring 2012 Route and Corridor Performance

		T	Target Cornigo		Productivity	ductivity	Crit	Criteria	S	Corridor Status	tatus	Potential for	
Route	Description	Corridor	Family	Реак	Off Peak	14giN	Travel	qidership	Реак	Off Peak	14giN	Major	Investment
A Line	Federal Way - Tukwila	32	Very Frequent	<	A	A		H	At	Þ Þ	Δt	mo	,
B Line	Bellevue - Redmond	15	Very Frequent	A	V	A			At	At	A	Low Low	7
-	Kinnear - Seattle CBD	None	None	B	O	O				None		, mo	1 0
2N	West Queen Anne - Seattle CBD	75	Very Frequent	8	8	0			At	A+	44	Madilia	4, 4
2NEX	West Queen Anne - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			No	Voc	T.	č	ī	Medium	2, 4
25	Madrona Park - Seattle CBD	09	Very Frequent		C	C		90	About		14	Medium	
3N	North Queen Anne - Seattle CBD	92	Very Frequent	a	0 0) (ADOVE		AI .	High	2, 4
38	Madrona - Seattle CBD	23	Very Fraguent	0 0	0 <	0			N V	AI	A	Low	4
4N	East Queen Anne - Seattle CBD	76	Very Frequent	0 0	2 0	0			At	AI	At	Low	1,4
48	Judkins Park - Seattle CBD	23	Very Frequent	0 00	0) (At At	At At	At	Low	4
2	Shoreline - Seattle CBD	38/96	Very Frequent/ Local	В	O	8			Above,	At, At	At, At	Low	2,4
5EX	Greenwood - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	В			No	No				Low	
7	Rainier Beach - Seattle CBD	77	Very Frequent	A	A	B			At	At	Ahove	LOW	4
7EX	Rainier Beach - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	٥			Yes	No		101	2000	Medium	4
80	Rainier Beach - Seattle Center	78	Very Frequent	В	0	В			At	Δţ	Δt	Modium	
9EX	Rainier Beach - Capitol Hill	79	Frequent	O	0				Below	At	Rolow	Medium	2, 4
10	Capitol Hill - Seattle CBD	21	Very Frequent	O	V	O			At	Relow	Δ+	- COW	2
=	Madison Park - Seattle CBD	59	Very Frequent	0	0	0			At	Below	Below	Madium	3,4
12	Interlaken Park - Seattle CBD	22	Very Frequent	В	O	0			At	At	At	Modium	7, 0, 4
13	Seattle Pacific University - Seattle CBD	75	Very Frequent	8	В	O			At	At	Δt	1000	1
14N	Summit - Seattle CBD	None	None	8	O	O				None		1000	+
14S	Mount Baker - Seattle CBD	64	Frequent	O	O	0	T		Below	At	At	Modium	4 (
15	Blue Ridge - Seattle CBD	10	Very Frequent	A	m	æ			At	At	At	inicolni.	,
15EX	Blue Ridge - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	A		T	oN.	Yes				Low	4 -
16	Northgate - Seattle CBD via Wallingford	69	Very Frequent	O	O	0		2	Relow	Rolow	44	LOW	4 0
17	Sunset Hill - Seattle CBD	12	Frequent	O	O	0			At	At	Δ+	Modium	1, 2, 3
17EX	Sunset Hill - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	Yes				- OW	
18	North Beach - Seattle CBD	10	Very Frequent	В	O	A			At	At	Δ	TOWN	V
18EX	North Beach - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	8		H	No	Yes				Low	4 .
19	West Magnolia - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			Yes	S			T	Modium	7, 4
21	Arbor Heights - Seattle CBD	39	Local	0	ш	0			Δ+	Ą	÷	Medium	, (
21EX	Arbor Heights - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	C	-		N	No	11/	č	Z	Medium	N
LEGEND				otent	al for	Major	Potential for Major Reduction					LOW LOW	·
	Productivity	1	Any light shaded field is a risk factor	eld is a	risk fa	ctor	-	5				1 Overcrowding	Tormes
A	Top 25% in both measures	7	Service in the hottom 25% of one or both productivity moscular AND Land	m 25°	of one	or hot	h produ	ativita m		ANIDE		Bulling C	
8	Top 25% in one measure	High	or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	ridor s	atus O	R peak	routes	cilvity in	easures ting peal	AND na criteria	s none	Corridors below target service level	let service level
O	Between top and bottom 25% both measures		Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its	m 25%	of one	or bot	h produ	ctivity m	Pacilipe	ANDat	it.	4 High Productivity Boutes	anthon.
0	Bottom 25% one measure	Medium	corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	seak s	ervices	meetin	ig peak	criteria	casalca	la Caro	2	on givinonou i igii i	Salas
L													

Poute White Center - Seattle CBD via Gatewood White Center - Seattle CBD via Gatewood White Center - Seattle CBD via SODO Laurelhurst - Seattle CBD via SODO Laurelhurst - Seattle CBD Beach Wallingford - Seattle CBD Colman Park - Seattle CBD See Wallingford - Seattle CBD Sand Point - U District Magnolia - U District Magnolia - U District Magnolia - U District Magnolia - U District Alax Rainier Beach - Seattle CBD Seattle CBD - Harbor Island Alax Rainier Beach - Seattle CBD via Alki Beacon Hill - Mt Baker Alaska Junction - Seattle CBD via Seward Park Alaska Junction - Seattle CBD via Seward Park Alaska Junction - Seattle CBD via Northgate Alax Columbia City - Ploneer Square Columbia City - Ploneer Square	None 113 113 61 58/107 34 24 Peak 34/36 Peak 35/92 35 26 Peak Peak	Ho Ho Very	O m m O D m O D G G N	Off Peak	thei		d				Potential for	Introd
		None Frequent Frequent Hourly/Local Very Frequent Frequent Local Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent		00		Trave	idershi	Реак	Off Peak	thgiN	Major Reduction	Priority
	113 61 58/107 34 24 Peak 34/36 Peak 35/92 26 Peak	Frequent Frequent Hourly/Local Very Frequent Frequent Local Peak Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent	8 0 0 8 8 0	0			4		None		Figh	
	58/107 34/36 Peak 34/36 Peak 35/92 35/92 26 Peak	Frequent Hourly/Local Very Frequent Peak Frequent Local Peak Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent	0 8 8 0	2	Ш			Below	At	At	Medium	
	58/107 34 24 34/36 Peak 35/92 35/92 26 Peak	Hourly/Local Very Frequent Peak Frequent Local Peak Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent Peak	0 8 8 0	В	В			At	At	At	Medium	2, 6
	34.36 24 34.36 Peak 35.92 35.92 26 Peak	Very Frequent Peak Frequent Very Frequent Local Peak Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Frequent	880	ш				At,	At,	At, At	High	
	Peak 24 34/36 Peak 35/92 35/92 26 Peak Peak Peak	Peak Frequent Very Frequent Local Peak Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Peak	0 8	C	C		T		ADOVE	14		
	24.36 34.36 Peak 35.92 35.92 26 Peak	Frequent Very Frequent/ Local Peak Very Frequent Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Peak	۵			S.	N	ĭ	ž	AL	Low	2, 4
	34/36 Peak 35/92 35/92 35 26 Peak	Very Frequent/ Local Peak Very Frequent/ Local Very Frequent Frequent Frequent Peak		٥	Ш			Below	At	At	Medium	2 3
	35/92 35/92 35 26 Peak	Peak Very Frequent/ Local Very Frequent Frequent Peak	В	O	O			_	At, Below	At, At	Low	2, 4
	35/92 35 26 26 Peak Peak	Very Frequent/ Local Very Frequent Frequent Peak	В			No	Yes				MO	
	35 26 Peak	Very Frequent Frequent Peak	O	ш	a			At, At	At, At	At, At	Medium	2
	26 Peak	Frequent Peak	0	ш				At	At	A	Medium	
	Peak	Peak	В	0	ш			3	Below	Below	MO	0
	Peak		0			No	No				High	0,1
		Peak	Ш				Yes				Medium	
	13	Very Frequent	A	A	O			At	At	At	wol	2 4
	Peak	Peak	ш			Yes	Yes				Medium	,,
	None	None		٥					None		High	2 0
		Local	Q	Ш	Ш			At	Below	Above	High	1 6
	52	Very Frequent	A	A	A			3		At	WO	0 0
		None		ш		-			None		High	5
	None	None	A	O	A				None		Mo	4
	=	Very Frequent	A	В	В			At	Below	At	Low	-
	Peak	Peak	٥			Yes	No				Medium	
40 Shilshole - U District	Peak	Peak	٥	Ш		No	Yes				Medium	
	80	Very Frequent	0	0	0		T T	Above	At	Above	High	0
	Peak	Peak	٥			No	Yes				Medium	
Mount Baker - U District		Very Frequent	В	В	B			At	At	At	WO	2 4
	dway 105	Very Frequent	A	A	A			At	At	At	WO	1 0
	None	None	٥	0					None		High	j
53 Alaska Junction - Alki	None	None		Ш					None		High	
LEGEND		ď	otenti	al for N	Potential for Major Reduction	eduction	_				Investment Priorities	1
		Any light shaded field is a risk factor	d is a	risk fac	ctor						1 Overcrowding	
Top 25% in both measures B Top 25% in one measure	High	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	m 25% idor sta	of one atus OF	or both	product	tivity me	asures /	AND has	none	2 Reliability	
C Between top and hottom 25% hoth measures		Commission in the Later	010								3 Corridors below targ	st service lev
	Medium	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND \underline{at} its corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	n 25% eak se	or one	or both meeting	product peak c	ivity me	asures /	AND at	ts	4 High Productivity Routes	rtes
E Bottom 25% both measures	Low	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	ottom	25% of	f one or	both pro	oductivit	y measu	res OR			

					Route Productivity	vity	Peak Rou Criteria	Peak Route Criteria	Cor	Corridor Status	tus	Dotantial for	
Route	Description	Corridor	Family	Реак	Off Peak	thgiN	Travel	qidership	Реак	Off Peak	thgiM	Major	Investment
24	White Center - Seattle CBD via Alaska Junction	111	Very Frequent	В	٥	O			At	At	At	Madium	
24EX	White Center - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O			2	Yes				Mol	+
22	Admiral District - Seattle CBD	None	None	8	٥	0				None		High	
99	Alki - Seattle CBD	2	Frequent	O	0	Ш			Below	At	Δţ	Modilim	4 0
22	Alaska Junction - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			Voc	Voc	2000	1	č	Medium	20
09	White Center - Capitol Hill	20	Very Frequent	0	0	-	20	901	Bolow	Dolour	٧٠٠	Medium	N
64EX	Lake City - First Hill	Peak	Paak) C	1		7007	Vac	MOIAG	Moleg	Al	Medium	1, 2, 3
65	Lake City - U District	57	Fractiont	0 0	C	(ממ	Tes	-			Low	
86EX	Northgate - Seattle CBD via Fastlake	000	Von Eroguert	ء د	ء د	ی د	T	1	Below	At	At	Low	2, 3
29	Northquate - II District	00	very Frequent	n o	р.	20	1		At	At	At	Low	2,4
89	Northead Original Print	80 5	Very Frequent	O	<	В			At	At	At	Low	4
20 02	Individual - U District Ma INC / DIT	0/	Very Frequent	m	O				Below	Below	Below	Low	2, 3, 4
74	U DISITICI - Seattle CBD Via Broadway	104	Very Frequent	В	O	Ш			At	At	At	Medium	4
- 1	Wedgwood - Seattle CBD	110	Local	A	A	A			At	At	At	Low	2.4
7.5	Lake City - Seattle CBD via U District	104	Very Frequent	A	A	4			At	At	At	MUT	2,4
73	Jackson Park - Seattle CBD	25	Very Frequent	A	A	A			At	At	Balow	Low	t v
74EX	Sand Point - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	A			No	No				LOW	4,0
75	Ballard - U District via Northgate	9/26	Local/Frequent	O	O	O			At, At	At, At	At, At	Low	
92	Wedgwood - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	C			N	No.				CONTROL D	
77EX	North City - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0	1		200	ON ON			T	LOW	r
79EX	Lake City - Seattle CBD	Pood	Dook) L	1		SD .	ON :	1		T	Low	
81	Seattle CBD - Loval Heights	Owl	None	ш	+	L	00	ON.			T	High	91
82	Seattle CBD - Greenwood	300	None		1	ш	1			None		High	1
83	Spattle CBD - Maylo Lost	5	None		+	0	1			None		Low	
84	South CBD Madion Dad	- Cw	None		1	O				None		Low	
40	Scalle CDD - Madison Park	Owl	None			Ш				None		High	ī
8	Seattle Cou - Write Center	Owl	None			Ш				None		High	
88	International District - Waterfront	None	None	٥	Е	_				None		High	2
101	Renton - Seattle CBD	84	Very Frequent	В	A	A			At	Below	At	MO	234
102	Fairwood - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	В			9N	Yes			T	WO	4, 0, 4
105	Renton HighlanSeattle CBD - Renton TC	87	Frequent	В	A	В			Below	At	At	wo	100
106	Renton - Seattle CBD via Rainier beach	98	Frequent	O	O	В			At	At	At	LOW	4,0,4
107	Rainier Beach - Renton	85	Frequent	m	8	C			Δŧ	ν.	V+ V	TOWN TOWN	4, 4
110	Tukwila Station - North Renton	Peak	Peak	6		+	Voc	No	ť	č	1	LOW	4
LEGEND				1	- 1	-	200	ON				Medium	
	Productivity		Potential for Major Majo	otenu	risk fa	Major r	Potential for Major Reduction eld is a risk factor	u				Investment Priorities	riorities
A	T 050, 15 Holl - 150	Charles Said Sales	0.7		-	-					ĺ	1 Overcrowding	
<u> </u>	Ton 25% in one measures	High	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or above for its corridor status OR heak routes not meeting nearly criticals.	ridor st	of one	e or bot	routes r	ctivity me	sasures /	NND has	none	2 Reliability	
C		No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other party of the Concession, Name of Street, or other pa						2011	ing pean	Gildia		3 Corridors below target service level	et service level
0	Bettom 25% and massing	Medium	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its	m 25%	of one	e or bot	produc	ctivity me	asures /	ND at it	10	4 High Productivity Routes	utes
) [DISCOURT TO SO OLIGINATION OF THE PROPERTY OF		corridor status on peak services meeting peak criteria	Dear S	ervices	meetin	g peak	criteria					
П	Bottom 25% both measures	Low	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	bottom	25% 0	of one o	r both p	roductivi	ly measu	res OR			
		70	COLLINOIS LOUVE LOUS	del sei	VICE IE	Vers							

					Route Productivity	vity	Peak	Peak Route Criteria	Cor	Corridor Status	atus	Dotential	
Route	Description	Corridor	Family	Реак	Off Peak	thgiN	Travel	Ridership	Реак	Aseak HC	thgiN	Major Reduction	Investment Priority
111	Lake Kathleen - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	8			Yes	Yes				100	,
113	Shorewood - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	C			Vac	Voc				LOW	4
114	Renton Highlands Seattle CBD - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak				Vac	No				Low	
116EX	Fauntleroy - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	ш			200	No.				Medium	r i
118	Tahlequah - Vashon	91	Hourly) C	C	Ц	2	ON	٧٠	**	4.4	High	
118EX	Tahlequah - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	ц)	1	No	NIO	ī	Al	AI	Medium	
119	Dockton - Vashon	None	None	C	C		2	ON		Nono		High	
119EX	Dockton - Seattle CBD via ferry	Peak	Peak	0		T	No	NIO		allon		Low	
120	Burien - Seattle CBD	17	Very Frequent	0 00	В	A	2	2	At	At	Δţ	High	
121	Highline CC - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O	0	-	Yes	Yes	1		1	Modium	4, 4
122	Highline CC - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			X AS	Yes				Medium	
123EX	Burien - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	ш			Ves	Voc				LOW	
124	Tukwila - Seattle CBD	66	Frequent	В	В	В			Below	At	At	Median	, 00
125	Shorewood - Seattle CBD	112	Frequent	O	ш	0			At	At	At	Modium	2, 3, 4
128	Southcenter - Admiral District	-	Local	A	4	A			At	At	Δτ	and	7
129	Riverton Heights - Tukwila Intl Blvd Station	Peak	Peak	ш			Yes	Yes			i	Medium	4,4
131		18	Frequent	٥	Ш	0			Below	Below	Rolow	WO	
132	Highline CC - Seattle CBD via Burien/South Park	19	Very Frequent	٥	O	٥			-	Below	Relow	LOW	2, 0
133	Burien - U District	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	Yes	_			COW	۷, ۵
134	Burien - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	ш			No	Yes				Medium	(3)
139	Gregory Heights - Burien TC	None	None	٥	٥	ш				None		High	
140	Burien - Renton	83	Very Frequent	A	A	V			Below	At	Below	MO	
143EX	Black Diamond - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	Yes				Low	ń
148	Fairwood - Renton TC	31	Local	O	O	В			At	At	At	WO	7
150	Kent - Seattle CBD	51	Very Frequent	В	В	A			Below	At	At	NO	2 3 4
152	Auburn - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	٥			No	No			Γ	High	5 1
153	Renton - Kent via East Valley	52	Frequent	O					Below	Below	Below	WO	c
154	Tukwila Station - Federal Center	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	No	-			Low	0
155	Fairwood - Southcenter	101	Local	O	O				Below	Relow	Δŧ	100	
156	Tukwila - SeaTac	100	Frequent	ш	Ш	ш			_	At	Rolow	Modium	2 (
157	Lake Meridian - Seattle CBD via Panther Lake	Peak	Peak	0		+	Vec	Vac				Modium	0
158	Lake Meridian - Seattle CBD via Kent TC	Peak	Peak	B		1	Vac	Vac	T		T	Medium	
159	Timberlane - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0		-	2 2	S N			T	LOW	4
LEGEND				Joton	100	Major	Dotantial for Major Doduction	ON I				High	
	Productivity		Any light shaded field is a risk factor	old is a	risk fa	ctor	Teduci					1 Overgrowding	sallion
A	Top 25% in both measures	100	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none	m 25°	% of one	or bot	h produ	ctivity m	Paclifec	AND ha	0000	2 Reliability	
Ω	Top 25% in one measure	ugin	or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	ridor s	tatus O	R peak	routes	not mee	ing peak	criteria	IIIII	3 Corridors below tarnet service level	t convice love
0 0	Between top and bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% one measure	Medium	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its	m 25%	% of one	or bot	h produ	ctivity m	sasures /	AND at	st	4 High Productivity Routes	ites
		,	Standa Ottal	Doan	SOLVICOS	11100111	in hear	CHELIA					
ш													

(continued) Spring 2012 Route and Corridor Performance

Figure Line Novician: Sensity Capital Province	Houte 161 162 164 166 166 167			larget Service		-			5				Dotontial for	
Fig. Note Machine Peak	162 164 166 167 168	Description	Corridor	Family	Реак	98.000.000			qidarabif	Реак	Meak Jif Peak	thgiN	Major Reduction	Investmen
	162 164 166 167 168	attle CB	Peak	Peak	ш			/es	2				Modium	
	164 166 167 168	Kent - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			Sel	No				Medium	
Does Mothers - Kentral Carlos A	166 167 168	Kent - GRCC	37	Frequent	A		+	3	2	Rolow	44	Bolom	Medium	
State Peak	167	Des Moines - Kent	48	Local	A		0 0			V+ V	AL DOLON	woled	Low	3, 4
Maintaine Feature Fe	168	Renton - U District	Peak	Peak	B	+	+	,00	Voc	ī	MOIAG	Delow	Low	2, 3, 4
Federal Way - Kedri via East Hill 50 Local A A A A A A A A A		Kent - Four Corners	49	local	0 0	+	+	20	200	**	44		Low	4
Nest Federal Way Federal Center Peak Peak C Nes No Nes N	169	Renton - Kent via East Hill	50	Local	A	+) 4	+	T	A!	At	At	Low	4
Nest Fookeral Way - Seatile CBD	173	Federal Way - Federal Center	Peak	Peak	0	+	+	20,	No.	ī	JK.	¥	MO	2, 4
Twin Lakes - Seattle CBD	175	West Federal Way - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0	+	>	000	200				Low	
19 Twin Lakes - Seattle CBD Peak Pe	177	Federal Way - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak		+		20 00	2 2				Medium	1
Balton Balton Authorn San Very Frequent A A C C C C	179	Twin Lakes - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak				2 9	o N				ugiu -	2
North Reader - Seattle CBD North Resaguah - Seattle CBD North Reader - Seattle CBD North Resaguah - Seattle CBD North Reader - Seattle CBD North Reader - Seattle CBD North Reader - Seattle CBD North Resaguah - Seattle CBD North Reader - Seattle CBD North Re	180	Burien - Auburn	8	Very Frequent	A	-	-	2		Rolow	a close	*	ugiu	2, 4
North Bendum Spark Covered Hand Park Cov	181	Twin Lakes - GRCC	4	Local	A	+				Δţ	A+	ž - ×	Low	3,4
Federal Way - Kent 33 Frequent C E E E E E E E E E	182	_	29	Hourly	0	+	+	t		Above	At	7	LOW	2, 4
Subtractive Floating Subtraction Subtr	183	Federal Way - Kent	33	Frequent	0	В	_			+	Below	Relow	LOW	, ,
Twin Lakes - Federal Way TC	186	Auburn - Enumclaw	30	Local	O	-	_			-	Rolow	4	LOW	4,5
Reductor Highlits - Seattle CBD	187	Twin Lakes - Federal Way TC	103	Local	O	+		+	t		_	Ahowa	LICH	70
Start Lake - Seattle CBD Peak P	190	tle C	Peak	Peak	0	+	┝	+	Yes				Modium	2, 4
Start Lake - First Hill	192	Star Lake - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0		>	+	No	Ī			Medium	
South Federal Way- Seattle CBD	193EX	Star Lake - First Hill	Peak	Peak	O	+	>	+	Yes				Medium	C
Twin Lakes - U District	196	South Federal Way - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0	+	>	+	SN	T		T	Modim	
North Issaquah - Issaquah TC	197	Twin Lakes - U District	Peak	Peak	0	H	>	Se	N	1	T	T	Medium	
Services Island - Mercer Island P&R via Mercer Way Peak Peak Fe Yes Yes Yes Above At	200	North Issaquah - Issaquah TC	None	None	+	O	-				None	T	Niedium	4
South Mercer Island - Seattle CBD South Mercer Island P&R via Island Crest South Mercer Island - U District Peak Peak E	201	S Mercer Island - Mercer Island P&R via Mercer Way	Peak	Peak	-	-	>	+	Yac			T	Medium	
Shorewood - Mercer Island P&R via Island Crest 62	202	South Mercer Island - Seattle CBD	62	Hourly	Ш	-	Z	+			Ahove	Δt	High	, (
Swerzer Island - Werzer Island P&R via Island Crest	203	Shorewood - Mercer Island P&R	None	None	H	0	-	+			None	č	ngin	7
South Mercer Island - U District	204	S Mercer Island - Mercer Island P&R via Island Crest	62	Hourly		ш	-	+	d		Ahove	At	H doi:	
North Bend - Issaquah	205EX	South Mercer Island - U District	Peak	Peak	Ш	-	Z	+				=	High	
Standarh - Seattle CBD Via Factoria Peak Peak E	509	North Bend - Issaquah	42	Hourly		0	-			At	At	Δŧ	Modium	
EX Issaquah Highlands Seattle CBD - Seattle CBD	210	Issaquah - Seattle CBD via Factoria	Peak	Peak	Е		X		No				Modium	
2 Eastgate - Seattle CBD 3 Covenant Shores - Mercer Island P&R None	211EX	Issaquah Highlands Seattle CBD - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	Е	-	Ž	+	No.		T	T	Nedidin	
Productivity Top 25% in both measures Between top and bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% onth measures Bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or both productivity measures AND has none or both productivity measures OR peak cervices meeting peak criteria Bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR peak services meeting peak criteria Bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	212	Eastgate - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	A	-	×	+	/es		T	T	iigiii	,
Productivity Top 25% in both measures Top 25% in both measures Top 25% in both measures Top 25% in one measure Between top and bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% one measure Bottom 25% both measures Medium Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or both measures Medium Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or both measures Low Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	213	Covenant Shores - Mercer Island P&R	None	None	-		-	+			None	T	LOW	4
Productivity Top 25% in both measures Top 25% in one measures Between top and bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% one measures Bottom 25% one measures Bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% one measures Bottom 25% one measures Bottom 25% one measures Bottom 25% of the or both productivity measures AND has none or about productivity measures AND at its corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria Bottom 25% both measures Low Bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR and a title and a tit	Q			ď	otential	for Ma	ior Re	duction					Investment	riorities
Top 25% in both measures Top 25% in one measure Between top and bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% one measure Bottom 25% both measures Medium Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its Low Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR		Productivity	d	ny light shaded fiel	disari	sk facto	, L						1 Overcrowding	
Top 25% in one measure Between top and bottom 25% both measures Medium Services in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND <u>at</u> its corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR Low Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	A	Top 25% in both measures		ervice in the bottor	n 25% (of one o	r hoth	product	ivity mo	COMING	AND BOO	9	o Doliobility	
Between top and bottom 25% both measures Bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND <u>at</u> its corridor slatus OR peak services meeting peak criteria Bottom 25% both measures Low Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	8	Top 25% in one measure		above for its corri	dor stat	us OR	peak ro	utes no	ot meetin	ng peak	criteria		3 Corridors below tarr	level service level
Bottom 25% one measure Bottom 25% both measures Low Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	O			ervice in the botton	0 25%	o and jo	r hoth r	rodio	with mo	004100	THE CHAIN		A Linh Droductinit.	
Bottom 25% both measures	0			prridor status OR p	eak ser	vices m	eeting	peak c	iteria	asules /	IND at	'n	4 right Flooductivity Re	sainc
	В	Bottom 25% both measures		ervices not in the b	ottom 2	5% of c	one or b	ooth pro	ductivity	measu	Ires OR			

(continued) Spring 2012 Route and Corridor Performance

				Pro	Productivity	vity	Peak Rou Criteria	Peak Route Criteria	Cor	Corridor Status	atus	Potential for	
Route	Description	Corridor	Family Family	Реак	Off Peak	thgiM	Travel	qidership	Реак	Off Peak	thgiN	Major Reduction	Investment
214	Issaquah - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			ON.	N)		- Trian	
215	North Bend - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			No.	Vac				ugir	
216	Sammamish - Seattle CBD	Peak	Posk	(1	2 4	00				Medium	
217	Issaquah - Seattle CBD via Eastgate	Peak	Posk	0 0			ON J	ON .				Low	
218	Issaguah Highlands Seattle CRD - Seattle CRD	Jood A	- can	0 0			ON	ON :				Low	4
219	Newcastle - Factoria	Leak	Peak	n			Yes	Yes				Low	4
2 6	reweasile - raciona	Peak	Peak	Ш			Yes	Yes				Medium	
177	Eastgate - Education Hill	80	Hourly	O	C	O			Above	Above	Above	High	C
224	Fall City - Redmond	82	Hourly	0	0	-			At	At	At	Medium	y c
226	Bellevue - Eastgate via CrossroaSeattle CBD	29/72	Hourly/Local	В	0	O			ō,	Above,	Above,	Low	2 4
232	Duvall - Bellevue	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	No			2000	Low	
234	Kenmore - Bellevue	43/53	Hourly/Frequent	В	O	O			Above, At	Above, Above	Above, At	Low	4
235	Kingsgate - Bellevue	53	Frequent	O	0	0			At	Above	At	Modium	
236	Woodinville - Kirkland	86	Hourly	Ш	0	Ш			ď	Above	Ahowa	Illendin.	
237	Woodinville - Bellevue	Peak	Peak	0			Yes	No	_	2000	2000	ußiu	
238	Bothell - Kirkland	109	Hourly	0	O	В			Ahova	Ahovo	Abovo	Low	,
240	Bellevue - Renton	16	Local	В	8	В			_	At	DANGE TO THE	ugiu	
241	Bellevue - Eastgate via South Bellevue	27	Hourly	O	0	0			a	Aboug	About	LOW	4
242	Northgate - Overlake	Peak	Peak	В		+	Yes	Vac		2000	ADOVE	ußiu	.
243	Jackson Park - Wilburton	Peak	Peak	0	+		Voc	2 2				Low	4
244EX	Kenmore - Overlake	Peak	Peak	0		-	Vac	Vac				Medium	,
245	Kirkland - Factoria	54	Frequent	æ	C	C	2	2	14	About	٧,	Low	
246	Bellevue - Eastgate via Factoria	28	Hourly	0	ш			7	g	44	1	Low	2, 4
248	Avondale - Kirkland	7	Local	O	O	C			4	T	About	ligin	
249	Bellevue - Overlake	73	Hourly	O		ш		4	g	0	ACOVE A	LOW	
250	Overlake - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0		+	No	No	-			1811	
252	Kingsgate - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	8			Yes	No				ligiri	, ,
255	Brickyard - Seattle CBD	6	Very Frequent	8	0	В			At	Δt	Δt	Modium	4
257	Brickyard - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0	-	+	Yes	Ves				Modium	7, 4
260	Finn Hill - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	ш	-		Yes	Yes	1			Modium	
265	Overlake - First Hill	Peak	Peak	ш			Yes	No				Medium	
268	Bear Creek - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0	-	Í	Vac	No.	T		T	Medium	2
LEGEND				otenti	of for A	Aaior B	Potential for Major Reduction	2				Medium	-
	Productivity		Any light shaded field is a risk factor	disa	risk fac	tor						1 Overcrowding	Sallies
A	Top 25% in both measures		Service in the hottom 25% of one of the hottom	n 250/	of one	de de	- Property	Al. of a				5.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
В	Top 25% in one measure	High	or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	dor sta	atus OF	R peak	routes r	of meetin	asures ng peak	criteria	none	3 Corridors below ternet consina level	lovel coinces
O	Between top and bottom 25% both measures		Service in the hottom 25% of one or hot thought with the hottom 25% of one or hot horse the hottom 25% of one or hot horse the hottom 25% of one or hot	n 25%	of one	or hoth	produc	dividue and	1	THE COUNTY		A Link Dead to the Control of the Co	Service level
0	Bottom 25% one measure	Medium	corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	eak se	rvices	meeting	g peak	riteria	asales	IND ON	S	4 rigil Floduciiviiy Routes	sei
В	Bottom 25% both measures	Low	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	ottom	25% 0	f one or	r both pr	oductivity	y measu	Ires OR			
			corridors below target service levels	et serv	rice lev	els							

(continued) Spring 2012 Route and Corridor Performance

		Т	Target Comics	ď	Productivity	vity	Criteria	Criteria	Co	Corridor Status	arus	Potential for	
	Description	Corridor	Family	Реак	Off Peak	thgiN	Travel	Ridership	Реак	Off Peak	thgiM	Major Reduction	Investment Priority
- 1	Overlake - Issaquah	41	Local	0	O	0		1	At	Below	At	Medium	c
	U District - Issaquah	14/40/106	Frequent/ Local/ Very Frequent	O	٥	۵		10	Above, At, At		A	High	,
	Juanita - U District	Peak	Peak	Ш			Yes	Yes			ī	Modium	
	Seattle CBD - Renton via Bellevue	Owl	None			0	3			None		High	
	Aurora Village - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	m			Yes	No		200		ngin	
	Shoreline - First Hill	Peak	Peak	8			No	Yes				LOW	t
	Richmond Beach - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	Yes				LOW	t
	Kenmore - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	В			No	Yes				LOW	
	Horizon View - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	٥			Yes	Yes				Modium	4
	Kenmore - First Hill	Peak	Peak	O			Yes	Yes				TO TO	
	Duvall - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	0			Yes	Vec			I	Modium	
	Bothell - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O		T	2	S N			T	Medium	7
	Aurora Village - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	A			Yes	Vac				COW	. ,
	Shoreline - Lake City	95	Hourly	8			3		Ahove	Rolow	Δ+	Low	4 0
	Shoreline - Kenmore	44	Local	O	U	0			At	Δt	Abovo	Low	4,0
	Shoreline - Renton	Peak	Peak	В			Yes	No.		1	0000	II CAM	
	Shoreline - Northgate	94	Frequent	A	A	C			Below	Δŧ	Rolow	LOW	4
	Aurora Village - Northgate	9	Local	A	A	8			At	At	At	LOW	4,0
	Mountlake Terrace - Northgate	65	Frequent	A	A	A			Relow	Δŧ	Rolow	COW	4 0
	Richmond Beach - Northgate	06	Local	В	В	O			At	At	At	COW	4,5
	Shoreline - Seattle CBD	Peak	Peak	O			No.	o _N				COW	+
	Aurora Village - Seattle CBD	2	Very Frequent	В	A	A			At	At	Relow	COW	
	U District	45	Frequent	O	O	0			At	At	Below	OW	, ,
	Aurora Village - U District	93	Frequent	O					Below	Below	Below	LOW	0 0
	Seattle CBD - South Base	Peak	Peak	ш			Vec	Voc				Medical	2
				Poten	tial for	Major	Potential for Major Reduction	on				Investment Priorities	riorities
	Productivity		Any light shaded field is a risk factor	eld is	a risk fa	actor						1 Overcrowding	
	Top 25% in both measures Top 25% in one measure	High	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	om 25'	% of or	e or bo	th produ	ctivity m	easures ting peal	AND ha	s none	2 Reliability 3 Corridors below target service level	et service level
	Between top and bottom 25% both measures	Medium	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its	om 25°	% of or	e or bo	th produ	ctivity m	easures	AND at	its	4 High Productivity Routes	utes
	Bottom 25% one measure		corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	peak	service	s meet	ng peak	criteria					
	Bottom 25% both measures	Low	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	bottor	n 25%	of one	or both p	roductiv	ity meas	ures OF			

(continued) Spring 2012 Route and Corridor Performance

				œ .	Route		Peak Route	onte	Corrid	Corridor Status	on on		
		Т	Towns County	Proc	Productivity	ty.	Criteria	la				Potential for	
Route	Description	Corridor	rarget service Family	Реак	Off Peak	IngiN	Travel	qidership	Peak	Off Peak	14giN	Major	Investment
901DART	Mirror Lake - Federal Way TC	63	Local	٥	0	0	-	1	At		Ahove	High	
903DART	Twin Lakes - Federal Way TC	102	Local	C	+	0			Δţ	+	4	Madina	
907DART	Enumclaw - Renton	88	Hourly		-	1		+	V+	+		Median	
908DART	Maplewood - Renton TC	88	Local		ш	+		a	3	71	V V	Medium	, ,
909DART	Kennydale - Renton TC	47	Hourly	ш	0	+		1	-	1	At	Medium	ח
910DART	North Auburn - Supermall	None	None		Ш	-				-		High	
912	Covington - Enumclaw	None	None	ш				-	1	None	T	5 E	
913DART	Riverview - Kent TC	Peak	Peak	0		_	Vac	Vac	-		T	Medium	
914DART	Kent East Hill - Kent TC	None	None		C		+		- 2	Mono	T	Niedium.	
915DART	Enumclaw - Auburn	30	local		0 0	+	+				V .	LOW	. (
916DART	Kent East Hill - Kent TC	None	None		0 0	+			N N		Al	LOW	m .
917DART	Pacific - Auburn	74	local	C		+	+	0	V G molod	Dolon.	٧.	LOW	4
919DART	SE Auburn - Auburn	None	None	-	0 0	+	+		_		1	Low	מ
927DART	Sammamish - Issaquah	None	None	Ш	0 0	+	+	+	1	2		LOW	
TOACOCO				+		+	-		-	None		High	
SSUDARI	Hedmond - Kingsgate	81	Local	ш	Е				At Be	Below Be	Below	Medium	8
931DART	Bothell - Redmond	108	Hourly	ш	Е			A	Above	At	At	High	,
935DART	Kenmore - Totem Lake	46	Hourly	Ш	Ш		-	A	Above		At	High	
LEGEND				Potentia	I for M	laior Re	Potential for Major Reduction					Investment Priorities	Priorities
	Productivity		Any light shaded field is a risk factor	eld is a n	isk fact	tor						1 Overcrowding	
A	Top 25% in both measures		Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has accepted in	m 25%	of one	or hoth	product	ivity mas	Cliroc A	AD has n	900	2 Beliability	
В	Top 25% in one measure	High	or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	ridor sta	itus OF	Peak I	routes n	of meetin	g peak	xiteria	010	3 Corridors below target service level	rget service level
O	Between top and bottom 25% both measures		Service in the bottom 25% of one or hot borner with the bottom 25% and	m 25%	of one	or hoth	product	initial moo	A vonio	10 at 160		A High Productivity Doutes	or thou
Q	Bottom 25% one measure	Medium	corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	peak ser	rvices 1	meeting	peak c	riteria	asules A	NO de lis		a division of the state of the	ionica
Ш	Bottom 25% both measures	wo	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	bottom	25% of	one or	both pro	oductivity	measur	es OR			
			corridors below target service levels	get servi	ice leve	els							



SECTION 2

SERVICE INVESTMENT PRIORITIES

Our analysis identified areas where investment is needed to provide high-quality service and to meet target service levels. The findings will be used to guide service investments in the order identified in the service guidelines.

Based on spring 2012 analysis, the current investment needs are shown in the table below.

TABLE 7

2012 Investment Needs (Based on Spring 2012 Data)

Priority	Investment Area	Estimated Annual Hours Needed
1	Reduce passenger crowding	5,500
2	Improve schedule reliability	19,000
3	Increase service to meet target service levels in All-Day and Peak Network*	309,800
	Total investment need	334,300
4	Increase service on high-productivity routes	See Priority 4, p. 30

^{*} Referred to in the 2011 service guidelines report as "underserved corridors"

The investment need has declined from the 2011 combined need of nearly 400,000 annual service hours. This decline is primarily due to investments Metro made to reduce passenger crowding, improve schedule reliability, and add service to meet target levels on corridors in the June and September 2012 service changes. More detailed information about these changes is in Section 4. Estimated annual hours needed also changes over time because of changes in land use, ridership, and traffic congestion.

Priority 1 – Passenger crowding investments

Investment in the most crowded routes is the highest priority in the service guidelines. When service is chronically very crowded, it is poor quality and has a negative impact on riders. The passenger load thresholds are set so that we accept standing passengers on many of our services, but take action where crowding is at an unacceptable level and where it occurs regularly.

The table below identifies routes that need additional trips to reduce crowding.

TABLE 8
Routes Needing Investment to Reduce Passenger Crowding

Route	Description	Day	Annual Hours Needed
3 South	Madrona – Seattle CBD	Weekday	500
4 South	Judkins Park – Seattle CBD	Weekday	300
16	Northgate — Seattle CBD via Wallingford	Weekday	500
44	Ballard – U District	Weekday	2,400
60	White Center – Capitol Hill	Weekday	600
358EX	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	Saturday	1,200
		Total hours needed	5,500

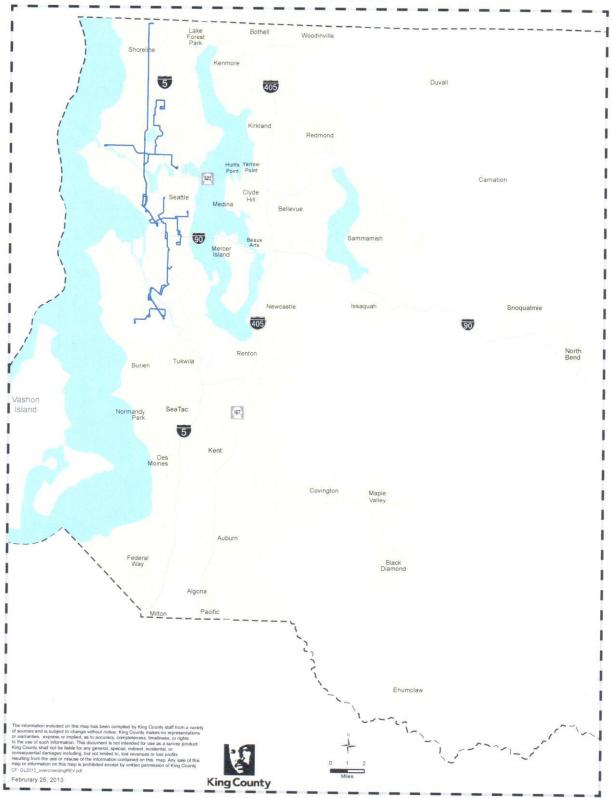
Many of the routes that were found in last year's analysis to have the most severe crowding have been improved since spring 2012. Trips were added to Route 44 on weekday mornings, although this analysis identified new needs in the afternoon peak period. Trips were also added to Route 73 on Sundays based on information from the previous guidelines report. Route 36 was changed to operate as a stand-alone route rather than being partially connected to Route 1. This will improve reliability and result in more even loads between trips, unlike the past when trips bunched together and had uneven loads.

Some routes were identified as overcrowded but were determined not to need immediate investment for several reasons:

- Passenger crowding can be relieved on some trips by using a larger bus.
- Trips were added to some crowded routes since spring 2012.
- Some routes were deleted or had major changes since spring 2012.

A list of all routes that were identified as overcrowded is in Appendix D.

Routes Needing Investment to Reduce Passenger Crowding



Priority 2 – Schedule reliability investments

Schedule reliability is the second priority for investment. Routes that exceed reliability thresholds in the guidelines are candidates for investment of service hours. The reliability thresholds are set so that some lateness is considered acceptable, recognizing that variations in travel time, congestion, and ridership are inevitable. The thresholds for action are at a point where lateness is likely having impacts on people's ability to count on the bus.

Routes with reliability problems are operating in areas around the county. Many of the unreliable routes have the common characteristics of being very long from end-to-end and traveling on very congested streets and highways. Some of the unreliable routes are long because they are through-routed, including many routes that travel through downtown Seattle and serve neighborhoods to the north and south. Other routes serve areas that are farther apart, such as commuter services from Federal Way to downtown Seattle; or areas of high congestion, such as services that use congested freeways. The number of unreliable routes in 2012 reflects the impact of Metro's scheduling efficiency effort in 2010 and 2011, which reduced layover time throughout the system. Reducing layover has saved hours but has reduced the resilience of service. Delays on any single trip are now more likely to carry through multiple trips or throughout the day rather than being isolated.

The table below lists the 55 routes identified as needing service-hour investments to improve their reliability using data from September 2011 to September 2012. The total need of 19,000 annual hours was calculated based on how far the routes were below the reliability threshold during different time periods. While this calculation provides a reasonable assessment of total needs, individual routes may receive more or less investment depending on the scheduling techniques available to solve an issue.

TABLE 9
Routes Needing Investment to Improve Schedule Reliability

Route	Area	Day	Estimated Hours Needed 400	
1	Kinnear – Seattle CBD	Weekday		
2	West Queen Anne – Seattle CBD – Madrona Park	Weekday, Saturday	900	
8	Rainier Beach – Seattle Center	Weekday, Saturday, Sunday	600	
11	Madison Park – Seattle CBD			
16	Northgate – Seattle CBD via Wallingford	Sunday	100	
17EX	Sunset Hill – Seattle CBD	Weekday	250	
18EX	North Beach – Seattle CBD	Weekday	250	
24	West Magnolia – Seattle CBD	Weekday, Saturday	1,050	
26	Wallingford – Seattle CBD	Weekday, Saturday, Sunday	350	
27	Colman Park – Seattle CBD Saturday		100	
28	Broadview – Seattle CBD	Weekday	600	
28EX	Broadview – Seattle CBD	Weekday	250	
33	Discovery Park – Seattle CBD	Saturday	50	
36	Othello Station – Seattle CBD	Weekday	300	
37	Alaska Junction – Seattle CBD via Alki	Weekday	250	
48	Loyal Heights – U District – Mount Baker Saturday, Sunday		400	
49	U District – Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/Broadway Weekday		500	
57	Alaska Junction – Seattle CBD Weekday		300	
60	White Center – Capitol Hill	Saturday	100	
66EX	Northgate – Seattle CBD via Eastlake	Weekday	800	

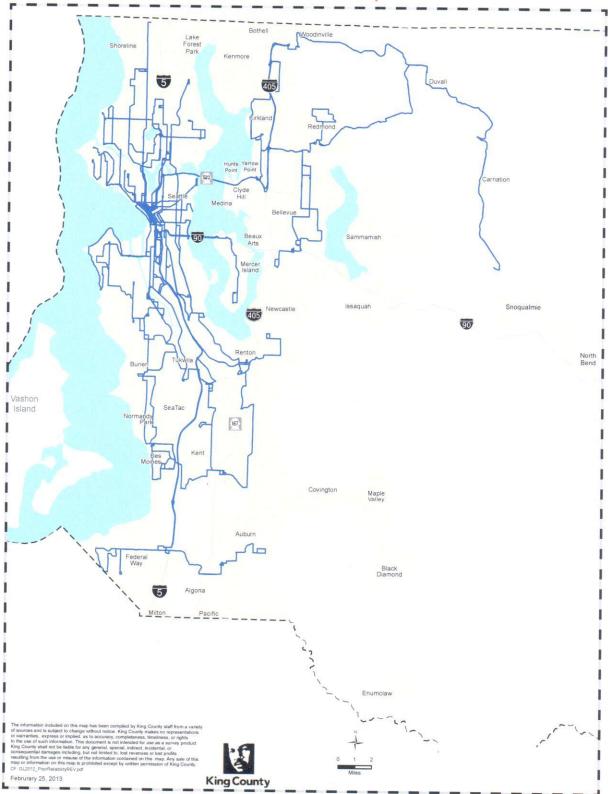
Route	Area	Day	Estimated Hours Needed	
71	Wedgwood – Seattle CBD	Weekday	100	
72	Lake City – Seattle CBD via U District	Weekday	250	
99	International District – Waterfront	Saturday, Sunday	150	
101	Renton – Seattle CBD	Saturday, Sunday	200	
105	Renton Highlands- Renton TC	Weekday	300	
106	Renton – Seattle CBD via Rainier beach	Weekday	100	
124	Tukwila – Seattle CBD	Weekday, Saturday	2,000	
128	Southcenter – Admiral District	Weekday	700	
131	Highline CC – Seattle CBD via Burien/Georgetown	Weekday, Saturday	850	
132	Highline CC — Seattle CBD via Burien/South Park	Saturday	100	
150	Kent – Seattle CBD	Weekday, Sunday	1,000	
166	Des Moines – Kent	Weekday	400	
169	Renton – Kent via East Hill	Weekday	400	
177	Federal Way – Seattle CBD	Weekday	250	
179	Twin Lakes – Seattle CBD	Weekday	300	
181	Twin Lakes – GRCC	Weekday	1,300	
187	Twin Lakes – Federal Way TC	Weekday	250	
196 (178)	South Federal Way – Seattle CBD	Weekday	900	
202	South Mercer Island – Seattle CBD	Weekday	250	
221	Eastgate – Education Hill	Weekday	300	
224	Fall Clty – Redmond	Weekday	500	
245	Kirkland – Factoria	Saturday	100	
255	Brickyard – Seattle CBD	Saturday	100	
265	Overlake – First Hill	Weekday	250	
311	Duvall – Seattle CBD	Weekday	250	
358EX	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	Saturday	100	
		Total hours needed	19,000	

Some other routes had reliability problems but were determined not to need immediate investment for several reasons:

- Some routes received reliability investments since spring 2012.
- Some routes were deleted or had major changes since spring 2012.
- More recent data indicated that reliability had improved on some routes that had undergone major changes.

A list of all routes that exceeded the guidelines thresholds for reliability during the period analyzed for this report is in Appendix E.

Routes Needing Investment to Improve Schedule Reliability



Priority 3 – Corridors below target service levels (underserved corridors)

Our analysis found that 43 corridors in the All-Day and Peak Network were below target service levels in one or more time periods in spring 2012. To bring service up to the target levels, 309,800 annual hours of investment would be needed. The total investment need is lower than it was in 2011, when our analysis determined that approximately 350,000 annual hours were needed. This reduction reflects Metro's investments in corridors that were below target service levels as well as changes in how corridors scored in 2012.

Table 10 lists the corridors that were below target service levels as of spring 2012. Priority among these corridors was established by ordering the corridors in descending order of points, first by the geographic value score, then by the productivity score, and finally by the social equity score. This priority order helps ensure that service enhancements are equitably distributed and productive.

The list of corridors below target service levels includes some corridors where Metro has changed service since spring 2012. As part of the start of the RapidRide C and D lines and the associated restructure of service, eight corridors that were below target service levels in spring 2012 had significant changes to improve frequency, or were changed so that additional investment on those corridors may no longer be needed. Those eight corridors are highlighted in Table 10; more detailed information about the entire C and D line restructuring process is in Section 4. The corridors will be re-evaluated in a future analysis to determine any future investment needs.

TABLE 10

2012 Corridors Below Target Service Levels and Estimated Hours to
Meet Service Level Targets, Ordered by Investment Priority
(Shading indicates corridor had significant change since Spring 2012)

Corridor number	Between	And	Major route	Estimated hours to meet target
25	Cowen Park	Downtown Seattle	73	9,600
11	Ballard	U. District	44	7,300
19	Burien	Downtown Seattle	132	18,000
55	Lake City	Downtown Seattle	41	2,000
20	Capitol Hill	White Center	60	8,900
99	Tukwila	Downtown Seattle	124	4,000
84	Renton	Downtown Seattle	101	10,200
100	Tukwila	Des Moines	156	12,000
3	Auburn	Burien	180	21,500
33	Federal Way	Kent	183	10,000
51	Kent	Downtown Seattle	150	7,400
52	Kent	Renton	153	10,000
83	Renton	Burien	140 (F line)	8,000
81	Redmond	Totem Lake	930DART	7,000
59	Madison Park	Downtown Seattle	11	11,000
38	Greenwood	Downtown Seattle	5	2,600
5	Aurora Village	Downtown Seattle	358EX (E line)	7,000
69	Northgate	Downtown Seattle	16	8,000
18	Burien	Downtown Seattle	131	12,000
87	Renton	Renton Highlands	105	2,000
93	Shoreline	U. District	373EX	21,800
94	Shoreline CC	Northgate	345	5,000
57	Lake City	U. District	65	5,100

CONTINUED

Corridor number	Between	And	Major route	Estimated hours to meet target
95	Shoreline CC	Lake City	330	1,900
48	Kent	Burien	131/166	4,000
37	Green River CC	Kent	164	5,800
30	Enumclaw	Auburn	186/915	5,000
41	Issaquah	Overlake	269	11,000
45	Kenmore	U. District	372EX	4,000
101	Tukwila	Fairwood	155	5,000
21	Capitol Hill	Downtown Seattle	10	3,500
24	Colman Park	Downtown Seattle	27	3,000
64	Mount Baker	Downtown Seattle	145	4,100
26	Discovery Park	Downtown Seattle	33	9,000
107	U. District	Downtown Seattle	25	3,000
113	White Center	Downtown Seattle	23	2,100
2	Alki	Downtown Seattle	56	2,500
71	Othello Station	Columbia City	39	2,200
79	Rainier Beach	Capitol Hill	9EX	9,000
70	Northgate	U. District	68	10,000
65	Mountlake Terrace	Northgate	347	6,300
74	Pacific	Auburn	917DART	4,000
89	Renton Highlands	Renton	908DART	4,000
		Total h	ours needed	309,800

Change from 2011

The list of corridors below target service levels in spring 2012 differs from the spring 2011 list because of service investments, changes in corridor scores, and corrections to the 2011 analysis. Table 11 lists the corridors that were below target service levels in 2011 but are no longer targeted for investment. Reasons for change include:

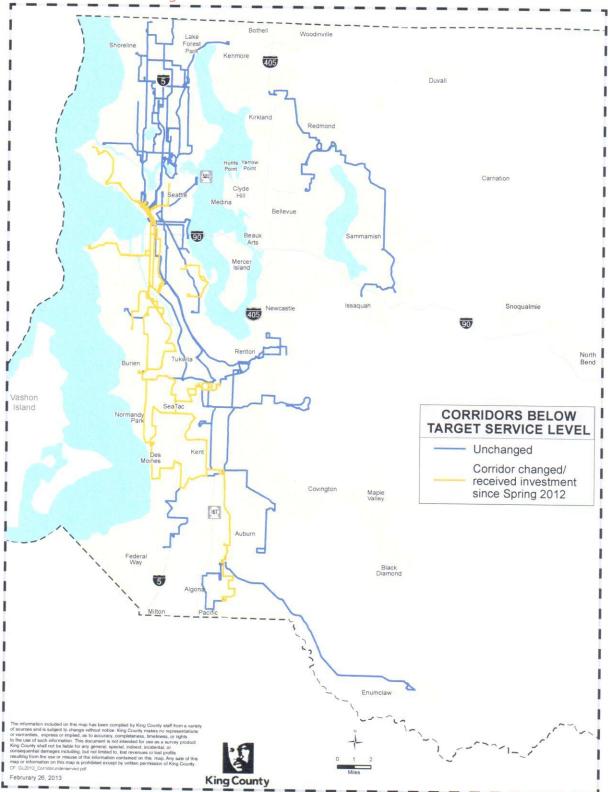
- Service improvements made in 2011. Service was improved on several corridors as part of the B Line launch and early investment in the C Line corridor.
- Scoring decreases. Ridership, productivity, or social equity scoring changed for several corridors.
 - Lower land use (productivity) scores. One corridor had fewer households per corridor mile than
 in the previous year, resulting in it moving below the threshold and receiving fewer points.
 - Lower social equity scores. The proportion of riders boarding in low-income census tracts fell below the system average for several corridors, so they no longer received points for low-income status.
 - Lower ridership and productivity, resulting in lower Step 2 scores. The ridership and
 productivity of major routes changed on several corridors. These corridors were targeted for less
 service because they needed less to meet existing demand.
- Corrections from 2011. The guidelines analysis is a work in progress, and we discovered several
 data errors after publication of the previous report. Corrections resulted in reduced scores for some
 corridors.

In general, we expect to see changes each year in corridors that are below target service levels as ridership, productivity, and social equity factors evolve and change. Our analysis takes such changes into account as we determine what investments may be needed.

2011 Corridors Below Target Service Levels that are No Longer Targeted for Investment

Corridor number	Between	And	Major route	Reason for Change
9	Ballard	Lake City	75	Lower social equity score (percent of boardings in low-income census tracts below county average)
12	Ballard	Downtown Seattle	17	Calculation correction
15	Bellevue	Redmond	В	Service improvement in fall 2011
28	Eastgate	Bellevue	246	Lower social equity score (percent of boardings in low-income census tracts below county average)
35	Fremont	U District	30/31	Lower land use score (households per corridor mile); Lower passenger loads (in peak period)
40	Issaquah	Eastgate	271	Calculation correction
42	Issaquah	North Bend	209	Calculation correction
50	Kent	Renton	169	Lower Step 2 score (peak loads)
67	NE Tacoma	Federal Way	182	Lower social equity score (percent of boardings in low-income census tracts below county average)
76	Queen Anne	Downtown Seattle	3N	Lower Step 2 score (off-peak cost recovery/ productivity)
103	Twin Lakes	Federal Way	187	Lower social equity score (percent of boardings in low-income census tracts below county average)
106	U District	Bellevue	271	Service improvement
110	Wedgwood	Cowen Park	71	Calculation correction
111	West Seattle	Downtown Seattle	54 (C Line)	Service improvement in fall 2011
112	White Center	Downtown Seattle	125	Lower Step 2 score (peak loads)

FIG. 6
2012 Corridors Below Target Service Levels



Priority 4 — High-productivity routes

Route productivity is assessed using two measures, and high-productivity routes are defined as those that perform in the top 25 percent of comparable routes on one or both measures in at least one time period.

Ninety routes were in the top 25 percent on one or both productivity measures in 2012. We plan to invest in high-productivity routes beyond those identified in the first three priorities to focus resources and service in areas where there is latent demand for transit and where service investments will result in higher ridership.

The benefits of investing in high-productivity service have been demonstrated based on successful restructures and changes Metro has made in recent years. Investments in the RapidRide A and B lines in 2010 and 2011 are recent examples of how improving frequency and quality of service leads to increased ridership and improved rider satisfaction. Ridership has increased by over 47 percent on the A line after two years and over 14 percent on the B line after one year, and both these routes are among the top 25 percent of routes on both performance measures in all time periods. Other examples of this type of successful investment in high-productivity service include the restructure of service in the Ambaum/Delridge corridor



that created Route 120 in 2004, and the restructure of service around Central Link light rail that included adding service to routes 8 and 36 in 2010. We will continue to invest in high-productivity services over time as opportunities allow, such as when we restructure service or when we partner with local jurisdictions.

Metro must carry many more riders and almost double the current level of bus service by 2040 to meet the goals in the region's transportation plan. Investing incrementally and restructuring service is one way we move towards a system that is more productive, carries more riders, and uses resources effectively to serve more people. However, even larger investments and new resources to grow the system will be required to fully reach the region's goals.

Some notable groups of high-productivity routes that performed well on both measures include:

- Current and future RapidRide routes. The A Line, B Line, and Route 140 (future F Line) all performed
 in the top 25 percent on both measures for all time periods. The 15 and 18 (now the D Line) and 358
 (future E Line) were top performers in at least one time period.
- Downtown Seattle to University District routes. Routes 43, 49, 71, 72, 73, and 74 Express are all top performers that connect the largest transit markets in King County. These routes not only carry many riders between downtown Seattle and the University District, routes 43 and 49 also provide key connections to Capitol Hill, and all the routes carry many riders circulating within downtown Seattle. The performance of these routes indicates that transit demand will be very strong in the future University Link light rail corridor.
- Radial routes between regional growth centers and downtown Seattle. Routes 101, 120, and 150 from the regional growth centers of Burien, Kent, Renton, and Tukwila to downtown Seattle perform very well compared to other services. These routes are highly used throughout the day but perform particularly well in off-peak and night periods. They operate on arterials and freeways and are anchored by the downtown cores of the communities they serve. Sound Transit has several routes with a similar function: they connect growth centers like Bellevue (Route 550) and Federal Way to downtown Seattle (routes 577/578), reflecting the way Metro and Sound Transit services complement one another.

- Routes connecting regional growth centers in south King County. The network of routes that connect regional growth centers in south King County continued to perform well in 2012. Routes 128, 164, 166, 169, 180, and 181 connect the largest south King County cities—Auburn, Burien, Covington, Des Moines, Federal Way, Kent, Maple Valley, Renton, SeaTac, and Tukwila—as well as West Seattle and White Center. These routes generally operate with 30-minute all-day service, and their good performance is indicative of the strong demand for transit between regional growth and activity centers outside the Seattle core.
- Routes that connect neighborhoods to Northgate. The network of all-day routes in north King County was developed in the early 2000s as a system that connects several feeder routes with the high-performing Route 41 that connects Northgate to downtown Seattle. Routes 345, 346, and 347 provide neighborhood circulation within North Seattle and Shoreline as well as connection to services at Northgate. This group of routes is notable because performance is strong not just on the service to downtown Seattle, but also on the neighborhood routes that provide circulation and connect to the trunk service.
- Commuter routes from high-demand areas. Routes 15 Express, 74 Express, 212 and 316 are the
 top-performing commuter routes, all serving downtown Seattle. These highly successful commuter
 routes operate in areas that also have high all-day demand for service, including Ballard, Eastgate, the
 University District, and North Seattle.

TABLE 12
2012 Routes in Top 25% on Both Measures in All Time Periods Served

Route	Description	Time Period
A Line	Federal Way – Tukwila	Peak, off peak, night
B Line	Bellevue – Redmond	Peak, off peak, night
15EX	Blue Ridge – Seattle CBD	Peak
41	Lake City – Seattle CBD via Northgate	Peak, off peak, night
49	U District – Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/Broadway	Peak, off peak, night
71	Wedgwood – Seattle CBD	Peak, off peak, night
72	Lake City – Seattle CBD via U District	Peak, off peak, night
73	Jackson Park – Seattle CBD	Peak, off peak, night
74EX	Sand Point – Seattle CBD	Peak
128	Southcenter – Admiral District	Peak, off peak, night
140 (F Line)	Burien – Renton	Peak, off peak, night
169	Renton – Kent via East Hill	Peak, off peak, night
212	Eastgate — Seattle CBD	Peak
316	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	Peak
347	Mountlake Terrace – Northgate	Peak, off peak, night

TABLE 13
2012 Routes in Top 25% on Both Measures in at Least One Time Period Served

Route	Description	Time Period
3 South	Madrona – Seattle CBD	Off peak
7	Rainier Beach – Seattle CBD	Peak, off peak
10	Capitol Hill – Seattle CBD	Off peak
15 (D Line)	Blue Ridge – Seattle CBD	Peak
18	North Beach – Seattle CBD	Night
36	Othello Station – Seattle CBD	Peak, off peak
43	U District - Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/24th	Peak, night
44	Ballard – U District	Peak
67	Northgate – U District	Off peak
101	Renton – Seattle CBD	Off peak, night
105	Renton Highlands – Renton TC	Off peak
120	Burien – Seattle CBD	Night
150	Kent – Seattle CBD	Night
164	Kent – GRCC	Peak, off peak
166	Des Moines – Kent	Peak, off peak
180	Burien – Auburn	Peak, off peak
181	Twin Lakes – GRCC	Peak, off peak
345	Shoreline – Northgate	Peak, off peak
346	Aurora Village – Northgate	Peak, off peak
358EX (E Line)	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	Off peak, night

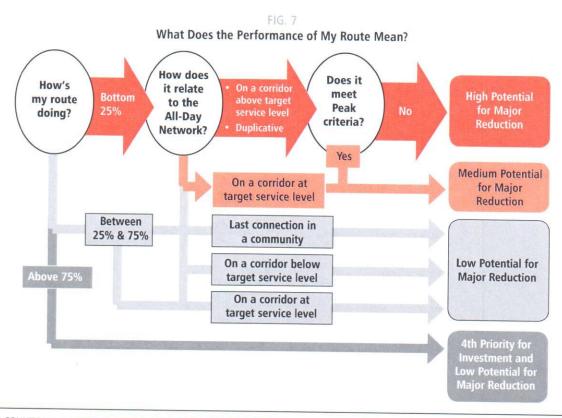
SECTION 3

SERVICE REDUCTION PRIORITIES

The service guidelines suggest priorities for reducing service that are based on route performance and level of service. The route productivity analysis identifies routes performing in the bottom 25 percent of routes serving similar markets at similar times of day. The All-Day and Peak Network corridor analysis balances productivity, social equity and geographic value in setting and assessing service levels. The route and All-Day and Peak Network analyses are used together to identify where service reductions could be made to meet investment priorities or budget realities, or simply to improve the productivity and efficiency of the system.



The first factor that puts a route at risk of reduction is performance in the bottom 25 percent of similar routes on one or both productivity measures. Excluding services that have had major changes or have been deleted since spring 2012, about 490,000 annual hours of service fall into that bottom 25 percent. However, not all services performing in the bottom 25 percent have the same potential for major reduction. Routes that are on corridors which are at or below the target service level have a lower potential because reducing or deleting them would create a new need based on factors other than ridership. Peak routes that meet both peak service criteria also have a lower potential, again because they provide service needed in the All-Day and Peak Network. Routes that are duplicative of services on corridors in the All-Day and Peak Network, and those that are on corridors that are above target service levels are a higher priority for reduction. The All-Day and Peak Network reflects the value of connections in communities throughout King County, so it suggests a minimum level of service for all 113 corridors.



As shown in the diagram on the previous page, low productivity alone does not immediately put a route at high potential for major reduction; how the service contributes to meeting target service levels in the All-Day and Peak Network is also important. The table below shows the estimated range of hours that could be reduced from services that have a high or medium potential for major reduction. Not all services that are considered for reduction are completely eliminated--service reductions also include actions such as reducing service frequency or shortening the span of service.

TABLE 14
Estimate of Hours that Could be Reduced from Services with High and Medium Reduction Potential

	Percent of Total System	Est. Hours
High potential for major reduction	3% - 5%	100,000 - 170,000
Medium potential for major reduction	4% - 6%	130,000 - 200,000

High potential for major reduction

To help us deliver a more efficient and productive system, the guidelines identify those services that perform poorly and contribute the least to the total transit network. We have characterized these services as having a relatively high potential for major reduction. This means that they are generally more likely to be eliminated in at least one time period than services with a medium or low potential for major reduction. This is especially true in times when Metro must cut service because of budget constraints. It is not, however, Metro's goal to eliminate anyone's transit service and any change to service would be designed to maintain the greatest degree of public mobility. These changes may involve restructures, where those restructures would result in more productive services as a whole.

The tables that follow show which routes were identified as having a high potential for major reduction in 2012. It is estimated that between 3 and 5 percent of Metro's system is at a high potential for major reduction.

Routes that have a high potential for major reduction meet the following conditions:

Services in the bottom 25 percent for one or both performance measures AND duplicative of service on a corridor OR on a corridor above its target service level OR a peak service not meeting either of the peak criteria.

The following routes are not on the list because they were either deleted or changed considerably since spring 2012: 22, 25, 34 Express, 38, 39, 42, 51, 53, 55, 79 Express, 81, 85, 99, 139, 177, 912, 935.

TABLE 15 Routes Below One or More Productivity Thresholds at High Potential for Major Reduction

		100	5	CILCAN	1,811				Dood	Dook Critoria	_	The state of the state of			
Description	Boardings/ Plat Hour	Pass. Mi.	Boardings/ Nat Hour	Pass. Mi.	Soardings/ Plat Hour	Pass. Mi.	Corridor	Target Service Family	levanT emiT	Ridership	YESS	Off Peak	theiN	Potential for Major Reduction	Time Period
Madrona Park - Seattle CBD	46.6	9.7	43.7	13.0	23.1	6.0	09	Very Frequent			Above	At	Δŧ	A PLANT	Jeed
Loyal Heights - U District	32.5	5.4	37.7	7.6	21.6	4.7	8	Very Frequent			Ahove		Ahovo	light 1	reak
Seattle CBD - Madison Park					8.0	1.4	Owl	None			2002	٠,	DAOON O	ug i	All
Fauntleroy - Seattle CBD	15.8	6.9					Peak	Peak	No	No.		Posk	T	5 t	INGILI
Tahlequah - Seattle CBD	13.7	5.7					Peak	Peak	No	N		Peak	T	i i	reak
Dockton - Seattle CBD via ferry	16.8	10.0					Peak	Peak	No	No		Poak	T	5 t	Leak
Auburn - Seattle CBD	16.1	10.0					Peak	Peak	No	N ON		Pool	T	6 i	Peak
Timberlane - Seattle CBD	19.3	13.4					Peak	Peak	S S	ON ON		Dook	T	ugir i	Peak
Twin Lakes - Seattle CBD	21.1	15.4					Peak	Acad	No.	NO NO		Teda Dool	T	ugir :	Peak
Twin Lakes - Federal Way TC	21.6	3.8	27.7	4.8	9.6	1.4	103	Ocal	2	2	*<		Albania	Hgh :	Peak
North Issaquah - Issaquah TC	7.8	1.3	12.1	2.7			None	None			Ž.	٦,	annon	eb :	Night
South Mercer Island - Seattle CBD	13.0	4.6					62	Hourty	ON.	N	About	About	**	ug -	Peak
Shorewood - Mercer Island P&R	12.5	1.5	14.6	1.1			None	None			_	None	ž.	ugin :	Peak
S Mercer Island - Mercer Island P&R via Island Crest			6.6	1.6			62	Hourly			Ahova	Above	*	High	Peak/ Off Peak
South Mercer Island - U District	17.3	4.9					Peak	Peak	N	No		Poor	7	ugin i	Оп Реак
Issaquah HighlanSeattle CBD - Seattle CBD	12.8	3.9					Peak	Peak	N	No		Dook	T	ug :	Peak
Covenant Shores - Mercer Island P&R			13.6	1.2			None	None	2	2		None		ug i	Peak
Issaquah - Seattle CBD	21.7	11.3					Peak	Peak	No	No		Dook		ugir :	Off Peak
Eastgate - Education Hill	16.8	5.3	14.0	4.3	8.9	2.3	80	Hourly		2	Above		Ahove	ug i	Peak
Woodinville - Kirkland	8.7	2.2	7.2	2.1	5.4	1.4	86	Hourly			Ahova	Abovo	About	5 f	Ingn
Bothell - Kirkland	11.4	3.4	12.3	3.4	5.2	1.4	109	Hourly			Above		Above	ugu H	All All
Bellevue - Eastgate via South Bellevue	16.6	3.3	13.2	2.7	10.1	1.5	27	Hourly			Ahove		Abovo	light.	reak Nignt
Bellevue - Eastgate via Factoria	9.6	2.3	8.2	1.8			28	Hourly			Ahova		A P	ug i	Night
Bellevue - Overlake	16.4	4.0	9.6	2.5	7.4	2.0	73	Hourly				About	7 4	ugu i	Peak/ Off Peak
Overlake - Seattle CBD	19.3	10.0					Peak	Peak	oN.	No		Peak	ī		Off Peak/ Night
U District - Issaquah	25.1	10.5	28.0	12.7	19.1	8.5	14/40/106	Frequent/ Local/ Very Frequent			Above, A		At, Above,	High	Off Peak/ Night
Shoreline - Kenmore	17.1	5.0	20.0	5.4	6.6	2.0	44	Local			Δŧ	A+ A	About		
Mirror Lake - Federal Way TC	18.4	2.0	17.9	1.5	14.1	2.0	63	Local			Δŧ	\top	Abovo	i i	Mignt
North Auburn - Supermall			7.4	1.2			None	None			1	7 0	0000	ugin H	All All
Sammamish - Issaquah	7.3	1.5	6.2	2.0			None	None	-			None	T	i i	Dook/ Off Book
Bothell - Redmond	7.7	1.4	8.0	1.9			108	Hourly			Above	At	At		Doak/ Off Book
Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that DO NOT serve Seattle core										Pote	Potential for Major Reduction	Aaior Re	duction	ıığıı.	rean Oil reak
Bottom 25%	12.0	2.2	10.1	1.9	9.3	2.0			Any light	shaded	Any light shaded field is a risk factor	isk factor			
Top 25%	21.9	0.9	22.4	9.9	17.7	5.3		10年月月日 · 日本 ·	i de la constante de la consta	-	L				
*Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that serve Seattle core								High	none or	bove fc	trom 25% or its corric	of one or dor status	both prodi	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has none or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting neak or	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND has None or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting neak criteria
Bottom 25%	22.8	8.6	30.6	9.6	19.1	5.8			0		-				
Top 25%	45.4	14.8	54.3	15.5	31.5	9.0		Medium	corridor s	tatus Of	nom 25% R peak se	of one or rvices me	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity m corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND <u>at</u> corridor status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	s AND at its
									0	at in the	- hottom	10/01		Sonvices not in the bottom OFer of an annual state	

Medium potential for major reduction

Many routes that operate below the productivity threshold are not at a high potential for major reduction because they are providing important contributions to the All-Day and Peak Network at their current service level. These services are more likely to be reduced through targeted trip cuts or via a restructure that maintains segments or otherwise avoids the removal of these routes from the network. Also, when resources allow, these services may be involved in restructures that consolidate services in the high potential category with services in the medium category to create a stronger restructured service.

The tables that follow show which routes were identified as having a medium potential for major reduction in 2012. It is estimated that between 4 and 6 percent of Metro's system is at medium potential for major reduction.

Routes that are at medium potential for major reduction meet the following conditions:

 Services in the bottom 25 percent for one or both performance measures AND on a corridor at its target service level OR a peak service meeting one or both of the peak criteria.

The following routes are not shown on the list because they were either deleted or changed considerably since spring 2012:

2N Express, 14S, 17, 21, 23, 24, 27, 30, 31, 35, 37, 45 Express, 46, 54, 56, 57, 60, 123 Express, 125, 129, 134, 156, 162, 196, 219.

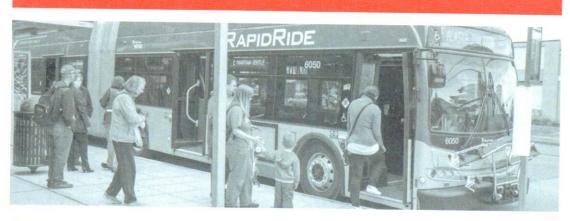
TABLE 16

Routes Below One or More Productivity Thresholds at Medium Potential for Major Reduction

Poute Rainier B 8" Rainier B 8" Rainier B 11" Madison 12" Interlaker 19" West Mar 10" Tukwila S 114" Renton H 118 Tahlequa 121" Highline C 157" Lake Mer 175" West Fed Ondo	Description Rainier Beach - Seattle CBD Rainier Beach - Seattle Center Madison Park - Seattle CBD	Soardings/ Plat Hour	\iM .as	vdings/		\agnib NoUr			Target Convice	ЭШ	qi		>		Potential	
	each - Seattle CBD each - Seattle Center Park - Seattle CBD	3			Pass Plat.	Board Plat I	Pass.	Corridor	Family	Travel Tir	Ridersh	Реак	Off Peak	tdgiN	Major Reduction	Time Period
	each - Seattle Center Park - Seattle CBD	28.8	7.2					Peak	Peak	Yes	No			T	Medium	Jeod
	Park - Seattle CBD	49.4	10.9	42.7	9.6	35.3	7.3	78	Very Frequent			At	At	At	Medium	Off Peak
		57.8	9.0	62.8	9.5	47.8	5.7	59	Very Frequent			At	Below	Below	Medium	All
	Interlaken Park - Seattle CBD	55.9	10.7	46.0	12.3	26.1	5.3	22	Very Frequent			At	_	At	Medium	Night
	West Magnolia - Seattle CBD	39.6	11.1	37.2	13.1	18.4	6.1	12	Frequent				At		Modium	Jugini Jeog
	Loyal Heights - U District	25.5	6.3					Peak	Peak	No	Yes			T	Modium	Peak
	U District - Seattle CBD via Broadway	45.8	13.6	40.8	14.8	1.61	4.8	104	Very Frequent			At	At	Δŧ	Modium	Leak
	Tukwila Station - North Renton	13.3	1.7					Peak	Peak	Yes	No.		1	č	Modium	Night
	Renton HighlanSeattle CBD - Seattle CBD	22.3	13.1					Peak	Peak	Yes	N			T	Modium	reak
	Tahlequah - Vashon	18.9	4.6	10.2	2.5	0.9	1.5	91	Hourly			At	Δt	Δŧ	Medium	reak
	Highline CC - Seattle CBD	27.4	11.6	21.8	11.6			Peak	Peak	Yec	Vac				Medium	Mign
	Lake Meridian - Seattle CBD via Panther Lake	15.7	10.8					Peak	Peak	Vac	No.			T	Medium	Оп Реак
	Lake Meridian - Seattle CBD	17.1	9.7					Peak	Poak	20 >	S N			T	Medium	Peak
	West Federal Way - Seattle CBD	13.5	10.7					Pask	Doak	20 >	ON ON				Medium	Peak
	Redondo Heights - Seattle CBD	21.3	12.5					Peak	Paak	S >	ON O				Medium	Peak
	Star Lake - Seattle CBD	19.2	11.5					Peak	Peak	20 /	20 2				Medium	Peak
197* Twin Lake	Twin Lakes - U District	19.3	15.8					Dool	Book	20 >	ON			T	Medium	Peak
201 S Mercer	S Mercer Island - Mercer Island P&R via Mercer Wav	5.5	80	1			+	Lean	reak	Yes	ON :				Medium	Peak
	North Bend - Issaquah	8 8	3.0	27	4.0		+	Feak	Peak	Yes	Yes		-		Medium	Peak
210* Issaquah	Issaquah - Seattle CBD via Factoria	110	1 0	5	2		+	74	Hourly	-		At	At	At	Medium	Peak/ Off Peak
215* North Ben	North Bend - Seattle CBD		11.5					Peak	Peak	Yes	oN ;				Medium	Peak
224 Fall City -	Fall City - Redmond		27	a	25		1	Can	reak	ON	Yes					Peak
	Kingsgate - Bellevue	17.4	7.7	122	0.0	30	0	82	Hourly				At	At		Peak/ Off Peak
243* Jackson P	Jackson Park - Wilburton		0	2:5	1.0	0.0	3.2	203	Frequent			At	Above	At	Medium	Night
255* Brickyard	Brickyard - Seattle CBD	29.7	0.0	26.3	100	+ 00	107	Feak	Peak	Yes	No				Medium	Peak
	Brickyard - Seattle CBD	212	19.7	0.01	0.2	+	10.7	100	very Frequent			At	At	At	Medium	Off Peak
260* Finn Hill -	Finn Hill - Seattle CBD	15.9	1 6				1	Dool	Peak	Yes	Yes				Medium	Peak
	First Hill	17.3	8.8					Dool	Peak	Yes	Yes				Medium	Peak
	Bear Creek - Seattle CBD	22.3	13.2					Dool	reak	res	ON				Medium	Peak
269 Overlake -	Overlake - Issaquah	10.6	4.5	12.5	9	0 1	3.0	A1	reak	Yes	ON			1	Medium	Peak
277* Juanita - U District	/ District	12	5.0			5	200	Peak	Posk	Von	Ver	At	Relow	At	Medium	Peak/ Night
ng 2012 thresho	Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that DO NOT serve Seattle core								200	100	Doto	Dotontial for Major Dodge	Major Do	7	Medium	Peak
	Bottom 25%	12.0	2.2	10.1	1.9	9.3	2.0				200	Anvli	oht chade	duction ad field ie	Any light chaded field is a risk factor	
	Top 25%	21.9	0.9	22.4	9.9	17.7	5.3			Corrigo	the heat	, oe o	Sur Suga	200000	a lish lactor	
*Spring 201	Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that serve Seattle core								High	none or	above fo	r its corri	dor status	s OR peal	none or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	AND has ng peak criteria
	Bottom 25% Top 25%	45.4	9.8	30.6	9.9	19.1	5.8		Medium	Service i	in the bot status OF	tom 25% 3 peak se	of one or	both proc	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND at its corridor status OR peak services meeting beak criteria	AND at its
									low	Services	not in the	Services not in the bottom 25% of on	25% of o	ne or both	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR	sures OR

(continued) Routes Below One or More Productivity Thresholds at Medium Potential for Major Reduction

		Time Period		Peak	Posk	Can	Реак	Off Peak/ Night	Off Peak	Peak Off Peak	car Oil can	Peak	Peak Off Peak	100			ANID LEE	none or above for its corridor status OR peak routes not meeting peak criteria	DI D	s AND at its	ı	sures OR
		Potential for Major Reduction		Medium	Medium	Modium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium		Medium	Medium		and the factor	Ally light straugh field is a risk factor	Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity massives AND Land	routes not meet		Service in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures AND	status OR peak services meeting peak criteria	Services not in the bottom 25% of one or both productivity measures OR
Γ		thgiN	T			Τ	T.		_	-	Τ	7	WC	lion of	field in	I SI DIAI	th prod	R peak		oth prod	ing pea	or both
	Corridor Status		-				-	+	At	At	-		Below Below	Potential for Major Reduction	hopoda	silanen	ne or he	status O		ne or bc	es meet	of one
	orridor	Off Peak					A.	₹ .	At	At	-			or Maic	loht light	il ilili	5% of o	orridor		5% of o	service s	om 25%
L		Реак	1				*	2	AI	At			At	ential f	Δ.		offor 2	for its c		ottom 2	OR peak	he botte
	reak Criteria	Ridership	1	Yes	Yes	Yes	3				1000	102		Pot		100	in the bo	above		n the bo	status C	not in t
Book	FEAR	Fravel Time	ı,	Yes	Yes	Yes					700	200				100	Service	none or		Service	corridor	Services not in the bottom 25% of on
		Target Service Family		reak	Peak	Peak	local	Lough	VIDOLI	Hourly	Acod	, can	Local			A Managar Action (Cabinatal Cabinatal Cabinata Cabinatal Cabinata C		High		Medium		Low
		Corridor	Dool	LEGR	Peak	Peak	102	88	3	47	Peak		8									
te		Pass. Mi. Plat. Mi.					1.8		T	1		Ť			2.0	2	D.C		a L	0	9.0	
Night		Boardings/ Plat Hour		1			11.6								9.3	177	1/		101		31.5	
eak		Pass. Mi. Plat. Mi.		T			1.9	14		2.1		* *	-		1.9	2 2	0.0		00	2 1	15.5	
Off Peak		Boardings/ Plat Hour					15.2	4.1	0	9.6		00	0.0		10.1	22.4	4.77		30.6	0.7	54.3	
ak	Ī	Pass. Mi. Plat. Mi.	11.5	0 0	12.3	1.0	3.0			F	2.1	00	0.0		2.2	6.0	0.0		8.6	0 77	14.8	
Peak		Boardings/ Plat Hour	21.7	40.4	1.0.1	9.5	17.9		000	0.01	12.5	00	0:0		12.0	219	0:13		22.8	AE A	40.4	
		Description	Horizon View - Seattle CBD	Duvall - Seattle CBD		Seattle CDD - South Base	903DART I win Lakes - Federal Way TC	907DART Enumclaw - Renton	909DART Kennydale - Benton TC		Hiverview - Kent TC	930DART Redmond - Kingsgate	Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that DO MOT good and	or illustrated to touch that bo not serve seattle core	Bottom 25%	Ton 25%		*Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that serve Seattle core	Bottom 25%		20,000	
		Route	308*	311*	*V=UD	COOLA	BUSDARI	907DART	909DART	10000	STSDAKI	930DART	Spring 20	1								



SECTION 4

THE GUIDELINES AT WORK

Metro revises service three times each year, in the spring, summer, and fall. In 2012, Metro made service changes in February, June and September using the service guidelines. The changes were prompted by the planned start of two RapidRide lines and by Ordinance 17169, in which the County Council directed Metro to reinvest at least 100,000 annual service hours to make Metro more efficient and productive; and to eliminate the Ride Free Area (RFA).

In each service change, we reduced or deleted routes with relatively low productivity and invested hours where needed to reduce overcrowding, improve reliability or bring service up to target levels. These changes were designed to make better use of transit resources and to take advantage of new investments by reorganizing service to reduce duplication, provide more frequent service where it is most needed, and offer new and better connections for transit riders.

February 2012 service changes

In February 2012, Metro replaced fixed-route service on three routes with dial-a-ride transit (DART) service. These three routes served communities in southeast and northeast King County including parts of Black Diamond, Bothell, Enumclaw, Maple Valley, Redmond, Renton, and Woodinville. The routes were lower productivity services, but represented the last or only connection in some areas they served. Transitioning these routes to DART service allowed Metro to maintain connections in these communities while saving money by providing lower-cost service in these areas.

Examples of delivering geographic value and promoting social equity in the 2012 service changes:

- Frequent, all-day connections are provided by the RapidRide C and D lines between downtown Seattle and Uptown regional growth and jobs centers, the Ballard/ Interbay manufacturing/industrial center and the transit activity centers of Alaska Junction, Crown Hill, and Westwood Village.
- More frequent, direct, and reliable service provides better connections to more places for historically disadvantaged and lowincome populations.
- Service is more frequent in areas with diverse and low-income communities such as Burien, SeaTac, South Park, and White Center.
- More frequent east-west connections increase mobility and travel options for all riders, such as routes 31 and 32 between Interbay, Fremont, and the University of Washington and Route 50 between West Seattle, SODO, and southeast Seattle.
- Conversion of three higher cost fixed-route services in northeast and southwest King County with dial-a-ride transit (DART) provides more flexible, less costly service to lower density areas in lieu of service reductions.

June 2012 service changes

In June 2012, Metro reduced or deleted 15 routes that had low productivity. We reinvested the service hours, adding trips to eight routes to relieve crowding and revising schedules for 17 routes to improve reliability.

We also added evening service seven days a week on Route 180, which serves the corridor between Burien, SeaTac, Kent, and Auburn. This corridor was targeted for 30-minute night service but had no night service after about 7:30 p.m. between Burien, SeaTac, and Kent.

The total reinvestment in June of more than 30,000 hours met needs that were identified in the 2011 guidelines report. Not only did the reinvestment make Metro more efficient and productive, preliminary information indicates that reliability investments have improved on-time performance on many of the routes that received additional service hours.

June 2012 changes

Service quality investments

Trips were added to these routes: 1, 8, 9, 41, 44, 73, 128, 169

Schedules were changed for these routes:

5, 7, 8, 16, 22, 31, 33, 43, 48, 49, 60, 68, 106, 128, 166, 205, 309

Service reductions

Routes reduced: 25, 99, 119, 139, 935

Routes deleted:

38, 79, 129, 162, 175, 196, 219, 600, 912, 925

September 2012 service changes

The September 2012 service change was the largest change Metro has made in recent history. It was the first large restructure to be implemented under the new guidelines. The box below has more information about what the guidelines say about restructures.

Routes representing almost one-quarter of the total Metro system hours were affected by the 2012 service change. We started the RapidRide C and D lines, revised more than 50 routes, and eliminated the Ride Free Area in downtown Seattle. These changes were designed to improve the effectiveness of transit and provide better connections for riders. Metro reduced low-performing routes by more than 65,000 hours and invested those hours to relieve crowding, improve reliability, and improve corridors that were below their target service levels. Fifteen routes with low productivity were reduced or deleted, and three were revised substantially with the goal of attracting more riders. The average productivity of routes that were reduced was 25.6 rides per hour, while the average productivity of routes receiving investments was 36.2 rides per hour.

When does Metro restructure service?

A service restructure changes a number of routes in an area at once. Metro restructures service to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the transit network, reduce duplication and ensure good service design as outlined in the service design guidelines. Restructuring is also one way to improve service in underserved corridors when we don't have new resources.

The service guidelines list the following triggers for restructuring service:

- · Metro or Sound Transit starts a major new service.
- Transit service does not reflect changed travel patterns or transit demand.
- Transit services overlap.
- · Service does not match ridership.

- A major transportation change takes place, such as the start of SR-520 bridge tolling.
- A major development or land-use change takes place.

Metro may restructure service in the next few years for the following purposes:

- Reduce duplication and improve performance of routes serving Renton when the F Line starts.
- Reduce duplication and improve performance in Issaquah, Magnolia, and Mercer Island.
- Make changes to maintain high-performing all-day service in Kent East Hill after grant funding expires in 2014.
- Improve performance and directness of travel in Juanita/Bothell/Kirkland/ Woodinville.

Elimination of the Ride Free Area

With the elimination of the RFA, Metro transitioned to a systemwide "pay on entry" fare collection system. This change meant that all riders pay as they enter the bus, making the system simpler to understand and use. However, bus travel times were expected to increase in downtown Seattle as a result of this change, so Metro also revised several routes serving the downtown core to improve the flow of buses through this area. These changes included eliminating or revising existing through routes, eliminating some routes that serve downtown to reduce duplication, shifting some routes to other downtown pathways, and changing stop patterns of particular routes.

Service quality investments

The C and D line restructures gave Metro an opportunity to more closely examine and address routes with service quality issues that had been identified through the service guidelines analysis. Key investments in service quality included additional trips and route revisions to improve reliability. For example, more frequent service was added to Route 128 to reduce overcrowding and accommodate an expected increase in riders.

Metro also had an opportunity to reschedule several routes as part of the C and D line restructure, allowing us to improve on-time performance by creating schedules that better reflected the actual running times.

September 2012 service quality investments

Trips were added to this route: 128

These routes were shortened to improve reliability: 5, 28, 30, 75, 131, 132

These routes were no longer through-routed to improve reliability: 36, 125, 40 (replaced parts of Route 17)

Two major types of changes were made beyond simply rescheduling service. First, some routes were shortened and replaced by other services. Shorter routes are generally more reliable because there is less time and distance for routes to get off-schedule. Second, some routes were no longer through-routed. Through-routing is when a bus travels into a major center such as downtown Seattle as one route and travels out of the center as a different route. Through-routing is an efficient way to schedule service, but it can cause unreliable service because any delays on the inbound portion of the through-route are carried through to the outbound route.

Investments in corridors below target service levels and other All-Day Network corridors

The largest investments made as part of the restructure were to meet or move towards target service levels identified through our guidelines process. We met or moved towards target service levels on the corridors below through service improvements on routes 131, 132, and 166 and the start of the RapidRide C Line and routes 40 and 50.

- Kent and Burien via Kent-Des Moines Road, S 240th Street, First Avenue S (Route 166) was improved from hourly to every 30 minutes off-peak and night periods.
- West Seattle and Seattle CBD via Alaska Junction and Fauntleroy (C Line) was improved to every 10-15 minutes all day.
- Ballard and Lake City via Northgate (new Route 40) was improved to every 15 minutes or better during the peak period.

Improved service between Burien, South Park, SODO, and downtown Seattle

Routes 131 and 132 serve All-Day Network corridors between Burien, South Park, and downtown Seattle.

Both corridors were identified as underserved in 2011, and both routes had poor reliability.

With the restructure:

- Service comes every 15 minutes on Fourth Avenue S through SODO
- · Both routes arrive more frequently
- Both routes are faster, more direct, and more reliable

- Othello Station and Columbia City via Seward Park (new Route 50) was improved to every 30 minutes during the off-peak period.
- Burien and downtown Seattle via First Avenue S, South Park, Airport Way (Route 131) was improved to every 30 minutes during the off-peak period.
- Burien and downtown Seattle via Des Moines Memorial Drive South Park (Route 132) was improved to every 30 minutes during the off-peak and night periods.

As part of the restructure we also used the service design guidelines, which are principles and quantitative standards for designing the transit network and individual routes. As we redesigned the network around the C and D lines, our major purposes were to provide an efficient network, reduce duplication between services so they wouldn't compete for the same riders, and make the network simple and easy for riders to understand.

We reduced duplication by adjusting routes to connect with and feed into the RapidRide lines rather than compete with them between neighborhoods and downtown Seattle. We improved connections and made transfers easier by creating common transfer points between multiple routes at major centers (see box about Westwood Village).

Example of how we use the service design guidelines: creating frequent connections at Westwood Village

With the September 2012 service change, the C Line and four more routes were designed to connect to Westwood Village. This network design provides a connection point between many routes and strives to make transfers easier. More frequent service and connections are available with the listed routes in the table

Route	Desc	ription	Week	day Freque	ncies
noute	Desc	.rrption	Peak	Midday	Evening
21	Westwood Village	CBD Seattle	15	15	30
60	Westwood Village	Capitol Hill	20	20	30-60
120	Burien	CBD Seattle	8-15	15	30-60
125	SSCC	CBD Seattle	20	30	45
C Line	Westwood Village	CBD Seattle	10-15	15	15-30

Service reductions

The guidelines help us identify services that could potentially be revised or reduced, with the hours reinvested to meet other needs. In September, we made changes to many poorly performing routes. We reduced some trips or deleted service in some times of day on routes where productivity was low but where some service was needed to provide connections and meet demand.

We significantly rerouted or revised several routes that had low productivity. In some cases, we deleted service to lower-ridership areas while maintaining service between activity centers. Reducing service to lower-ridership areas and focusing service in the busiest areas can improve productivity.

Metro deleted routes with low productivity. Many of the areas served by the deleted routes had alternative routes nearby, or replacement service was planned that was significantly different.

September 2012 service reductions

Routes reduced: 37, 55, 56, 125

Routes revised: 21, 22, 131, 132

Routes deleted: 23, 34, 39, 45, 46, 53,

81, 85, 133, 134



SECTION 5

USING THE GUIDELINES TO FACE A MAJOR FUNDING SHORTFALL

Metro's funding shortfall

Since the service guidelines were adopted in July 2011, Metro has been using them to improve the transit system by delivering productive, high quality service where it's needed most. This year, we have begun using the guidelines for a different purpose: to prepare for a major reduction of the transit system that may be necessary because of a severe financial challenge facing Metro.

Starting in mid-2014, after some stop-gap funding runs out, Metro's annual revenues are projected to fall \$75 million short of what is needed to maintain the current level of service. This shortfall—caused by a steep decline in sales tax revenue—remains despite many steps taken since 2008 to substantially narrow Metro's budget gap. Actions include reducing staff and overhead, finding new efficiencies, tapping reserve funds, raising fares, and adopting a congestion reduction charge to provide supplemental funding for two years while new revenue sources are considered.

If Metro does not receive additional revenue, up to 17 percent of current service—about 600,000 annual service hours—might have to be eliminated, even though ridership is expected to grow past the record levels seen before the recession. Service cuts would begin as early as September 2014.

What might happen without additional funding: an illustration

This section illustrates potential system reductions that Metro might have to make if additional funding is not available.

This is not a service change proposal, but rather an illustration of the potential impact a 17 percent service reduction would have: roughly 70 percent of routes might be deleted, reduced or revised, leading to broad impacts on the entire public transportation network, a large portion of Metro's customers, and communities across King County. Impacts would include fewer travel options for riders, more-crowded and less-reliable buses, and worse traffic congestion.

A formal service reduction proposal would require a more detailed, comprehensive analysis of updated data and a robust outreach process to gather public comments and suggestions. We would also consider opportunities to cut costs yet maintain an effective network through restructures. A final proposal would have to be approved via ordinance by the King County Council. Metro's adopted 2013/14 budget assumes that an initial reduction of 150,000 annual service hours would be adopted by the council in spring 2014 and would occur in September 2014.

Potential 17-percent reduction

We used the service guidelines described in Section 3 as the basis for this illustration of where and when service might be reduced. We identified reduction priorities by considering each route's productivity and how it contributes to the corridor's target service level. The box below provides a more detailed summary of the guidelines for reducing service.

For this illustration we analyzed all Metro routes in service as of spring 2013 (except for school and custom bus routes). The routes are listed in Table 17 and shown in Figure 8. The analysis found the following:

- Roughly one-third of Metro's routes (65 routes) might be deleted. Many of these routes are in the bottom 25 percent for one or both productivity measures, but some more-productive routes would also have to be deleted. Many of these higher-productivity routes are peak-only routes that do not meet our peak speed or ridership criteria.

 Potential Number of Routes in Each Category
- An estimated 40 percent of Metro's routes (86 routes) might be reduced or revised. These routes would run less frequently, run for fewer hours each day, or have different or shorter routings. About half of these routes are performing in the bottom 25 percent for one or both productivity measures. The other half are higher-productivity routes that would be reduced and/or revised, or modified as part of a restructure, to improve service efficiency.
- No change 66 Deleted 65

 Reduced and Revised 86
- Roughly one-third of Metro's routes (66 routes) might remain unchanged, but even these unchanged routes are likely to carry more people and be more crowded in a reduced transit network. These routes typically are in the top 25 percent on one or both performance measures, or have been revised since spring 2012 to improve their performance and system efficiency.

Illustrations of route reductions and changes that might be made in eight areas of the county to make up a total 17 percent reduction are described beginning on page 48.

In an actual service change proposal, the estimated number of deletions, reductions and changes would likely be altered through consideration of current data, additional restructures, and public input.

Guidelines methodology for reducing service

The first routes considered for reduction are those that perform in the bottom 25 percent on one or both productivity measures: rides per platform hour and passenger miles per platform mile.

Reductions can range from deleting a single trip to eliminating an entire route.

However, not all services performing in the bottom 25 percent are priorities for major reduction. Metro strives to maintain service at the target levels for corridors in our transit network, which were set on the basis of productivity, social equity, and geographic value. This means that we would keep some routes that are performing in the bottom 25 percent because, for example, they provide the only transit connection to a community or serve a community with a low-income or minority population.

Why reducing routes in the bottom 25 percent is not enough

The routes that perform in the bottom 25 percent for productivity are a starting point for potential service reductions, but additional cuts would be needed to reach a 600,000-hour reduction target. All of Metro's low-performing routes add up to only about 490,000 hours*. In addition, as explained above, some routes in the bottom 25 percent would be maintained to support other policy objectives. With a 600,000-hour reduction, the remaining cuts would have to come from services that have higher productivity and would normally be at low risk for reduction.

*Does not include routes that have been changed since spring 2012

Service restructuring—making changes to multiple routes along a corridor or within an area—can improve efficiency and reduce operating costs while retaining more riders. However, restructuring more service means a greater degree of change to the network that can be stressful for riders and operations. This illustration included only a limited consideration of potential restructures. A final service proposal would involve a more-thorough analysis of restructures.

Public engagement is part of any major service change and helps shape Metro's service proposals. For example, during the September 2012 service change process, thousands of people commented on our proposed service revisions, and we made many modifications as a result of what we heard. Public input would shape the composition of any major service-reduction proposal, but it would not change the financial imperative to cut service to match available revenue.

Potential impacts

A 17 percent reduction of Metro service could directly affect as many as 70 percent of Metro's routes and have a broad impact on the entire public transportation network and a large portion of Metro's customers. Our services are part of an integrated transportation system, in which services work together to get people where they want to go. Today as many as one-third of our customers make trips that involve transfers. For many of these riders, connections would become less convenient or impossible if services were eliminated or reduced.

The effectiveness of the overall transit network would be diminished. A reduced transit network would shrink the number of places people could go, limit where and how often they could travel, and increase the time that trips would take. People would have to walk farther or wait longer for a bus; many would ride crowded buses, or be left at the curb as full buses pass them by. Overall, the system would be less convenient, attractive, and functional for many riders. Many riders might stop using transit as a result.

Here are some examples of what a reduced network could mean:

- Elimination or reduction of as many as 70 percent of the routes in the system would affect all types of services, not just those that are low-performing.
- Reduced neighborhood access to transit. Many people in neighborhoods throughout King County would get less service, or would lose service entirely.
- Longer, less-convenient trips to work and school. Fifty-five percent of Metro's riders take the bus to school or work. Riders would have to wait longer, walk farther, make extra transfers or stand in the aisle more often. Some might not be able to get to their jobs or classes.
- Increased traffic congestion. Metro service takes about 175,000 vehicles off the road every weekday—largely during the busiest times of day on the most heavily used corridors. Major service reductions would send thousands of people back into their cars, worsening congestion and slowing traffic for everyone by adding tens of thousands of new car trips to King County's already-congested roadways.
- Impacts on economic growth. More than 1,500 businesses, the University of Washington, and other institutions provide bus passes to their employees or students; they rely on transportation to get people to work on time, manage parking, and help reduce traffic congestion. Cuts to the transit system would affect our local economy as people would have a harder time getting to work and increased congestion would make it harder to move goods and deliver services.
- Impacts on those who depend on transit. People who rely solely or heavily on transit would have fewer travel choices because there would be fewer bus stops, fewer routes, and less service on remaining routes.
- Decreased accessible service options. With less fixed-route service and fewer bus stops, riders with disabilities would have fewer opportunities to use Metro's fixed-route system. The Access Transportation service area could also become smaller if the service network shrinks, reducing the area in which Metro is required by the Americans with Disabilities Act to provide complementary paratransit service.

TABLE 17

Routes Potentially Affected in a Reduction of Up to 600,000 Service Hours¹

From Potential Route Deletions
From Potential Route Reductions/Revisions
Target Reduction Amount

Total Service Hours	
250,000 - 300,000	
390,000 - 440,000	
600,000	

192 197 200 201 203 205EX 210 211EX 213 215 216 237 243
200 201 203 205EX 210 211EX 213 215 216 237
201 203 205EX 210 211EX 213 215 216 237
203 205EX 210 211EX 213 215 216 237
205EX 210 211EX 213 215 216 237
210 211EX 213 215 216 237
211EX 213 215 216 237
213 215 216 237
215 216 237
216 237
237
243
244EX
250
257
260
265
268
277
280
304
308
601EX (600EX)
907DART
910DART
913DART
914DART
919DART
927DART
930DART
935DART

	utes Poter uced and I					
1	48N	221				
25	60	224				
2N	65	226				
35	66 EX	232				
3N	67	234				
45	68	235				
4N	70	236				
5	71	238				
5 EX	72	241				
7	73	245				
8	106	246				
9EX	107	248				
10	116EX	249				
11	118	255				
12	121	269 271 309EX 311 312EX				
145	122					
16	125					
21	148					
24	156					
26	177	331				
26 EX	181	355EX				
28	182	372EX				
28 EX	186	373 EX				
29 (2NEX)*	187	901DART				
31	193EX	903DART				
36	202	908DART				
41	204	909DART				
43	209	931DART				
47 (14)*	214					

13	124	242
15EX	128	252
17EX	131**	301
18EX	132**	303EX
32	140	306EX
33**	143EX	316
40	150	330
44	153	342
485	155	345
49	158	346
50	164	347
55**	166	348
56**	167	358EX
62	168	A Line
64EX	169	B Line
74EX	178	C Line (54)
75	180	D Line (15)
101	183	773
102	212	775
105	217	915DART
111	218	916DART
120	240	917DART

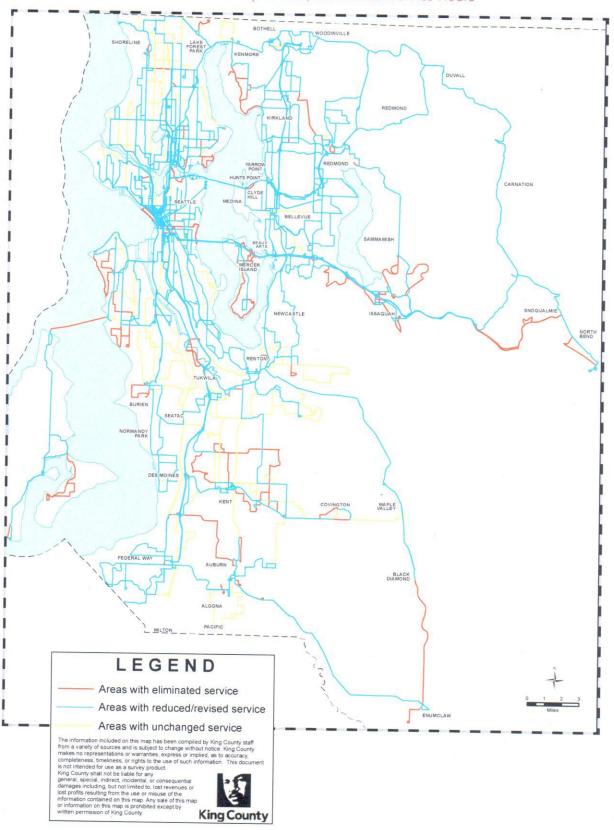
^{**} Routes not reduced because we expect productivity to be above the bottom 25% threshold due to changes since spring 2012

Routes in the bottom 25% for productivity

¹ Includes all Metro routes in service as of spring 2013 except school and custom bus routes

FIG. 8

Potential Metro Service Reductions—Up to 600,000 Annual Service Hours



Service reduction illustration: northwest Seattle/north King County

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced or changed on about 25 routes in northwest Seattle and north King County. Many routes in this area were recently changed or eliminated as part of a major service restructure in 2012.

Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Parts of Shoreline (N 145th Street) could lose all service. North Beach, Sunset Hill (32nd Avenue NW), and west Queen Anne (10th Avenue W) could lose all non-peakperiod service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to downtown Seattle, the
 University District, and Uptown during peak travel periods
 could see a reduction in service, which could create
 crowded conditions. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their
 destinations.
- Midday/weekend service—Green Lake, Greenwood, Loyal Heights, Magnolia, Queen Anne, Shoreline, Uptown, and Wallingford could see reductions in services during off-peak periods.
- Night service—Eastlake, Fremont, Green Lake, Greenwood, Loyal Heights, Queen Anne, Seattle Center, Shoreline, South Lake Union, Uptown, and Wallingford could see reductions in night service.
- Other changes—In addition to the reductions listed above, some routes could be modified to be more direct or to serve different markets.

- Routes that could change: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5X, 8, 16, 19, 24, 26, 26X, 28, 28X, 29, 31, 48, 48X, 61, 66X, 70, 82, 83, 304, 331, 355.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 13, 32, 40, 44, 330, 345, 346, 358X, RapidRide D Line.

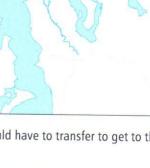
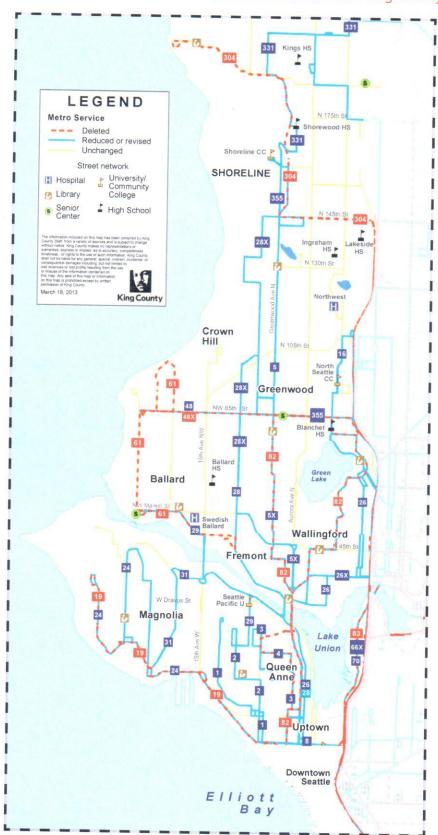


FIG. S

Service Reduction Illustration: Northwest Seattle/North King County

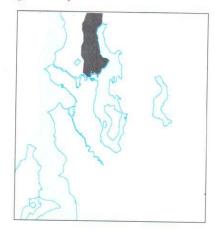


Service reduction illustration: northeast Seattle/north King County

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced or changed on about 20 routes in northeast Seattle and north King County.

Possible service reductions

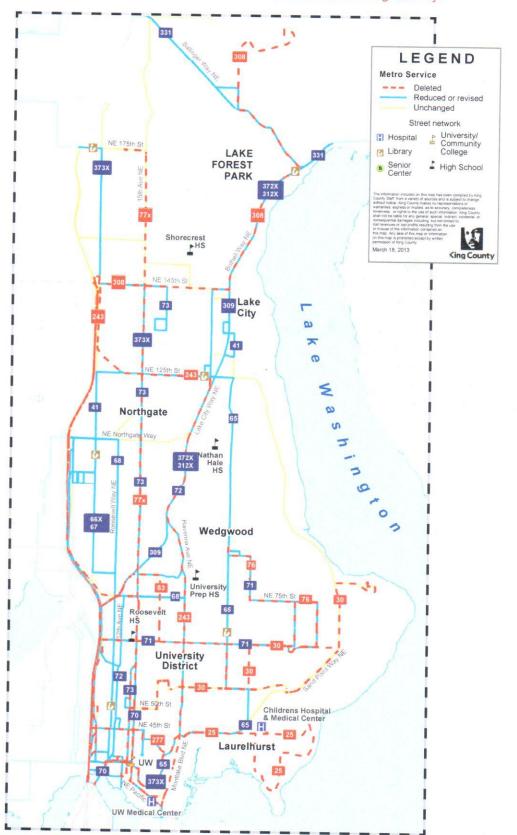
- All-day service—Parts of Lake Forest Park (35th Avenue NE and NE 197th Street) and Laurelhurst (east of 40th Avenue NE/NE 45th Street) could lose all service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to Bellevue, downtown Seattle, First Hill, and the University District during peak travel periods could see reductions in service, which could create crowded conditions. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their destinations.



- Midday/weekend service—Sand Point, Shoreline, and the University District could see reductions in service during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Lake City, Laurelhurst, Maple Leaf, Sand Point, Shoreline, the University District, and Wedgewood could see reductions in night service.
- Other changes—In addition to the reductions listed above, some routes could be modified to be more direct or to serve different markets.

- Routes that could change: 25, 30, 41, 65, 66X, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 76, 77X, 83, 243, 277, 308, 309X, 312X, 331, 372, 373X.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 31, 32, 75, 330, 347, 348.

Service Reduction Illustration: Northeast Seattle/North King County



Service reduction illustration: southwest Seattle/south King County

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced on about 20 routes in southwest Seattle and south King County. Many routes in this area were recently changed or eliminated as part of a major service restructure in 2012.

Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Arbor Heights, Gatewood, Genesee Hill, Shorewood, and Beach Drive SW could lose all service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to the Boeing industrial and Duwamish areas, downtown Seattle, and West Seattle during peak travel periods could see a reduction in service, which could create crowded conditions. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their destinations.



- Midday/weekend service—High Point (35th Avenue SW), North Delridge, and South Seattle Community College could see reductions in service during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Georgetown, South Park, and White Center could see reductions in night service.

- Routes that could change: 21, 21X, 22, 37, 57, 60, 106, 113, 116, 118X, 119X, 121, 122, 123, 125, 154, 173, 601.
- Other routes in this area that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 50, 120, 124, 128, 131, 132, RapidRide C Line.

Service Reduction Illustration: Southwest Seattle/South King County



Service reduction illustration: central and southeast Seattle/south King County

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced on about 40 routes in central and southeast Seattle and south King County.

Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Leschi and parts of Eastlake and Montlake (Lakeview Boulevard, Harvard Avenue E, E Lynn Street) could lose all service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to Bellevue, downtown Seattle, First Hill, Rainier Beach, and the University District during peak travel periods could see a reduction in service, which could create crowded conditions. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their destinations.
- Midday/weekend service—Capitol Hill, the Central District,
 First Hill, Madrona, and Rainier Beach could see reductions in services during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Beacon Hill, Capitol Hill, the Central District, Eastlake, First Hill, Madison Park, Madrona, Montlake, Mount Baker, Rainier Beach, and Skyway could see reductions in night service.
- Other changes—In addition to the reductions listed above, some routes could be modified to be more direct or to serve different markets.

- Routes that could change: 2, 3, 4, 7, 7X, 8, 9X, 10, 11, 12, 14, 25, 27, 36, 43, 47, 60, 70, 84, 99, 106, 107, 114, 193X, 205X, 210, 211X, 215, 216, 243, 250, 255, 257, 260, 265, 268, 271, 277, 311.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 49, 50, 101.

Service Reduction Illustration: Central And Southeast Seattle/South King County





Service Reduction Illustration: east King County-north

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced or changed on about 25 routes in the north part of east King County.

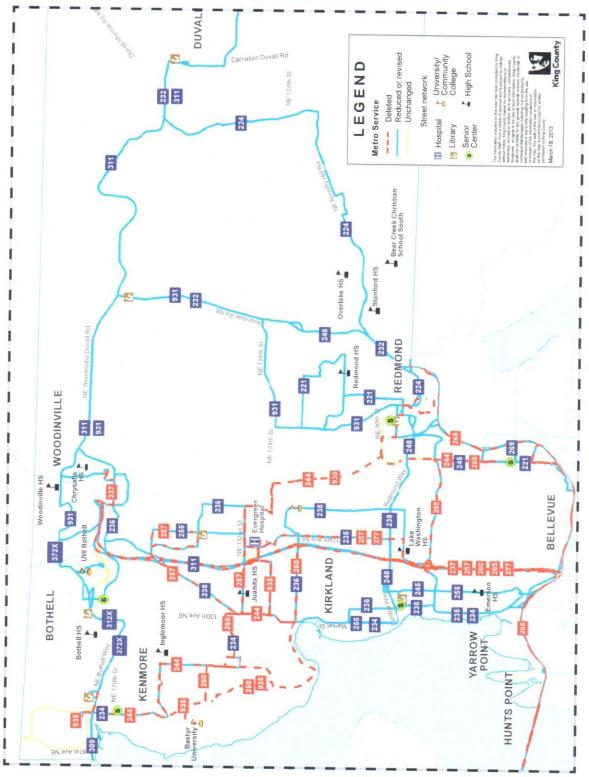
Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Parts of Juanita could lose all service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to Bellevue, Eastgate, downtown Seattle, First Hill, Issaquah, Kirkland, Overlake, Redmond, and the University District during peak travel periods could see a reduction in service, which could create crowded conditions. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their destinations.
 - Competition for already scarce parking spaces at the
 Brickyard, Kingsgate, Redmond, Overlake, and South Kirkland
 park-and-rides could increase. Commuter routes crossing SR-520 to downtown Seattle and the
 University District could be less frequent and often overcrowded.
- Midday/weekend service—Avondale, Bothell, Education Hill, Kenmore, Kingsgate, Redmond, and Woodinville could see reductions in services during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Avondale, Bothell, Juanita, Kenmore, Kirkland, and Woodinville could see reductions in night service.

- Routes that could change: 221, 224, 232, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 244, 245, 248, 255, 257, 260, 265, 268, 269, 277, 309, 311, 312, 372, 930, 931, 935.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: RapidRide B Line.



Service Reduction Illustration: East King County—North

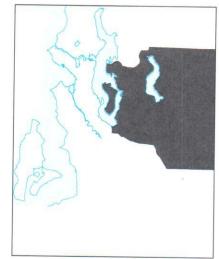


Service reduction illustration: east King County – south

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced or changed on about 35 routes in the south part of east King County.

Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Parts of Issaquah, Mercer Island, North Bend, and Sammamish could lose all service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to Bellevue, Eastgate, Factoria, Issaquah, Mercer Island, Overlake, Redmond, downtown Seattle, and the University District during peak travel periods could see a reduction in service, which could create crowded conditions. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their destinations.

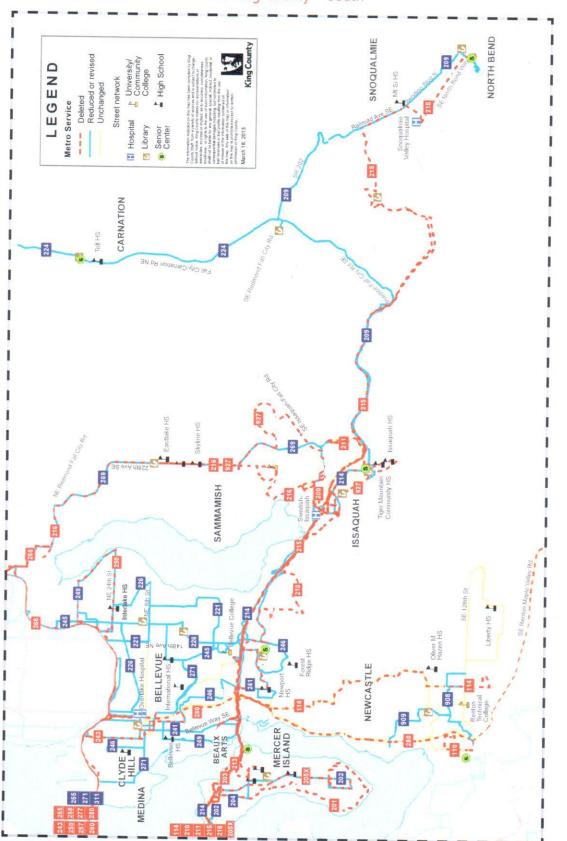


Competition for already-scarce park-and-ride spaces at the Eastgate, Issaquah Highlands, Mercer Island, and South Bellevue park-and-rides could increase. Commuter routes that cross I-90 to downtown Seattle and the University District could be less frequent, and could often be overcrowded.

- Midday/weekend service—Bellevue, Clyde Hill, Eastgate, Factoria, Issaquah, Kennydale, Overlake, Medina, Mercer Island, and the Renton Highlands could see reductions in service during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Bellevue, Crossroads, Eastgate, Factoria, Issaquah, Overlake, Renton, and Sammamish could see reductions in night service.

- Routes that could change: 110, 114, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 209, 210, 211, 213, 214, 215, 216, 221, 224, 226, 241, 243, 245, 246, 249, 250, 255, 257, 260, 265, 268, 269, 271, 277, 280, 908, 909, 927.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 105, 240, RapidRide B Line.

Service Reduction Illustration: East King County - South

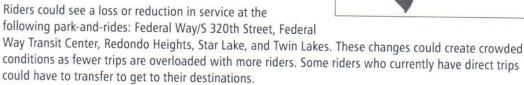


Service reduction illustration: southwest King County

In this service reduction illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced on about 25 routes in southwest King County.

Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Riders on Maury Island and in parts of Burien, including Gregory Heights and Highline Medical Center, could lose all service. Vashon Island riders could lose all non-peak-period service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to the Boeing industrial and Duwamish areas, Burien, downtown Seattle, Federal Way, First Hill, SeaTac, the University District, and West Seattle during peak travel periods could see reductions in service. Vashon Island riders would have to walk onto the ferry at the Vashon Island ferry dock.

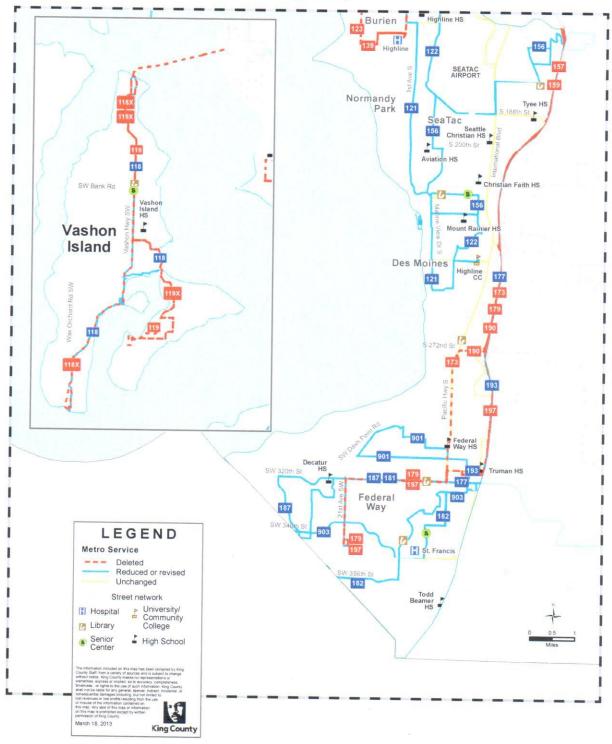


- Midday/weekend service—Riders in Des Moines, Federal Way, Highline Community College, Mirror Lake, SeaTac, and Twin Lakes could see reductions in service during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Riders in Federal Way and Twin Lakes could see reductions in night service.

- Routes that could change: 118, 118X, 119, 119X, 121, 122, 123, 139, 156, 157, 159, 173, 177, 179, 181, 182, 187, 190, 193, 197, 901, 903.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 140, 180, 183, RapidRide A Line.



Service Reduction Illustration: Southwest King County



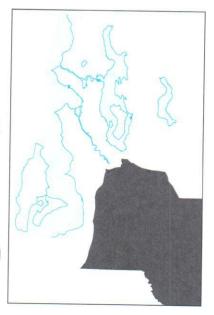
Service reduction illustration: southeast King County

In this illustration, bus trips and hours of service are reduced on about 20 routes in southeast King County.

Possible service reductions

- All-day service—Parts of Algona, Auburn, Black Diamond, Covington, Enumclaw, and Kent could lose all service.
- Peak service—Riders traveling to Auburn, the Boeing industrial and Duwamish areas, downtown Seattle, Enumclaw, First Hill, Green River Community College, Kent, Renton, and the University District during peak periods could see a reduction in service.

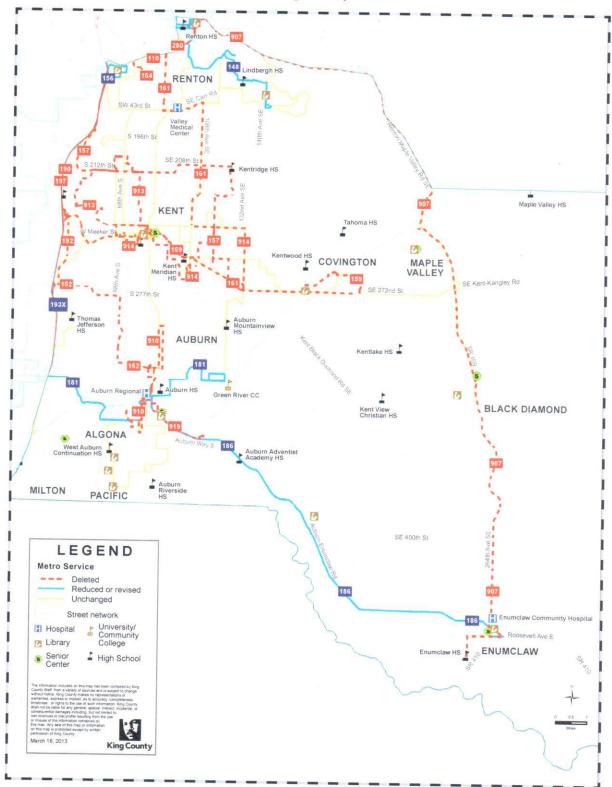
Riders could see a loss or reduction in service at the following park-and-rides: Auburn, Auburn Station, Kent-Des Moines, Kent Station, Lake Meridian, and Lincoln/James. These changes could create crowded conditions as fewer trips are overloaded with more riders. Some riders who currently have direct trips could have to transfer to get to their destinations.



- Midday/weekend service—Riders in Auburn, Enumclaw, Fairwood, Kent, Maple Valley, and Renton could see reductions in service during off-peak travel periods.
- Night service—Auburn, Green River Community College, and Renton riders could see reductions in night service.

- Routes that could change: 110, 148, 152, 154, 156, 157, 159, 161, 181, 186, 190, 192, 193X, 197, 280, 907, 910, 913, 914, 919.
- Other routes that could experience crowding and reliability issues: 140, 150, 164, 168, 180.

Service Reduction Illustration: Southeast King County





SECTION 6

POTENTIAL CHANGES TO THE SERVICE GUIDELINES AND STRATEGIC PLAN

Metro's strategic plan and service guidelines will be updated in 2013. Per Ordinance 17143, the legislation and update will include refinements to the guidelines methodology to:

- **A.** Incorporate input from local jurisdictions as generated through a collaborative process defined by the executive;
- **B.** Address the factors, methodology and prioritization of service additions in existing and new corridors consistent with Strategy 6.1.1;
- **C.** More closely align factors used to serve and connect centers in the development of the All-Day and Peak Network and resulting service level designations, including consideration of existing public transit services, with jurisdictions' growth decisions, such as zoning and transit-supportive design requirements, and actions associated with but not limited to permitting, transit operating enhancements, parking controls and pedestrian facilities; and
- **D.** Create a category of additional service priority, complementary to existing priorities for adding service contained within the King County Metro Service Guidelines, so that priorities include service enhancements to and from, between and within Vision 2040 regionally designated centers, and other centers where plans call for transit-supportive densities and jurisdictions have invested in capital facilities, made operational changes that improve the transit operating environment and access to transit, and implemented programs that incentivize transit use.

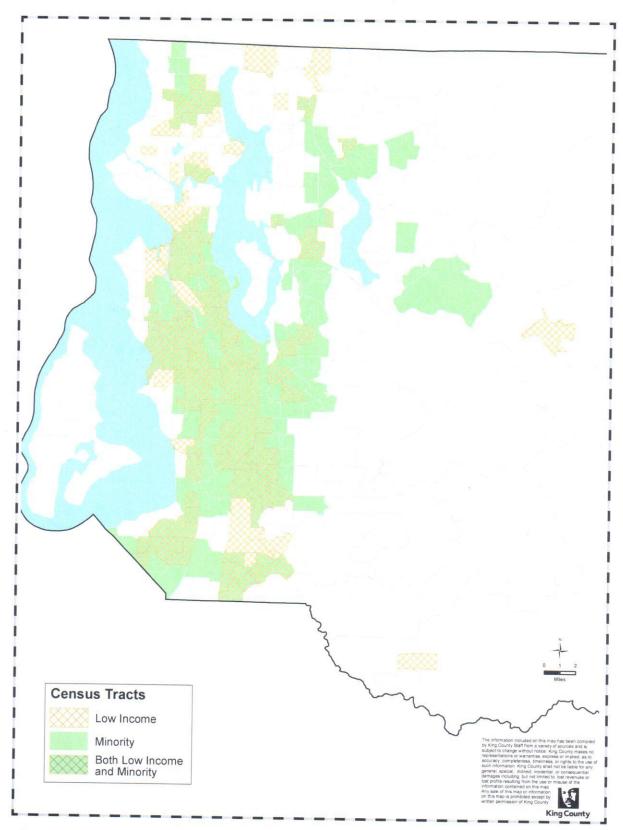
To prepare for the 2013 update, we conducted a collaborative Linking Transit and Development process that engaged local jurisdictions during the summer of 2012. A preliminary report identified three themes for potential improvement: collaboration, certainty, and clarity. Participants were interested in having more certainty about investments needed in the future, in complementing the short-term planning of the service guidelines with longer-range planning, and in improving coordination and communication between Metro and local jurisdictions. Building on the input from the local jurisdictions, Metro is working with the Regional Transit Committee and the King County Councilmembers to refine the elements of the 2013 update.

Metro is also considering other changes to incorporate new Federal Title VI standards and policy requirements, to integrate alternative services into the guidelines evaluation, and minor administrative changes to improve the service guidelines analysis.

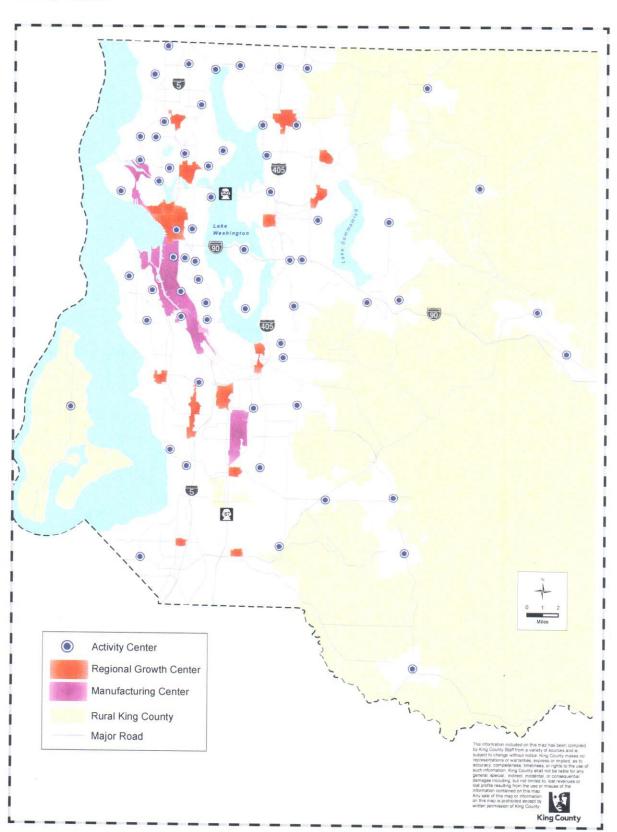
APPENDICES

Appendix A:	Map of Low-Income and Minority Tracts	. A-2
Appendix B:	Map of Activity Centers	
Appendix C:	Route Productivity Data	
Appendix D:	Routes with Overcrowding	
Appendix E:	Routes with Poor Reliability	
Appendix F:	Peak Route Analysis Results	
Appendix G:	2012 Corridor Changes	
Appendix H:	Corridors that Changed Target Service Level from 2011 to 2012	
Appendix I:	2012 Service Changes	A-19
Appendix J:	Information Sources	
Appendix K:	Corridor Analysis Tables	A-24
	Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step One	A-25
	Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step Two and Final Suggested	
	Service Levels	A-28

Appendix A: King County Low Income and Minority Census Tracts (2011 Geography)



Appendix B: Activity Centers



Appendix C: Route Productivity Data

Routes that Do Not Serve the Seattle Core

		Pe	ak	Off	Peak	Night	
Route	Description	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile
A Line	Federal Way – Tukwila	47.7	13.9	51.8	17.6	36.6	12.5
B Line	Bellevue – Redmond	39.6	11.1	33.7	10.5	29.8	8.0
38	Beacon Hill – Mt Baker			14.5	1.5		
51	Alaska Junction – Admiral District	13.3	1.2	11.1	1.3		
53	Alaska Junction – Alki			9.3	1.9		
105	Renton Highlands – Renton TC	30.4	5.9	30.2	7.2	18.2	4.1
107	Rainier Beach — Renton	23.4	5.6	22.4	5.5	14.5	3.9
110	Tukwila Station – North Renton	13.3	1.7				
118	Tahlequah – Vashon	18.9	4.6	10.2	2.5	6.0	1.5
119	Dockton – Vashon	16.2	3.6	10.9	2.5		
128	Southcenter – Admiral District	37.1	11.5	35.7	11.7	22.9	7.0
129	Riverton Heights – Tukwila Intl Blvd Station	9.6	1.2				
139	Gregory Heights – Burien TC	13.2	1.7	12.3	1.7	7.1	0.9
140	Burien – Renton	28.5	8.5	33.1	10.5	32.2	11.2
148	Fairwood – Renton TC	16.8	4.8	16.8	5.3	16.7	5.3
153	Renton – Kent via East Valley	18.4	4.3				
154	Tukwila Station – Federal Center	16.6	4.4				
155	Fairwood – Southcenter	16.2	3.6	18.7	4.7		
156	Tukwila – SeaTac	10.5	2.1	9.4	1.9	8.2	1.6
164	Kent – GRCC	43.9	10.2	42.9	12.6	25.7	5.1
166	Des Moines – Kent	26.9	6.6	29.1	7.3	20.9	4.6
168	Kent – Four Corners	21.9	4.0	23.1	5.4	17.5	3.7
169	Renton – Kent via East Hill	39.6	12.2	39.9	13.5	29.3	9.4
173	Federal Way – Federal Center	12.4	5.7				
180	Burien – Auburn	33.4	10	31.4	10.5	15.6	5.5
181	Twin Lakes – GRCC	31.1	9.5	27.3	9.2	17.5	4.5
182	NE Tacoma – Federal Way TC	14.8	3.8	16.9	4.7		
183	Federal Way – Kent	18.6	4.6	17.9	7.5		
186	Auburn — Enumclaw	12.2	3.3				
187	Twin Lakes – Federal Way TC	21.6	3.8	27.7	4.8	9.9	1.4
200	North Issaquah – Issaquah TC	7.8	1.3	12.1	2.7		
201	S Mercer Island – Mercer Island P&R via Mercer Way	5.5	0.8				
203	Shorewood – Mercer Island P&R	12.5	1.5	14.6	1.1		
204	S Mercer Island – Mercer Island P&R via Island Crest			9.9	1.6		-
209	North Bend – Issaquah	6.8	3.2	8.7	4.3		
213	Covenant Shores – Mercer Island P&R			13.6	1.2		
219	Newcastle – Factoria	7.0	0.9				
221	Eastgate – Education Hill	16.8	5.3	14	4.3	8.9	2.3
224	Fall City — Redmond	6.1	2.7	6.8	3.5		
226	Bellevue – Eastgate via Crossroads	21.9	5.6	16.4	3.9	9.4	2.3

		Pe	ak	Off	Peak	Night	
Route	Description	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenge Miles/ Platform Mile
232	Duvall – Bellevue	14.7	5.4				
234	Kenmore – Bellevue	17.9	6.4	14.8	5.9	10.9	3.7
235	Kingsgate – Bellevue	17.4	5.7	12.2	4.9	8.6	3.2
236	Woodinville – Kirkland	8.7	2.2	7.2	2.1	5.4	1.4
237	Woodinville – Bellevue	17.7	4.3				
238	Bothell – Kirkland	11.4	3.4	12.3	3.4	5.2	1.4
240	Bellevue – Renton	19.8	6.6	22.3	8.2	14.6	5.9
241	Bellevue – Eastgate via South Bellevue	16.6	3.3	13.2	2.7	10.1	1.5
242	Northgate – Overlake	18.1	9.9				
244EX	Kenmore – Overlake	12.3	5.0				
245	Kirkland – Factoria	20.8	6.6	18.9	6.0	13.3	4.0
246	Bellevue – Eastgate via Factoria	9.6	2.3	8.2	1.8	13.3	4.0
248	Avondale – Kirkland	18.3	5.2	15.8	4.0	9.7	2.8
249	Bellevue – Overlake	16.4	4.0	9.6	2.5	7.4	2.0
269	Overlake – Issaquah	10.6	4.5	12.5	6.0	9.1	3.9
330	Shoreline – Lake City	22.4	5.0	12.0	0.0	3.1	3,3
331	Shoreline – Kenmore	17.1	5.0	20.0	5.4	9.9	2.0
342	Shoreline – Renton	19.6	9.4			3.3	2.0
345	Shoreline – Northgate	36.0	7.7	37.2	8.3	14.8	4.6
346	Aurora Village – Northgate	36.9	10.3	29.2	10.3	13.8	5.3
347	Mountlake Terrace – Northgate	26.2	9.1	22.4	8.4	17.8	6.6
348	Richmond Beach – Northgate	22.6	5.0	22.7	5.5	14.5	4.6
901DART	Mirror Lake – Federal Way TC	18.4	1.9	17.9	1.5	14.1	2.0
903DART	Twin Lakes – Federal Way TC	17.9	3.0	15.2	1.9	11.6	1.8
907DART	Enumclaw – Renton			4.1	1.4	11.0	1.0
908DART	Maplewood – Renton TC			7.0	1.4		
909DART	Kennydale – Renton TC	10.8	1.9	9.6	2.1		
910DART	North Auburn – Supermall			7.4	1.2		
912	Covington – Enumclaw	1.4	0.3				
913DART	Riverview – Kent TC	12.5	2.1				
914DART	Kent East Hill – Kent TC			21.1	5.4		
915DART	Enumclaw – Auburn			16.6	3.3		
916DART	Kent East Hill – Kent TC			18.3	7.3		
917DART	Pacific – Auburn	13.9	2.4	12.5	2.7		
919DART	SE Auburn – Auburn			13.8	2.0		
927DART	Sammamish – Issaquah	7.3	1.5	6.2	2.0		
930DART	Redmond – Kingsgate	9.9	0.9	9.3	1.1		
931DART	Bothell – Redmond	7.7	1.4	8.0	1.9		
935DART	Kenmore – Totem Lake	5.4	0.8	3.8	0.8		

Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that DO NOT serve Seattle core	Peak Off Peak		Night			
Bottom 25%	12.0	2.2	10.1	1.9	9.3	2.0
Top 25%	21.9	6.0	22.4	6.6	17.7	5.3

Route Productivity — Routes that Serve the Seattle Core

		Pe	eak	Off	Peak	Night	
Route	Description	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile
1	Kinnear – Seattle CBD	55.3	11.3	45.7	13.1	30.4	8.6
2N	Madrona Park – Seattle CBD	59.5	11.2	56.4	14.3	28.7	5.8
25	West Queen Anne – Seattle CBD	46.6	9.7	43.7	13.0	23.1	6.0
2NEX	West Queen Anne – Seattle CBD	37.9	6.8				
3N	Madrona – Seattle CBD	54.8	11.7	59.4	11.9	27.8	5.9
35	North Queen Anne – Seattle CBD	58.6	12.4	55.3	15.6	22.5	6.0
4N	East Queen Anne – Seattle CBD	57.2	12.0	57.0	12.9	26.5	7.1
45	Judkins Park – Seattle CBD	54.1	12.2	45.0	12.3	27.9	7.3
5	Shoreline – Seattle CBD	48.9	12.5	46.4	13.9	31.5	8.0
5EX	Greenwood – Seattle CBD	42.8	15.5				
7	Rainier Beach – Seattle CBD	48.9	15.5	56.7	18.8	30.9	9.0
7EX	Rainier Beach — Seattle CBD	28.8	7.2				
8	Rainier Beach – Seattle Center	49.4	10.9	42.7	9.6	35.3	7.3
9EX	Rainier Beach — Capitol Hill	42.9	12.2	42.6	14.7		7.3
10	Capitol Hill – Seattle CBD	45.3	11.0	54.7	16.3	27.6	6.6
11	Madison Park – Seattle CBD	57.8	9.0	62.8	9.5	47.8	5.7
12	Interlaken Park — Seattle CBD	55.9	10.7	46.0	12.3	26.1	5.3
13	Seattle Pacific University – Seattle CBD	55.4	11.4	55.7	14.6	24.8	6.4
14N	Mount Baker – Seattle CBD	55.5	14.2	52.7	14.8	22.5	6.0
145	Summit – Seattle CBD	43.5	10.6	46.0	14.2	24.4	5.6
15	Blue Ridge – Seattle CBD	57.8	15.1	53.1	16.5	31.7	8.7
15EX	Blue Ridge – Seattle CBD	49.1	17.7	33.1	10.5	31.7	0.7
16	Northgate – Seattle CBD via Wallingford	37.8	13.2	37.8	12.5	21.5	8.2
17	Sunset Hill – Seattle CBD	39.6	11.1	37.2	13.1	18.4	6.1
17EX	Sunset Hill – Seattle CBD	39.5	14.0	37.2	15.1	10.4	0.1
18	North Beach – Seattle CBD	49.0	11.2	50.6	15.3	31.5	9.2
18EX	North Beach – Seattle CBD	44.9	16.4	30.0	13.3	31.3	3.2
19	West Magnolia – Seattle CBD	32.0	9.3				
21	Arbor Heights – Seattle CBD	29.0	7.8	27.2	9.6	16.9	6.0
21EX	Arbor Heights – Seattle CBD	30.5	10.8		5.0	10.5	0.0
22	White Center – Seattle CBD via Gatewood	28.4	9.3	24.5	10.2		
23	White Center – Seattle CBD via SODO	46.3	14.6	34.8	9.1	16.9	4.8
24	West Magnolia – Seattle CBD	32.3	8.6	23.9	7.0	13.0	3.8
25	Laurelhurst – Seattle CBD	23.2	5.0	17.1	4.6	13.0	5.0
26	Wallingford – Seattle CBD	46.4	11.1	40.3	10.9	27.7	6.5
26EX	Wallingford – Seattle CBD	46.8	13.5	40.5	10.5	21.1	0.5
27	Colman Park – Seattle CBD	38.0	7.9	30.8	8.9	15.4	4.5
28	Broadview – Seattle CBD	51.0	10.3	48.2	10.0	27.9	6.1
28EX	Broadview – Seattle CBD	45.2	15.0	40.2	10.0	21.9	0.1
30	Sand Point – U District	35.1	10.8	29.5	8.8	22.2	E O .
31	Magnolia – U District	26.2	7.5	29.3	7.7	23.2	5.8
33	Discovery Park – Seattle CBD	50.4	11.6	34.3	STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	16.7	26
34EX	Rainier Beach – Seattle CBD	26.3	6.9	54.5	6.2	16.7	3.6
35	Seattle CBD – Harbor Island	13.4	3.5				
36	Othello Station – Seattle CBD	54.2	and the second second	500	10.0	20.4	0.0
37	Alaska Junction — Seattle CBD via Alki	17.2	14.8 6.2	58.8	19.8	28.1	8.3

		Pe	eak	Off	Peak	Night	
Route	Description	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenge Miles/ Platform Mile
39	Rainier Beach — Seattle CBD via Seward Park	31.9	6.5	25.4	5.3	11.7	3.4
41	Lake City — Seattle CBD via Northgate	52.5	18.9	56.7	23.6	38.1	16.7
42	Columbia City – Pioneer Square			9.5	1.8		
43	U District — Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/24th	52.0	15.7	47.4	14.2	40.9	10.6
44	Ballard – U District	54.8	18.3	49.8	18.2	29.6	9.8
45EX	Seattle Center – U District	25.3	6.2				3.0
46	Shilshole – U District	22.9	4.4	7.7	1.0		,
48N	Loyal Heights – U District	32.5	5.4	37.7	7.6	21.6	4.7
485	Loyal Heights – U District	60.6	11.6	56.9	10.2	34.9	6.4
48NEX	Mount Baker – U District	25.5	6.3	30.3	10.2	34.3	0.4
49	U District — Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/ Broadway	54.1	20.1	56.0	19.2	47.5	14.8
54	White Center – Seattle CBD via Alaska Junction	35.0	14.8	28.0	13.2	23.2	8.7
54EX	White Center – Seattle CBD	29.9	12.0				
55	Admiral District – Seattle CBD	30.1	15.9	20.1	12.9	14.4	6.2
56	Alki – Seattle CBD	33.3	11.1	28.4	11.7	18.3	5.0
57	Alaska Junction – Seattle CBD	21.9	10.2		11.7	10.5	5.0
60	White Center – Capitol Hill	35.6	9.2	33.8	8.7	20.1	4.8
64EX	Lake City – First Hill	30.0	12.0				
65	Lake City – U District	34.4	10.1	33.9	12.7	21.3	7.0
66EX	Northgate – Seattle CBD via Eastlake	44.4	16.4	36.7	16.6	24.5	9.7
67	Northgate – U District	39.6	10.2	60.6	18.1	40.9	8.2
68	Northgate – U District via NE 75th	49.0	12.9	52.8	13.9		0.2
70	U District – Seattle CBD via Broadway	45.8	13.6	40.8	14.8	19.1	4.8
71	Wedgwood – Seattle CBD	62.0	20.0	61.4	20.7	39.9	12.3
72	Lake City — Seattle CBD via U District	59.7	19.2	65.6	21.4	39.0	12.2
73	Jackson Park — Seattle CBD	58.1	16.6	62.7	19.7	42.7	12.9
74EX	Sand Point – Seattle CBD	55.7	16.1				
75	Ballard – U District via Northgate	37.3	10.8	41.7	13.7	26.2	8.4
76	Wedgwood – Seattle CBD	40.2	12.8				
77EX	North City — Seattle CBD	36.2	13.0				
79EX	Lake City — Seattle CBD	21.0	5.6				
81	Seattle CBD — Loyal Heights					9.5	5.3
82	Seattle CBD – Greenwood					21.6	8.5
83	Seattle CBD — Maple Leaf					21.2	8.9
84	Seattle CBD – Madison Park					8.0	1.4
85	Seattle CBD – White Center					9.5	4.1
99	International District – Waterfront	35.1	6.2	30.5	5.6		
101	Renton – Seattle CBD	41.7	20.6	56.8	27.7	34.9	18.1
102	Fairwood – Seattle CBD	38.4	21.5				.011

Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that serve Seattle core	Peak		Off	Peak	Night	
Bottom 25%	22.8	9.8	30.6	9.9	19.1	5.8
Top 25%	45.4	14.8	54.3	15.5	31.5	9.0

		Pe	ak	Off	Peak	Ni	ght
Route	Description	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile
106	Renton – Seattle CBD via Rainier Beach	39.5	12.1	41.6	13.8	24.1	9.2
111	Lake Kathleen – Seattle CBD	24.0	15.3				
113	Shorewood – Seattle CBD	26.7	11.6				
114	Renton Highlands – Seattle CBD	22.3	13.1				
116EX	Fauntleroy – Seattle CBD	15.8	6.9				
118EX	Tahlequah – Seattle CBD via ferry	13.7	5.7				
119EX	Dockton – Seattle CBD via ferry	16.8	10.0				
120	Burien – Seattle CBD	41.1	16.7	46.2	18.4	37.0	15.4
121	Highline CC – Seattle CBD	27.4	11.6	21.8	11.6	37.0	13.4
122	Highline CC – Seattle CBD	29.5	14.0	21.0	11.0		
123EX	Burien – Seattle CBD	18.2	8.3			la .	
124	Tukwila – Seattle CBD	42.2	15.7	39.2	17.3	23.1	0.2
125	Shorewood – Seattle CBD	26.1	10.9	24.6	9.9	11.9	9.2
131	Highline CC – Seattle CBD via Burien/ Georgetown	24.4	6.7	24.2	7.8	14.3	6.6
132	Highline CC — Seattle CBD via Burien/ South Park	31.5	9.6	31.0	10.9	15.4	5.9
133	Burien – U District	24.5	13.7				
134	Burien – Seattle CBD	14.8	5.4				
143EX	Black Diamond – Seattle CBD	23.3	14.1				
150	Kent – Seattle CBD	40.9	20.7	43.4	22.6	31.9	19.1
152	Auburn – Seattle CBD	16.1	10.0	45.4	22.0	31.3	19.1
157	Lake Meridian — Seattle CBD via Panther Lake	15.7	10.8				
158	Lake Meridian – Seattle CBD via Kent TC	23.5	16.3				
159	Timberlane – Seattle CBD	19.3	13.4				
161	Lake Meridian – Seattle CBD	17.1	9.7				
162	Kent – Seattle CBD	18.8	12.2				
167	Renton – U District	25.1	19.9				
175	West Federal Way – Seattle CBD	13.5	10.7				
177	Federal Way – Seattle CBD	22.5	13.8				
179	Twin Lakes – Seattle CBD	21.1	15.4				
190	West Federal Way – Seattle CBD	21.3	12.5				
192	Star Lake – Seattle CBD	19.2	11.5				
193EX	Star Lake – First Hill	24.3	14.7				
196	South Federal Way – Seattle CBD	14.3	10.3				
197	Twin Lakes – U District	19.3	15.8				
202	South Mercer Island – Seattle CBD	13.0	4.6				
205EX	South Mercer Island – U District	17.3					
210	Issaquah – Seattle CBD via Factoria	THE RESIDENCE IN COLUMN	4.9				
211EX	Issaquah Highlands – Seattle CBD	11.0	5.0				
212	Eastgate – Seattle CBD	12.8	3.9				
214	Issaquah – Seattle CBD	47.7	18.9				
215	North Bend — Seattle CBD	21.7	11.3				
216	Sammamish – Seattle CBD	19.4	11.5				
217		25.9	14.4				
217	Issaquah – Seattle CBD via Eastgate	28.7	16.0				
410	Issaquah Highlands – Seattle CBD	43.1	20.7				

		Pe	ak	Off	Peak	Night	
Route	Description	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile	Rides/ Platform Hour	Passenger Miles/ Platform Mile
250	Overlake – Seattle CBD	19.3	10.0				
252	Kingsgate – Seattle CBD	27.1	15.5				
255	Brickyard – Seattle CBD	29.7	14.8	26.3	12.6	20.1	10.7
257	Brickyard – Seattle CBD	21.2	12.7				
260	Finn Hill – Seattle CBD	15.9	9.1				
265	Overlake – First Hill	17.3	8.8				
268	Bear Creek – Seattle CBD	22.3	13.2				
271	U District – Issaquah	25.1	10.5	28.0	12.7	19.1	8.5
277	Juanita – U District	12.6	5.0				0.5
280*	Seattle CBD — Renton via Bellevue					9.8	
301	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	42.3	23.8			AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	
303EX	Shoreline – First Hill	35.5	15.0				
304	Richmond Beach – Seattle CBD	25.6	13.5				
306EX	Kenmore – Seattle CBD	32.6	16.6				
308	Horizon View – Seattle CBD	21.7	11.5				
309EX	Kenmore – First Hill	30.1	13.3				
311	Duvall – Seattle CBD	19.7	12.3				
312EX	Bothell – Seattle CBD	26.7	11.8				
316	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	50.7	14.9				
355EX	Shoreline – Seattle CBD	30.3	10.7				
358EX	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	44.7	19.8	56.8	28.8	39.3	17.5
372EX	U District	31.6	12.8	35.3	12.5	20.0	7.3
373EX	Aurora Village – U District	28.7	11.0		.2.0	20.0	7.3
600EX	Seattle CBD — South Base	9.5	1.0				

^{*}Passenger miles data was unavailable on Route 280 due to lack of APC data.

Spring 2012 thresholds for routes that serve Seattle core	Pe	Peak Off Peak		Night		
Bottom 25%	22.8	9.8	30.6	9.9	19.1	5.8
Top 25%	45.4	14.8	54.3	15.5	31.5	9.0

Appendix D: Routes with Overcrowding (Spring 2012)

Route	Between	Day	Trips >1.25 Load Factor (Operating less frequently than every 10 min)	Trips >1.5 Load Factor (Operating every 10 min or better)	Trips with Standing for more than 20 min	Action Taken
3	North Queen Anne – Seattle CBD – Madrona	Weekday	3			Need identified
4	East Queen Anne – Seattle CBD – Judkins Park	Weekday	1			Need identified
16	Northgate — Seattle CBD via Wallingford	Weekday	1			Need identified
16	Northgate — Seattle CBD via Wallingford	Saturday			1	Considering larger bus
17	Sunset Hill – Seattle CBD	Weekday	1			Deleted in September 2012
30	Sand Point – U District	Weekday	1			Revised in September 2012
36	Othello Station – Seattle CBD	Weekday		1	9	Revised in September 2012
36	Othello Station – Seattle CBD	Saturday			5	Revised in September 2012
36	Othello Station – Seattle CBD	Sunday			6	Revised in September 2012
44	Ballard – U District	Weekday	4			Added trips in June 2012; Additional need identified
54	White Center — Seattle CBD via Alaska Junction	Weekday			1	Deleted in September 2012
60	White Center – Capitol Hill	Weekday	1			Need identified
68	Northgate — U District via NE 75th	Weekday	2			Revised in September 2012
71	Wedgwood – Seattle CBD	Sunday	2		3	Added trips in June 2012
72	Lake City — Seattle CBD via U District	Sunday			2	Added trips in June 2012
74	Sand Point – Seattle CBD	Weekday	1			No capacity to add trips in transit tunnel during peak hours
128	Southcenter – Admiral District	Weekday	1			Added trips in June 2012
150	Kent – Seattle CBD	Sunday			1	Revised in February 2013
177	Federal Way – Seattle CBD	Weekday			1	Considering larger bus
179	Twin Lakes – Seattle CBD	Weekday				Considering larger bus
193EX	Star Lake – First Hill	Weekday	1			Considering larger bus
271	U District – Issaquah	Weekday	1			Considering larger bus
358EX	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	Saturday			4	Need identified

Appendix E:

Routes with Poor Reliability (September 2011—August 2012) "-" indicates that it meets the guideline

Route	Description	All-Day % Late	PM % Late	Saturday % Late	Sunday % Late	Action Taken
1	Kinnear - Seattle CBD	25%	-	22%	-	Need identified
2	West Queen Anne – Seattle CBD – Madrona Park	25%	-	23%	-	Need identified
5	Shoreline - Seattle CBD	-	84	34%	37%	Investment in June 2012; Revised in September 2012
7	Rainier Beach - Seattle CBD	22%)5 - 9	-	-	Investment in June 2012
8	Rainier Beach - Seattle Center	28%	44%	26%	26%	Investment in June 2012; Additional need identified
11	Madison Park - Seattle CBD	-	6 7 8	-	23%	Need identified
16	Northgate - Seattle CBD via Wallingford	32%	54%	34%	32%	Investment in June 2012; Additional need identified
17EX	Sunset Hill - Seattle CBD	29%	44%	-	jan.	Need identified
18EX	North Beach - Seattle CBD	26%	40%	-	-	Need identified
21	Arbor Heights - Seattle CBD	24%	40%	22%		Revised in September 2012
22	White Center - Seattle CBD via Gatewood	32%	57%	-	-	Revised in September 2012
24	West Magnolia - Seattle CBD	23%	_	36%	25%	Need identified
26	Wallingford - Seattle CBD	21%	37%	23%	22%	Need identified
27	Colman Park - Seattle CBD	30%	-	31%	21%	Need identified
28	Broadview - Seattle CBD	37%	41%	43%	35%	Need identified
28EX	Broadview - Seattle CBD	26%	40%	-	<u> </u>	Need identified
30	Sand Point - U District	25%	43%	-	-	Revised in September 2012
31	Magnolia - U District	25%	-	-	-	Investment in June 2012
33	Discovery Park - Seattle CBD	27%	35%	27%	21%	Need identified
36	Othello Station - Seattle CBD	21%		-	-	Need identified
37	Alaska Junction - Seattle CBD via Alki	38%	44%	-	-	Need identified
38	Beacon Hill - Mt Baker	27%	-	26%	-	Deleted in September 2012
42	Columbia City - Pioneer Square	26%	37%	2	-	Deleted in February 2013
43	U District - Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/24th	-	-	24%	ų.	Considering minor schedule change
48	Loyal Heights – U District – Mount Baker	-	-	25%	25%	Need identified
49	U District - Seattle CBD via Capitol Hill/ Broadway	23%	-	-	-	Need identified
57	Alaska Junction - Seattle CBD	41%	62%	-	-	Need identified
60	White Center - Capitol Hill	22%	-	27%	21%	Investment in June 2012; Additional need identified
65	Lake City - U District	21%	35%	-	-	Revised in September 2012
66EX	Northgate - Seattle CBD via Eastlake	28%	41%	-	-	Need identified
68	Northgate - U District via NE 75th	31%	-	22%	-	Investment in June 2012; Revised in September 2012
71	Wedgwood - Seattle CBD	28%	_	-	-	Need identified

Route	Description	All-Day % Late	PM % Late	Saturday % Late	Sunday % Late	Action Taken
72	Lake City - Seattle CBD via U District	23%		-	21%	Need identified
72EX	Lake City - Seattle CBD via U District	-	-	21%	2	Considering minor schedule change
99	International District - Waterfront	-	_	40%	28%	Need identified
101	Renton - Seattle CBD	-	-	25%	26%	Need identified
105	Renton Highlands - Renton TC	26%	-	-	23%	Need identified
106	Renton - Seattle CBD via Rainier Beach	24%		21%	-	Need identified
119EX	Dockton - Seattle CBD via ferry	21%	1	-	-	Considering minor schedule change
120	Burien - Seattle CBD	-	-	21%	23%	Revised in September 2012
124	Tukwila - Seattle CBD	27%	-	23%	-	Need identified
125	Shorewood - Seattle CBD	30%	8=8	7 -	22%	Revised in September 2012
128	Southcenter - Admiral District	25%	-	-	-	Need identified
131	Highline CC - Seattle CBD via Burien/ Georgetown	31%	-	34%	23%	Need identified
132	Highline CC - Seattle CBD via Burien/ South Park	28%	39%	42%	25%	Need identified
150	Kent - Seattle CBD	24%	20	-	22%	Need identified
157	Lake Meridian - Seattle CBD via Panther Lake	22%	35%	-	-	Considering minor schedule change
166	Des Moines - Kent	26%	38%	-:	-	Need identified
168	Kent - Four Corners	-	-	-	21%	Considering minor schedule change
169	Renton - Kent via East Hill	24%	37%	-	-	Need identified
177	Federal Way - Seattle CBD	23%	-	-	1.5	Need identified
179	Twin Lakes - Seattle CBD	27%	-	-	-	Need identified
181	Twin Lakes - Seattle CBD	33%	41%	-	n=	Need identified
187	Twin Lakes - GRCC	24%	-	-	8-	Need identified
190	Twin Lakes - Federal Way TC	20%	12	-		Considering minor schedule change
178	Redondo Heights - Seattle CBD	44%	49%	ne ne	-	Need identified
202	South Federal Way - Seattle CBD	26%	37%	-	-	Need identified
205EX	South Mercer Island - Seattle CBD	20%	-	-	-	Investment in June 2012
209	South Mercer Island - U District	20%	-	-	-	Considering minor schedule change
217	North Bend - Issaquah	20%	-	S#7	-	Considering minor schedule change
221	Eastgate - Education Hill	23%	40%			Need identified
224	Fall City - Redmond	40%	38%	-		Need identified
237	Fall City - Redmond	23%	35%	•	-	Considering minor schedule change
243	Woodinville - Bellevue	20%	40%	-		Considering minor schedule change
245	Jackson Park - Wilburton	-	-	23%	-	Need identified

Route	Description	All-Day % Late	PM % Late	Saturday % Late	Sunday % Late	Action Taken
255	Kirkland - Factoria	-		25%	22%	Need identified
265	Brickyard - Seattle CBD	22%		-	-	Need identified
280	Overlake - First Hill	-	E	31%	-	Considering minor schedule change
309EX	Seattle CBD - Renton via Bellevue	29%	53%	=	=	Investment in June 2012
311	Kenmore - First Hill	21%	-	-	;-	Need identified
316	Duvall - Seattle CBD	-	39%	-	1000	Considering minor schedule change
355EX	Aurora Village - Seattle CBD	21%		_	re-	Considering minor schedule change
358EX	Shoreline - Seattle CBD	-	2=)	22%	-	Need identified
600EX	Aurora Village - Seattle CBD	27%	S#3	-	-	Deleted September 2012

[&]quot;-" indicates that it meets the guideline

Appendix F:

Peak Route Analysis Results

		Ridership	Travel Time
Route	Description	>= 90% of alternative	>= 20% faster
2NEX	West Queen Anne – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
5EX	Greenwood – Seattle CBD	No	No
7EX	Rainier Beach – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
15EX	Blue Ridge — Seattle CBD	Yes	No
17EX	Sunset Hill – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
18EX	North Beach — Seattle CBD	Yes	No
19	West Magnolia – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
21EX	Arbor Heights – Seattle CBD	No	No
26EX	Wallingford – Seattle CBD	No	No
28EX	Broadview – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
34EX	Rainier Beach — Seattle CBD	No	No
35	Seattle CBD — Harbor Island	Yes	Yes
37	Alaska Junction – Seattle CBD via Alki	Yes	Yes
45EX	Seattle Center – U District	No	Yes
46*	Shilshole – U District	Yes	No
48NEX	Loyal Heights – U District	Yes	No
54EX	White Center – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
56EX	Alki – Seattle CBD	Included in c	orridor analysis
57	Alaska Junction – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
64EX*	Lake City – First Hill	Yes	Yes
74EX	Sand Point – Seattle CBD	No	No
76	Wedgwood – Seattle CBD	No	No
77EX	North City – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
79EX	Lake City — Seattle CBD	No	No
102	Fairwood – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
110	Tukwila Station – North Renton	No	Yes
111	Lake Kathleen – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
113	Shorewood – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
114	Renton Highlands – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
116EX	Fauntleroy – Seattle CBD	No	No
118EX	Tahlequah – Seattle CBD via ferry	No	No
119EX	Dockton – Seattle CBD via ferry	No	No
121	Highline CC – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
122	Highline CC – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
23EX	Burien – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
129	Riverton Heights – Tukwila Intl Blvd Station	Yes	Yes
133*	Burien – U District	Yes	Yes
134	Burien – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
43EX	Black Diamond – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes

	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	Ridership	Travel Time
Route	Description	>= 90% of alternative	>= 20% faster than alternative
152*	Auburn – Seattle CBD	No	No
153	Renton – Kent via East Valley	Included in	corridor analysis
154	Tukwila Station – Federal Center	No	Yes
157	Lake Meridian – Seattle CBD via Panther Lake	Yes	Yes
158	Lake Meridian – Seattle CBD via Kent TC	Yes	Yes
159*	Timberlane – Seattle CBD	No	No
161	Lake Meridian – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
162*	Kent – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
167	Renton – U District	Yes	Yes
173	Federal Way – Federal Center	No	Yes
175*	West Federal Way – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
177	Federal Way – Seattle CBD	No	No
179	Twin Lakes – Seattle CBD	No	No
190	Redondo Heights – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
192	Star Lake – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
193EX*	Star Lake – First Hill	Yes	Yes
196	South Federal Way – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
197	Twin Lakes – U District	No	Yes
201	S Mercer Island – Mercer Island P&R via Mercer Way	Yes	Yes
202	South Mercer Island – Seattle CBD	No	No
205EX	South Mercer Island – U District	No	No
210	Issaquah – Seattle CBD via Factoria	No	Yes
211EX*	Issaquah Highlands – Seattle CBD	No	No
212	Eastgate – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
214	Issaguah – Seattle CBD	No	No
215	North Bend – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
216	Sammamish – Seattle CBD	No	No
217	Issaquah – Seattle CBD via Eastgate	No	No
218	Issaquah Highlands – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
219	Newcastle – Factoria	Yes	Yes
232	Duvall – Bellevue	No	Yes
237	Woodinville – Bellevue	No	Yes
242	Northgate – Overlake	Yes	Yes
243	Jackson Park – Wilburton	No	
244EX*	Kenmore – Overlake	Yes	Yes
250	Overlake – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
252	Kingsgate – Seattle CBD	No	No
257	Brickyard – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
260	Finn Hill – Seattle CBD		Yes
265	Overlake – First Hill	Yes	Yes
268	Bear Creek – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
269	Overlake – Issaquah	No	Yes orridor analysis

		Ridership	Travel Time
Route	Description	>= 90% of alternative	>= 20% faster than alternative
277	Juanita – U District	Yes	Yes
301EX	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	No	Yes
303EX*	Shoreline – First Hill	Yes	No
304	Richmond Beach – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
306EX	Kenmore – Seattle CBD	Yes	No
308	Horizon View – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
309EX*	Kenmore – First Hill	Yes	Yes
311*	Duvall – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
312EX	Bothell – Seattle CBD	No	No
316	Aurora Village – Seattle CBD	Yes	Yes
330	Shoreline – Lake City	Included in o	corridor analysis
342	Shoreline – Renton	No	Yes
355EX	Shoreline – Seattle CBD	No	No
373EX	Aurora Village – U District	Included in o	corridor analysis
600EX	Seattle CBD — South Base	Yes	Yes
913DART	Riverview – Kent TC	Yes	Yes
930DART	Redmond – Kingsgate	Included in c	orridor analysis

^{*} More than one alternative was analyzed; performance reflects the highest-performing segment.

Appendix G: 2012 Corridor Changes

Eleven corridors had changes between 2011 and 2012. These changes were made to ensure that the corridor analysis most accurately reflects the pathways served by Metro. Nine corridors were revised to accurately reflect the network that was restructured around the B Line. One corridor was revised to accurately reflect a new connection to an activity center, and one corridor was revised to remove a duplicative connection to an activity center. These adjustments affected the corridor analysis because they affect the number of households and jobs within ½ mile of stops along the corridors.

Corridor	Revision	Major Route in 2011	Major Route in 2012
16	Connects to Eastgate; no longer connects to South Bellevue Park and Ride	240	240
27	No longer connects to Beaux Arts	222	241
28	Revised pathway connecting Somerset, Factoria, and Eastgate	246	246
53	Revised pathway connecting Kirkland and Bellevue	230 W	234/235
54	Revised pathway	245	245
57	Revised to connect to Children's Hospital activity center	65	65
72	No longer connects to Overlake Transit Center	233	226
73	Revised pathway in South Kirkland	249	249
80	Revised pathway in Phantom Lake area	221	221
97	Revised connection to downtown Kirkland	255	255
100	No longer connects to Tukwila Sounder Station	156	156

Appendix H:: Corridors that Changed Target Service Level from 2011 to 2012

Corridor number	Between	And	Major route	2011 Service Level	2012 Service Level	Reason for Change
3	Auburn	Burien	180	Frequent	Very Frequent	Increased Step 2 score – higher Off-Peak loads
9	Ballard	Lake City	75	Frequent	Local	Lower social equity score (proportion of riders boarding in low-income census tract is now less than system average)
28	Eastgate	Bellevue	246	Local	Hourly	Lower social equity score (proportion of riders boarding in low-income census tract is now less than system average)
37	Green River CC	Kent	164	Local	Frequent	Higher Step 2 score – higher peak productivity
40	Issaquah	Eastgate	271	Frequent	Local	Correction
42	Issaquah	North Bend	209	Local	Hourly	Correction
43	Kenmore	Kirkland	234	Local	Hourly	Lower Step 2 score – lower peak loads
50	Kent	Renton	169	Frequent	Local	Lower Step 2 score – lower peak loads
53	Kirkland	Bellevue	234/235	Local	Frequent	Higher Step 2 score – higher peak loads
54	Kirkland	Factoria	245	Local	Frequent	Higher Step 2 score – higher peak loads
62	Mercer Island	S Mercer Island	204	Local	Hourly	Lower Step 2 score – lower peak loads
65	Mountlake Terrace	Northgate	347	Local	Frequent	Higher Step 2 score – higher peak loads
67	NE Tacoma	Federal Way	182	Local	Hourly	Lower social equity score (proportion of riders boarding in low-income census tract is now less than system average)
72	Overlake	Bellevue	233	Hourly	Local	Higher land use score (more households per corridor mile) and social equity score (proportion of riders boarding in low- income and minority census tracts is now greater than system average)
80	Redmond	Eastgate	221	Local	Hourly	Correction
84	Renton	Seattle CBD	101	Frequent	Very Frequent	Higher Step 2 score – higher off-peak loads
92	Sand Point	U. District	30	Hourly	Local	Higher land use score – More jobs per corridor mile
95	Shoreline CC	Lake City	330	Local	Hourly	Lower social equity score (proportion of riders boarding in minority census tracts is now less than system average)
96	Shoreline CC	Greenwood	5	Hourly	Local	Higher social equity score (proportion of riders boarding in low-income census tracts is now greater than system average)
97	Totem Lake	Seattle CBD	255	Frequent	Very Frequent	Higher Step 2 score – higher off-peak loads

Appendix I: 2012 Service Changes

Month	Route	Description of Change	Туре
February	149/907	Route 149 changed to DART service; renumbered as Route 907.	Deleted route/ added new route
February	186/915	Route 186 weekday midday and Saturday service changed to DART service and renumbered to 915	Deleted route/ added new route
February	221	Revised to operate both directions via West Lake Sammamish Pkwy NE, Leary Way NE, Bear Creek Pkwy and 161st Ave NE.	Revised routing
February	240	Service frequency improved from 30 to 15 minutes during portions of each peak period	Improved frequency
February	251/931	Changed to DART service and renumbered to Route 931. Service area revised.	Deleted route/ new route
February	910	DART area revised to serve Walmart and a new DART area northeast of the Supermall.	Revised routing
June	25	Revised to operate via UW campus and frequency reduced from every 30 minutes to every 60 minutes during peak periods.	Revised routing; Reduced frequency
June	38	Deleted route	Deleted route
June	71	Improve Sunday frequency	Improved frequency
June	72	Improve Sunday frequency	Improved frequency
lune	73	Improve Sunday frequency	Improved frequency
lune	79	Deleted route	Deleted route
June	119	Deleted three evening trips.	Reduced trips
June	129	Deleted route	Deleted route
June	139	Deleted service after 8 p.m.	Reduced span
lune	162	Delete route	Deleted route
lune	175	Delete route	Deleted route
lune	177/178/ 196	Convert thirteen Route 177 trips to Route 178 trips by extending to South Federal Way Park and Ride; add two new Route 177 trips; Delete route 196	Reduced trips/ added new route/ deleted route
lune	180	Extended evening service from Kent to Burien	Extended span
une	219	Delete route	Deleted route
une	255	Added two peak trips and delete four off peak trips	Added trips; reduced trips
une	348	Revise routing in Richmond Beach	Revised routing
une	912	Delete route	Deleted route
une	925	Delete route	Deleted route
une	935	Delete midday service	Reduced span
September	C Line	New route to serve Westwood Village, Fauntleroy, Alaska Junction and downtown Seattle. Replaces portions of route 54 local, 54 express, and 55.	Added new route
eptember	D Line	New route to serve Crown Hill, Ballard, Uptown and downtown Seattle. Replaces portions of Routes 15 and 18.	Added new route
eptember	1	Link with Route 14 instead of Route 36.	Revised routing
eptember	2EX / 29	Renumber as Route 29; extend to Ballard.	Revised routing; added trips
eptember	3N	Revise weekend early morning/evening service to not serve the Raye Street loop.	Revised routing

Month	Route	Description of Change	Туре
September	5	No longer provide service between Northgate Transit Center and Greenwood Avenue N, operate all trips to Shoreline Community College.	Revised routing
September	10	No longer linked with Route 12.	Revised routing
September	11	No longer linked with Route 125.	Revised routing
September	12	No longer linked with Route 10.	Revised routing
September	14N / 47	Revise in downtown Seattle; renumber as Route 47; Operate at reduced frequency during off-peak, night and weekends.	Revised routing; reduced frequency
September	145	Operate at reduced frequency at night.	Reduced frequency
September	15	Delete route; provide alternate service on RapidRide D Line.	Deleted route
September	15EX	No changes to the current routing. Operate fewer trips.	Revised routing; reduced trips
September	17	Delete; provide alternate service on routes 29, 32, 40, 61, and 62.	Deleted route
September	17EX	Add one morning trip	Added trip
September	18	Delete; provide alternate service on RapidRide D Line and Route 40.	Deleted route
September	19	Revise in downtown Seattle and link with Route 124.	Revised routing
September	21	Revise to provide service between Westwood Village and downtown Seattle. Add frequency.	Revised routing; higher frequency
September	21EX	Delete one morning and one evening trip.	Reduced trips
September	22	Revise routing to serve Arbor Heights, Alaska Junction, Westwood Village and Gatewood. Reduce frequency.	Revised routing; reduced frequency
September	23	Delete; provide alternate service on with Route 131.	Deleted route
September	24	Reduce evening hours of operation by ending around 9:30 p.m. Link with Route 124 instead of routes 131/132.	Reduced span; revised routing
September	26	Link with routes 131/132 instead of Route 124.	Revised routing
September	27	Reduce evening hours of operation by ending around 9:30 p.m. Link with Route 33 instead of Route 17.	Reduced span; revised routing
September	28	Revise routing to no longer operate north of NW 103rd St. Link with Route 23 instead of routes 131/132.	Revised routing
September	28EX	Add two trips to extend morning span of service.	Added trips
September	30	Revise routing to operate between Sand Point and the University District via Ravenna.	Revised routing
September	31	Link with routes 65/75 instead of Route 68.	Revised routing
September	32	New route to serve Uptown, West Seattle Center, Interbay.	Added new route
September	33	Improve midday frequency to 30 minutes, operate on 3rd Avenue, and link with Route 27 instead of routes 34/39.	Revised routing; improved frequency
September	34EX	Delete route; provide alternate service on routes 7, 7X, 50 and 106.	Deleted route
September	35	Delete route.	Deleted route
September	36	No longer linked with Route 1.	Revised routing
eptember	37	Reduce number of trips.	Reduced trips
eptember	39	Delete; provide alternate service on Route 50.	Deleted route
September	40	New route connecting Northgate Transit Center, North Seattle Community College, Crown Hill, Sunset Hill, Ballard, Fremont and downtown Seattle.	Added new route
eptember	45EX	D. I	Deleted route

Month	Route	Description of Change	Туре
September	46	Delete; provide alternate service on routes 31, 32, 40, and 44.	Deleted route
September	50	New route to serve Alki, Admiral District, North Delridge, SODO station, VA Medical Center, Beacon Hill, Columbia City, Seward Park, and Othello Station.	Added new route
September	51	Delete; provide alternate service on routes 50 and 128.	Deleted route
September	53	Delete; provide alternate service on routes 37, 773, and 775.	Deleted route
September	54	Delete; provide alternate service on RapidRide C Line, and routes 116 and 120.	Deleted route
September	54EX	Delete; provide alternate service on RapidRide C Line, and routes 116 and 120.	Deleted route
September	55	Operate peak only.	Reduced span
September	56	Delete; provide alternate service on routes 50 and 56 Express.	Deleted route
September	57	Revise routing to operate on the Alaskan Way Viaduct. Operate peak only	Revised routing; reduced span
September	60	Revise routing to extend to Westwood Village.	Revised routing
September	61	New route to serve North Beach, Sunset Hill, Leary Way, and downtown Ballard. Replaces Route 17 service on 32nd Avenue NW.	Added new route
September	62	New route to serve provide one-way peak period service between downtown Seattle and the Ballard Business District.	Added new route
September	65	Link with routes 31/32 instead of routes 66/67.	Revised routing
September	67	Link with Route 68 instead of Route 65.	Revised routing
September	68	Link with Route 67 instead of Route 31.	Revised routing
September	75	Revise routing to operate between Northgate Transit Center and the University District.	Revised routing
September	81	Delete; provide alternate service on RapidRide D Line.	Deleted route
September	85	Delete; provide alternate service on RapidRide C Line and Route 120.	Deleted route
September	99	Delete off-peak service.	Reduced span
September	113	Revise route to operate on 2nd Avenue.	Revised routing
September	116/118/ 119	Operate additional trips on Route 116. Revise stop pattern.	Added trips; revised routing
September	120	Revise routing to serve Westwood Village. Route 60 provides alternate service.	Revised routing
September	121	Operate on 2nd Avenue in downtown Seattle	Revised routing
September	122	Operate on 2nd Avenue in downtown Seattle	Revised routing
September	123EX	Revise routing to operate between Gregory Heights and downtown Seattle via the Burien Transit Center, SR-509 and the Alaskan Way Viaduct.	Revised routing
September	124	Revise routing to operate via Georgetown and Airport Way South between Tukwila International Boulevard Station and downtown Seattle.	Revised routing
September	125	Revise routing to operate between Westwood Village and downtown Seattle via South Seattle Community College and the Alaskan Way Viaduct No longer linked with Route 11. Reduced frequency.	Revised routing; reduced frequency and span

Month	Route	Description of Change	Туре
September	128	Revise routing to extend to Atlantic Street in the Admiral District. Higher frequency.	Revised routing; higher frequency
September	131	Revise routing to operate between the Burien Transit Center and downtown Seattle via Highland Park and 4th Avenue S. Higher frequency.	Revised routing; higher frequency
September	132	Revise routing to operate between the Burien Transit Center and downtown Seattle via South Park and 4th Avenue S. Higher frequency.	Revised routing; higher frequency
September	133	Delete; provide alternate service on Routes 120, 121, 122, and 123, which connect to routes 70, 71X, 72X, and 73.	Deleted route
September	134	Delete; provide alternate service on routes 106, 124, 131, and 132.	Deleted route
September	155	No longer linked with Route 156.	Revised routing
September	156	Revise routing to extend to Highline Community College. Higher frequency at night. No longer linked with Route 155.	Revised routing; higher frequency
September	166	Revise routing to extend to the Burien Transit Center via First Avenue S.	Revised routing
September	212	Move route from Downtown Transit Tunnel to surface.	Revised routing
September	217	Move route from Downtown Transit Tunnel to surface.	Revised routing
September	218	Delete two morning and two evening trips.	Reduced trips
September	265	Add trips	Added trips
September	301	Revise northbound routing to use Seattle Boulevard S.	Revised routing
September	306	Move northbound routing from 3rd Avenue to 4th Avenue.	Revised routing
September	308	Move northbound routing from 3rd Avenue to 4th Avenue.	Revised routing
September	312	Move northbound routing from 3rd Avenue to 4th Avenue.	Revised routing
September	330	No longer linked to Route 75.	Revised routing
September	914	Minor routing change on Kent East Hill.	Revised routing
September	916	Minor routing change on Kent East Hill.	Revised routing

Appendix J: Information Sources

This report is based on information collected from many sources. Ridership and reliability information is gathered by computers on Metro buses. The automated vehicle location (AVL) system on all Metro buses gathers data about bus locations that we use to track on-time performance. An automatic passenger counter (APC) system, installed on about 15 percent of Metro's buses, provides ridership data. For this report, we used ridership and service information from the spring 2012 service change, between February 18 and June 8, 2012. This is the most recent full period between service changes for which we had final information. We used reliability information from a longer period—between August 2011 and July 2012.

Metro made changes to the way ridership is counted between 2011 and 2012 to prepare for the end of the Ride Free Area and to better use data from our upgraded on-board systems (OBS). These changes affect route-level ridership, as riders who previously were not charged a fare are now included in route-level counts. Major changes in route performance data from spring 2012 are:

- Changes to ridership counting for routes serving downtown Seattle. Passenger rides that occurs completely within downtown Seattle are now included in route-level ridership data. These rides were formerly excluded because riders did not pay a fare within the Ride Free Area. Before this change, total rides on a trip were calculated by using the higher of boardings and exits to measure the number of riders using the bus beyond the Ride Free Area. Now that all riders are charged a fare, rides are being calculated by using boardings only. This change was made in spring 2012 rather than waiting until fall 2012 to enable us to compare information before and after the Ride Free Area was discontinued.
- Changes to where some trips are considered to begin and end. Start and endpoints have been revised for all trips on separate routes that are connected without a layover time, or "through-routed." Trips are now considered to start or end where the signs change on the bus, which means data will now match more closely with what riders experience on the street.

Metro uses the most current data available at the time the report is produced. However, by the time the report is produced, service changes have often been made that make the data obsolete. Some routes have been changed or deleted, and new routes have been created. Information about improvements and system changes made each summer or fall is reflected in the guidelines report for the following calendar year. For example, this 2012 report is the first one that includes the RapidRide B Line and associated restructuring of service in East King County that occurred in fall 2011

We use the annual guidelines report to guide decisions, but we also consider any new information or changes since the time the report was produced before suggesting or proposing service changes. We are looking into ways to provide this information more quickly in future years.

Appendix K: Corridor Analysis Tables

Setting a target service level for a corridor on the All-Day and Peak Network

Metro uses the service guidelines to evaluate the All-Day and Peak network and establish target service levels for transit corridors throughout King County. The tables on the following

pages present the corridor analysis including target service levels for each corridor as of spring 2012. The process of setting target service levels has two steps which are outlined in the service guidelines.

In step 1, we ask:

- How many jobs and households are nearby? This indicates how productive bus service is likely to be. The answer results in the productivity score. Total possible score: 20.
- How many people board the bus in low-income or minority census tracts? We determine low-income and minority census tracts from census data. If the percentage of people boarding is above the percentage of boardings in low-income and minority tracts in the county overall, a social equity score is given. Total possible score: 10.
- Does this corridor get people to centers of employment or other activity? These centers are defined by our region's planning organization, and we also include some transit activity centers. The answer results in the geographic value score. Total possible score: 10.

We assign a preliminary level of service based on the total score.

In step 2, we ask:

 Would the preliminary service level accommodate current riders? We increase the target service level if needed. This step helps us make sure there is room on the suggested level of service for the people currently using it.

Sample Corridor X	
Step 1 Score	
Productivity	7
Social Equity	5
Geographic Value	10
Total	22
Preliminary target serv Frequent	ice ievei:
Step 2	
Increase service level to actual riders based on passenger loads.	The second secon
Final target service leve Very Frequent	el:

Appendix K: Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step One

Preliminary Service Levels	THĐIN	+	0	-	+		0	0		H	+	+	30	+		_	+	30	-	+	30	-			+	0	+	+	Н	-	30	30	00
Preliminary S Levels	PEAK	+	30 30	+	+	< 15 15	30 30	30 30	9 09		< 15 15	+	15 30	\vdash			15 30	15 15		7	15 15		15 30	-	+	+	09 09	-	H		15 30	15 15	
			1	1							4	1	ľ	L	ľ	69									m	0 4	100	8	8	v	1	-	
	30IRQI9AR	1	1	L	L	Yes	1			_	Yes				Yes														-	Yes			
	3RODS JATOT	1	2 00	20	15	16	10	10	6	14	7 0	24	21	15	19	15	24	28	24	25	35	35	22	37	14	0 10	0	10	10	20	20	30	
any	STNIO9	c	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	000	0 0	2 0	0	0	10	0	000	000	00	C	10	0	0	10	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	10	2 0	>
Geographic Value - Primary Connections	REGIONAL & MANUFACTURING/INDUSTRIAL SENTERS			Yes	Yes					Yes	Yes	Yes			Yes	1	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		1	Yes						Yes	Yes	100	
Conne	STNIO9	ı	0	0	0	2	c)	C)	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0 10	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	ro o	0 0	0 0	2 10	,
Geogr	ACTIVITY CENTERS	Vac	20			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		T			Yes		Yes	Vac	20				Yes	1			T		Yes	Yes	T		Yes	-
hics	STNIO9	ır	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	2	2	0	0 1	n n	2	r)	5	2	2	0 1	0 0	0 0	0	0	2	0 4	n u	0 0	2 2	1700
Social Equity - Demographics	FOM-INCOME	56%	10%	%66	87%	29%	40%	30%	8%	53%	32%	2%	%09	94%	%0	200%	86%	93%	%92	91%	91%	88%	54%	30%	54%	35%	14%	61%	46%	70%	12%	29%	
- duity -	STNIO9	100	0	5	0	0	۵	2	0	0 0	0	0	5	5	2	0	0 10	5	2	0	0	2	2	0 0	2 50	5	0	0	20 11	0 10	0	0	
Social	YTIRONIM	72%	%0	64%	31%	49%	92%	81%	2%	34%	17%	%0	100%	%86	91%	80%/	%69	%62	82%	%0	19%	93%	%68	0000	71%	81%	26%	23%	100%	95%	%0	44%	
	STNIO9	0	4	0	0	4		0	0	0 4	4	7	7	0	0		0	4	0	10	10	10	0 0	7	. 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	10	7	
Land Use - Productivity	108S/ COHHIDOH MI	586	9,150	1,153	809	8,195	305	414.	1,312	10.394	6.597	12,552	11,669	3,321	4,251	4 538	5,470	7,448	3,084	20,221	33,098	30,381	17 749	12.159	3.544	3,019	723	360	1 436	547	22,372	11,696	
nd Use - F	STNIO9	0	4	0	0	_	0	5	4	7	7	7	4	0	4 0	0 4	4	4	4		+	10	7	7	0	Н		0	00	0		Н	
Lar	нопленогра/ совывов мі	965	1,987	549	550	2,308	10,	201,1	2,262	3.220	2,461	2,277	2,165	640	1,514	1.263	1,203	1,331	1,513	4,551	3,922	3,920	2,330	2.586	883	998	618	201	734	771	3,953	2,066	
	STUGR ROLAM	128	56	180	181	E Line	040	047	48N	D Line	44	17	36	271	240	120	131	132	09	10	12	32/43	73	33	241	246	226	186/915	A Line	183	26/28	30/31	000
Connections	VIA	California Ave SW, Military Rd, TIBS	Admiral Way	Kent, Sealac	15th St SW, Lea Hill Rd	Meridian Av N	NE 85th St NE Bedmond Ww Avondala Manne	Green of the Commenced	Holman Boad, Northoate	15th Ave W	Wallingford (N 45th St)	W Nickerson, Westlake Av N, 9th Ave	Beacon Ave	NE 8th St 156th Ave NE	Newcastle. Factoria	Delridge, Ambaum	1st Ave S, South Park, Airport Wy	Des Moines Mem Dr, South Park	South Park, Georgetown, Beacon Hill, First Hill	15th Ave E	F lefferen St	Leschi Yesler	University Way, I-5	Gilman Ave W, 22nd Ave W, Thorndyke Av W	Newport Wy , S. Bellevue	Somerset, Factoria, Eastgate	Phantom Lake	S Punet Dr. Royal Hills	SR-99	Military Road	Dexter Ave N	N 40th St	12th Av KIM 3rd Av KIM
	AND	Southcenter	Seattle CBD	Enders Me	Coatto Con	Northgate	Kirkland	11 Dietrict	Lake City	Seattle CBD	U. District	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBU	Redmond	Renton	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	White Center	Seattle CBD	Seattle CRD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Bellevue	Bellevue	Overlake	Renton	SeaTac	Kent	Seattle CBD	U. District	Kroadview
	BETWEEN	Admiral District	Alki	Auburn/GBCC	Aurora Villago	Aurora Village	Avondale	Ballard	Ballard	Ballard	Ballard	Ballard	Bellevije	Bellevue	Bellevue	Burien	Burien	Burien	Capitol Hill	Capitol Hill	Central District	Colman Park	Cowen Park	26 Discovery Park	Eastgate	Eastgate	Easigate	Fairwood	Federal Way	33 Federal Way	Fremont	35 Fremont	- FBITIERI
	совыров ір. илмвев		7 0				7	00				12				17				200	23		25 (26		87	30			33		35	200

(continued) Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step One

ervice	NIGHT	30	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	30	30	0	30	0	0	0	30	30	0	0	30	30	0	30	0	0	0 0	0	c	30	30	0
Preliminary Service Levels	OFFPEAK	30	30	30	30	9	9	09	30	9	30	30	30	30	30	90	15	30	30	9	30	30	9	30	30	30	9	30	30	09	30	90	30	30	30	30
Prelim	PEAK	1,5	30	30	30	09	09	09	30	09	30	30	30	15	15	09	15	30	30	09	5,	15	09	30	60	15	09	15	30	09	30	09	30	15	15	30
	BOIRDIAAR	T	Τ	Τ	Γ	I		П	Т	T	Τ	T				T	Τ		П	T	Τ		П	T	Τ	Τ	Γ		П	T	T	Γ	Τ	T		
	TOTAL SCORE	22	13	10	10	C)	2	2	10	n u	0 1	13	15	20	20	6	28	10	14	4 00	22	19	2	10	47	19	2	19	16	6	4 8	2	10	20	20	18
7	STNIOP	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	10	0	10	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	10	0	0	0 0	0	c	0	0	0
Geographic Value - Primary Connections	& SEGIONAL & MANUFACTURING/INDUSTRIAL SEGIONAL												Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes											Yes					T			
Connections	STNIOd	ur.	N C	0	2	2	2	5	2	Ω 0	0 10	2	0	0	0	n u	0	2	5	0 4	0	2	2	0	00	2	0	0	5	0	00	co.	c	0	0	0
Geog	SABTUBO YTIVITOA	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				Yes	22	Yes	Yes	Voc	20	Yes	Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes				
hics	STNIOG	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	co o	0 0	0 40	2	0	2	2	0 0	o us	5	22	0 4	2	0	0	O U	0 0	2	0	2	0	2	0 10	0	ır	0	0	2
Social Equity - Demographics	FOM-INCOME	25%	35%	61%	%0	26%	%0	10%	63%	250/	86%	21%	36%	100%	95%	16%	61%	%89	63%	28%	84%	27%	%0	97%	36%	58%	39%	%09	25%	78%	82%	%9	100%	48%	43%	71%
Equity - I	STNIO9	c	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	2 0	0 10	2	2	2	2	0 14	2	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 1	n u	0	2	2	0	0	0 1	מומ	0	LC.	0	0	5
Social	YTIRONIM	%0	31%	20%	83%	2%	%0	30%	31%	0%0 87%	%69	62%	100%	100%	%66	23%	61%	24%	49%	13%	37%	%0	%0	1000/	51%	89%	61%	47%	26%	47%	%66	38%	%26	%0	%0	100%
	STNIO9	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	4	0	0	4 01	7	7	0	2 1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0 4	0	0	10	10	4
Land Use - Productivity	108S/ CORRIDOR MI	13.109	7,367	996	1,627	345	653	443	3,270	545	999	536	965	5,352	1,960	1 499	7,898	4,646	4,419	8,014	16,025	11,680	640	493 16 126	948	5,280	921	4,554	9,122	5,3/9	8,414	3,136	410	17,696	18,839	10,098
d Use - P	STNIO9	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	4 0	H		4 0	10	\vdash		0 0	7	4	4	0	4	7	4 4	4 4	0	0			4 10,098
Lan	нопаеногра/ совыров мі	3.522	1,623	236	435	120	947	645	1,135	040	830	619	729	517	351	819	1,175	1,070	1,348	3.944	3,754	2,688	588	2318	1.221	1,560	335	1,302	2,700	1,583	1,658	962	294	4,238	4,093	1,898
	ETUOR ROLAM	5	21	271	269	209	234	331	372EX	SOUNAL	131/166	168	169	150	153	245	41	75	95	11	25	24	204 0010ABT	148	347	485	182	29	16	30	226	249	917DART	2/13	3N/4N	7
Connections	VIA	Greenwood Ave N	35th Ave SW	Newport Way	Sammamish, Bear Creek	Fall City, Snoqualmie		Lake Forest Park, Aurora Village TC	Lake Forest Park, Lake City	Edmonds Av NE	Kent-DM Rd, S. 240th St, 1st Av S	Kent-Kangley Road	Kent East Hill	TUKWIIA 04th Avec 1 ind Avec M	South Kitchard	Overlake, Crossroads, Eastgate	NE 125th St, Northgate, I-5	Lake City, Sand Point	35th Ave NE, Childrens Hospital	Madison St	Union St	34th Ave W, 28th Ave W	Island Crest Way	31st Av S. S Jackson St	15th Ave NE, 5th Ave NE	23rd Ave E	SW 356th St, 9th Ave S	Roosevelt	Green Lake, Wallingford	Seward Park	Bell-Red Road	W Lake Sammamish Pkwy, S Kirkland P&R, Bellevia Way NE	Algona	Queen Anne Ave N	Taylor Ave N	Rainier Ave
	AND	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Eastgate	Overlake	North Bend	Kirkland	Shoreline	Totem Lake	Renton	Burien	Maple Valley	Renton	Seattle CBD	Rollowin	Factoria	Seattle CBD	U. District	U. District	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	S Mercer Island	Seattle CBD		U. District	Federal Way	U. District	Seattle CBU	Columbia City	Bellevue	Bellevue	Auburn	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD
	BETWEEN	Greenwood	High Point	Issaquah	Issaquah	Issaquah	Kenmore	Kenmore	Kenmore	Kennydale	Kent	Kent	Kent	Kent	Kirkland	Kirkland	Lake City	Lake City	Laurelhurst	Madison Park	60 Madrona	Magnolia	63 Mirror Lake	Mount Baker	Mountlake Terrace	Mt Baker	NE Tacoma	Northgate	Northgate	Othello Station	Overlake P&R	Overlake	Pacific	Queen Anne	Queen Anne	// Rainier Beach
	соныров ір. илмвен	_						44	46	47 1		49		50		54 H			58		09	61	63 A						20 N		72 C	73		75 C	76 0	1

oints	25-40	0-24	6-0
Points P	19-40	10-18	6-0
evels	15	30	9
_			
Points	10	0	
Threshold	Yes	No	
Points	5	0	
Threshold	Yes	No	
ints	5	0	

_	evels	Points	Points	Points
	15	19-40	25-40	
	30	10-18	10-24	19-40
	9	6-0	6-0	0-18

(continued) Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step One

		T	Г			П	T	T	T	1	T	Т	Т	T	T	T	Т					T	Т	Т							П	T		T	٦
ervice	NIGHT	0	0	0	0	15	30	0 0	30	30	0	0	0	0	30	30	0	0	0	0	30	30	0	0	0	30	30	30	0	0	0	0	15	0	0
Preliminary Service Levels	OFFPEAK	30	09	30	09	15	30	30	30	30	60	30	30	30	30	30	9	30	30	9	30	30	30	30	9	15	15	30	30	09	09	30	15	30	30
Prelim	ЬE∀K	30	09	30	09	< 15	15	30	15	15	09	30	30	30	15	15	09	30	30	09	15	15	30	30	9	15	15	15	30	9	9	30	< 15	30	30
							_			T	_	_	_		_	_																_	(0)	_	
	30IR0I9AR	-	L			Yes	_		1	1	1		1	1		-							1	1								\rightarrow	Yes		
	TOTAL SCORE	14	2	15	2	20	19	10	19	19	2	10	14	2 5	2 0	19	6	14	14	2	24	20	10	10	2	32	29	19	16	2	2	14	13	14	18
ary	STNIO9	0	0	10	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	10	0	0	0	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Geographic Value - Primary Connections	REGIONAL & MANUFACTURING/INDUSTRIAL SERTERS			Yes		Yes	Yes												Yes		Yes	Yes				Yes	Yes	Yes							
Conne	STNIO9	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	2	0	o u	2 5	2	22	0	2	0	0	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	0
Geogr	ACTIVITY CENTERS				Yes				Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		Voe	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes			Yes							Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	
ics	STNIOA	5	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	2	0	2	0	0 4	0 4	o ro	0	2	0	0	2	D.	0	2	0	5	5	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2
Social Equity - Demographics	FOM-INCOME	71%	47%	11%	11%	61%	44%	63%	22%	%06	16%	67%	40%	730/	800%	26%	37%	26%	2%	54%	%02	%88	40%	87%	51%	88%	77%	43%	80%	19%	12%	85%	%0	%92	63%
- duity - I	STNIO9	2	r.	2	0	5	2	2	2	2	0 1	2	2	000	o u	2 12	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	2
Social	YTIRONIM	%96	91%	%99	29%	93%	100%	100%	92%	97%	15%	85%	28%	35%	0000	26%	52%	%6	%0	28%	74%	100%	100%	100%	62%	39%	45%	21%	44%	%6	%0	%59	%0	%88	81%
	STNIO9	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	> ×		0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	10	7	4	7	0	0	0	4	4	4
Land Use - Productivity	1082/ СОВЫВОВ МІ	3,519	964	2,237	225	1,330	6,354	485	6,492	593	235	540	1,003	69	2,7,0	1.553	924	919	5,743	1,105	9,804	628	1,104	1,064	549	22,154	11,208	6,627	14,210	595	838	431	7,340	6,128	10,593
d Use - I	STNIO9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	0 4	+ <	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	0	4	0	0	4	4	0	4
Lan	нолгеногра\ совывов мі	2,231	929	715	179	478	804	797	981	1,170	187	296	1,268	1 822	1 152	1.231	1.350	1,760	993	946	1,127	346	569	751	718	2,891	3,164	870	1,910	315	846	1,341	2,090	831	1,285
	BTUOR ROLAM	9EX	221	930DART	224	FLine	101	107	106	105	907	908DART	348	300	373EV	345	330	5	255	236	124	156	155	903	187	70	49	271	25	931DART	238	71	CLine	125	23
Connections	N N	Rainier Ave	148th Ave. Crossroads. Bellevue College	Willows Road	Duvall, Carnation	S 154th St	MLK Jr Wy, I-5	West Hill, Rainier View	Skyway, S. Beacon Hill	NE 4th St, Union Ave NE	Maple Valley, Black Diamond	NE 7th St, Edmonds Av NE	Richmond Bch Rd, 15th Ave NE	Valley Center	lackson Dark 15th Av NE	N 130th St. Meridian Av N	N 155th St. Jackson Park	Greenwood Av N	Kirkland, SR-520	Kingsgate	Pacific Hwy S, 4th Ave S	McMicken Heights, Sea-Tac	S 180th St, Carr Road	SW Campus Dr, 1st Ave S	S 320th St	Eastlake, Fairview	Broadway	SR-520	Lakeview	Woodinville, Cottage Lake	132nd Ave NE, Lk Wash Voch Tech	View Ridge, NE 65th St	Fauntleroy, Alaska Junction	16th Ave SW, SSCC	Highland Park, 4th Ave S
	AND	Capitol Hill		ke	Fall City			-		ghlands	WE			N Vashon				pc	Seattle CBD		0	es				Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD		Seattle CBD	p				Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD
	BETWEEN	Rainier Beach	Redmond	Redmond	82 Redmond	Renton	Renton	85 Renton	Renton	Renton	88 Renton	Renton Highlands	90 Richmond Beach	S Vashon	Shoreline	Shoreline CC	Shoreline CC	Shoreline CC	Totem Lake	Totem Lake	Tukwila	Tukwila	Tukwila	102 Twin Lakes	103 Twin Lakes	U. District	U. District	U. District	U. District		CCC	110 Wedgwood	111 West Seattle	112 White Center	113 White Center
	совыров ір. иливев	79		81	82	83	84		98	87		88	90	91					97	98			101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110		112	113

		2000	DIGITION	Inteshold	Inresnoid	old Points Inreshold Points Inreshold	Threshold Points Threshold Points Threshold	Threshold Points Threshold Points Threshold Points Threshold Points	old Points Inreshold Points Inreshold Points Inreshold
	5	Yes 5		Yes	= 56% 5 Yes	>= 56% 5 Yes	>= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes	10 >= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes	> 16,545 10 >= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes
-	0	No	O ON O	0 No 0 %95 >	0	_	<54% 0 <56% 0	7 <54% 0 <56% 0	> 10,922 7 < 54% 0 < 56% 0
	20 0		Yes	= 56% 5 Yes	>= 56% 5 Yes	5 >= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes	>= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes	16,545 10 >= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes	> 16,545 10 >= 54% 5 >= 56% 5 Yes

Points	19-40	10-18	6-0
Levels	15	30	09
d Points	10	0	
Threshold	Yes	No	
Points	5	0	
Threshold	Yes	No	
Points	5	0	
Threshold	>= 26%	< 26%	
Points	5	0	
Threshold	>= 54%	<.54%	
Points	10	7	4

Appendix K: Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step Two and Final Suggested Service Levels

Particular Par	Service Levels mily	ВЕЗПГДІМВ ЗЕВЛІСЕ ЕВМІГЛ		Local	Frequent	very rrequent	Very Frequent	Local	Local		very Frequent	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Fraguent	Very Frequent	Frequent	Very Frequent	Local	Very Frequent	Von Frequent	Very Frequent	Ven Francisco	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Frequent	Very Frequent	Frequent	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Local	Very Frequent	Frequent	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Local
Marche March Mar	ested Sand Fai	ТНЭІМ	00	30	30	30	15	60	9	1	30	15	, r	30	15	30	15	30	30	30	30	00	30	15	30	15	30	0	0	9	60	15	30	15	30	30
Marche March Mar	al Sugg	OFFPEAK	00	30	30	000	15	30	30	1	200	< 15	17	30	× 15	30	15	30	15	30	15	4	15	< 15	30	< 15	30	9	9	30	30	15	30	15	15	9
Particle	Fina	PEAK	00	30	0	000	1 15	30	30		200	< 15	15	15	< 15	15	< 15	30	< 15	U T	15	45	15	< 15	15	< 15	15	9	9	90	30	< 15	15	< 15	15	30
Particle	le st	THƏIN		- 0				0	0	,		- 0	-	0	,-	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0		-	0	-	0	0	0				0	-		0
Particle Connections Particle P	ice Levi	OFFPEAK		,		- 0	0	0	0		2 0	-	0	0	2	0	0	0	-	0 0	-	-	- 0	2	0	2	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	_	0
Professor Prof	Serv	bE∀K	c	0	v		-	0	0	c	ų c	0	,	0	2	-	0	0	_	0 0	0	0	10	-	0	2	_	0	0			0	0	-	0	_
Profession Pro	ons		00	200	200	30	30	90	09	00	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	0 0		80	30	30	30	30	30
Compacing Comp	e Additie	SEBNICE	c	0 6	000	200	30	0	0	00	3 0	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	0 0	0 0	0	30	30	30	30	0
Compacing Comp	Service		00	000	000	30	30	90	09	30	30	30	30	09	30	9	30	30	30	0 0	09	30	30	30	09	30	30	0	N/A	N/A	60	30	N/A	30	30	30
AND	Night		c	0	000	80	0	0	0	c	909	09	09	09	0	0	09	0	09	909	09	c	09	0	0	09	0	+	+			09		09	0	0
AND	Sased el ts	THĐIN	-	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	O	N/A	N/A	0	0	N/A	-	0	0
AND	covery-E	OFFPEAK	c	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	2	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	-	0	_	0	0 0		+		0		0	0 0	0
AND Annual Way Service Level Puterinary Service Level Improvements	Cost He Ser Impr	bE∀K	C	-		c	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	2	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	2	2	-	0	-,	- 0	0 0		0	0	0	0	-	0 +	-
Seatle CBD Admiral Way Southerners Standard Level The Design Standard Level The Design The De	y at rvice	ивнт	36%	7000	12%	27%	31%	11%	15%	27%	41%	25%	16%	14%	14%	15%	53%	23%	0/65	%9	%9	2%	%0	4%	2%	17%	170	07/0	707	N/A	3%	%6	N/A	4%	8%	65.70
Service Level Service Level Service Level Service Level Improvements	inary Se Level	OFFPEAK	+	+	+	L		Н		-							+	+	+	+		-				4	-	+	+	-		_	Н	+	+	+
AND	Prelim	bEAK	+	+	+	-		Н	_	-	-				-	-	-	+	+	+					-	+	+	+	-	+		100		+	-	+
Seatile CBD	Level	OFFPEAK		t	+-				0	1						1	+	+	t			-			1	1	1	1	t					1	1	t
A AND Southcenter California Ave SW, Millary Rd, TIBS Southcenter California Ave SW, Millary Rd, TIBS Seattle CBD Adviral May Edelari Way 15th St SW, Lea Hill Rd 181 Seattle CBD Advira Av N 185 SW, Lea Hill Rd 181 Edelari Way 15th St SW, Lea Hill Rd 181 Seattle CBD Advira Av N 184 U. District Green Lake, Greenwood Wy, Avondale Wy NE 248 U. District Green Lake, Greenwood Wy, Avondale Wy NE 248 U. District Green Lake, Greenwood May 175 Seattle CBD William Read, Northgale 775 Seattle CBD William Read Northgale 775 Seattle CBD William Si 156th Ava NE 271 Seattle CBD William Si 156th Ava NE 271 Seattle CBD Councilor Council	Service	bE∀K	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	2	0	0		0	2	-	0	0 +	- 0	0	0	-	-	-	0	2 +	- 0	00	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0 -	-
A AND Southcenter California Ave SW, Millary Rd, TIBS Southcenter California Ave SW, Millary Rd, TIBS Seattle CBD Adviral May Edelari Way 15th St SW, Lea Hill Rd 181 Seattle CBD Advira Av N 185 SW, Lea Hill Rd 181 Edelari Way 15th St SW, Lea Hill Rd 181 Seattle CBD Advira Av N 184 U. District Green Lake, Greenwood Wy, Avondale Wy NE 248 U. District Green Lake, Greenwood Wy, Avondale Wy NE 248 U. District Green Lake, Greenwood May 175 Seattle CBD William Read, Northgale 775 Seattle CBD William Read Northgale 775 Seattle CBD William Si 156th Ava NE 271 Seattle CBD William Si 156th Ava NE 271 Seattle CBD Councilor Council	nary	OFFPEAK	0.74	0.87	0.80	0.55	0.77	09.0	0.21	1.91	0.55	68.0	1.56	89.0	2.53	99.0	0.51	1.54	23	0.14	1.02	080	7.62	1.63	0.54	10.1	31	18	1.28	00.0	35	1.74	.25	89.	68	0.00
Southcenter California Ave SW, Milliary Rd, TBS Seattle CBD Admiral Way Seattle CBD Seat	Prelimi	PEAK	+		-					+			1.17	Н	+	+	+	+	+				Н		+	+	+	+	+		Н		+	+	+	+
South-center California Ave SW, Milliary Rd, TIBS Seatle CBD Admiral Way Burner Federal Way Federal Way Burner Federal Way Fede		3TUOR ROLAM	128	56						t			44		1	+	+	+		H						+	+	t	t				1	+	t	
	Connections	VIA	California Ave SW, Military Rd, TIBS	Admiral Way	Kent, SeaTac	15th St SW, Lea Hill Rd	Aurora Ave N	Meridian Av N	NE 85th St, NE Redmond Wy, Avondale Wy NE	Green Lake, Greenwood	Holman Road, Northgate	15th Ave W	Wallingford (N 45th St)	W Nickerson, Westlake Av N, 9th Ave	Beacon Ave	NE 9th Ct 155th Ava NE	Newcastle Factoria	Delridge. Ambaum	1st Ave S, South Park, Airport Wy	Des Moines Mem Dr, South Park		15th Ave E	Madison St	E Jefferson St	Howarette May 1.5	Gilman Ave W 22nd Ave W Thomptoke Av W	Newport Wv. S. Bellevue	Somerset, Factoria, Eastgate	Phantom Lake	Auburn Wy S, SR 164	S Puget Dr, Royal Hills	SR-99	Military Road	N 40th St	8th Av NW, 3rd Av NW	132nd Ava SE
BETWEEN Admiral District Admiral District Admiral District Admiral Village Aurora Village Aurora Village Aurora Village Ballard Belevue		AND	Southcenter	Seattle CBD	Burien	Federal Way	Seattle CBD	Northgate	Kirkland	U. District	Lake City	Seattle CBD	U. District	Seattle CBD	Seame CBD	Radmond	Renton	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	White Center	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CBD	Seattle CRD	Seattle CBD	Bellevue	Bellevue	Overlake	Auburn	Renton	Sealac	Kent South CDD	11 District	Broadview	Kent
		BETWEEN	Admiral District	Alki	Auburn	Auburn/GRCC	Aurora Village	Aurora Village	Avondale	Ballard	Ballard	Ballard	Ballard	Ballard	Dellacon mill	Sellevise	Bellevue	Burien	Burien	Burien	Sapitol Hill	Capitol Hill	Capitol Hill	Johnson Dark	Jowen Park	Discovery Park	astgate	astgate	astgate	numclaw	airwood	ederal Way	remont	remont	remont	37 Green River CC

		Off	
Sost Recovery*	y* Peak	Peak	Night
%00	2	2	2
~09=	-	-	-
33%	;	:	-
16%	1	1	30 Min
>=8%	1	-	60 Min

(continued) Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step Two and Final Suggested Service Levels

Final Suggested Service Levels and Family	RESULTING SERVICE FAMILY	Von	Local	Local	Local	Hourly	Hourly	Local	Hourk	Hourly	Local	Local	Very Frequent	Frequent	Frequent	Frequent	Very Frequent	Frequent	Hourly	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Hourk	Local	Frequent	Frequent	Very Frequent	Hourly	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Local	Local	Hourly	Local	Very Frequent	Very Frequent
gested Serv and Family	ИВНТ	00	30	0	0	0	0	2 5	30	0	30	9	200	30	30	30	30	30	0	15	30	0	0	30	30	15	3 0	30	30	9 6	9	0	0	0 4	30
al Sug	OFFPEAK	+	\perp	30	30	09	9	30		9	30	30	15 50	-	30		000			15	13	909	30	30	30	15	15	15	15	30	30	n n	30	0 4	< 15
iE	PEAK	4 4	30	30	30	9	9	30	9	9	30	30	45	15	12	15	v 2	× 15	09	15	15	9	30	< 15	15	< 15	15	15	15	30	30	O ₀	30	v 1	< 15
le st	THĐIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 +	-	0	0	0	-	-	0	_		0	0	0	0		0 0	-	0	0		.]	0,	T.	-
Service Level Improvements	OFFPEAK	-	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0 0	-	0	-	0	0 0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	-,	+	9 -		2	0	+	+	0 +	-	2
Serv	PEAK	-	0	0	0	0	0 -	- 0	0 0	0	0	0 0	-	0	2		-	- 2	0	0		0	0	_	2 0	7 0	+	-	2	0	+		0 ,	-	2
sus	ADD WHAT FREQUENCY NIGHT SERVICE?	30	30	0	0	0	0	200	30	0	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	30	30	0	Н	-	-	30	+	30	30	09	+	+	000	0	30
Night Service Additions	SERVICE	30	0	0	0	0	0 0	30	0	H		00	+		+	30	+	+	H	+	30	-		-	+	200			30	0 0	-	-	000	+	30 3
Service	COST RECOVERY BASIS (8%/16%)	30	30	0	N/A	N/A	0 0	+		NA	30	00	30	Н	30	+	+	30	Н	30	+	-		-	09	+	-			09		-	30 S	-	H
Night 8	URBAN CENTERS	0		0		+	0 0	+			+	+	09		+	0 09		H		0 0	+				9 0	+		Н		9 0	+		2 0	+	0 30
pes	иіснт иснт	0	0	0	+	_	0 0	+	_	_	0 0	+	0	Н	+	+	+			+	+			+		+	-		-		-	+	+		
Cost Recovery-Based Service Level Improvements		+			+	+	+	-	Ż	Ż	+			_	0 0	0 0	-		N/A			N/A	N/A	0	0 -	N/A	0	-	N/A	0 0	N/A	4	Ž T	-	-
st Recovery-Ba Service Level Improvements	OFFPEAK	-	0	0	N/A	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	-	N/A	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 +	- 0	0	0	0	0 +	- 0	-	0	-	0 0	0		> -	-	2
Cost	ЬE∀K	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0 0	-	-	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	-	0	2	0 0	0		-	-	2
ry at	ИІВНТ	25%	26%	1%	N/A	N/A	4% 8%	16%	N/A	N/A	33%	46%	25%	N/A	17%	30%	41%	33%	N/A	37%	10%	N/A	N/A	19%	14%	N/A	32%	34%	N/A	7%	N/A	N/A	39%	43%	92%
Cost Recovery at Preliminary Service Level	OFFPEAK	72%	Н	11%	N/A	1%	31%	28%	3%	+	23%	+			46%	-	-		+	24%	+	15%	-		35%	+	-	Н	-	13%		+	+		
Prelimi	PEAK	40% 7	\vdash	-		+	28% 3	+		-	22% 2	+	\vdash	\rightarrow	24%	+	+	- 0		38% 68	+		-		43% 3:	+	-	\rightarrow		39% 13		+	-		120% 133%
sed evel ents	OFFPEAK	+				+	- 0		H	1	0 0			N/A	0 0				1	1 3	0 26		1	33	0 11	+		Н		0 0		+	-	70	2 120%
Service Level	PEAK	-	0		+	0 0	-	2	0	0	00	0			7 +			H	+	+	+		+			+		H	+	+	-	+	+		+
	Supervision and	9		-	+	+	+	-	Н	+	+	+	01	+	+		-	Н	+				0	- 0	7	0	_		1	0 0		-			2 0
Preliminary Service Level	OFFPEAK	1.16		+	+	0.27	+	\vdash		+	0.36	+		-	0.78	+		H		1.36			0.37	1 03	0.68	0.44	1.22	1.09	1.61	0.28	0.51	-	-	1.40	2.05
Pre	PEAK	0.86	0.54	0.30	0.29	0.33	1.10	2.24	0.40	0.33	0.45	0.76	0.83	0.19	112	0.88	1.38	1.52	0.23	0.59	0.64	09'0	0.52	0.90	0.96	0.70	1.03	1.27	2.54	0.38	0.63	0.26	0.79	1.10	2.24
	STUOR ROLAM	TC.	21	271	269	234	331	372EX	935DART	SOSUARI	168	169	150	153	245	41	75	65	25	25	24	204	901DART	247	488	182	29	91	89	226	249	917DART	2/13	3N/4N	7
Connections	VIA	Greenwood Ave N	35th Ave SW	Newport way	Sammamish, bear Creek	Juanita , Grodoanile	Lake Forest Park, Aurora Village TC	Lake Forest Park, Lake City	Finn Hill, Juanita	Kent-DM Bd S 240th St 12t Av. S	Kent-Kangley Road	Kent East Hill	Tukwila	84th Av S, Lind Av SW	Overlake, Crossroads, Eastgate	NE 125th St, Northgate, I-5	Lake City, Sand Point	35th Ave NE, Childrens Hospital	Madison St	Union St	34th Ave W, 28th Ave W	Island Crest Way	3 STEIN SI	15th Ave NE 5th Ave NE	23rd Ave E	SW 356th St, 9th Ave S	Roosevelt	Green Lake, Wallingford	Soward Park	Bell-Red Road	W Lake Sammamish Pkwy, S Kirkland P&R,	Algona	Queen Anne Ave N	Taylor Ave N	MLK Jr Wy E John St Denny Way
	AND		BD		North Bend				Totem Lake		Valley		CBD	Rellevine		30		U. District	30			S Mercer Island				Federal Way		Seattle CBD	City		Bellevue N	Auburn			Seattle Center N
	BETWEEN	Greenwood	39 High Point	Issaquari	42 Issaguah	Kenmore	Kenmore	Kenmore	Kenmore	Kent	49 Kent	Kent	Kent	Kirkland	Kirkland	55 Lake City	Lake City	Lake City	Madison Park	Madrona	Magnolia	62 Mercer Island	Mount Baker	Mountlake Terrace	Mt Baker	NE Tacoma	Northgate	Northgate	Othello Station	Overlake P&R	Overlake	74 Pacific	75 Queen Anne	76 Queen Anne	78 Rainier Beach
	сониров ір. илмвен	38	39	41	42	43	44	45	46	48	6	20	51		54	5		58			61	29		65 A		67 N		20 02		72 0	73 0	27	5	77 6	8

*Load Sactor and Cost Recovery service level improvements move the prelimmary levels of service up one or two levels, e.g. a load factor or cost recovery service level improvement of 2 changes a 30 min. service to <15 or a 60 min service to 15, etc. A cost recovery 38% varrants 60 min. night service, >16% warrants 30 min. night service,

Cost Recovery* Peak

(continued) Corridor Analysis of All-Day Network: Step Two and Final Suggested Service Levels

Final Suggested Service Levels and Family	RESULTING SERVICE FAMILY		Frequent	Hourly	House	Von Francos	Very Frequent	Fractiont	Fraguent	Frequent	Hourly	Local	Local	Hourly	Local	Fraguent	Hourk	Local	Very Frequent	Hourly	Frequent	Frequent	Local	Local	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Very Frequent	Local	Hounk	Local	Very Fraguent	Fraguent	Local						
gested Servand Family	иівнт	00	30	SO GO	3	15	30	30	30	30	0	0	90	0	30	30	30	30	30	0	30	30	9	0	15	15		0	0	30	1	+	30	1	Tet.				
al Sugo	OFFPEAK	4	30	30	80	1		30	30	30	09	30	30	90	30	30	90	30	15	9	30	30	30	9	15	15	15	30	00	30	15	30	30	Above Target	Below Target				
E	PEAK		0 E	30	80	4 4	4 15	15	15	15	09	30	90	09	200	, r	09	30	< 15	99	12	200	3 8	30	< 15	15	< 15	30	8 8	30	< 15	15	30	Abo	Belc				
Level	THĐIN			0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	c	0	_	improvements move the preliminary levels of service	st	nges a	30 min. service to <15 or a b0 min. service to 15, etc.	SELVINE,
Service Level Improvements	OFFPEAK	0	0 0	0	C	c	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	*Load Factor and Cost Recovery service level	levels o	up one or two levels, e.g. a load factor or cost	recovery service level improvement of 2 changes a	A cost recovery 58% warrants 60 min, pinks contra	
00 =	PEAK	c	v e	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	-	0	ery sen	liminar	and fact	rement	U min. Si	3
ditions	ADD WHAT FREQUENCY NIGHT SERVICE?	00	80	909	0	30	30	30	30	30	0	0 8	09	2 0	30	30	0	30	30	0	30	90	9	0	30	30	30	0	0	30	30	30	30	st Recov	the pre	e.g. a lo	Improv	S OF a bi	Ü.
Night Service Additions	CORRIDOR HAS 15 MIN PEAK SERVICE	30	+	+	-	30	30	30	30	30	0	0	0 0	0	30	30	0	0	30	0	30	00	0	0	30	30	30	0	0	0	30	30	0	and Co	ts move	o levels,	rice leve	708 C T	>16% warrants 30 min.
ght Sen	COST RECOVERY BASIS (8%/16%)	AIA	80	N/A	N/A	09	30	30	30	09	V/N	A/N	09 V	30	N/A	0	N/A	30	30	0	30	Z/Z	9	0	30	30	09	N/A	c	30	30	30	30	4 Factor	overnen	e or twi	ery serv	recove	warran
ž	PRIMARY CONNECTION BETWEEN UBBAN CENTERS	0	0	09	0	09	9	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	09	30	0	0	9	60	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	*Load	impro	no dn	recov	Arns	>16%
-Based vel nts	THĐIN	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	A/A	N/A	N/A	0	NA	0	N/A	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	-	- 0	O V	N/A	0	0	0	0	0		Night	2	-	-	30 Min 60 Min
Cost Recovery-Based Service Level Improvements	OEEBEVK	C	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	0 0	00	0	N/A	0	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	Off		2	-		1 1
Cost F Se Im	PEAK	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0		0	0	0	-	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	r	Peak	2	-		1 1
ery at ervice	иент	N/A	14%	N/A	N/A	13%	27%	23%	19%	14%	N/A	110/L	N/A	18%	N/A	%9	N/A	25%	31%	4%	N/A	N/A	%6	8%	%29	14%	N/A	N/A	4%	31%	18%	19%	26%			>=100%	>=50%	>=33%	>=10%
Cost Recovery at Preliminary Service Level	OFFPEAK	33%	22%	N/A	2%	26%	44%	17%	32%	24%	N/A	180/	8%	12%	N/A	29%	N/A	18%	41%	11%	70%	2%	12%	22%	32%	44%	0/.44	%9	19%		22%	19%			Cost Recovery*	۸	^	^	1^
Cost	DEAK	%02		%8	2%	15%	43%		-		N/A	+	+	+	\vdash	15%			-	14%	+	-		-	+	94970 4	+		19% 1	\vdash	-	43% 1	38% 27%		ပိ				
Load-Based Service Level Improvements	OFFPEAK	0		N/A	0	0	-		1	+	0 0		T		-		_	0		0 0	1		0	1	1	0 +	0	0	0				0 3	Off	Peak	2	-		
Load-Based Service Level Improvements	ЬE∀K	2	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0 0	0	0	0		- 0	- 0	- 0	0	0	0	0	-	0		×	2			
ls at linary Level	OFFPEAK	0.53	0.54	N/A	0.27	0.48	0.84	0.42	0.55	0.47	0.43	0.41	0.20	0.34	A/A	0.56	N/A	0.29	0.87	0.32	0.16	0.19	0.51	0.29	0.67	1 32	0.14	0.32	0.54	0.42	0.43	09.0	0.49			>=1.5	>=0.8		
Loads at Preliminary Service Level	bE∀K	1.79	0.44	0.43	0.35	0.37	1.07	1.18	69.0	0.29	0 13	0.56	0.51	0.38	0.50	0.26	29.0	0.43	2.31	+	+	Н	99.0	+	1.30	+	+		0.70		+	+	69.0		Load Factor*	^			
	STUOR ROLAM	9EX	221	RT	224	0	101	1	+	105	T	+	H		373EX		1	+	+	124	t			1		271	t	931DART			60	125							
Connections	VA	Rainier Ave	148th Ave, Crossroads, Bellevue College	Willows Road	Duvall, Carnation	S 154th St	MLK Jr Wy, I-5	West Hill, Rainler View	Skyway, S. Beacon Hill		NE 7th St. Edmonds Av NE	Richmond Bch Rd, 15th Ave NE	Valley Center	NE 55th St	Jackson Park, 15th Av NE	N 130th St, Meridian Av N	N 155th St, Jackson Park	Kithing on the	Kinggala Kinggala	Pacific Hwy S, 4th Ave S	McMicken Heights, Sea-Tac	S 180th St, Carr Road	SW Campus Dr, 1st Ave S	S SZUIT SI	Broadway	SR-520	Lakeview	Woodinville, Cottage Lake	132nd Ave NE, Lk Wash Voch Tech	View Ridge, NE 65th St	Taunilleroy, Alaska Junction	TOTAL AVE SW, SSCC	Highland Park, 4th Ave S						
	AND	Capitol Hill	Eastgate	Totem Lake	Fall City	Burien	Seattle CBD	Contiller Deach	Benton Highlands	Enumclaw	Renton	Northgate	N Vashon	U. District	U. District	Northgate	Case City	Seattle CBD	Kirkland	Seattle CBD	Des Moines	Fairwood	Federal Way	Seattle CRD	Seattle CBD	Bellevue	Seattle CBD	Redmond	Kirkland	Cowen Park	Seattle CDD	Sealile Con	Seame CBD						
	BETWEEN	Rainier Beach	Redmond	Hedmond	oz negmond	Jenton	Renton	Benton	Renton	Renton	Renton Highlands	Richmond Beach	S Vashon	Sand Point	Shoreline	Shoreline CC	Shoreline CC	Totam lake	98 Totem Lake	Tukwila	Tukwila	Tukwila	102 Twin Lakes	104 U. District					200	11 Wedgwood	T.								
			80	8 00	200	200	85 9	200	87 R	100	89 R				93 8	0 0 0	000		98 T	99 T	100 T	101 101	102 I	104 11	105 U	106 U.	107 U.	108	0 60	9 4	W 211	12 W	2						