Appendix J Water Quality Monitoring

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SAMMAMISH PLATEAU WATER & SEWER DISTRICT KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

RESOLUTION NO. 4780

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF SAMMAMISH PLATEAU WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, AUTHORIZING AND ADOPTING

DRINKING WATER QUALITY POLICY STATEMENT

WHEREAS, the Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District is an RCW Washington Title 57 Water-Sewer District serving potions of the Cities of Sammamish and Issaquah, and unincorporated King County; and

WHEREAS, the quality of the drinking water the District provides its customers is paramount; and

WHEREAS, the District Board of Commissioners has determined the need to adopt a Drinking Water Quality Policy Statement to establish Board policy in relation to drinking water standards, groundwater and aquifer protection, and outreach an transparency; and

WHEREAS, said Drinking Water Quality Policy Statement is attached to this Resolution as Exhibit A; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Board of Commissioners of Sammamish Plateau Water & Sewer District, King County, Washington, as follows:

1. The Board of Commissioners of Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District hereby adopts the Drinking Water Quality Policy Statement (Exhibit A).

ADOPTED by the Board of Commissioners of Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District, King County, Washington, at a regular open public meeting held on the day 7th of May 2018.

Individual Co Vote on this	mmissioner's Resolution:	Leve Wan
Approved: _ Opposed: _ Abstained: _ Absent: _	J	Lloyd Warren, President and Commissioner
Approved: Opposed: Abstained: Absent:		Mahbubul Islam, Vice President and Commissioner
Approved: _ Opposed: _ Abstained: _ Absent: _	All I	Mary Shustov, Secretary and Commissioner
Approved: _ Opposed: _ Abstained: _ Absent: _	M	Tom Harman, Commissioner

EXHIBIT A

DRINKING WATER QUALITY POLICY STATEMENT

Sammamish Plateau Water and its customers derive its drinking water from a combination of surface water and groundwater resources. In 2017, the District provided approximately 1.9 billion gallons of water to meet the needs of its customers. Approximately 81% (1.54 billion gallons) were pumped from the District's independent groundwater wells, and approximately 19% (0.36 billion gallons) came from the regional (CWA/SPU) surface water supply. The District is fortunate to have secured a diverse and long term water supply for current and future needs. However, protecting the quality of the water provided to our customers is paramount to the District's Board of Commissioners. This is particularly relevant to our ground water resources which, unlike regional surface water, are directly under the purview of the District. In recognition of the District's responsibility to its customers, the Board has established the following policies in regards to managing and preserving drinking water quality on behalf of its ratepayers:

Drinking Water Standards:

Drinking water quality standards are established nationally by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and at the state level by the Washington Department of Health (WDOH). Standards are established on the basis of best available science, and may change over time. The District recognizes the authority of these agencies and is committed to conducting all testing and monitoring to ensure, where possible, that the quality of its water meets or exceeds state and federal standards. It is further recognized that water quality and standards evolve over time. An example is the EPA's unregulated contaminant monitoring reporting for compounds of an evolving nature which may impact drinking water. The District will defer to the USEPA and WDOH for evolving standards, while exercising diligence within this guidance to identify and mitigate adverse impacts to water quality which may pose health risks to its customers. It is anticipated that with advances in laboratory testing, and the further identification of potential contaminants, additional water sampling and treatment considerations may be required. It should also be noted that the District is solely responsible for maintaining compliance with water quality standards for its groundwater resources, and that the City of Seattle and the Cascade Water Alliance bear responsibility for policy and compliance as it relates to surface water from the regional supply system. As a matter of exercising ongoing diligence, the District will consider future exceeding state and/or federal drinking water standards after evaluating health impacts, treatment and/or mitigation options, and costs.

Groundwater and Aquifer Protection

The District recognizes the value of its groundwater resources and the need to preserve groundwater and the aquifer which supports it as sustainable resources. As such the District will engage in proactive aquifer and water quality monitoring. The District will maintain data on groundwater levels within the aquifer, and monitor the water quality background of raw groundwater. Understanding the fluctuations in groundwater levels provides informative data regarding seasonal changes in groundwater depth, and supports water rights management, and long term changes in the aquifer which may affect groundwater supply. Background water quality monitoring supports a proactive approach in assessing water quality trends, including supply management affecting water quality.

Land use and development impacts, particularly stormwater management, pose unique risks to the long-term health of the aquifer. A lack of clearly aligned ordinances and administrative codes, meant to protect groundwater, pose unique challenges and political dynamics. Since land use and stormwater management fall under the jurisdiction of other units of government, the District will be an advocate for groundwater interests and sustainability with land use and stormwater management agencies. The District will monitor the codes and policies of the local land use agencies, and collaborate with those agencies on codes and initiatives which provide long term aquifer protection. The District will also collaborate with other water purveyors to advance county and state regulations and polices intended to protect groundwater and the aquifer from adverse impacts of development, stormwater management, and reclaimed water.

Outreach and Transparency

The District's efforts to protect the aquifer and its groundwater resources will be based upon full transparency, and will include regular outreach to inform its customers. Outreach will be implemented through the District's annual communications plan objectives, which has identified water stewardship and transparency as key message themes. In conjunction with its outreach program, the District will also engage its customers to solicit feedback and conversation regarding water quality, including enhancing the quality of drinking water above state and/or federal standards.

In adopting this Drinking Water Quality Policy Statement, the Board of Commissioners recognizes the evolving and dynamic environment within which a public water utility operates. In meeting the primary needs and interests of those it serves, the District will continue to be an advocate and steward for its customers and drinking water quality, while conducting business in an open, transparent, and engaging manner.



Coliform Monitoring Plan

Meets the requirements of the 2016 Revised Total Coliform Rule
Revised November 6, 2017

Introduction and Objectives

Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District (the District) developed this Coliform Monitoring Plan (Plan) as part of its most recent Water Comprehensive Plan Update. This Plan has been developed to meet requirements in the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 246-290 that apply to Group A Public Water Systems.

On April 1, 2016, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) revised the 1989 Total Coliform Rule. The Washington Department of Health (DOH) will implement the rule, which will continue to protect public health by ensuring the quality of the drinking water distribution system by monitoring for the presence of bacteria. Group A water systems finding microbial contamination must find and fix problems that allow contamination to enter a system. Under the Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR), if a water system has unsatisfactory coliform sample results, water suppliers must submit a water system assessment report to DOH and immediately correct the problem.

While drinking water systems do not have the ability to evaluate the microbial quality of all water in all locations of their distribution system in a cost-effective manner, a coliform monitoring program allows systems to evaluate water quality in many locations throughout their system on a monthly basis.

This Plan has been developed to meet the following objectives:

- To meet the 2016 DOH Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR) standards.
- To ensure representative routine coliform sampling.
- To establish repeat sampling sites both upstream and downstream of the routine sites.
- To provide documentation of how the District conducts coliform sampling.

• To enhance the District's water quality monitoring.

System Information

Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District (Water System ID# 409009) is located in King County, Washington. This special purpose district public water supply system serves 63,148 customers (as of December 2016) via groundwater sources and interties, as well as surface water from regional and adjacent purveyors. Table 1 lists each source, type of use, treatment, and capacity, as presented in the Water Facilities Inventory. The District also has two interties with Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District and two interties with Cascade Water Alliance for the purposes of drinking water supply.

Table 1. The District's Groundwater Sources of Supply and Treatment

Groundwater Supply Source	Туре	Treatment	Capacity (gpm)
Well 1R	Permanent	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	500
Well 2.1	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	300
Well #2.2	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	500
Well #4R	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Ferric Chloride, Fluoridation, Chlorination	1450/1800
Well #7	Permanent		2,000
Well #8	Permanent	O a marada ma O a matural	3,200
Well #9	Seasonal	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	2,200
Well #10	Permanent	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	500
Well #11.1	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Ferric	389
Well #11.2	Permanent	Chloride, Fluoridation, Chlorination	1,450/1,600
Well #12R	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Fluoridation, Chlorination	200
Well #13R	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Fluoridation, Chlorination	260

The District's distribution system is separated into two hydraulically separate zones, the Plateau Zone and Cascade View Zone. No piping connects these zones.

Plateau Zone: As of 2016, this zone served 17,498 service connections. The District utilizes six storage tanks: a 3 million gallon (MG) tank, a 2 MG tank, two 4 MG tanks, a 7 MG tank, and a 2.25 MG tank. The Plateau Zone is divided into five major pressure zones that includes several smaller zones created to serve areas with variable topography. Additionally, 5 booster pump stations and 41 pressure-reducing valves serve this area.

Cascade View Zone: As of 2016, this zone served 705 service connections. The District utilizes two storage tanks: a 600,000-gallon tank and 275,000-gallon tank. The Cascade View Zone is divided into three primary pressure zones and two smaller zones. Additionally, two booster pump stations and five pressure-reducing valves serve this area.

The District also receives surface water from the Cascade Water Alliance (CWA) through two regional interties:

- CWA Regional North intertie located at 24398 NE 80th Street, Redmond in the Cascade View Zone (Sample Station 62.) Water is wheeled through the City of Redmond system.
- CWA Regional South connection located at 940 1st Avenue NE in Issaquah, serving the Plateau Zone (Sample Station 63.)

The District both provides water to and receives water from Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District (NESSWD) during typical operations. Both utilities share a 3 million gallon tank. The District will need to coordinate with that supply system during a contamination event. NESSWD does not currently chlorinate their water supply.

The District has emergency interties with the Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Union Hill Water Association, Ames Lake Water Association and the City of Issaguah.

Coliform Monitoring Requirements

The following subsections outline the coliform monitoring requirements that apply to the District.

Required Minimum Number of Samples

As of the end of 2016, the District served a population estimated to be around 63,148. According to WAC 246-290-300, the District is required to collect at least 70 coliform samples throughout their distribution system each month.

Routine Sample Locations and Schedule

The Revised Total Coliform Rule requires routine coliform samples be collected from representative points in the distribution system at regular weekly time intervals. The District collects coliform samples that are analyzed in a state certified laboratory for the presence or

absence of total coliform. A satisfactory test indicates that no coliform are present. An unsatisfactory test shows positive for the presence of coliform bacteria. Further testing is conducted on unsatisfactory samples to determine whether fecal coliform or *E. coli* are present.

The District collects a single sample at 70 unique sites each month. The District has developed a routine of sampling 17-18 coliform sites weekly. The District collects all routine monthly samples at its dedicated sampling stations. Table 2 in Section D and the maps in Section I both indicate which week of each month samples are collected at a given site. The samples in each weekly group are distributed geographically throughout the District's distribution system in order to provide a snapshot of bacterial and water quality conditions throughout the system on a weekly basis. In addition to coliform, the sites are sampled for chlorine residuals, and selected sites are sampled for disinfection by-products quarterly.

The sampling locations are shown on the attached map in Section I, "Overall TCR Sampling Map." Four additional maps are attached that show the coliform samples collected during each weekly routine.

Repeat Sample Site Selection

The District has designated specific sites for repeat sample collection. The District will attempt to use these locations for repeat collection. If one of these sites is unavailable, the District will use an alternate site that still meets the repeat sampling criteria. Upstream and downstream repeat sample locations for each coliform site are also listed in Table 2 and are presented on each weekly coliform monitoring map.

The District is required to take **three repeat samples** within 24 hours for every coliform-positive routine sample. The samples must come from the following locations:

- The same tap as the original unsatisfactory routine sample.
- An active service within five active connections upstream from the original routine sample location.
- An active service within five active connections downstream from the original routine sample location.

Triggered Groundwater Monitoring Plan

In the event of a positive coliform sample, the District will need to follow actions outlined in its Triggered Ground Water Monitoring Plan, revised in September 2017. The Groundwater Rule requires the collection of triggered source samples within 24 hours when a routine sample is unsatisfactory if all or a part of the water supply comes from a groundwater source. The Groundwater Rule requires operators to collect samples from every source that was in use when the routine sample was collected. If water suppliers continuously disinfect all of their groundwater sources and perform compliance monitoring as defined by the Groundwater Rule, they do not need to collect triggered source samples.

Triggered source water monitoring, either through triggered monitoring or state directed assessment monitoring, will be required to test for the presence of *E. coli*. Source water monitoring is required when one of the system's routine distribution samples collected under the RTCR is total coliform positive. See the District's Triggered Ground Water Monitoring Plan for more information.

Coliform MCL Violations

There are two types of maximum contaminant level (MCL) violations that can occur, as defined by the Revised Total Coliform Rule. These include non-acute and acute (*E. coli*) MCL violations.

Non-Acute Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) Violations

The presence of total coliform bacteria in a water sample generally indicates contamination from the environment, particularly from the soil. It is possible that disease-causing organisms could be present as well. If only total coliform bacteria are detected in drinking water, the source is probably environmental, and fecal contamination is not likely. However, if environmental contamination can enter the system, there may also be a way for pathogens to enter the system.

Treatment Technique Trigger Assessments are now required whenever total coliform is found in a water sample. A Level 1 assessment must be completed and delivered to DOH within **30 days** after a treatment trigger occurs. A Level 1 Assessment is required when:

- Two or more total coliform-present samples are taken in one month
- A water system fails to collect three repeat samples for every total coliform-present routine sample

E. coli (Acute) Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) Violations

An *E. coli* (Acute) Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) violation occurs if a routine sample and at least one related repeat sample both have coliform bacteria present and one of the samples is positive for the presence of *E. coli* or fecal coliform bacteria. If this occurs, contamination is confirmed in the water supply.

There are four ways a water system can have an *E. coli* MCL:

- 1. A total coliform-positive repeat sample follows an *E. coli* positive routine sample.
- 2. An *E coli* positive repeat sample follows a total coliform-positive routine sample.
- 3. The lab fails to test a total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.
- 4. The water utility fails to take three repeat samples following an *E. coli* positive routine sample.

If an *E coli* MCL violation occurs, the District needs to take the following actions:

 Contact the Department of Health regional office as soon as possible to discuss public notification, follow-up requirements, and steps to take to resolve the problem. • Public notification is required within 24 hours. Due to the public health risk, a boil-water advisory will typically be issued in response to an acute MCL violation.

If the above conditions are met, a Level 2 Assessment must be completed along with public notification of an *E. coli* MCL violation.

Level Assessments

A treatment technique trigger is a situation that requires a water system to take action. The Revised Total Coliform Rule requires water systems to conduct an assessment to find and fix any sanitary defects whenever a treatment technique trigger occurs. There are two assessment levels based on the severity and frequency of the problem. Water suppliers must complete a Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment and send it to the Department of Health within 30 days of a treatment trigger. Both levels evaluate the entire system from the sample collection site to the source of supply. NOTE: Water system operators should not wait for DOH notification to begin an assessment.

Level 1 Assessment Triggers

A Level 1 Assessment can be completed by any state certified water operator when one of these treatment techniques occurs:

- Two or more total coliform-present samples are taken in one month
- The public water system fails to collect three repeat samples for every total coliformpresent routine sample

Level 2 Assessment Triggers

A Level 2 Assessment is more complex and requires a person with state-required qualifications, such as a certified operator with a Water Distribution Manager 2 certification or higher, a professional engineer, or a state or local health department staff member. Triggers include:

- An E. coli MCL violation
- A second Level 1 treatment trigger within a rolling 12-month period

Level Assessment Templates are provided as part of this Monitoring Plan. To use electronic versions of the Level 1 and Level 2 Assessment documents, go to the <u>Washington Department of Health Revised Total Coliform Rule page</u>.

Other Types of Violations

In addition to non-acute and acute violations, DOH indicates that there are two other violation types:

Major Repeat Violation – Includes failing to collect repeat samples in response to an
unsatisfactory routine sample. Tier 3 public notification is required. For this type of
notification, the District must communicate the violation to customers within 12 months of
the violation, which could be included in the Consumer Confidence Report, also known
as the Water Quality Report, if it is issued within 12 months.

 Monitoring Violation – Includes neglecting to collect any coliform sample. Tier 3 public notification is required. For this type of notification, the District must communicate the violation to customers within 12 months of the violation, which could be included in the Consumer Confidence Report (if it is issued within 12 months).

Department of Health and Public Notification

Public notification timing and distribution requirements depend on the level of threat associated with the violation or event. Public notification rules, including the following, are in Group A Public Water Supplies: Chapter 246-290 WAC (DOH 331-010). See Part 7, Reporting, Subpart A. This section includes:

- A list of violations and situations that require 24-hour notification.
- Simplified health effects language.
- Standard language for monitoring violations.

Tier 1: Acute health concerns such as *E. coli* MCL violations require public notification within 24 hours. (See Emergency Publications for Water Systems.)

Tier 2: Chronic health concerns require public notification within 30 days (such as a failure to take corrective action within 120 days of notification).

Tier 3: Reporting and monitoring violations require public notification in the annual CCR or by another method.

E. coli (Acute) Tier 1 violation

Sammamish Plateau Water will notify DOH NW Office of Drinking Water Operations as soon as being told of positive fecal coliform or *E. coli* sample. When an acute MCL is detected, the District must provide public notice as soon as possible but within 24 hours to the customers served. The District will use one or more of the following methods to deliver notice to the customers.

- 1. Media releases to broadcast networks (radio and television)
- 2. District website
- 3. District social media sites
- 4. "Boil Water" sign panels posted on District water advisory signs at all entrances to the District's service area.
- 5. Post multilingual notices in various locations, including city halls, libraries and shopping centers. Notices are printed in the top seven languages spoken in Sammamish and an image of a boiling water kettle. See example in Section J.
- 6. Work with Seattle/King County Department of Health regarding informational postings at restaurants.

A copy of this notice and certification that all public notice requirements have been met shall be sent to DOH NW Drinking Water Operations within 10 days from the day notice was issued.

Public notification is also required within 30 days when a:

- Water system fails to conduct a required Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment within 30 days of learning about the treatment technique trigger.
- Water system fails to correct a sanitary defect identified in a Level 1 or Level 2

- Assessment within 30 days of learning about the treatment technique trigger.
- Seasonal system fails to complete state-approved startup procedures before providing water to customers.

Source Water E. coli Response

Interaction with Wholesale Suppliers

Because the District provides water to and receives water from Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District during typical operations due to a shared tank, the District will need to coordinate with that supply system:

- The District will be required to report a positive RTCR sample to Northeast Sewer and Water District within 24 hours of being notified of the positive sample by the water quality laboratory.
- If the District is notified by Northeast Sewer and Water District that additional source water monitoring results are *E. coli* positive, Sammamish Plateau Water must:
 - Consult with DOH and follow their recommended corrective actions.
 - Notify District customers with a Tier 1 Public Notice within 24 hours.
 - Notify District customers with a special notice in the next Consumer Confidence Report.
- The District will sample all of the supply sources that were in operation on the date the positive RTCR sample(s) was collected. The connections with these systems are through the Plateau operating zone. The District will need to conduct triggered monitoring only at operating sources serving the Plateau zone. These include the following: Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (SO6), Well 8 (SO7), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), and Well 11.2 (S12).
- If results of triggered source water monitoring are positive for the presence of *E. coli*, the District must:
 - Notify all consecutive systems served by source(s) testing positive for E. coli within 24 hours of the sample result.
 - Conduct source sampling as directed by the Department of Health.
 - Notify the public with a Tier 1 Public Notice within 24 hours.
 - Notify the public with a special notice in the next Consumer Confidence Report.

Wholesale Suppliers Contact Information

The District may need to contact these utilities if coliform is detected in its system. This depends on where the positive sample was collected and what connections are active at the time of the contamination incident:

Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District: 425-868-1144 (24 hours per day)

City of Issaquah: 425-837-3470 (normal business hours); 425-837-3200 (after business hours)

Cascade Water Alliance: (425) 493-0930

Seattle Public Utilities (206) 386-1800 (24-hour emergency number)

City of Redmond Water Operations (425) 556-2800 (24-hour emergency number)

Union Hill Water Association (425) 497-1812 (24-hour emergency number)

Ames Lake Water Association (425) 222-7003 (24-hour emergency number)

If the District receives notification of a positive coliform sample experienced by a system served by an active emergency intertie, such as the Union Hill Water Association or Ames Lake Water Association in the Cascade View zone, the District will conduct sampling of sources serving the operating zone that is connected to the emergency intertie.

In the event that triggered source water monitoring is required, such as when a positive total coliform sample result is discovered, SPW personnel shall work closely with personnel from any affected agencies to take source water samples. Source (raw water) samples will be checked for *E. coli*. If *E. coli* is present in any source sample:

- 1. The District will immediately notify DOH and the agencies listed above.
- 2. Each agency will take action as per their procedures, which should include:
 - Securing and disinfection of the affected well,
 - Increasing chlorination throughout the system.
 - Public notification for all affected agencies to their customers within 24 hours.
- 3. District personnel will:
 - Initiate DOH and public notification for SPW customers within 24 hours.
 - Secure all active interties and pumping from SPW sources until the contaminated well is off line, and, chlorine levels can be checked.
 - Check and monitor free chlorine levels.
 - If free chlorine at the CWA interties and source connections is above 0.2 ppm, pumping may resume.
 - If free chlorine is below 0.2 ppm, install emergency portable chlorination equipment to raise chlorine levels to 0.2 ppm or higher before pumping or intertie operation is restored.
 - Continue checking chlorine levels and utilizing treatment plant chlorination until issues with the source water have been resolved and source water is verified to be satisfactory.

Month Following Unsatisfactory Samples

Per the WAC 246-290, the District is not required to collect additional samples during a month following positive coliform sample results.

Preparation Information

The Water Superintendent is responsible for overseeing preparation, review, and updates to the District's Coliform Monitoring Plan. This Plan will be reviewed and updated every six to ten years, coinciding with Water System Plan updates, or as needed if the District adds additional sampling sites due to an increase in the population served.



331-569, March 2016 For an electronic version, go to DOH RTCR web

page

Send your assessment to:

Phone: 509.329.2100 Fax: 509.329.2104 Email: mark.steward@doh.wa.gov	Phone: 253.395.6750 Fax: 253.395.6760	Email: dw.nwro@doh.wa.gov	ie:	Fax: 360-664-8058
16201 East Indiana Avenue, Suite 1500 Spokane Valley, WA 99216	Northwest 20425 72nd Ave. South, Suite 310	Kent, WA 98032-2358		PO Box 47823
Eastern	Northwest	Region	;	Southwest
	your	nt to:		

Water System Mailing Address: 1510 228th Avenue SE Water System ID #: 409000 Sammamish, WA 98045 ORC Phone: 425-392-6256 County: King ORC Address, City, State: 1510 228th Avenue SE, Sammamish, WA 98075 Water System Name: Sammamish Plateau Water & Sewer Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC): John Anderson Assessor Address, City, State, Zip: Date(s) Assessment Completed: Assessor Name: District

Your water system exceeded a treatment technique trigger for the Revised Total Coliform Rule. Assess the water system's condition and operation using this *Level 1 Assessment Template* as a guide.

Part A: Respond to each item below. Identify corrective actions taken to address the issue(s) found.

Part B: Summarize your findings and include an action plan with timetable for corrective actions not yet taken.

that have been completed. All assessment elements listed in this template must be addressed in your assessment. Systems with multiple facilities For parts A and B, include additional information (photos or other documentation) as needed to depict assessment findings and corrective actions such as wells or storage tanks may need to provide additional pages.

Within 30 days of learning of the treatment technique trigger, submit completed assessment documentation to your regional office and keep a copy in your water system files.

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
1. Site and Sampling Protocol 1a. Do you have a written coliform monitoring plan & sampling procedure that ensures samples are representative of the distribution system? □ \] Yes	☐ Yes ☐ No	

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
1b. Have there been any changes in sampling conditions or procedures that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
1c.Inspect the sampling sites: - Are the sampling locations free of potential sources of contamination? - Are the sampling taps in good condition? - Other: (describe)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	☐ Yes ☐ No☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ No☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ No☐ Yes ☐	
 2. Distribution 2a. Do you have procedures in place to ensure proper maintenance of the distribution system, including: Appropriate pipe replacement and repair procedures Replacement and repair of other distribution system components Regular flushing program Routine vault inspections Fully implemented <u>cross connection control</u> program Maintain positive pressure in all parts of the distribution system 	Yes No NA NA NA NA NA NA NA		
2b. Has there been any recently reported low pressure (<20 PSI) or complete loss of pressure in the distribution system?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
2c. Have there been any changes in distribution conditions or operations that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
 2d. Inspect the distribution system: - Are there any visible line breaks or leaks? - Are there any observed unprotected cross connections? - Is there any evidence of <u>vandalism or other security</u> <u>breaches</u>? - Other: (describe) 	☐ Yes ☐ No	Yes	
 Storage Facilities 3a. Does your water system have a water storage tank? If no, skip to Section 4. 	☐ Yes ☐ No		
3b. Do you have procedures in place for periodic inspection and maintenance of the exterior and interior of each storage facility?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
5. TreatmentGroundwater 5a. Is any source continuously treated with a disinfectant? If no, skip to Section 6.	☐ Yes ☐ No		
5b. Do you have procedures in place for proper operation and maintenance of disinfection treatment facilities?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
5c. Have there been any changes in treatment equipment or process that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
 5d. Inspect the treatment facilities: Is the treatment system operating properly? Is there any evidence of vandalism or other security breaches? Other: (describe) 	☐ Yes☐ No ☐ N/A☐ N/A☐ N/A☐ N/A☐ N/A☐ N/A☐ N/A☐ N/	Yes	
6. Source—Surface Water Supply (watershed) 6a. Does your water system have a surface water supply? If no, skip to Section 8.	☐ Yes ☐ No		
6b. Do you comply with Watershed Control Program requirements (WAC 246-290-135(4)?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
6c. Have there been any changes within the watershed or in raw water conditions that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
6d. Inspect the surface water intake/headworks: - Is there evidence of problems at the intake? - Is there evidence of vandalism or other security breaches at the intake? - Other: (describe)	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	Yes No Yes No	
7. Treatment—Surface Water 7a. Do you have procedures in place for proper operation and maintenance of surface water treatment facilities?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
7b. Have there been any changes in treatment equipment or process that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	

Part A: Assessment			Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
7c.Inspect the treatment facilities: - Is the treatment system operating properly? - Is there any evidence of vandalism or other security breaches? - Other: (describe)	erating properly? indalism or other security	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No	
8. Other assessment activities (describe):	scribe):			
Part B. Assessment Summary and Action Plan with Timetable for corrective actions not yet taken	nd Action Plan with Timetable	for corrective action	ns not yet taken	
ASSESSOR: CHECK HERE if you did not identify any issue system.	ı did not identify any issues that ma	y have directly or indire	ctly caused or contri	s that may have directly or indirectly caused or contributed to entry of coliform bacteria into the
Corrective Actions Completed: ASSESSOR: Summarize the i	ESSOR: Summarize the issues fou	nd and the corrective a	ctions that have bee	ssues found and the corrective actions that have been completed and date completed
Describe issue found	Describe corrective action taken and date completed	nd date completed		
Corrective Actions Not Completed: timetable for completion.	ASSESSOR: Describe the issue	s for which corrective a	ctions have <u>not</u> yet b	the issues for which corrective actions have <u>not</u> yet been completed. Provide an action plan with
Describe issue found	Describe planned corrective action and timetable for completion.	ı and timetable for com	pletion.	

Print Name of Assessor: OFFICE OF DRINKING WATER USE ONLY	Signature of Assessor:	Date:
Regional Office Reviewer:	Date of Review:	
Assessment sufficient?	Likely cause determined?	Sanitary defect(s) identified?
Corrective actions completed?	Corrective action plan included?	Corrective action plan approved? Yes No
Comments:		



331-570, March 2016 For an electronic version go to DOH RTCR web page

Send your assessment to:

c.steward@doh.wa.gov 253.395.6750 253.395.6760 dw.nwro@doh.wa.gov e: 360-236-3030 360-664-8058 509.329.2100 509.329.2104 swro.coli@doh.wa.gov Phone: Phone: Phone: Email: Email: **Fax**: Fax: 20425 72nd Ave. South, Suite 310 Kent, WA 98032-2358 16201 East Indiana Avenue, Suite 1500 Spokane Valley, WA 99216 PO Box 47823 Olympia, WA 98504-7823 Northwest Region Eastern Region Southwest Region

Water System Mailing Address: Water System ID #: 409009 Sammamish, WA 98075 1510 228th Avenue SE ☐ Engineer ORC Phone: (425) 392-6256 **■** WDM-2, 3, or 4 County: King ORC Address, City, State: 1510 228th Avenue SE, Sammamish, WA 98075 Assessor is: Water System Name: Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC): John Anderson Assessor Name:

Assessor Address, City, State, Zip: Date(s) Assessment Completed: Your water system exceeded a treatment technique trigger for the Revised Total Coliform Rule. Assess the water system's condition and operation using this *Level 2 Assessment Template* as a guide.

Part B: Summarize your findings and include an action plan with timetable for corrective actions not yet taken. <u>Part A</u>: Respond to each item below. Identify corrective actions taken to address the issue(s) found.

that have been completed. All assessment elements listed in this template must be addressed in your assessment. Systems with multiple facilities For parts A and B, include additional information (photos or other documentation) as needed to depict assessment findings and corrective actions such as wells or storage tanks may need to provide additional pages.

Within 30 days of learning of the treatment technique trigger, submit completed assessment documentation to your regional office and keep a copy in your water system files.

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
 Site and Sampling Protocol 1a. Do you have a written <u>coliform monitoring plan</u> & <u>sampling</u> <u>procedure</u> that ensures samples are representative of the distribution system? 	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
1b. Do you have a program in place that ensures that all sample collectors are trained before being allowed to collect compliance samples?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
2e. Has there been any recent use of fire hydrants such as hydrant maintenance or utility/FD flushing?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	☐ Yes ☐ No	
2f. If there are there any air-vacuum relief valve vaults in the distribution system, are any flooded?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	☐ Yes ☐ No	
2g. Has there been any recent report of a cross connection incident?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
2h. Have there been any off-normal events, such as discolored water, odd taste, or smell?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
2i. Have there been any other changes in distribution conditions or operations that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
2i. Inspect the distribution system:			
Are there any visible line breaks or leaks?			
 Are there any observed unprotected cross connections? Is there any evidence of vandalism or other security 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No	Yes No □Yes No	
<u>breaches</u> ? - Other: (describe)		_	
 Storage Facilities 3a. Does your water system have a water storage tank? If no, skip to Section 4. 	□ Yes □ No		
3b. Do you have procedures in place for periodic inspection and cleaning of the interior of each storage facility including vent,	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
3c.Has there been any recent work done on a storage facility?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
3d. Are all storage facilities secured from unauthorized entry and vandalism?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
3e. Have there been any other changes in storage conditions or operations that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	

		Corrective	Corrective action(s) taken & date
Part A: Assessment		action needed?	taken
3f. Inspect the storage facilities: - Does the tank have any cracks or other openings?	oN C	Se Y	
 Is the reservoir root tree of any unprotected openings? Is the access hatch constructed and sealed to keep 			
contaminants out?	□ Yes	Yes	
to prevent the entry of contaminants?			
 Is the overflow line constructed to prevent contaminants from entering the tank? 	YesNoN/A	∏ Yes ∐ No	
narges into a storm drain, to s	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
water, or directly into a sanitary sewer, is it protected by a proper air gap?			
 Is there any evidence of vandalism or other security breaches? 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	Yes ☐ No	
- Other: (describe)]	_	
4. SourceGroundwater			
4a. Does your water system have a well or spring? If no, skip to Section 6.	☐ Yes ☐ No		
4b. Do you comply with Sanitary Control Area requirements (WAC 246-290-135(2)?	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
4c.Are all sources protected from fecal contamination by appropriate placement and construction?	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
4d. Have any unapproved sources recently been used?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
4e. Have there been any recent land use changes observed within	□ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
d source same y control area, such as construction, ranning, or dumping in the last month?			
4f. Has there been any standing water, heavy precipitation, or flooding around a source in the last month?	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
4g. Has there been any recent work done on a well or spring box?	oN □ Yes □	☐ Yes ☐ No	
4h. Has there been any recent failure of a source pump?	oN □ Yes □	□ Yes □ No	
4i. Has there been any recent maintenance performed on a source pump or other source component?	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
4j. Are the source facilities secured from unauthorized entry and vandalism?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
4k. Have there been any other changes in source conditions or operations that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
 4I. Inspect the source facilities: Is the sanitary control area free of all potential sources of contamination? Is the wollbook or carried box above and with no potential for the wollbook or carried box above and a potential for the wollbook or carried box above and a potential for the wollbook or carried box above and a potential for the wollbook or carried box above area. 	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
flooding? - Is the pressure tank water logged?	□ Yes □ No □ N/A □ Yes □ No □ N/A	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No	
 Is the well cap sealed and watertight, and the well casing free of unprotected openings? 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	□ Yes □ No	
 (For springs) is the spring box (structure, natch, and overflow) free of any unprotected openings? Is there any evidence of vandalism or other security breaches? Other: (describe) 	 Yes No NA Yes No NA NA 	Yes	
 TreatmentGroundwater Sa. Is any source continuously treated with a disinfectant? If no, skip to Section 6. 	☐ Yes ☐ No		
5b. Do you have procedures in place for proper operation and maintenance of disinfection treatment facilities?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
5c. If a disinfection residual should be continuously maintained throughout the distribution system, was the measured free chlorine residual at the time of coliform sample collection below 0.2 mg/L?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
5d. Have there been any recent interruptions in any treatment process?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
 Has there been any recent maintenance performed on any treatment component? 	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
5f. Have there been any other changes in treatment equipment or process that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
 5g. Inspect the treatment facilities: Is the treatment system operating properly? Is there any evidence of vandalism or other security breaches? Other: (describe) 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N/A	☐ Yes ☐ No	
 Source—Surface Water Supply (watershed) 6a. Does your water system have a surface water supply? If no, skip to Section 8. 	☐ Yes ☐ No		
6b. Do you comply with Watershed Control Program requirements (WAC 246-290-135(4)?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
			21

Part A: Assessment		Corrective action needed?	Corrective action(s) taken & date taken
6c. Has there been any recent spikes in raw water turbidity?] Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
6d. Have there been any land use changes within the watershed, such as logging, construction, or different farming practices in the past month?	☐ Yes ☐ No	□ Yes □ No	
6e. Have there been any other changes within the watershed or in raw water conditions that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
- Is there evidence of vandalism or other security breaches at the intake? □ ↑ Other: (describe) □ ↑	□ Yes □ No □ N/A □ Yes □ No □ N/A	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No	
7. Treatment—Surface Water 7. To you have procedures in place for proper operation and maintenance of surface water treatment facilities?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
7b. Have there been any recent interruptions in any part of the filtration or disinfection treatment process?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
7c.Are filtration and disinfection treatment facilities properly operated and maintained?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
7d. Has there been any maintenance performed on any treatment component in the past month?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	
s with a treatment process in the led water turbidity, disinfection s in coagulation practices or	☐ Yes ☐ No	√es □	
7f. Have there been any other changes in treatment equipment or process that may have contributed to the treatment technique trigger? Describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	

Corrective Actions Not Completed: timetable for completion.	ASSESSOR: Describe the issues for which corrective actions have not yet been completed. Provide an action plan with	n completed. Provide an action plan with
Describe issue found	Describe planned corrective action and timetable for completion.	
Print Name of Assessor:	Signature of Assessor:	Date:
OFFICE OF DRINKING WATER USE ONLY	ONLY	
Regional Office Reviewer:	Date of Review:	
Assessment sufficient?	Likely cause determined?	Sanitary defect(s) identified?
Corrective actions completed?	Corrective action plan included?	Corrective action plan approved? Yes No
Comments:		

Coliform Monitoring Plan for Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District

A. System Information

Water System Name Sammamish Plateau Water	County System I.D. Number 409009	
Name of Plan Preparer	Position	Daytime Phone
John Anderson	Water Superintendent	425-392-6256
Sources: DOH Source Number, Source Name, Well Depth, and Pumping Capacity (Note: only active sources are listed.)	S01, Well 1R, 128 feet, 500 S06, Well 7, 83 feet, 2000 S07, Well 8, 105 feet, 3200 S11, Well 10, 135 feet, 500 S12, Well 11.2, 785 feet, 14 S13, Well 9, 222 feet, 2200 S14, Well 11.1, 409 feet, 38 S16, Well 12R, 138 feet, 20 S17, Well 4R, 657 feet, 145 S18, Well 2.1, 96 feet, 300 S18, Well 2.2, 96 feet, 500 S19, Cascade Water Alliand S20, NE Sammamish Intertice S21, Issaquah Intertie S22, Union Hill Intertie, Cas S23, Ames Lake Intertie, Cas S24, Well 13R, 795 feet, 26	gpm gpm gpm gpm gpm gpm gpm gpm gpm 0 gpm 0/1800 gpm gpm gpm gpm ce Interties (North and South) iie

	T				
Storage: List and Describe	3 Million Gallon (MG) Tank, Plateau 700 Zone				
	Section 36 East Tank, 4 MG	, Plateau 550 Zone			
	Section 36 West Tank, 4 MG	6, Plateau 550 Zone			
	2 MG Tank, Plateau 650 Zor	ne			
	7 MG Tank, Plateau 650 Zor	ne			
	297 Tank, 2.25 MG, Plateau	297 Zone			
	Well 12 Tank, 600,000 gallor	ns, Cascade View 730			
	Zone				
	Well 13 Tank, 275,000 gallor	ns, Cascade View 730			
	Zone				
Treatment: Source Number & Process	S01: Well 1R, Sodium hydro fluoridation	xide, chlorination,			
	S02, S15, S18: Well 2.1 and 2.2, sodium hydroxide, chlorination, fluoridation, manganese filtration.				
	S17, S14, and S12: Wells 4R, 11.1 and 11.2, manganese filtration, chlorination, fluoridation (to 650 zone only), ferric chloride for coagulation.				
	S06, S07, S13: Wells 7, 8 and 9, sodium hydroxide, chlorination, fluoridation				
	Section 36 tanks: chlorination and fluoridation				
	S16: Well 12R, manganese filtration, chlorination, fluoridation.				
	S24: Well 13R, manganese filtration, chlorination, fluoridation.				
Pressure Zones: Number and name	Plateau Pressure Zones: 297, 310, 375, 390, 400 BROD, 400 WAV, 450, 450WAK, 466, 475, 475PH, 475 SAMSUN, 499, 510, 540, 550, 550 ALD, 566, 590, 650, 700, 700 SH, 700 BC. Cascade View Pressure Zones: 550 CV, 590 CV, 642,				
	650 CV, 730				
Population by Pressure Zone	Plateau Zone: 61,105				
	Cascade View Zone: 2,043				
	Total Population Served: 63,148				
	(as of 12/31/2017)				
Number of Routine Samples Required Mo	onthly by Regulation:	70			
Number of Sample Sites Needed to Repre	esent the Distribution System:	<u>70</u>			
*Request DOH Approval of Triggered Sou	Yes ⊠ No □				
f approval is requested a fee will be charged for the review.					

^{*}If approval is requested a fee will be charged for the review.

B. Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Office Phone: 206-684-7834					
Seattle Public Utilities Water Quality Lab	After Hours Phone: 206-684-7407					
	Microbiology Lab					
Address	Cell Phone					
800 South Stacy Street, Seattle, WA 98134	Email					
Have of Operation						
Hours of Operation 8 am – 5 pm Monday – Friday						
o am – o pin wonday – i nday						
Contact Name						
Winsome Robinson-Williams, Microbiology Supe	ervisor, 206-615-1353					
Wylie Harper, Division Director, 206-684-7880						
Emergency Laboratory Name	Office Phone 253-531-3121					
Water Management Laboratories, Inc.	After Hours Phone 253-841-0732					
Transagement <u>Laborations</u> , mer						
Address	Emergency Cell Phone 1: 253-312-1651					
1515 80th Street E., Tacoma, WA 98404	Emergency Cell Phone 2: 253-691-6691					
	Email					
Hours of Operation						
8 am – 5 pm Monday - Friday						
Contact Name						
Christa Garrettson						
Emergency Laboratory Name	Office Phone (also after hours number):					
AmTest Laboratories	425-885-1664					
Address	Emergency Cell Phone:					
13600 NE 126 th Place #C, Kirkland, WA 98034	Email customerservice@amtestlab.com					
Hours of Operation						
7 am – 5 pm						
Contact Name						
Aaron Young, Lab/Project Manager, <u>aarony@amtestlab.com</u>						

C. Wholesaling of Groundwater

	Yes	No
We are a consecutive system and receive groundwater from another water system through a shared joint tank:	\boxtimes	
If yes, Water System Name: NE Sammamish Sewer and Water District Contact Name: Laura Keough		
Telephone Numbers Office 425-868-1144 After Hours 425-868-1144		
We provide groundwater to another public water systems through a shared joint tank:		
If yes, Water System Name: NE Sammamish Sewer and Water District Contact Name: Laura Keough		
Telephone Numbers Office 425-868-1144 After Hours 425-868-1144		
If yes, Water System Name:		
Contact Name:		
Telephone Numbers		
Office After Hours If yes, Water System Name:		
Contact Name:		
Telephone Numbers		
Office After Hours		
If yes, Water System Name:		
Contact Name:		
Telephone Numbers		
Office After Hours		
Contact Name:		
Telephone Numbers Office After Hours		

D. Routine, Repeat, and Triggered Source Sample Locations

Та	Table 2: Routine, Repeat and Triggered Source Sample Locations and Weekly Rotation Schedule					
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	1	3	25920 NE 29 th PI	25906 NE 29 th PI	25936 NE 29 th PI	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)
	1	6	1639 209 th PI NE	1651 209 th PI NE	1633 209 th PI NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	7	22202 NE 12 th PI	1139 NE 22 nd PI	22212 NE 12 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	11	407 238 th Ave NE	421 238 th Ave NE	408 238 th Ave NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	21	19605 SE 23 rd St	19615 SE 23 rd St	19543 SE 23 rd St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	25	25005 SE 24 th St	24640 SE 24 th St	2322 SE 24 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	29	2214 275 th Ct SE	2206 275 th Ct SE	2228 275 th Ct SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	34	4210 244 th PI SE	4187 244 th PI SE	4430 SE 42 nd PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Та	Table 2: Routine, Repeat and Triggered Source Sample Locations and Weekly Rotation Schedule					
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	1	37	4708 227 th PI SE	4714 227 th PI SE	4702 227 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	38	5408 248 th PI SE	5420 247 th PI SE	5510 248 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	39	22664 SE 56 th Ave	5218 229 TH Ave SE	22621 SE 56 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	44	214 th Ave SE & SE 5 th PI	530 214 th Ave SE	21410 SE 5 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	54	1434 241 st PI SE	1428 242 nd Ave SE	1610 242 nd Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	56	2637 231 st PI SE	2640 231 st PI SE	2631 231 st PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	65	4014 251 st PI SE	4002 252nd Ave SE	4019 251 st PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	1	66	3416 221 st Ave SE	3400 221 st Ave SE	3424 221 st Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Та	ble 2	Rout	tine, Repeat and Tri	iggered Source Sam	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	1	77	609 216 th Ave NE	418 216 th Ave NE	632 216 th Ave NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	2	5524 264 th Ave NE	5612 264 th Ave NE	5510 264 th Ave NE	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)
	2	4	24010 NE 30 th PI	24042 NE 30 th PI	24002 NE 30 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	8	1806 229 th Ave NE	1812 229 th Ave NE	1736 228 th Ave NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	12	410 228 th Ave NE	410 228 th Ave NE	706 228 th Ave NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	14	20928 SE 3 rd Way	21009 SE 3 rd Way	20920 SE 3 rd Way	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	17	24415 SE 4 th Pl	24416 SE 4 th PI	24421 SE 4 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	19	1510 228 th Ave SE	1515 228 th Ave SE	1517 228 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	23	2814 217 th Ave SE	2808 217 th Ave SE	2820 217 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)v

Та	ble 2	: Rou	tine, Repeat and Tr	iggered Source Sam	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	2	24	2847 241 st Ave SE	2837 241 st Ave SE	2861 241 st Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	30	4138 205 th Ave SE	4139 205 th Ave SE	4130 205 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	35	4040 262 nd PI SE	26221 SE 40 th PI	4032 262 nd PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	41	2311 259 th PI SE	2317 259 th PI SE	2219 259 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	49	6503 E Lake Sammamish Pkwy SE	6415 E Lake Sammamish Pkwy SE	6420 East Lake Sammamish Pkwy SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	52	5150 236 th Ave SE	4995 236 th Ave SE	23590 SE 52 nd St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	67	2905 204 th Ave SE	2829 204 th Ave SE	2915 204 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	68	20621 NE 8 th St	20627 NE 8 th St	20609 NE 8 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Та	ble 2	: Rout	tine, Repeat and Tri	iggered Source Sam	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	2	72	23944 SE 41 st St	4054 239 th PI SE	4060 239 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	2	78	21214 SE 40 th St	21219 SE 40 th	21200 SE 40 th PL	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	5	2404 NE 244 th PI	2403 245 th PI NE	2416 244 th PI NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	10	2575 E Plateau Dr SE	25855 NE 4 th PL	25625 E Plateau Dr.	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	15	21828 SE 1 st St	21838 SE 1st St	21827 SE 1 st St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	18	19820 SE 8 th St	19818 SE 8 th St	19824 SE 8 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	22	19636 SE 29 th St	19640 SE 29 th St	19632 SE 29 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	27	3030 E Beaver Lake Dr SE	2830 East Beaver Lake Dr SE	25704 SE 31 st PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Та	ble 2	Rout	tine, Repeat and Tri	iggered Source Sam	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	3	32	4126 220 th PI SE	4125 220 th PI SE	3727 220 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	45	270 th Ave SE & SE 11 th St	1101 270h PI SE	1103 272th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	46	Trossachs Blvd. & SE 24 th Ave.	27187 27 th St.	2206 SE 22 nd Way	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	47	1931 249 th PI SE	2002 249 th PI SE	1927 249 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	48	1537 E. Lk Samm Pkwy NE	1715 E. Lk Samm Pkwy. NE	1560 E. Lk Samm Pkwy NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	55	4644 238 th Way SE	4634 238 th Way SE	4652 238 th Way SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	57	3609 212 th PI SE	3605 212 th PI SE	3606 212 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	58	21341 SE 13 th PI	21326 SE 13 th PI	21520 SE 13 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Та	ble 2	Rou	tine, Repeat and Tri	ggered Source San	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	3	59	1514 235 th Ave SE	1630 235 th Ave SE	1502 235 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	60	24213 SE 37 th PI	24207 SE 37 th PI	24303 SE 37 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	3	64	8513 255th Ave NE	8407 255 th Ave NE	8535 255 th Ave NE	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)
	3	71	1838 236 th Ave NE	23530 NE 17 th PI	1911 236 th Ave NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	1	2308 E Lake Sammamish PI SE	2311 East Lake Sammamish PI SE	2221 East Lake Sammamish PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	9	823 258 th Ave NE	815 258 th Ave NE	1004 258 th Ave NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	13	230 211 th PI NE	214 211 th PI NE	236 211 th PI NE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	20	2030 212 th Ave SE	2205 212 th Ave SE	1904 212 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	26	3045 249th Ave SE	3044 249 th Ave SE	3037 249 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Та	ble 2	Rou	tine, Repeat and Tri	ggered Source Sam	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	4	28	2917 266 th Ave SE	2819 266 th Ave SE	2922 266 th Ave SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	33	3725 Providence Point Dr SE	3710 Providence Point Dr. SE	3727 Providence Point Dr. SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	36	4606 247 th PI SE	4561 247 th PI SE	4612 247 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	40	SE 44 th and 232 nd Ct SE	23209 SE 44 th St	4305 SE Issaquah-Pine Lake Rd.	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	42	222 238 th Ave SE	218 238 th Ave SE	23808 SE 2 nd PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	43	21838 NE 18 th Way	21903 NE 18 th Way	21822 NE 18 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	50	23425 SE Black Nugget Rd	23205 SE Black Nugget Rd	23425 SE Black Nugget Rd (Club house)	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	51	NE 8 th PI & 233 rd Ave NE	817 233 rd Ave NE	23306 NE 8 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	53	25913 NE 27 th Dr	25923 NE 27 th Dr	25901 NE 25th St	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)

Ta	able 2	Rout	ine, Repeat and Tr	iggered Source Sam	ple Locations and	Weekly Rotation Schedule
W	eek	ID No.	Routine Sample Site Location	Upstream Repeat Site	Downstream Repeat Site	Groundwater Sources for Triggered Sample Sites
	4	69	265th Ave SE & Belvedere Way	1932 SE Belvedere Way	1901 264 th PI SE	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	70	21606 SE 16 th PI	21520 SE 16 th PI	21616 SE 16 th PI	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)
	4	73	23039 SE 37 th St	23023 SE 37 th St	23307 SE 37 th St	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)

Important Notes for Sample Collector:

SPWSD STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE COLLECTING MONTHLY BATERIOLOGICAL SAMPLES

- 1. Use the weekly sample schedule to determine for which week of the month you are taking samples.
- 2. It is best to collect routine samples at the beginning of the week. Many labs do not accept samples at the end of the week or on weekends. Even if your lab does accept samples, it is often hard for a water system to respond adequately to sample results on a Friday afternoon or weekend. Avoid collecting routine coliform samples during weeks that contain major holidays or staff vacations unless you know trained staff and your laboratory are able to respond to unsatisfactory sample results.
- 3. Access the monthly sample folder on one of the Tough-pads.
 - Ensure that all network drives are connected and synchronize updates in the monthly sample folder.
- 4. Collect all the necessary materials, paperwork and testing equipment you will need to complete the sampling process. The list includes the following:
 - Tough-pad with updated weekly sample folder
 - Cooler
 - Bac-t disinfectant spray
 - Chlorine testing kit (make sure that batteries are good and that you have sufficient total and free chlorine packets.)
 - 7-9 bacteriological sample bottles (250 Ml or 8 oz., marked on bottom)
 - Water management paperwork for Water Bacteriological Analysis; should be pre-populated

- with generic Sammamish Plateau Water information and have four carbon copies. (white, blue, green, yellow)
- Hand pump with hose and appropriate attachment to remove water after sample completion.
- 7-10 rubber bands
- Thin point sharpie (for writing on bottles)
- Ball point pen
- 5. Drive to appropriate sample location based on that week's testing sites. Make sure the sampling station is clear from obstructions such as shrubs. Make sure the station is clean. Unlock using the 2402 key and open the door, making sure that the number written on inside of door matches the number on corresponding sample site on tough-pad sample sheet.
- 6. If the weather is windy or rainy, ensure that the sample can be taken without potentially contaminating the sample (e.g. protect the station with your coat or an umbrella.)
- 7. Spray Bac-T disinfectant spray on the main spigot and copper line in the sample station.
- 8. Turn on the water and allow water to run hard for 5 minutes.
- 9. Turn down the water down and allow it to run smoothly so samples can be taken with no splashing.
- 10. Take chlorine (both total and free) samples to gather the complete distribution system chlorine sample and mark the numbers on the sample sheet on the Tough-pad. Rinse out the glass chlorine sample bottles to remove chemicals and keep the glass clear.
- 11. Fill out the label on the bottle with a Sharpie pen. Include date, time, sample location and that the sample is being done for SPWSD.
- 12. There is liquid in bottle to neutralize any chlorine that may be present. Do not rinse this out.
- 13. To avoid contamination while taking sample, follow these steps:
 - Hold bottle near the bottom with one hand while the other hand unscrews the cap.
 - Do not set the cap down, touch any part of cap that touches bottle, or let anything touch the rim or inside of the cap.
- 14. Hold the bottle under a smooth stream of water, being careful not to let bottle touch the sample tap. Fill to the shoulder of the bottle. DO NOT OVERFILL! Remove the bottle from the stream and immediately replace the cap.
- 15. Complete the water bacteriological analysis paperwork. Information needed will include:
 - Date sample was collected
 - Time collected (the time on the bottle and paperwork must be the same!)
 - Specific location where the sample was taken (example: Sample station # 00.)
 - Who collected the sample
 - Make sure the "Routine Drinking Water with Chlorinated" box is checked and include your total and free sample readings.
- 16. Dry off the bottle and review the information written on bottle and paperwork to ensure that the information is the same. Pay particular attention to where and when the sample was taken.
- 17. Roll paperwork around corresponding bottle and secure it with a rubber band.
- 18. Place the completed sample with paperwork attached into the cooler for safe keeping and to control the sample temperature.
- 19. During cold weather months, use a small hand pump to remove water from the copper line. This will prevent the line from freezing.

- 20. Close the door and make sure the lock is secure.
- 21. Clean up any mess around sample location and secure the truck.
- 22. Repeat step 4 and drive to the next sample location.
- 23. After completion of all weekly bacteriological samples, place all samples into one cooler and deliver the samples to the lab within 30 hours of collection.
- 24. Fill out your time in the Maintenance Connection software and include labor hours and truck used. In the task section of your work order, find the sample location by week, mark it off as completed, and write your initials.

Washington Department of Health Coliform Sampling Procedure

The following text provides general information on how to collect a coliform sample. The Department of Health recommends that you collect your sample using the following steps. If instructions from your laboratory are different, you should follow the steps listed here. Generally, the sample kit contains:

- A sample bottle
- A lab form
- A rubber band

The general sampling procedure for coliform monitoring is as follows:

Step One

Routine and repeat samples should be collected from sites throughout the distribution system in according with your Coliform Monitoring Plan.

Choose a sample tap that represent the water in your distribution system. Avoid poor sample sites such as swivel faucets, hot and cold mixing faucets with a single lever, leaky or spraying faucets, drinking fountains, janitorial sinks, frost-free hose bibs, and faucets below or near ground level

Step Two

Remove any attachments form the faucet, including aerators, screens, washers, hoses and water filters. If you choose to disinfect the sample site prior to sample collection, be sure to thoroughly flush until all disinfectant is removed.

Step Three

Turn on the cold water only and let it run with a steady stream for at least five minutes. Before collecting the sample, turn the water down to a thin stream (about the width of a pencil) then let the water run one minute. If the system is chlorinated, measure the chlorine residual and note the results on the lab slip. Water conservation tip: The flushed water may be saved in a bucket to be used later.

Step Four

There may be some liquid or powder in the sample bottle to neutralize any chlorine that may be present. Do not rinse it out.

Step Five

To avoid contamination while taking the sample, hold the bottle near the bottom with one hand, hold the top of the cap with the other, and then unscrew the cap. Do not set the cap down, touch any part of the cap that touches the bottle, or let anything touch the rim or inside the cap.

Correct Completion of a Washington State Department of Health Coliform Lab Slip

This information is a refresher for water system operators on the correct way to fill out the lab slip that is submitted with coliform samples.

Note: Use this information only when filling out the Washington Department of Health Water Bacteriological Analysis slips to send to Water Management Laboratories, Inc. If you are submitting samples to Seattle Public Utilities for bacteriological samples, use their form instead.

All parts of the lab slip are important. The Department of Health will not accept the sample result if there is missing or incomplete information regarding date, time, system ID number, system name, or type of sample. Be sure to fill out every box.

Date Collected and **Time Collected**: Refer to collection of the sample.

County Name: The county where the system is located.

Type of System: Check "Public."

If Public System, Complete: Include all six characters of System ID Number, in the correct order.

Circle Group: Circle if system is a "Group A" or "Group B" system.

Name of System: As it is shown on DOH records such as the Water Facilities Inventory (WFI) form for your system.

Specific Location Where Sample Was Collected: This should include the address and the type of faucet from which the sample was collected. For example: "Bathroom faucet at 123 lvy Lane."

Telephone Number - Day and Evening: Day and evening phones where the sample collector or the system owner/manager can be contacted.

Sample Collected By: The name of the person collecting the sample.

Name of System Owner/Manager: The name of the person responsible for operating the system.

Source Type: Checkwhich type of source supplies the water system.

Send Report To: Name and address where the lab should send the water system's copy of the results. (Note: The lab also sends a copy of the results to DOH, so you generally don't have to.)

Type of Sample: Check ONLY ONE box in the left hand column of this section. The different types of samples are:

- Routine samples are those collected for compliance with the monthly sampling
 requirements. To the right of the Routine box: If the system is serving treated water, check
 the appropriate boxes for indicate the type of treatment The chlorine residual should be
 recorded each time a coliform sample is collected form a system that treats its water with
 chlorine.
- Repeat samples are collected immediately after a Routine sample is found to be

unsatisfactory. To receive credit for repeat samples, you must enter the lab number of the original unsatisfactory Routine sample and the date the Routine sample was collected. The lab can give you this information when they notify you of the Routine sample results. Note: If your system is treated with chlorine, measure the chlorine residual when each repeat sample is collected and write the residual in the space adjacent to the Routine Box.

- Raw source water samples should include the two-digit source number that is found on your Water Facilities Inventory (WFI.) This type of sample is collected from the source prior to treatment and is required for systems using surface water sources.
- New construction/repairs or Other types of samples will not count for compliance. Other
 types should be used for investigative or engineering samples.

Remarks: Note any special instructions that you have for the lab.

(Lab Use Only) Drinking Water Results: Don't enter anything in this section.

Water Management Laboratories Bacteriological Sampling Procedure How to Take a Water Sample

Always thoroughly clean the faucet and/ or tap with a solution of 10% bleach (unscented) to 90% water in a spray bottle. Avoid using a kitchen tap. If you must use one, remove the faucet aerator screen and disinfect the faucet with a bleach/water solution. When using an outside tap, make sure it is clean and not obstructed by shrubs or other plants. Never take a sample from a garden hose. Avoid sampling during strong winds. Do not remove the cap from the sample bottle until immediately before taking the sample.

- 1. Disinfect tap with the bleach/water mixture.
- 2. Turn on the water. Let it run hard for 5 minutes.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2. Then turn the flow down until there is a smooth stream with no splashing. Let water run for 2 minutes.
- 4. Uncap the bottle and fill it to the shoulder. Place the cap back on the bottle.

Sample must be kept cold by placing in a cooler or a refrigerator. Deliver the sample to the lab within 30 hours from the time it is taken. The lab will not accept samples after 5:00 p.m. without prior arrangements.

Seattle Public Utilities Water Testing Protocol

District staff must use the Seattle Public Utilities Chain of Custody Record whenever submitting samples to Seattle's Water Quality Laboratory for analysis. A copy of this document is attached at the end of this document.

E. Reduced Triggered Source Monitoring Justification (add sheets as needed):

Refer to Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District's Triggered Ground Water Monitoring Plan for more information.

F. Routine Sample Rotation Schedule

See Section D, Table 2: Routine, Repeat and Triggered Source Sample Locations and Weekly Rotation Schedule

G. Level 1 and Level 2 Assessment Contact Information

Name	Office Phone 425-295-3226
John Anderson, Water Superintendent	After Hours Phone 425-495-6527
Address 1510 228 th Avenue SE, Sammamish WA 98075	Email: john.anderson@spwater.org
Name	Office Phone 425-295-3226
Scott Jonas, Operations Manager	After Hours Phone 425-495-6528
Address 1510 228 th Avenue SE, Sammamish WA 98075	Email: scott.jonas@spwater.org

H. E. coli-Present Response Plan

Distribution System <i>E. coli</i> Respo	nse Ch	ecklis	t	
Background Information	Yes	No	N/A	To Do List
We inform staff members about activities within the distribution system that could affect water quality.				
We document all water main breaks, construction & repair activities, and low pressure and outage incidents.	\boxtimes			
We can easily access and review documentation on water main breaks, construction & repair activities, and low pressure and outage incidents.				
Our Cross-Connection Control Program is up-to-date.	\boxtimes			
We test all cross-connection control devices annually as required, with easy access to the proper documentation.				
We routinely inspect all treatment facilities for proper operation.				
We identified one or more qualified individuals who are able to conduct a Level 2 assessment of our water system.				

We have procedures in place for disinfecting and flushing the water system if it becomes necessary.	\boxtimes			
We can activate an emergency intertie with an adjacent water system in an emergency.	\boxtimes			
We have a map of our service area boundaries.	\boxtimes			
We have consumers who may not have access to bottled or boiled water.				
There is a sufficient supply of bottled water immediately available to our customers who are unable to boil their water.				
We have identified the contact person at each day care, school, medical facility, food service, and other customers who may have difficulty responding to a Health Advisory.				\boxtimes
We have messages prepared and translated into different languages to ensure our consumers will understand them.				
We have the capacity to print and distribute the required number of notices in a short time period.				
Policy Direction	Yes	No	N/A	To Do List
We have discussed the issue of <i>E. coli</i> -present sample				\boxtimes
results with our policy makers.				
·				
results with our policy makers. If we find <i>E. coli</i> in a routine distribution sample, the policy makers want to wait until repeat test results are available	Yes	No	N/A	To Do
results with our policy makers. If we find <i>E. coli</i> in a routine distribution sample, the policy makers want to wait until repeat test results are available before issuing advice to water system customers.	Yes	□ No ⊠	N/A	To Do
results with our policy makers. If we find <i>E. coli</i> in a routine distribution sample, the policy makers want to wait until repeat test results are available before issuing advice to water system customers. Potential Public Notice Delivery Methods	Yes		N/A	To Do
results with our policy makers. If we find <i>E. coli</i> in a routine distribution sample, the policy makers want to wait until repeat test results are available before issuing advice to water system customers. Potential Public Notice Delivery Methods It is feasible to deliver a notice going door-to-door.			N/A	To Do
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results with our policy makers. If we find <i>E. coli</i> in a routine distribution sample, the policy makers want to wait until repeat test results are available before issuing advice to water system customers. Potential Public Notice Delivery Methods It is feasible to deliver a notice going door-to-door. We have a list of all of our customers' addresses. We have a list of customer telephone numbers or access to a Reverse 9-1-1 system. We have a list of customer email addresses.			N/A	To Do List
results with our policy makers. If we find <i>E. coli</i> in a routine distribution sample, the policy makers want to wait until repeat test results are available before issuing advice to water system customers. Potential Public Notice Delivery Methods It is feasible to deliver a notice going door-to-door. We have a list of all of our customers' addresses. We have a list of customer telephone numbers or access to a Reverse 9-1-1 system. We have a list of customer email addresses. We encourage our customers to remain in contact with us using social media. We have an active website we can quickly update to include			N/A	To Do List

Distribution System E. coli Response Plan

If we have *E. coli* in our distribution system we will immediately:

- Call DOH at the Northwest Regional Office in Kent. Coliform Program: 253-395-6775, Main Office: 253-395-6750.
- Contact NE Sammamish Sewer and Water District at 425-868-1144 (24 hour emergency number); the City of Issaquah at 425-837-3470 (normal business hours) or 425-837-3200 (after business hours); Union Hill Water Association (425) 497-1812 (24-hour emergency number); Ames Lake Water Association (425) 222-7003 (24-hour emergency number); Redmond Water Operations (425) 556-2800 (24 hour emergency number); Cascade Water Alliance (425) 493-0930; and Seattle Public Utilities (206) 386-1800 (24-hour emergency number).
- 3. Collect three repeat and triggered source samples as outlined in Part D. Collect additional investigative samples as necessary.
- 4. Send the total coliform positive sample to a certified laboratory for analysis for fecal coliform or *E.coli*. Collect repeat samples as identified in part D. Collect additional investigative samples as necessary or as directed by DOH.
- 5. Inspect water system facilities, including treatment station for proper operation.
- 6. Interview staff to determine whether or not anything unusual was happening in the water system service area, especially since the previous month's samples.
- 7. Review Cross Connection Control Program status.
- 8. Review new construction activities, water main breaks and pressure outages that may have occurred during the previous months.
- 9. Wait for repeat sample results.
- 10. Discuss with DOH whether to issue a Public Health Advisory/Boil Water notice based on the findings of steps 3-6. If necessary, prepare and issue the Health Advisory (HA) and other public notification materials. Templates are available in the District's Emergency Response Plan.
- 11. Increase chlorine dose at treatment facilities throughout the system to 1.0 mg/l.
- 12. Flush affected portions of the distribution system.
- 13. Respond appropriately to satisfactory repeat results: Lift Health Advisory if one was issued.
- 14. If repeat sample is unsatisfactory, issue an HA if one has not already been issued. Host DOH staff for a water system inspection and respond accordingly to inspection findings.
- 15. Send media releases to broadcast networks (radio and television)
- 16. Post information on District website.
- 17. Post on District social media sites.
- 18. Post "Boil Water" sign panels on District water advisory signs at all entrances to the District's service area.
- 19. Post multilingual notices in various locations such as city halls, libraries and shopping centers. Notices are printed in the top seven languages spoken in Sammamish and an image of a boiling water kettle. See example in Section J.
- 20. Work with Seattle/King County Department of Health regarding informational postings at restaurants.

E. coli-Present Triggered Source Sample Response Checklist -**All Sources** To Do N/A Yes No **Background Information** List We review our sanitary survey results and respond to any \boxtimes recommendations affecting the microbial quality of our water supply. We address any significant deficiencies identified during a sanitary \boxtimes There are contaminant sources within our Wellhead Protection Area that could affect the microbial quality of our source water, \boxtimes П and if yes, we can eliminate them. \boxtimes We routinely inspect our well site(s). \boxtimes We have a good raw water sample tap installed at each source. \boxtimes After we complete work on a source, we disinfect the source, flush, \boxtimes П and collect an investigative sample. To Do Yes No N/A **Public Notice** List We discussed the requirement for immediate public notice of an *E*. \boxtimes coli-present source sample result with our water system's governing body (board of directors or commissioners) and received direction from them on our response plan. We discussed the requirement for immediate public notice of an *E*. \boxtimes coli-present source sample result with our wholesale customers and encouraged them to develop a response plan. We have prepared templates and a communications plan that will \boxtimes help us quickly distribute our messages.

E. coli-Present Triggered Source Sample F	Respor	nse Ch	necklis	st –
Alternate Sources	Yes	No	N/A	To Do List
We can stop using this source and still provide reliable water service to our customers.	\boxtimes			
We have an emergency intertie with a neighboring water system that we can use until corrective action is complete (perhaps for several months).	\boxtimes			
We can provide bottled water to all or part of the distribution system for an indefinite period.				
We can quickly replace our existing source of supply with a more protected new source.		\boxtimes		
Temporary Treatment	Yes	No	N/A	To Do List
This source is continuously chlorinated, and our existing facilities can provide 4-log virus treatment (CT = 6) before the first customer.	\boxtimes			
If yes, at what concentration? 2.0 mg/L				
We can quickly introduce chlorine into the water system and take advantage of the existing contact time to provide 4-log virus treatment to a large portion of the distribution system.				
We can reduce the production capacity of our pumps or alter the configuration of our storage quantities (operational storage) to increase the amount of time the water stays in the system before the first customer to achieve CT = 6.				
We can alter the demand for drinking water (maximum day or peak hour) through conservation messages to increase the time the water is in the system prior to the first customer in order to achieve 4-log virus treatment with chlorine.				

E. coli-Present Triggered Source Sample Response Plan – Plateau Zone Sources (Wells 1R, 2.1, 2.2, 4R, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.1 and 11.2)

If we have *E. coli* in a Plateau Zone source we will immediately:

- Call DOH at the Northwest Regional Office in Kent. Coliform Program: 253-395-6775, Main Office: 253-395-6750.
- 2. Contact NE Sammamish Sewer and Water District at 425-868-1144 (24 hour emergency number); the City of Issaquah at 425-837-3470 (normal business hours) or 425-837-3200 (after business hours); Cascade Water Alliance (425) 493-0930, and Seattle Public Utilities (206) 386-1800 (24-hour emergency line.)
- 3. Collect additional repeat and triggered source samples as directed by DOH. Collect additional investigative samples as necessary.
- 4. Send the total coliform positive sample to a certified laboratory for analysis for fecal coliform or *E.coli*. Collect repeat samples as identified in Section D. Collect additional investigative samples as necessary or as directed by DOH.
- 5. Inspect water system facilities, including treatment station for proper operation.
- 6. Interview staff to determine whether or not anything unusual was happening in the water system service area, especially since the previous month's samples.
- 7. Review Cross Connection Control Program status.
- 8. Review new construction activities, water main breaks and pressure outages that may have occurred during the previous months.
- 9. Send media releases to broadcast networks (radio and television)
- 10. Post information on District website.
- 11. Post on District social media sites.
- 12. Post "Boil Water" sign panels on District water advisory signs at all entrances to the District's service area.
- 13. Post multilingual notices in various locations such as city halls, libraries and shopping centers. Notices are printed in the top seven languages spoken in Sammamish and an image of a boiling water kettle. See example in Section J.
- 14. Work with Seattle/King County Department of Health regarding informational postings at restaurants.

E. coli-Present Triggered Source Sample Response Plan – Cascade View Zone Sources(Wells 12R and 13R)

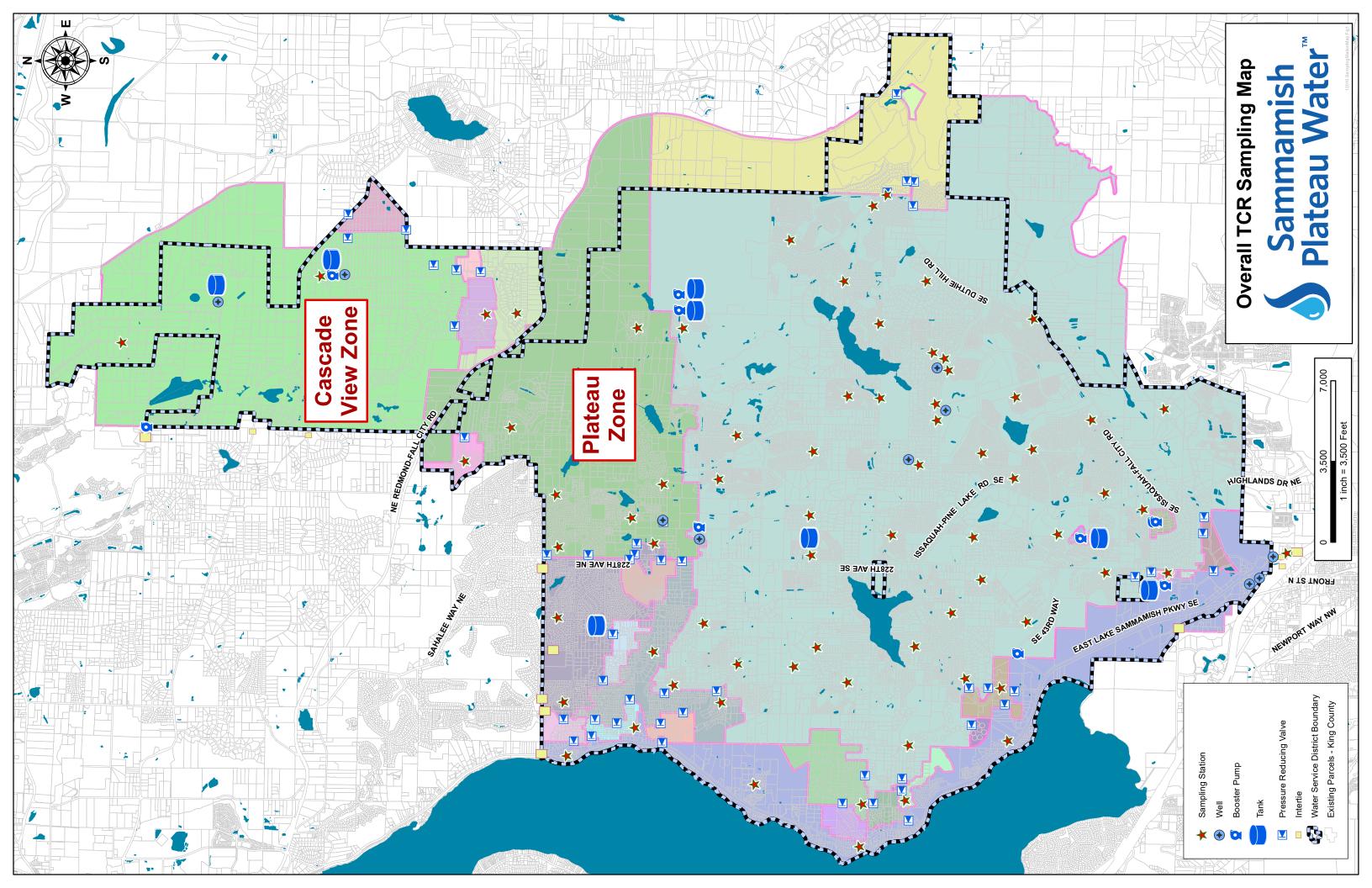
If we have *E. coli* in a Cascade View Zone source we will immediately:

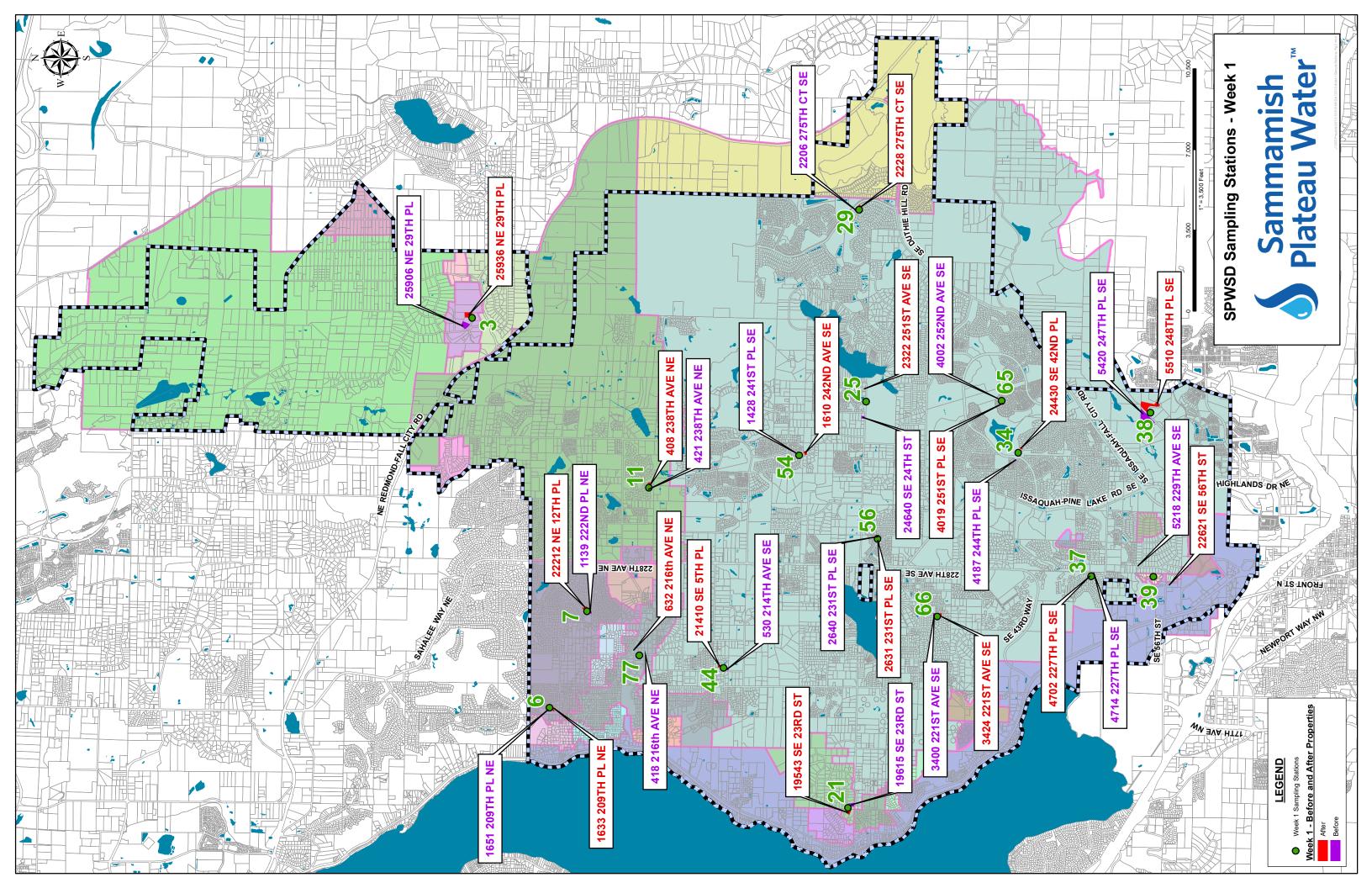
- Call DOH at the Northwest Regional Office in Kent.
 Coliform Program: 253-395-6775, Main Office: 253-395-6750.
- Contact Union Hill Water Association (425) 497-1812 (24-hour emergency number); Ames Lake Water Association (425) 222-7003 (24-hour emergency number); Redmond Water Operations (425) 556-2800; Cascade Water Alliance (425) 493-0930, and Seattle Public Utilities (206) 386-1800 (24-hour emergency line.)
- 3. Collect additional repeat and triggered source samples as directed by DOH. Collect additional investigative samples as necessary.
- 4. Send the total coliform positive sample to a certified laboratory for analysis for fecal coliform or *E.coli*. Collect repeat samples as identified in Section D. Collect additional investigative samples as necessary or as directed by DOH.
- 5. Inspect water system facilities, including treatment station for proper operation.
- 6. Interview staff to determine whether or not anything unusual was happening in the water system service area, especially since the previous month's samples.
- 7. Review Cross Connection Control Program status.
- 8. Review new construction activities, water main breaks and pressure outages that may have occurred during the previous months.
- 9. Send media releases to broadcast networks (radio and television)
- 10. Post information on District website.
- 11. Post on District social media sites.
- 12. Post "Boil Water" sign panels on District water advisory signs at all entrances to the District's service area.
- 13. Post multilingual notices in various locations such as city halls, libraries and shopping centers. Notices are printed in the top seven languages spoken in Sammamish and an image of a boiling water kettle. See example in Section J.
- 14. Work with Seattle/King County Department of Health regarding informational postings at restaurants.

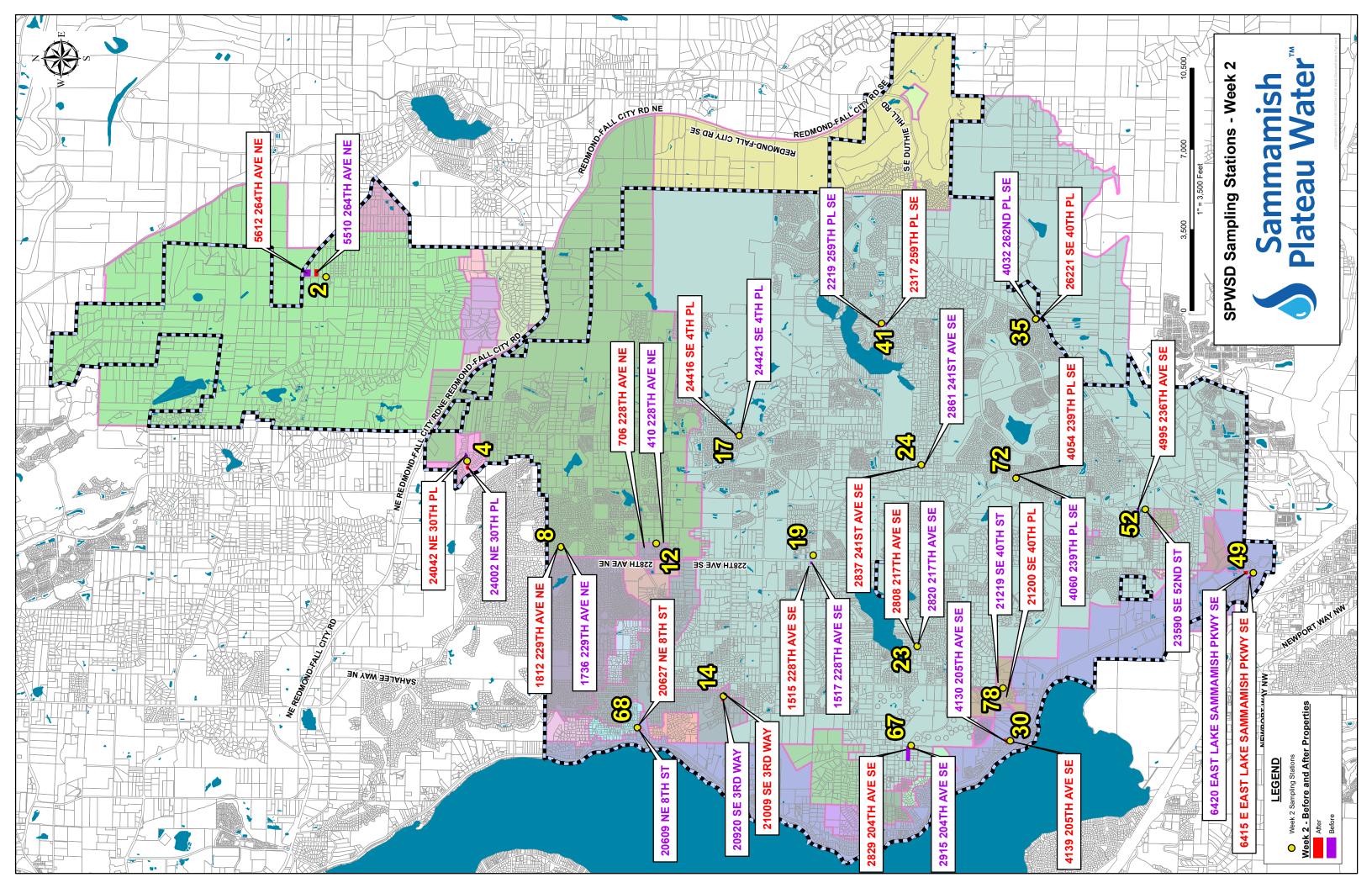
I. System Maps

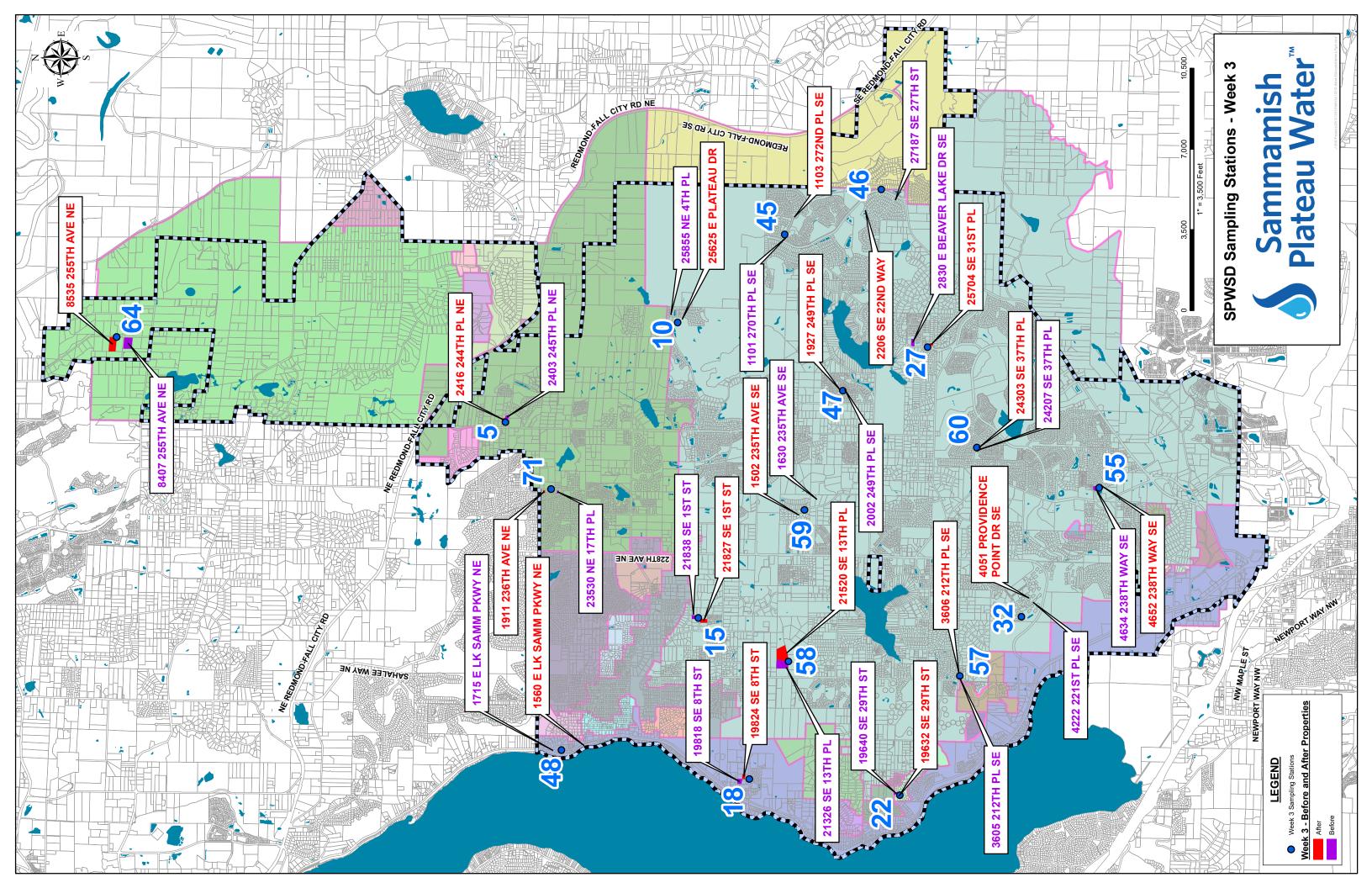
- Overall TCR Sampling Map
- Week 1 Sample Stations, including Before (Upstream) and After (Downstream) Sampling Locations
- Week 2 Sample Stations, including Before (Upstream) and After (Downstream) Sampling Locations
- Week 3 Sample Stations, including Before (Upstream) and After (Downstream) Sampling Locations
- Week 4 Sample Stations, including Before (Upstream) and After (Downstream) Sampling Locations

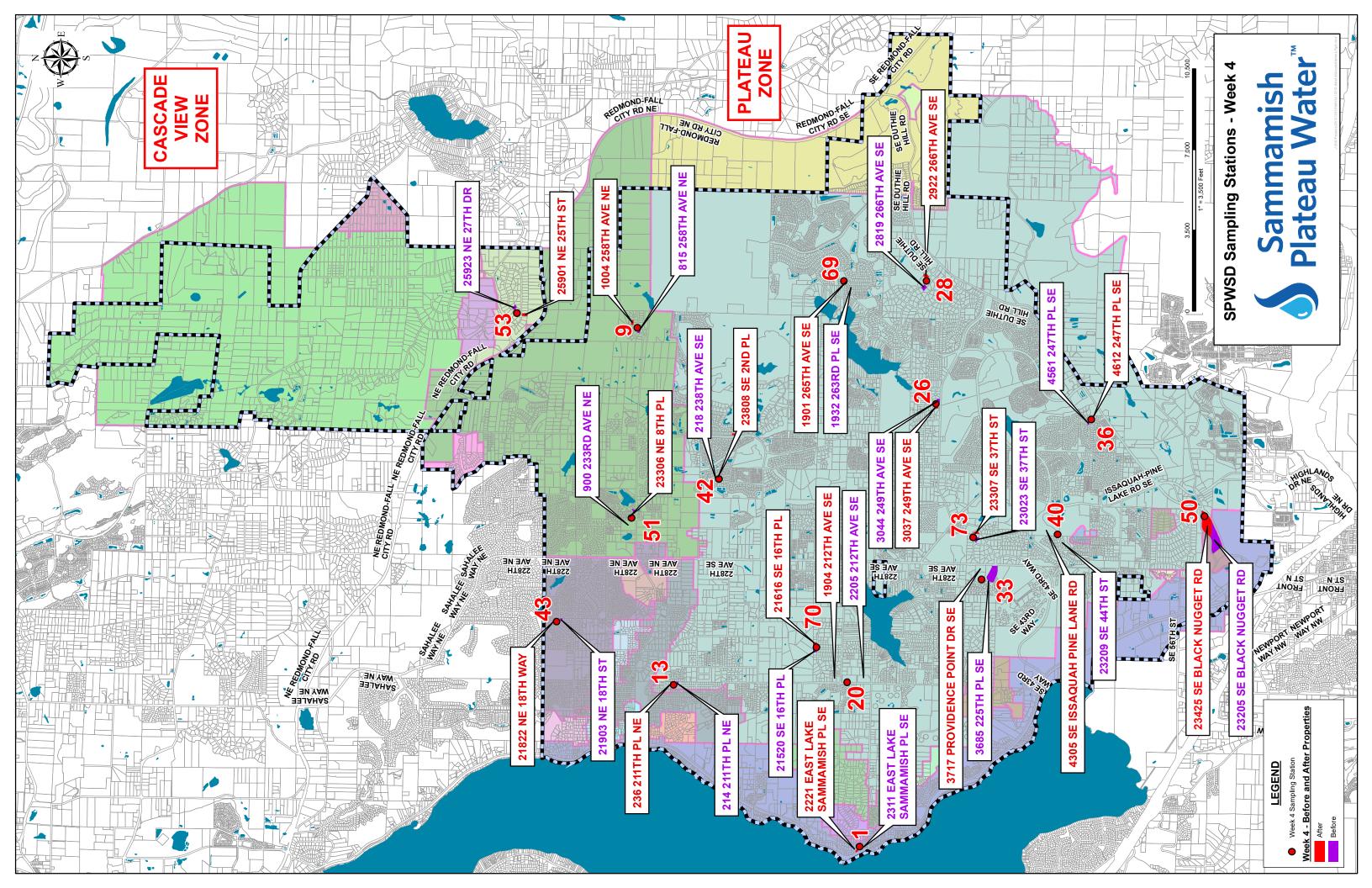
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J. Additional information

- Seattle Public Utilities Water Quality Laboratory Routine Sampling Record (Week 1 shown as an example.)
- Sammamish Plateau Water Boil Water Advisory Notice

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Seattle CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Public Merobiology

Utilities Week 1

SEATTLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

Water Quality Laboratory 800 S. Stacy St. Seattle, WA 98134

Page 1 of 2 Phone: (206) 684-7834 FAX: (206) 684-4133

Other O Count (CF U/ml) Travel Temp: Heterotrophic Plate Total # of containers: (CEUM 00mL) Fecal Coliform Results Mumber (MPM) Total Coliform/ E. Coli Most Probable Presence/ Absence Testing Parameters O. (Check requested tests) HPC 5 MPN 8 × × × × × × × × × × Офрес Field Data Field Temperature Field Chlorine Lab Sample # New Main Main Break Cust. Call 40900 × SPWSD-11 407 238TH AVE NE Source # PWS ID# SPWSD-29 2214 275TH CT SE SPWSD-34 4210 244TH PL SE SPWSD-37 4708 227TH PL SE SPWSD-21 19605 SE 23RD ST SPWSD-25 25005 SE 24TH ST SPWSD-38 5408 248TH PL SE SPWSD-3 25920 NE 29TH PL SPWSD-61639 209THPL NE SPWSD-7 22202 NE 12TH PL Repeat Routine Other Location Signature(s): Name: Sammamish Plateau WSD Sammamish WA 98075 Address: 1510 228th Ave SE Sampler Telephone: 425-392-6256 Fax 425-391-5389 Sample Time COMMENTS: Submitter Sample Date Rei

Relinguished by:			Received by.		
(signature)	(brinked name)	Date/Time	(signature)	(brinted name)	Date/Time
TC- Total Coliform EC- E. Coli	F.C. Fecal Coliform H.P.C. Heterotrophic Plate	P/A Presence/Absence MPN- Most Probable Number	Faxed E-mail	Results sent by: Date/Time:	

Seattle CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Public Merobiology

Utilities Week 1

SEATTLE PUBLIC UTILITIES

Water Quality Laboratory 800 S. Stacy St. Seattle, WA 98134

Page 2 of 2 DATE Phone: (206) 684-7834 FAX: (206) 684-4133

Other Travel Temp: ___ c Heterotrophic Plate Count (CFU/ml) Total # of containers: Fecal Coliform (CFUM 00mL) Results Mumber (MPM) Total Coliform/ E. Coli Most Probable Presence/ Absence Testing Parameters Otte (Check requested tests) HPC 5 MPN 8 d × × × × × × × × × × Офрес Field Data Field Temperature Field Chlorine Lab Sample # New Main Main Break Cust. Call 40900 SPWSD-66 3416 221ST AVE SE SPWSD-39 22664 SE 56TH AVE SPWSD-44 214TH AVE SE & SE 5TH PL PWSID# Source # SPWSD-54 1434 241ST PL SE SPWSD-77 609 216TH AVE SE SPWSD-56 2637 231ST PL SE SPWSD-65 4014 251ST PL SE Routine Repeat Location Signature(s): Name: Sammamish Plateau WSD Sammamish WA 98075 Address: 1510 228th Ave SE Sampler Telephone: 425-392-6256 Fax 425-391-5389 Sample Time COMMENTS: Submitter Sample Date Re

Relinguished by:			Received by:		
(signature)	(printed name)	Date/Time	(signature)	(printed name)	Date/Time
TC- Total Coliform EC- E. Coli	FC- Fecal Coliform HPC Heterotrophic Plate	P/A Presence/Absence MPN- Most Probable Number	Faxed E-mail	Results sent by: Date/Time:	37

BOIL WATER ADVISORY NOTICE

Data:

	Date	
	Contact:	
Sammamish		

Plateau Water

WHAT HAPPENED? The staff at the Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District (state water system ID #409009) takes water samples from 70 sampling stations located throughout the service area. We took water samples on [insert date], and on [insert date] we received a test result from a water sample that showed fecal coliform bacteria, or *E. coli* in the water. We took follow up samples on [insert date) as required by the Washington Department of Health, and the test results on (insert date) still showed the bacteria in the water.

BOIL YOUR WATER BEFORE USING!

WHAT SHOULD YOU DO? DO NOT DRINK THE WATER WITHOUT BOILING IT FIRST. Bring all water to a full boil, let it boil for one minute, and let it cool before using, or use bottled water. Boiled or bottled water should be used for drinking, making ice, brushing teeth, washing dishes, and food preparation until further notice. Boiling kills bacteria and other organisms in the water.

Fecal coliforms and E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Microbes in these wastes can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a special health risk for infants, young children, and people with severely compromised immune systems. These bacteria can make you sick, especially for people with weakened immune systems. If you experience any of these symptoms and they persist, you may want to seek medical advice. People at increased risk should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

WHAT CAUSED THE PROBLEM? We do not know the cause of the contamination at this time. [or identify cause if known.] Bacterial contamination can occur when increased runoff enters the drinking water source, for example, following heavy rains. It can also happen due to a break in the distribution system lines, damage during construction, a faulty backflow assembly or an issue during the water treatment process, among others.

WHAT IS THE DISTRICT DOING TO RESOLVE THE PROBLEM? We have flushed our water system and added additional chlorine to clear out the bacteria. We have increased the number of water samples as required by Department of Health regulations. [add any additional treatment information here.] We will inform you when tests are clear of bacteria and you no longer need to boil your water. We anticipate resolving the problem by [add estimated time frame].

For more information, please contact our Customer Service Department at (425) 392-6256 or visit our website at www.spwater.org. General guidelines on ways to lessen the risk of infection by microbes are available from the EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Boil your water before using.



將水煮開後才 使用。

Chinese

Haga hervir el agua antes de usarla.

Spanish

पानी इसतेमाल करने से पहिले उबाल लें।

Hindi

水は使用する前 に煮沸してくだ さい。

Japanese

사용하기 전에 물을 끓이십시오.

Korean

Pakuluin ang inyong tubig bago gagamitin.

Tagalog (Filipino)

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District Triggered Ground Water Monitoring Plan

Revised 9/20/2017

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

The United State Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) developed the Ground Water Rule (GWR) to increase protection for consumers of public drinking water systems that rely on ground water sources. The GWR ensures that these systems take corrective actions to eliminate sources of contamination or to remove or inactivate pathogens from drinking water sources. The major components of the GWR are:

- Periodic sanitary surveys of ground water systems addressing eight specific sanitary survey elements to evaluate the system for the presence of significant deficiencies.
- Source water monitoring either through triggered monitoring or State-directed assessment
 monitoring to test for the presence of one of three fecal indicators (in Washington State, the
 indicator is *E. coli*).
- Requirements to correct significant deficiencies and eliminate or treat for fecal contamination through specific corrective actions.
- Compliance monitoring to ensure that treatment technologies installed to treat drinking water reliably achieve at least 4-log treatment of viruses via inactivation, removal, or a combination of these.

The GWR requires ground water systems that provide less than 4-log removal or inactivation of viruses, or do not conduct compliance monitoring of treatment to demonstrate disinfection performance, to conduct monitoring for the presence of a fecal indicator at the source when total coliform bacteria are detected in the distribution system. Triggered monitoring is designed to allow systems and States to identify and correct any public health risks from fecal contamination found at the source.

This Triggered Ground Water Monitoring Plan (Plan) has been developed by Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District (District) to conduct triggered monitoring in a manner that meets the GWR requirements. This Plan establishes what sources will be monitored in response to notification that a positive coliform sample has occurred, and when consumers and consecutive or wholesale systems need to be notified. This Plan was revised in 2017 in conjunction with the revisions of the District's Coliform Monitoring Plan to meet the requirements of the Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR), updated by the U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Washington Department of Health in 2016.

2.0 APPROACH

As a water system with multiple ground water sources as well as surface water supplies, the District evaluated which GWR compliance strategy would work best: compliance monitoring or triggered monitoring. The District estimated the contact time obtained prior to the first customer's service connection, and reviewed this information and the logistics associated with meeting compliance

monitoring requirements. After review, the District determined that the optimal GWR compliance path is to plan to conduct triggered monitoring at representative sources when total coliform is found in bacterial samples collected under the Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR) promulgated by the Washington Department of Health in April 2016. The District's Coliform Monitoring Plan, documenting monthly monitoring in compliance with the RTCR, was updated in September 2017 to include the revisions.

This Plan details the District's representative, triggered monitoring approach. EPA regulations and guidelines, including the *Ground Water Rule Triggered and Representative Source Water Monitoring Guidance Manual* (2009) were used to develop this Plan.

3.0 SYSTEM INFORMATION

The District is located in King County, Washington. This special purpose district public water supply system serves 63,148 customers (as of December 2016) via ground water sources and interties with regional and adjacent purveyors. Table 1 lists each of the District's sources, type of use, treatment, and capacity, as presented in the 2016 Water Facilities Inventory. The District also has two interties with Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District, which is also a groundwater purveyor, and multiple emergency connections with adjacent water suppliers. The District has two interties with Cascade Water Alliance (North and South connections) that provide regional surface water from Seattle Public Utilities. Information on these connections is included in Table 2.

Table 1. The District's Sources of Supply and Treatment

Groundwater Supply Source	Туре	Treatment	Capacity (gpm)
Well 1R	Permanent	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	500
Well 2.1	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	300
Well #2.2	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	500
Well #4R	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Ferric Chloride, Fluoridation ¹ , Chlorination	1450/1800
Well #7	Permanent	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	2,000
Well #8	Permanent	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	3,200
Well #9	Seasonal	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	2,200
Well #10	Permanent	Corrosion Control, Fluoridation, Chlorination	500
Well #11.1	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Ferric Chloride, Fluoridation ¹ , Chlorination	389

Well #11.2	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Ferric Chloride, Fluoridation ¹ , Chlorination	1,450/1,600
Well #12R	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Fluoridation, Chlorination	200
Well #13R	Permanent	Mn Filtration, Fluoridation, Chlorination	260

¹No fluoride reaches the 500 or 700 Pressure Zones

Table 2. Interties and Regional Supply Connections to the District's Distribution System

Utility	Number of Connections	Does the District Provide and/or Receive Water?	Plateau or Cascade View Zone?	Reaches These Pressure Zones ¹	Most Likely Receives Water From	
Permanent Connections						
Cascade Water Alliance – North Regional Connection	1	Receiving	Cascade View	730 Zone	Surface water wheeled through City of Redmond system in Redmond Ridge	
Cascade Water Alliance – South Regional Connection	1	Receiving	Plateau	297 Zone	Surface water wheeled through Bellevue-Issaquah Pipeline in Issaquah (surface water)	
N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District	1	Either way	Plateau	700 Zone	Ground water wells	
Emergency Connections						
N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District	1	Either way	Plateau	297 Zone	Ground water wells	
N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District	3	Either way	Plateau	700 Zone	Ground water wells	
Ames Lake Water Association	1	Providing	Cascade View	730 Zone	Ground water wells	
Union Hill Water Association	2	Providing	Cascade View	730 Zone	Ground water wells	

Utility	Number of Connections	Does the District Provide and/or Receive Water?	Plateau or Cascade View Zone?	Reaches These Pressure Zones ¹	Most Likely Receives Water From
Issaquah	2	Either way	Plateau	297 Zone	Surface and well water

¹ From 2010 Draft Water System Plan, Table 6-5.

Note: Shading of rows denotes interties to surface only water supplies.

As shown in Table 1, the District provides some disinfection for each ground water source. While some sources may meet the criteria for conducting compliance monitoring, the District has determined that conducting representative, triggered monitoring was the best option for the District for compliance with the GWR.

For GWR compliance, the District will need to work with suppliers that provide ground water and consecutive systems receiving water from the District's ground water sources. As shown in Table 2, during typical operations, the District receives ground water from the Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District and provides ground water to the same system. Additionally, the District will need to take into account any active emergency connections when conducting triggered source water monitoring. Table 2 shows that Cascade Water Alliance connections provide only surface water to the District. During conversations with Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) about their Riverton Heights well field, both parties determined that there is no possibility of that well water getting into the District's distribution system through the Cascade Water Alliance connections.

3.1 Hydraulically Separate Zones

The District's distribution system is separated into two hydraulically separate zones, the Plateau Zone and Cascade View Zone.

Plateau Zone: As of 2016, this zone served nearly 61,105 people at about 17,498 service connections. There are six storage tanks present: 3.0 MG Tank, 2 MG Tank, two 4 MG tanks, 7.0 MG Tank, and 2.25 MG Tank. The Plateau Zone is divided into five major pressure zones that include several smaller zones created to serve areas with variable topography. Additionally, 5 booster pump stations and 41 pressure-reducing valves serve this area.

Cascade View Zone: As of 2016, this zone served about 2,043 people at about 705 service connections. Two storage tanks are in use: 600,000-gallon tank and 275,000-gallon tank. The Cascade View Zone is divided into three primary pressure zones and two smaller zones. Additionally, two booster pump stations and five pressure-reducing valves serve this area.

4.0 REPRESENTATIVE MONITORING

This section of the Plan establishes which sources will be considered representative of each RTCR monitoring location. Conducting representative monitoring allows the District to reduce the number of

samples collected for triggered monitoring. Additionally, this can minimize notification of other systems under GWR requirements.

4.1 Basic Requirements

These are the basic requirements for conducting representative triggered monitoring under the GWR:

- The plan outlining representative sources must be submitted and approved by DOH prior to implementation.
- Systems can reduce the number of sampling sites by:
 - Establishing which sources provide water to each RTCR sampling location (and to consecutive systems). As a result, when the system obtains a positive RTCR sample, the District would collect triggered monitoring samples only at the sources which provide water to the RTCR sampling site as described in the DOH-approved plan and which were in use during sampling. This same concept would be applied to connections to consecutive systems. If a consecutive system obtains a positive RTCR sample, the system would be required to monitor only those sources that provide water to the consecutive system and were operating when the sample was collected, instead of collecting samples at each source.
 - Determining that one or more wells represent multiple wells in the same hydrogeological setting. As a result, when the system obtains a positive RTCR sample, triggered monitoring samples would be collected only at wells representing different hydrogeological conditions, instead of collecting samples at each well source.

4.2 The District's Ground Water Sources Representing Coliform Monitoring Locations

With respect to developing this Plan, the District has determined that monitoring efforts would be most efficient if representative monitoring is used. To determine which sources to monitor at each coliform site, the following were considered:

- Map of the distribution system indicating points of entry and RTCR sampling sites
- Source types, level of treatment for each source (at the point of entry), type of supply (permanent, seasonal, emergency, etc.)
- Connections to other systems, indicating whether these feed water to other systems, accept water from other systems, or both
- Data linking RTCR monitoring locations to particular ground water sources (hydraulic, operational, water quality, etc.)
- Data linking connections to consecutive systems to particular ground water sources (hydraulic, operational, water quality, hydraulic model, etc.)

An analysis of movement of water through the District's drinking water supply system and operational flexibility has indicated that it is necessary to assume that water from each of the sources can move throughout many areas of the operating zone it supplies. However, as described above, the Cascade View and Plateau Zones are not connected hydraulically. Therefore, sources serving the Cascade View Zone will be monitored, and the District response to positive coliform samples in the Cascade View Zone distribution system will be conducted per GWR requirements for that zone. Additionally, sources serving

the Plateau Zone will be monitored, and the District response to positive coliform samples in the Plateau Zone distribution system will be conducted per GWR requirements for that specific zone. This will also be true with respect to wholesale and consecutive systems. The District will only issue public notifications to residents with systems linked to the operating zone serving the RTCR site that exhibit a positive coliform sample. Table 3 in Section 4.4 provides details.

4.3 The District's Wells Representing Other Wells in the Same Hydrogeological Setting

The following information was considered by the District and others to determine if a few of the District's sources could be combined according to hydrogeological properties:

- Well locations including proximity to other wells.
- Well construction details for each well, including depth, grouting, sanitary seal, and screened intervals
- Water chemistry analysis results demonstrating similarities or differences among wells or vulnerability of wells to contamination.
- Aguifer information and other hydrogeological studies, as appropriate.

The following wells were identified as being in the same hydrogeological setting:

- Wells 2.1 and 2.2, which have been designated as a wellfield (S18) by DOH. In the technical review of these wells, the following were found (CDM, 2004):
 - Wells 2.1 and 2.2 meet requirements for DOH wellfield designation.
 - The wells share a water right certificate and meet requirements pertaining to construction or replacement of wells.
 - 24-hour pumping test data indicate that Wells 2.1 and 2.2 are hydraulically connected.
 - With the exception of manganese, water quality data indicate a relative homogeneity of water quality constituents in samples drawn from each well.

This GWR Plan treats Wells 2.1 and 2.2 as a single source. When the system experiences a positive RTCR sample in the Plateau Zone of their system, one sample will be collected to represent Wells 2.1 and 2.2 before treatment. It should be noted, however, that if a significant deficiency is found, it is probable that all wells within a designated wellfield will require treatment/corrective action.

4.4 Identification of Which Sources Contribute to Each RTCR Site

Table 3 details the sources that serve each RTCR site.

Table 3. Sources of Supply Associated with the RTCR

Source of Supply	RTCR Sampling Sites Served by Source	Operating Zone
Well Sources		
Well 1 (SO1), Wells 2.1 and 2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12)	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73	Plateau Zone
Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24)	2, 3, 53, 64	Cascade View Zone
Ground Water Interties		
N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District ¹	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73	Plateau Zone
Surface Water Supply Sources		
Cascade Water Alliance – North Regional Connection (wheeled through City of Redmond system)	2, 3, 53, 64	Cascade View Zone
Cascade Water Alliance – South Regional Connection	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73	Plateau Zone
Emergency Interties		
N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District ¹	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73	Plateau Zone
Ames Lake Water Association ²	2, 3, 53, 64	Cascade View Zone
Union Hill Water Association ²	2, 3, 53, 64	Cascade View Zone
City of Issaquah ¹	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73	Plateau Zone

¹ Provides water to and receives water from the District.

² Receives water from the District.

5.0 TRIGGERED GROUND WATER MONITORING

This section of the plan details the District's implementation of triggered monitoring as required by the GWR.

5.1 Basic Requirements

These are the basic requirements for triggered monitoring in the GWR:

- Within 24 hours of notification of a positive RTCR sample by the laboratory, the District must collect a source water sample at each representative source that was in operation when the RTCR sample was collected.
- In Washington State, source water triggered monitoring samples are collected to test for the presence of *E. coli*.
- Samples must be collected at each source (assuming the source is accessible) prior to treatment. The District will collect samples at sample taps that have been installed at each source prior to treatment for triggered sample collection.
- The District must conduct triggered monitoring in response to notification of positive RTCR samples within the distribution system of consecutive systems served by the District.

5.2 RTCR Sample Invalidation

It is possible for DOH to invalidate RTCR sample results or *E. coli* samples on a case-by-case basis. The District may be interested in this option if it appears clear to the District that, for example, the positive RTCR result was caused by distribution system conditions. However, it is important to note that the 24-hour deadline does not leave much time for invalidation to occur prior to collecting triggered monitoring samples. The District will most likely need to plan to conduct triggered sampling and other actions regardless of an appearance that the sample result was not caused by source water conditions.

5.3 Follow-up if a triggered monitoring sample tests positive for the presence of *E. coli*

The following actions will be implemented if the District receives a triggered monitoring sample that tests positive for *E. coli*:

- As determined by DOH, the District will be required to implement corrective action or to collect three additional samples at each source that sampled positive for *E. coli* (or as described in the Representative Triggered Monitoring Plan) within 24 hours of positive *E. coli* sample.
- The District must issue a Tier 1 Public Notice to customers within 24 hours.
- The District must notify DOH within 24 hours.
- The District must include a special notice in their next Consumer Confidence (Water Quality) Report.

5.4 Interaction with Wholesale Suppliers

Because the District both provides water to and receives water from Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District (NESSWD) during typical operations due to a shared tank, the District will need to coordinate with that supply system:

- The District will be required to report a positive RTCR sample to NESSWD within 24 hours of being notified of the positive sample by the water quality laboratory.
- If the District is notified by NESSWD that additional source water monitoring results are *E. coli* positive, the District must:
 - Notify SPWSD customers with a Tier 1 Public Notice within 24 hours.
 - o Notify SPWSD customers with a special notice in the next Consumer Confidence Report.
 - Consult with DOH and follow their recommended corrective actions.

Additionally, if an emergency intertie is online and the District is receiving ground water from another system during RTCR sampling, that system will also be notified. See Table 3 for details on emergency interties.

5.4.1 Wholesale Suppliers Contact Information

The District may need to contact these utilities if they detect coliform in their system. This depends on where the positive sample was collected (detailed below) and what connections are active:

Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District: 425-868-1144 (24 hours per day)

City of Issaquah: 425-837-3470 (normal business hours); 425-837-3200 (after business hours)

Cascade Water Alliance: (425) 493-0930

Seattle Public Utilities (206) 386-1800 (24-hour emergency number)

City of Redmond Water Operations (425) 556-2800 (24-hour emergency number)

Union Hill Water Association (425) 497-1812 (24-hour emergency number)

Ames Lake Water Association (425) 222-7003 (24-hour emergency number)

5.5 Interaction with Consecutive Systems

Because the District provides ground water to Northeast Sammamish Sewer and Water District during typical operations, the District will be notified by this system if they observe a positive RTCR sample. In response, the District will need to:

- Sample all of the supply sources that were in operation on the date the positive RTCR sample(s) was collected. As shown in Table 3, the connections with these systems are through the Plateau operating zone. The District will need to conduct triggered monitoring only at operating sources serving the Plateau zone (also shown in Table 3).
- If results of triggered source water monitoring are positive for the presence of *E. coli*, the District must:

- Notify all consecutive systems served by source(s) testing positive for *E. coli* within 24 hours of the sample result.
- Notify DOH, and if not required to take corrective action, collect three additional source water samples within 24 hours.
- O Notify the public with a Tier 1 Public Notice within 24 hours.
- The District must notify the public with a special notice in the next Consumer Confidence Report.

Additionally, if the District receives notification of a positive coliform sample experienced by a system served by an active emergency intertie, the District will conduct sampling of sources serving the operating zone that is connected to the emergency intertie (see Table 3).

5.6 The District's Triggered Monitoring Plan

Table 4 provides details for triggered monitoring the District will need to conduct in response to a positive RTCR sample.

Table 4. GWR Triggered Monitoring Details

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
1 2308 E Lk Samm Pl SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
2 5524 264 th Ave NE	Cascade View	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)	Emergency: Union Hill Water Association, Ames Lake Water Association, CWA North Intertie, Redmond
3 25920 NE 29 th PI	Cascade View	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)	Emergency: Union Hill Water Association, Ames Lake Water Association, CWA North Intertie, Redmond
4 24010 NE 30 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
5 2404 NE 244 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
6 1639 209 th PI NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
7 22202 NE 12 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
8 1806 229 th Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
9 823 258 th Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
10 2575 E. Plateau Dr. SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
11 407 238 th Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
12 410 228 th Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
13 230 211 th PI NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
14 20928 SE 3 rd Way	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
15 21828 SE 1 st St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
16 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
17 24415 SE 4 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	
18 19820 SE 8 th St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
19 1510 228 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
20 2030 212 th Ave. SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
21 19605 SE 23 rd St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
22 19636 SE 29 th St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
23 2814 217 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
24 2847 241 st Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
25 25005 SE 24 th St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
26 3045 249 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
27 3030 E Beaver Lake Dr SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
28 2917 266 th Ave Se	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
29 2214 275 th Ct SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
30 4138 205 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
31 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
32 4126 220 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
33 3725 Providence Point Dr SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
34 4210 244 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
35 4040 262 nd PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
36 4606 247 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
37 4708 227 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
38 5408 248 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
39 22664 SE 56 th Ave.	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
40 SE 44 th and 232 nd Ct. SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
41 2311 259 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
42 222 238 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
43 21838 NE 18 th Way	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
44 214 th and SE 5th	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
45 270 th Ave SE and SE 11th	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
46 Trossachs Blvd. & SE 24 th Ave.	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
47 1931 249 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
48 1537 E. Lk. Samm. Pkwy SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
49 6503 E Lk Samm Pkwy SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
50 23425 SE Black Nugget Rd	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
51 NE 8 th PI and 233 rd Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
52 5150 236 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
53 25913 NE 27 th Dr	Cascade View	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)	Emergency: Union Hill Water Association, Ames Lake Water Association, CWA North Intertie, Redmond

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
54 1434 241 st PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
55 4644 238 th Way SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
56 2637 231 st PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
57 3609 212 th PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
58 21341 SE 13 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
59 1514 235 th Ave. SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
60 24213 SE 37 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
61 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
62 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
63 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
64 8513 255 th Ave NE	Cascade View	Well 12 (S16), Well 13 (S24), CWA North Intertie (S19)	Emergency: Union Hill Water Association, Ames Lake Water Association, CWA North Intertie, Redmond
65 4014 251 st PI SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
66 3416 221 st Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
67 2905 204 th Ave SE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
68 20621 NE 8 th St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
69 265 th Ave Se and Belvedere Way	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

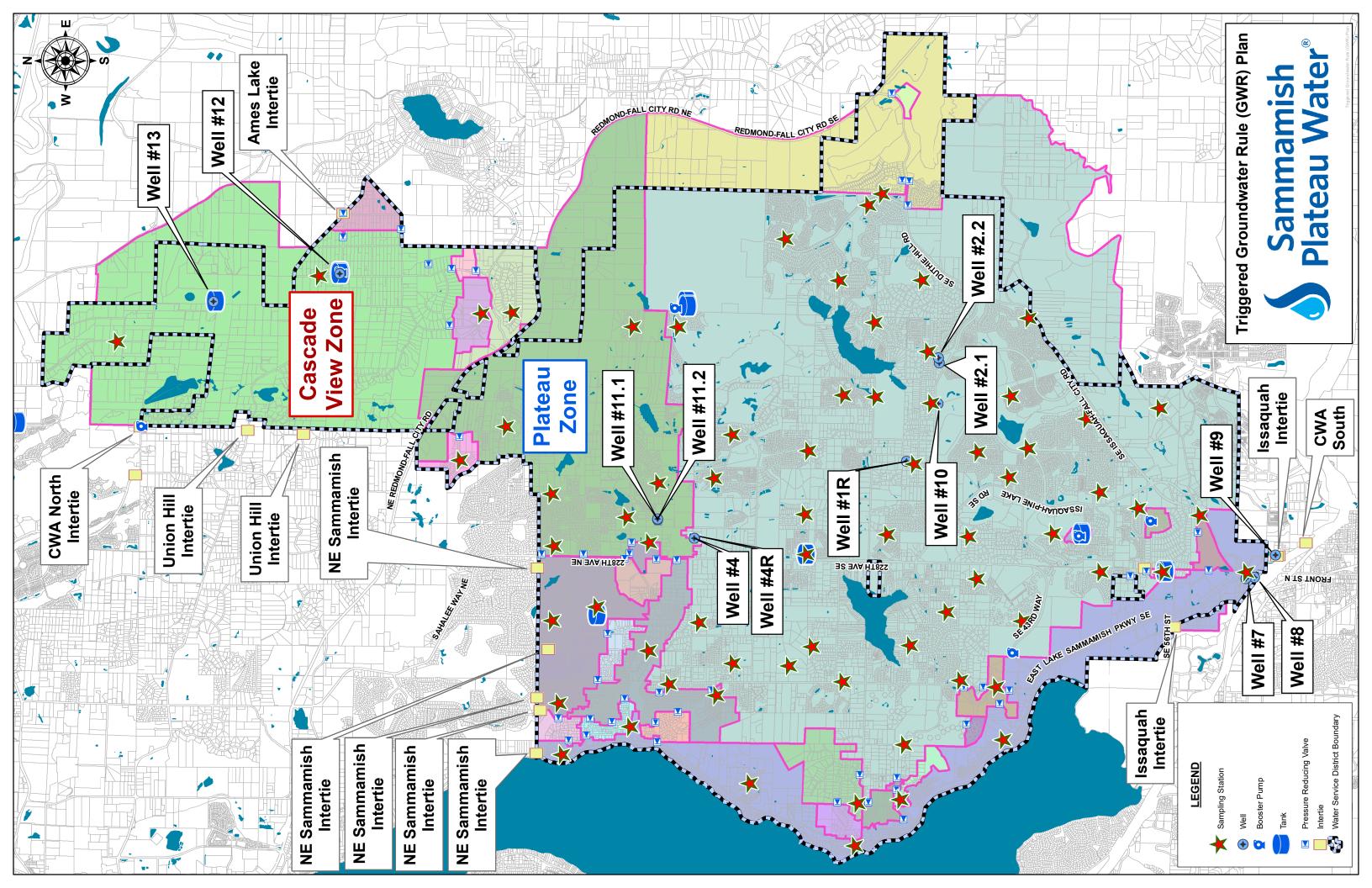
RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved
70 21606 SE 16 th PI	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
71 1838 236 th Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
72 23944 SE 41 st St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
73 23039 SE 37 th St	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie
74 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
75 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
76 Sample Station not assigned at this time			
77 609 216 th Ave NE	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie

RTCR site	Operating Zone	Conduct Triggered Monitoring at these Sources	Consecutive/Wholesale System Involved	
78 21214 SE 40 th St.	Plateau	Well 1 (SO1), Well 2.1/2.2 (S18), Well 4 (S17), Well 7 (S06), Well 8 (S07), Well 9 (S13), Well 10 (S11), Well 11.1 (S14), Well 11.2 (S12), CWA South Intertie (S19)	N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District Emergency: N.E. Sammamish Sewer and Water District, Issaquah, CWA South Intertie	

6.0 PREPARATION INFORMATION

The Water Superintendent is responsible for overseeing preparation, review, and updates to the District's Triggered Ground Water Monitoring Plan. This Plan will be reviewed and updated every 6 years, coinciding with updates to the Revised Total Coliform Monitoring Plan.

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I. IDSE General Information

*	Р١	Λ	S	I	Г

*PWS Name

*PWS Address

- *City
- *State
- *Zip
- *Population Served
- *System Type
- *Source Water Type
- *Buying / Selling Relationships

C. PWS Operations

Residual Disinfectant Type

Chlorine Chloramines Other

Number of Disinfected Surface GWUDI

Sources Ground Purchased

D. Contact Person

*Contact Name

Title

Phone Number ext.

Fax

E-mail Address

II. IDSE Requirements

A. Number of Required Standard Monitoring Sites

High TTHM	5
High HAA5	4
Near Entry Point Sites	3
Average Residence Time Sites	4
Total	16

Note: If you have fewer entry points than required near entry point sites, you will sample at more TTHM and/or HAA5 sites, but your total number of sites will not change. See chapter 7 step 2 of the IDSE Guidance Manual for more information.

B. Schedule

Schedule 1

C. Required Standard Monitoring Frequency

During peak historical month (1 monitoring period)

Every 90 days (4 monitoring periods)

Every 60 days (6 monitoring periods)

II. Selecting Standard Monitoring Sites

A. Data Evaluated Check each box corresponding to the data that you used to select each type of standard monitoring site.

Average Residence Time

Near Entry Point

Type of Site

High TTHM

High HAA5

System Configuration:

Pipe layout, locations of storage facilities

Locations of sources and consecutive

system entry points

Pressure zones

Information on population density

Locations of large customers

Water Quality and Operational Data:

Disinfectant residual data

Stage 1 DBP data

Other DBP data

Microbial monitoring data

Tank levels data, pump run times

Customer billing records

Advanced Tools:

Water distribution system model

Tracer study

B. Summary of Data.* Provide a summary of data you relied on to justify standard monitoring site selection.

range (0.0 to 0.24 mg/l) and system average (0.08 mg/l). During selection, sites were identified with levels close to this average for average residence time system knowledge to determine older pipes with dead end lines where longer residence times are expected in addition to Stage 1 TTHM data. During the selection process, a plot was prepared of all candidate sites and system pressure zone boundaries, including existing Stage 1 sites, to ensure that Stage 2 (Cascade Water Alliance) that is used seasonally from November 1- April 30. Currently, treated surface water only enters the District's northern service area called the Cascade View Zone, but in the near future the District plans to operate a south intertie with the regional wholesaler and introduce treated surface water into their southern service area called the Plateau Zone. IDSE site selection relied on two years (2004-2005) of monthly disinfection sites and with high rediduals (elevated above 0.1 mg/L) for high HAA5. For high TTHM, site selections were based primarily on population and distribution esidual data from 60 disinfection sampling sites established for Stage 1 monitoring. These sites are dedicated and secure sample collection stations that ap the District's distribution system throughout their service area. Population density, 2005 Stage 1 DDBP data, pipe layout, locations of our wholesaler system entry points, and pressure zones were also evaluated. Chlorine residual data from June, July and August were tabulated and evaluated for system District sources include groundwater, year round, from 12 currently operating groundwater wells and treated surface water from a regional wholesaler DSE sites were spatially distributed and hydraulically diverse.

IV. Justification of Standard Monitoring Sites *

You are required to complete this section in its entirety before submitting the Plan.

- # Standard Monitoring Site ID Site Type Justification (from map)1
- Zone. This station is located prior to the first group of customers. Entry of surface water into the Entry This is the entry point of regional wholesale surface water from Cascade Water Alliance/Seattle Public Jtilities (CWA/SPU) into the northern part of the distribution system referred to as the Cascade View distribution system is normally seasonal (November 1 through April 30). As result of this seasonal use, sample collection from this station will represent a blend of groundwater/surface water during the early part of May, becoming predominantly groundwater in the summer/fall months prior to November 1st. Near
- Entry This is an entry point into three major pressure distribution zones from the District's deep wellfield reatment facility. The sample station will be located downstream of treatment. The deep groundwater source has a greater amount of organic content compared to the District's shallower aquifer sources.
- This is the entry point of regional wholesale surface water (CWA/SPU) into the southern part of the will initially be seasonal (November 1 throught April 30). As a result of this seasonal use, sample distribution system. This station is located prior to the first group of customers. Entry of surface water collection from this station will represent a blend of groundwater/surface water during the early part of May, becoming predominantly groundwater in the summer/fall months prior to November 1st. To-date, this regional intertie has been dormant, but is expected to be active in 2006. Entry -Near

3

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- Represents average residence time in the northwestern part of the plateau system. In the summer Residence months, this station has chlorine residuals that are close to our calculated system-wide average of 0.08mg/l. The sample station site taps an 8-inch water main. Average
- Residence this station has chlorine residuals that are close to our calculated system-wide average of 0.08mg/l. This Represents average residence time in the central part of the plateau system. In the summer months, sample site taps an 8-inch ductile iron water main. Average
- Represents average residence time in the southern part of the plateau system. In the summer months, Residence this station has chlorine residuals that are close to our calculated system-wide average of 0.08 mg/l. The sample station site taps an 8-inch ductile iron water main. Average

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Residence months, this station has chlorine residuals that are close to our calculated system-wide average of 0.08 ng/I. The site is located near and upstream of a booster station and an emergency operated PRV. This Represents average residence time in the southwestern part of the plateau system. In the summer sample site taps an 8" ductile-iron water main. Average

This station represents high TTHM levels in the northern service area (Cascade View). It is located at a dead end line with low customer population. This is a new station but it is expected to have low chlorine residuals and high TTHM levels due to its location within a distribution system dead end, and within a sparsely populated area. The site receives seasonal surface water from the north regional intertie and close to consistently recorded high TTHM Stage 1 sampling sites.	This station represents high TTHM levels in the northwestern portion of the Plateau system. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally very low. It is located near a 3 million gallon storage tank. The site is in a location of older distribution pipe within the 700 pressure zone.	This station represents high TTHM levels. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally low. The site is also at the dead end location of the 650 pressure zone and receives some water from deep groundwater sources that have greater organic content than the shallower aquifer sources.	This station represents high TTHM levels in the central portion of the Plateau system. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally low. The site is located in an area under construction that is planned to be built out and populated in two to three years. Until then, distribution in this area is expected to have longer residence times.	This station represents high TTHM levels in the eastern portion of the Plateau system. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally very low. It is located in a service area with older distribution pipe. The site is also located at a dead end in the distribution. The area occasionally receives booster chlorinated water (during the summer) from two 4 million gallon storage tanks.	This station represents high HAA5 levels in the northeastern portion of the Plateau system. It is located in a service area with older distribution pipe. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally above the system average of 0.08mg/L. The site is also located near a booster chlorination site and two 4 million gallon tanks.	This station represents high HAA5 levels in the western portion of the Plateau system. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally well above the system average of 0.08 mg/L. The site is located along a main north-south transmission pipeline for the plateau service area. Water in this main line is expected to have low residence time.	This station represents high HAA5 levels in the central portion of the Plateau system. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally well above the system average of 0.08 mg/ L. The site is located along a main north-system transmission pipeline and in an area of dense population for the service area. Water in this main line is expected to have a low residence time.	This station represents high HAA5 levels in the southern portion of the Plateau system. Summer chlorine residuals at this location are generally well above the system average of 0.08 mg/l. The site is located near a major transmission tank for the plateau service area. Water in this area is expected to have a low residence time.
High TTHM	High TTHM	High TTHM	High TTHM	High TTHM	High HAA5	High HAA5	High HAA5	High HAA5
∞	o o	10		7	5	4	15	16

V. Peak Historical Month and Standard Monitoring Dates

A. *Peak Historical Month

B. If multiple Sources, Source Used to Determine Peak Historical Month (enter "N/A" if only one source in your system):

Based on Stage 1 TTHM data.

C. *Peak Historical Month Based On (check all that apply):

High TTHM

High HAA5

Warmest water temperature

.

If you used other information to select your peak historical month, explain here:

D. Proposed Standard Monitoring Dates

You are required to complete this section in its entirety before submitting the Plan.

Projected Sampling Date (day or week)** Period 2 Period 1 Standard Monitoring Site ID (from map)*

Period 6

Period 5

^{*} Site IDs should match IDs on your distribution system schematic (See Section VII).

^{**} period = monitoring period. Complete for the number of periods from Section II.C.

VI. Planned Stage 1 DBPR Compliance Monitoring Schedule

If you are a consecutive system that is not required to conduct Stage 1 DBPR compliance monitoring, enter none under Stage 1 DBPR Monitoring Site ID and none under Period 1.

Stage 1 DBPR Monitoring Site ID (from map)1

Projected Sampling Date (date or week)2

Period 1 Period 2

Period 3

Period 4

¹ Verify that site IDs match IDs on your distribution system schematic (See Section VII of this form). Add additional monitoring sites if you are required to monitor at more than 8 Stage 1 DBPR sites.

² period = monitoring period. Complete for the number of periods in which you must conduct Stage 1 DBPR monitoring IDSE monitoring. Can list exact date or week (e.g., week of 7/9/07)

VII & VIII Schematic & Attachments

The following is a list of attachments that have already been submitted.

File Name Date Uploaded

Distribution System Schematic 2006-09-27 10:58:12.0

If you prefer to send attachments via mail or e-mail, please check the box for "Sending attachments by mail". You may mail your attachments to one of the following addresses:

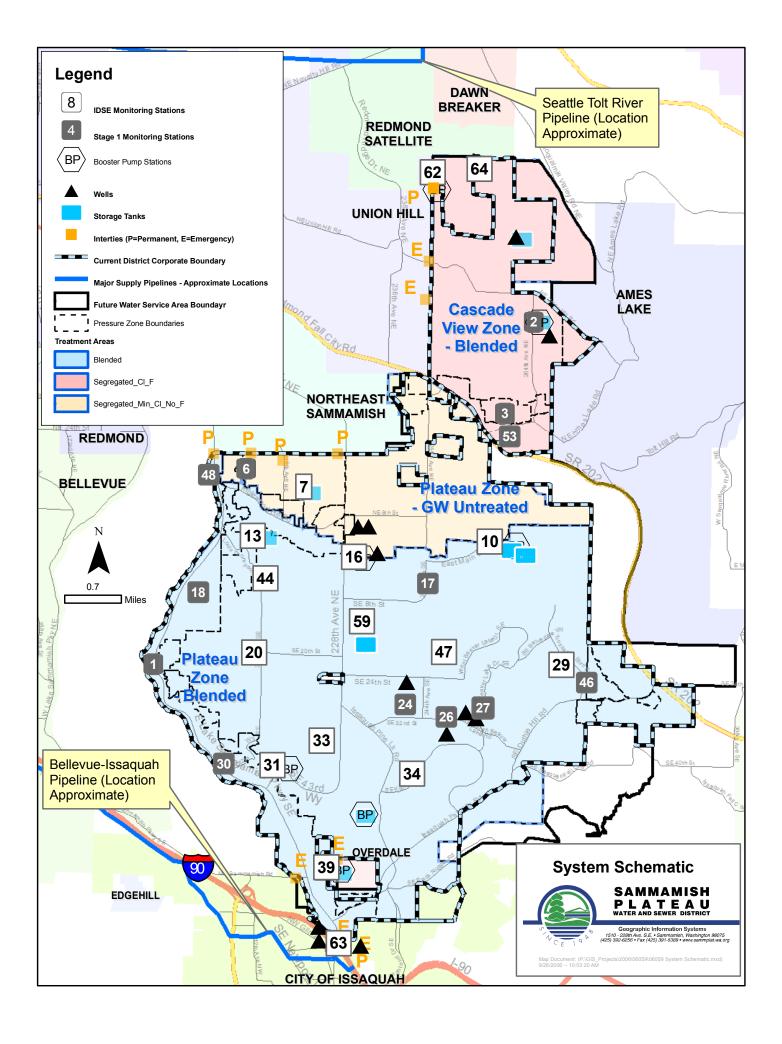
Mailing Address:

STAGE2 DBPR US EPA-IPMC PO Box 98 Dayton, OH 45401-0098 E-mail Address:

stage2mdbp@epa.gov

Sending Attachments by Mail

Enter a description of the items that will be mailed.



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Stage 1 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Rule Identified Treatment Plants and Monitoring Plan Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District Sammamish, Washington

May 16, 2005

Prepared For:

Washington State Department of Health

Northwest Regional Office

Prepared By:

SAMMAMISH PLATEAU WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT

and

CDM

11811 NE 1st Street, Suite 201 Bellevue, Washington 98005

CDM Project No. 19936-42969

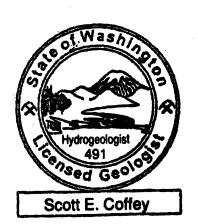
A Report Prepared For:

Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District

Stage 1 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Rule Identified Treatment Plants and Monitoring Plan Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District Sammamish, Washington

May 16, 2005

Scott E. Coffey, L.H.G Project Hydrologist



CDM

11811 N.E. 1st Street, Suite 201 Bellevue, Washington 98005

CDM Project No. 19936-42969

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Section 1 Introduction

This report presents information for Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District (System ID No. 409009) as required under the Federal Stage I Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts (DDBP) Rule and incorporated into Washington State Department of Health (DOH) drinking water regulations on April 27, 2003. The report is divided into two parts:

Part 1 - Identification of Treatment Plants

Part 2 - DDBP Monitoring Plan



Part 1

Identification of Treatment Plants

Part 1 of this report provides a brief overview of the regulatory framework of the Stage 1 DDBP rule, Sammanish Plateau Water and Sewer District's (District) water supply system, and a presentation of parameters as specified in DOH publication #331-235 used to demonstrate the grouping of individual wells within selected treatment plants.

Regulatory Overview

The Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), now administered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), was enacted over 25 years ago to regulate the public water industry and to safeguard the public health. Many of the waterborne diseases common over 100 years ago have been eliminated with the introduction of chemical disinfection. Disinfectants such as chlorine and ozone are effective in inactivating many microorganisms in our public drinking water.

Despite the numerous benefits of disinfection, several studies have indicated there is an association between the byproducts created when disinfectants combine with organic matter in water and the development of cancer in laboratory animals. In 1996 amendments to the SDWA direct the EPA to regulate the creation of disinfection byproducts.

The District's identification of Treatment Plants and DDBP Monitoring Plan presented in this report is in compliance with the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Chapter 1, Section 132, Paragraph (f).

System Overview

The District's water supply system is experiencing considerable growth and change. At the time of this report, the system is currently comprised of 14 operating groundwater wells that tap four distinct aquifer zones. The wells are over 100 feet in depth and, as demonstrated through pumping tests and water quality sampling, are out of the direct influence of surface water.

Figure 1 shows the locations of the District's active production wells and service area boundary.

Recently, the District became a member of the Cascade Water Alliance (CWA), a group comprised of eight municipalities and districts that have joined together to provide water supply to meet current and future demands. In the near future, the District is preparing to purchase water from CWA in order to meet peak demand in the summer months. The source of this water will be from Seattle Public Utilities (SPU) Tolt Reservoir Supply (System ID No. 77050Y, Source No. S02). Tolt water is surface water that SPU treats through the process of ozone disinfection, filtration, and



chlorination. SPU adds fluoride for dental health and Lime/CO₂ for pH adjustment to minimize corrosion.

When connected to this source, the District will blend it with their existing groundwater sources. **Figure 1** shows the locations of the north and south connections to this regional surface water source. The connections are currently under construction and expected to be online around spring of 2005.

Until recently, the District operated their production wells without any treatment. In 2004, the District began chlorinating their groundwater sources and adding fluoride, regardless of the well's depth, quality and separation from surface water influence. The District currently implements this in an effort to maintain consistency in taste and quality within the distribution system when the treated surface water blends with the groundwater sources in 2005.

The multiple groundwater sources each have their own treatment system. **Table 1** provides a summary of treatment at each of the District's ground and surface water sources. The table indicates that, apart from the low chlorine & fluoride free area supplied by District wells 4, 4R, 11.1, and 11.2, the treatment process will be similar at all of the groundwater sources. **Appendix A** presents the DOH source treatment forms detailing the treatment processes in place at each production well.

Table 1 - District Source Treatment Summary

			Source	e Treat	ment	
Well	DOH Source #	Chlorination	pH adjustment	Fluoridation	Filtration	Ozonation
1R	S01	Х	Х	Х		
2.1 ⁽¹⁾	S02	х	Х	Х	Х	
2.2 ⁽¹⁾	S15	х	Х	Х	Х	
10	S11	Х	Х	Х		
7 ⁽¹⁾	S06	х	Х	Х		
8 ⁽¹⁾	S07	х	Х	Х		
9 ⁽¹⁾	S13	Х	Х	Х		
SPU South	77050Y - S02	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ
4	S04	x ⁽²⁾				
4R	S17	x ⁽²⁾	х			
11.1 ⁽¹⁾	S14	x ⁽²⁾				
11.2 ⁽¹⁾	S12	x ⁽²⁾				
12R	S16	Χ		Χ	Х	
13	S09	Х		Х	Х	
14	S10	Χ		Χ		
SPU North	77050Y - S02	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ

Notes:



^{(1) -} Sources are blended and treated at one treatment plant location prior to distribution

^{(2) -} Low chlorine dose for taste and odor control

Source Grouping

Although the District has 14 actively treated groundwater sources, many of these wells tap the same aquifer and can expect to present similar reactions to disinfection and the formation of Disinfection Byproducts (DBPs). The text below presents DOH criteria used to group these 14 wells and future blending of SPU Tolt surface water into the following three Treatment Plants:

Treatment Plant 1 (TP1) Plateau and Cascade View Shallow/Zone II Aquifer blended with SPU water

Treatment Plant 2 (TP2) Intermediate Zone III/Deep Zone IV Aquifers blended with SPU water

Treatment Plant 3 (TP3) Valley Aquifer System blended with SPU water

Well Construction

Table 2 provides a summary of well construction information for each of the District production wells in addition to the designated aquifer (discussed below) each well taps. Complete well log reports for each of the District's wells are included in **Appendix B**.

Table 2 - District Production Well Construction Data

Well	Location	Year Constructed	Wellhead Elevation (ft-msl)	Completion Depth (ft)	Screen Diameter (inches)	Pumping Capacity (gpm)	Aquifer Zone
1R	24100 SE 28th Street	1984	465	137-147	12	500	II
2	25400 SE 31st Place	1968	414	96-116	12	500	11
2.2	25401 SE 31st Place	1996	414	150-175	16	500	II
4	23050 Main Street	1970	352	390-400	12	750	IV
4R	23050 Main Street	2004	352	710-845	12	_ (1)	IV
7	6503 East Lake Sammamish Parkway	1984	70	83-147	14	2,000	Valley B
8	6651 East Lake Sammamish Parkway	1984	73	105-179	14	3,500	Valley B
9	940 1st AVE NE	1991	75.5	194-219	24	2,300	Valley C
10	25025 SE 32nd Street	1993	418	135-183	10	700	II
11.1	400 228th AVE SE	1993	355	409-486	6	500	III
11.2	400 228th AVE SE	1993	355	655-880	8	2000	IV
12R	26410 NE 50th Street	1999	645	135-169	12	220	II
13	26002 NE 70th Street	1990	665	865-944	6	170	IV
14	26120 NE 36th Place	1990	475	305-328	8	100	111

Notes;

 $[\]ensuremath{\text{1}}$ - Pump not installed yet. Pumping test indicates well can sustain a yield of 2,000gpm



Hydrogeology

Several geologic maps and reports describe the surface and subsurface geology tapped by the District's production wells. The USGS Water Resources Investigation Report 94-4082 (USGS, 1995) Geohydrology and Ground-Water Quality of East King County, describes the study area to consist primarily of unconsolidated glacial and interglacial deposits.

The USGS report and investigations conducted by the District indicate the District wells tap the following two distinct aquifer systems:

- 1 Plateau & Cascade View Aquifer System
- 2 Issaquah Valley Aquifer System

Plateau & Cascade View Aquifer System

Figure 2 is a schematic cross section showing hydrostratigraphic units for the Plateau and Cascade View aquifer system.

Four of the units are designated aquifer zones. These zones are comprised of saturated to partially saturated permeable sand and gravel deposits designated by Roman Numerals, with "I" being the shallowest and "IV" the deepest. Separating these aquifer units are three intervening aquitards of lower permeable sediments that are predominantly clay and silt. These units overlie Tertiary Bedrock comprised predominantly of siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate. **Table 3** describes these aquifers and the intervening aquitards in detail.

The two uplands (Plateau and Cascade View) share similar stratigraphy, but are separated topographically by Evans and Patterson Creek valleys. The schematic illustrates where these stream valleys truncate the shallower aquifer zones designated I and II.

The District's production wells in this aquifer system tap zones II, III, and IV. There are no District wells completed in Zone I because the aquifer is unconfined in areas, and locally in direct hydraulic connection to Plateau wetlands and surface waters. The aquifer and aquitard geometries are shown with District well locations by eastwest (Figure 3) and northwest-southeast (Figure 4) cross sections through the District's Plateau and Cascade View areas.

Hydraulic Connection

Water level records from monitoring wells completed with multiple piezometers, such as those in PT-3, indicate a significant hydraulic separation between Aquifer Zone II and the deeper zones III and IV (**Figure 5**). Water level records in monitoring wells completed in both zone III and IV, such as Well 6 show some hydraulic connection (**Figure 6**).



Table 3 - Characteristics of Geohydrologic Units in the Plateau and Cascade View Aquifer System

Geohydrologic Unit	Geohydrologic Unit Label	Aquifer/ Aquitard Zone	Lithologic Characteristics	Location	Hydrologic Characteristics
Alluvium	Qal		Consists of unconsolidated silt, sand, and gravel deposited by streams and along lake shores since the end of the Vashon Glaciation. These deposits may range from 1 to 30 or more feet thick.	Snoqualmie and Evans/Patterson Creek Valley and along the Lake Sammamish shoreline.	Highly variable permeability, ranging from moderate to high.
Vashon Recessional Outwash	Qvr	Zone I	Comprises highly permeable unconsolidated sand and gravel deposited by retreating ice of the Vashon Glaciation. These deposits may be up to 70 feet thick in some areas of the Plateau.	Inglewood Channel, North Fork Valley, Central Portions of the Sammamish Plateau and Ames Lake area	Aquifer where saturated, mostly unconfined. Perched conditions occur locally. Examples - Ames, Beaver, Pine & Yellow Lakes
Vashon Till	Qvt	Aquitard	Low permeable, highly consolidated, silty gravel and sandy silt, locally referred to as hardpan. Deposited at the base of the Vashon Ice sheet and compressed by the weight of the overlying glacier. This unit is typically 10 to 30 feet thick and rarely more than 50 feet thick.	It is present at ground surface across much of the upland areas in the model and underlies the recessional outwash in some places on the Plateau.	Confining bed, but can slowly transmit some water vertically and horizontally
Vashon Advance Outwash	Qva	Zone II	Moderately permeable, highly consolidated, silty sand and gravel deposited by meltwater of the advancing Vashon Ice Sheet. The Advance Outwash was compacted after deposition by the overlying glacier. It is commonly 100 to 200 feet thick and can be separated by a discontinuous blue-gray silt that ranges between 10 to 30 feet thick.	Vashon Advance Outwash underlies most of the uplands including, the Plateau and Cascade View/Ames Lake areas. This unit outcrops along the steep slopes around the margins of the upland areas.	Principal aquifer in terms of use. Groundwater mostly confined by the overlying Till



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Table 3 - Characteristics of Geohydrologic Units in the Plateau and Cascade View Aquifer System (cont.)

Geohydrologic Unit	Geohydrologic Unit Label	Aquifer/ Aquitard Zone	Lithologic Characteristics	Location	Hydrologic Characteristics
Transitional Beds	Q(A)f / Qtb	Aquitard	Low permeable silt and clay beds typically deposited in lakes prior to the Vashon Glaciation. The transition beds are as thick as 150 feet in the model area.	The transition beds outcrop on the steep slopes along the upland areas where they underlie the Vashon Advance Outwash.	Confining bed, but can yield and transmit water
Olympia Beds	Q(A)c / QoI	Zone III	Moderately permeable sands and gravels interbedded with silt and were deposited by streams during nonglacial times. Formation thickness, where exposed in the upland edges, can be greater than 100 feet.	They outcrop on the steep slopes of the upland areas and extend beneath the uplands and alluvium in the valleys. Known in some areas as the "Sea Level" aquifer because it is commonly present at this elevation	Principal aquifer in terms of use. Groundwater is confined.
Lower fine- grained unit	Q(B)f	Aquitard	Clay, silt, and till with some sand and gravel. Formation thickness can be greater than 200 feet thick	Present beneath the sea level aquifer (Zone III). Believed to underlie Lake Sammamish in most areas.	Confining bed, but can yield and transmit water
Lower coarse- grained unit	Q(B)c	Zone IV upper	Sand and gravel with minor clay and silt. Formation thickness is between 100 and 200 feet in most areas.	Present under central portions of the Sammamish Plateau and north to Union Hill, Cascade View, and Ames Lake areas.	An aquifer where saturated. Groundwater is confined. Tapped by few wells. Known wells are SPWSD 4, and 5
Deepest unconsolidated and undifferentiated deposits	Q(C)	Zone IV Iower	Unconsolidated deposits of largely unknown lithology. Formation thickness where found is greater than 200 feet thick	Present under central portions of the Sammamish Plateau and north to Union Hill, Cascade View, and Ames Lake areas.	Hydraulically connected to Zone IV upper. Unit encountered in few wells - NE Samm TW-1, SPWSD 6.2 and 11.2,
Tertiary Bedrock	Br	Base/Bound ary	Adesite with minor amounts of basalt and diorite, and some sandstone, siltstone, and conglomerate.	Present at the surface along the eastern (Cascade foothills) and southern (Grand Ridge) boundaries	Water contained in fractures and joints, but most well yields are relatively small.

Table modified from USGS Water Resources Investigations Report 94-4082



Due to the significant hydraulic separation between Zone II and the deeper aquifer zones (III & IV), Zone II wells are grouped into one treatment plant (TP1) for DBP monitoring. Because of their demonstrated hydraulic connection and water quality similarities (demonstrated below), district wells completed in aquifer Zones III and IV will be included into Treatment Plant 2 (TP2) for DBP monitoring.

Valley Aquifer System

During the last glacial advance (between 20,000 and 10,000 years ago), ice entered the Sammamish Valley from the north, reversed the drainage and enlarged ancestral Lake Sammamish. High-energy streams seasonally entered the valley from the east through meltwater channels, such as Inglewood and North Fork channels, and built coarse-grained sand and gravel deltas into the lake. These sediments are interbedded with finer-grained lake silts deposited during cold-season low runoff. These silt layers confine groundwater, acting as aquitards that separate the coarse-grained highly productive aquifers of the valley aquifer system.

The District wells completed in the Issaquah Valley Aquifer System tap zones designated A, B and C. **Figure 7** shows these zones and the District's well completions in a north-south cross section.

The aquitard layers within the Valley Aquifer System are not as thick or extensive as those within the Plateau and Cascade View Aquifer System. As a result, the aquitards provide some hydraulic separation, but allow a greater degree of communication between each of the three zones.

Hydraulic Connection

Figure 8 shows over ten years of water level records for monitoring well VT-1 which the cross-section (**Figure 7**) illustrates has completions in all three valley aquifer zones.

Seasonal water level fluctuations recorded for all three aquifer zones are similar which verify their hydraulic connection. Because of this hydraulic connection and the water quality similarities between each of the aquifer zones (demonstrated below), all three zones are considered as one aquifer and will be represented by Treatment Plant 3 (TP3) for DBP sampling purposes.

Water Quality

The following tables (**Tables 4 through 6**) show water quality parameters specific to those outlined in DOH PUB #331-235 used to support grouping the District's groundwater wells into the three treatment plants identified above. Parameters showing similar levels between the well groupings are highlighted in yellow.



Table 4 - Water Quality Data for Sources Included in Treatment Plant 1

Well	DOH Source #	Aquifer Zone	Temperature Annual Range (Celcius)	pH range	Specific Conductivity (umhos/cm)	Calcium (mg/L)	Magnesium (mg/L)	lron (mg/L)	Manganese (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	Chloride (mg/L)	TOC (mg/L)
1R	S01	Ш	10.0 - 11.1	6.6-7.1	155	19.2	11	ND	ND	6.5	ND	82	ND	0.7
2.1	S02	Ш	10.2 - 11.1	6.6-7.1	160	21.6	10	ND	0.034	8.1	7.9	65	5.7	NA
2.2	S15	ll ll	9.8 - 11.1	6.6-7.1	165.5	15	4.8	ND	0.086	5	8	70	3	NA
10	S11	Ш	10.2 - 11.1	7.0-8.3	130	15.2	5.4	ND	ND	4.3	ND	60	ND	NA
12R	S16	II	9.7-11.0	6.6-7.0	154	23	8.5	ND	0.135	8.2	26.3	90	ND	NA
SPU	?	-	5.0-20	7.9-8.3	67.3	28.2	0.4	0.014	ND	1.11	1.4	29.9	2.5	1.08

Notes

- Water Quality results collected from Table 3-5 of SPWSD Comprehensive Plan and additional samples collected from 1994 through 2004 for ASR pilot testing

- Water Quality results showing similarities within designated treatment plant group

- Not Analyzed

Table 5 - Water Quality Data for Sources Included in Treatment Plant 2

Well	DOH Source #	Aquifer Zone	Temperature Annual Range (Celcius)	Нd	Specific Conductivity (umhos/cm)	Calcium (mg/L)	Magnesium (mg/L)	lron (mg/L)	Manganese (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	Chloride (mg/L)	TOC (mg/L)
4	S04	IV	9.2 - 11.7	7.3-8.2	146	18	4.2	ND	0.05	7.4	ND	61	ND	NA
4R	S17	IV	9.2 - 11.7	7.3-8.2	156	18	3.8	ND	0.03	6	ND	61	ND	NA
11.1	S14	Ξ	10.1-12	7.0-7.8	162	19	5.7	0.25	ND	6.7	3.6	77	2.3	NA
11.2	S12	IV	10-11.7	7.5-8.6	148	18	6	ND	0.03	6.7	1	70	2	NA
13	S09	IV	NA	7.8-8.4	155	17	5.8	ND	0.05	9.6	ND	67.5	ND	NA
14	S10	III	NA	7.6	140	11	4.4	ND	0.05	6.8	21	45	ND	NA
SPU	?	-	5.0-20	7.9-8.3	67.3	28.2	0.4	0.014	ND	1.11	1.4	29.9	2.5	1.08

Notes

- Water Quality results collected from Table 3-5 of SPWSD Comprehensive Plan and additional samples collectedf from 1994 through 2004 for ASR pilot testing.

- Water Quality results showing similarities within designated treatment plant group

Not Analyzed

Table 6 - Water Quality Data for Sources Included in Treatment Plant 3

Well	DOH Source #	Aquifer Zone	Temperature Annual Range (Celcius)	Нd	Specific Conductivity (umhos/cm)	Calcium (mg/L)	Magnesium (mg/L)	lron (mg/L)	Manganese (mg/L)	Sodium (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	Chloride (mg/L)	TOC (mg/L)
7	S06	Valley B	9.8-13.9	6.5-6.9	170	15	6.5	ND	ND	8.2	8.7	73	ND	NA
8	S07	Valley B	10.1-13.9	6.4-7.0	180	15	7	ND	ND	9.7	7.7	76	ND	NA
9	S13	Valley C	10.1-13.9	6.5-7.1	160	16	5.4	ND	ND	8.5	7	68	ND	NA
SPU	?		5.0-20	7.9-8.3	67.3	28.2	0.4	0.014	ND	1.11	1.4	29.9	2.5	1.08

Notes

- Water Quality results collected from Table 3-5 of SPWSD Comprehensive Plan and additional samples collectedf from 1994 through 2004 for ASR pilot testing

- Water Quality results showing similarities within designated treatment plant group

NA - Not Analyzed

The tables generally indicate the wells grouped into the three treatment plants draw from the same aquifer, or aquifers with similar water characteristics. Given the similarities shown in natural water quality it is likely that the grouped wells will have similar reaction to treatment and blending with SPU surface water in the formation of DBPs. ¹

Treatment Plant Identification

Table 7 lists the District's production wells that currently supply their service area including the SPU connection proposed to blend with these sources in the future. Based on the District's distribution system and the criteria addressed above, the table identifies the source groups for each of the three identified Treatment Plants. DDBP monitoring for these treatment plants is describe in the following section and will provide the best representation of DBP formation from the treated groundwater and

¹ Some exceptions are due to localized water quality characteristics.



surface water sources managed by the District under the Stage I DDBP rule (40 CFR 141.132(b)).

Table 7 - SPWSD System Sources and Associated Treatment Plants

Well	DOH Source #	Aquifer Zone ⁽²⁾	Treatment Plant ⁽³⁾
1R	S01		
2.1	S02		
2.2	S15	Shallow (Zone II)	TP-1
10	S11		
12R	S16		
4	S04	Deep (Zone IV)	
4R	S17	Deep (Zone IV)	
11.1 ⁽¹⁾	S14	Intermediate (Zone III)	TP-2
11.2 ⁽¹⁾	S12	Deep (Zone IV)	17-2
13	S09	Deep (Zone IV)	
14 ⁽⁴⁾	S10	Intermediate (Zone III)	
7 ⁽²⁾	S06		
8 ⁽²⁾	S07	Valley Aquifer System	TP-3
9 ⁽²⁾	S13		
SPU South	(77050Y-S02)		TP-1 & TP-2 (5)
SPU North	(77050Y-S02)		TP-1 & TP-3 (5)

Notes:

- (1) Sources are blended and treated at one treatment plant location prior to distribution
- (2) Known productive hydrostratigraphic zones that comprise the Plateau and Valley Aquifer systems
- (3) Designated Treatment Plants based on similarities in Well Construction, Geology and Water Quality
- (4) Well 14 is rarely pumped, a majority of it's water rights were transferred to other nearby, more productive wells
- (5) SPU water will be blended with groundwater sources grouped into the identified treatment plants



Part 2

DDBP Monitoring Plan

System Name: Sammamish Plateau Water & Sewer District

PWSID#: 409009

Type of System: Groundwater and future SPU Tolt Surface Water

Population of System: >10,000 Date: 12/22/04

Completed by: SPWSD & CDM

The District' DDBP monitoring plan is maintained and available for review by DOH and the general public. The plan complies with the requirements outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Chapter 1, Section 132, Paragraph (f) which includes the following:

- Specific locations and schedules for collecting the DDBP parameters that represent the entire distribution system.
- A description on how the compliance is calculated with regard to treatment technique, maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and maximum residual disinfectant levels (MRDLs).

Part 1 above presents the information and analysis for grouping District well sources and future SPU surface water blending into three identified treatment plants. **Table 8** presents a summary of these treatment plants and associated wells. Treated SPU Tolt surface water will blend with all of the well groups and shows as a source for all three treatment plants.

Table 8 - Treatment Plant Sources

Treatment Plant	Sources
TP1	1(S01), 2.1(S02), 2.2 (S15), 10 (S11), 12R (S16) & SPU Tolt Water
TP2	4(S04), 4R(S17), 11.1(S14), 11.2(S12), 13(S09), 14(S10) & SPU Tolt Water
TP3	7(S06), 8(S07), 9(S13) & SPU Tolt Water

Disinfection Monitoring and Compliance

■ The District and CWA/SPU, when connected, will work together to ensure compliance with sample collection, analysis, and report submittal to DOH. SPU will continue to analyze and report sampling results to DOH before the Tolt water is delivered to the District's service connection.



■ **Figure 9** shows the locations of the District's current coliform sampling stations. The District will monitor the 60 stations over a one month period. Each week the District samples a select group of the 60 stations based on the following color code on the map:

Green - Week 1 Yellow - Week 2 Blue - Week 3 Red - Week 4

As shown, the station groups are widely distributed throughout the District's service area for representative system sampling every week.

For disinfection monitoring, the District will analyze chlorine residuals and pH levels in the field when each of the coliform samples are collected. The District will tabulate and submit this field data using the DOH Distribution System Report Form with the laboratory coliform results to DOH within 10 days of the end of the reporting month. An example of this form is included in **Appendix B**.

Maximum contaminant level (MCL) compliance of disinfection residuals will be based on a running annual average (RAA) over the past 12 months. MRDL for chlorine and chloramines is 4.0 mg/L. However, the District expects to maintain a residual no more than 0.2 mg/L.

Byproduct Monitoring and Compliance

As with the Disinfection monitoring, SPU will continue to analyze and report sampling results to DOH for MCL compliance of Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM), the five Haloacetic Acids (HAA5), and Bromate formation before delivering Tolt water to the District's service connection. The District will sample for TTHM, HAA5, Bromide, and TOC quarterly at the sampling stations shown on **Figure 9** for each treatment plant. **Table 9** lists the Treatment plants and the representative sample stations where DBP monitoring will occur.

Table 9 - DBP Monitoring Stations and Schedule

Treatment Plant	TTHM & HAA5 Sampling Station (1)	Residence	Sampling Schedule
	24	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	26	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
TP1	27	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	46	Maximum	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	2	Maximum	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	6	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
TP2	3	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	17	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	53	Maximum	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	1	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
TP3	18	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
1173	30	Average	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct
	48	Maximum	Quarterly - Jan, April, July, Oct

Notes:

^{1 -} See figure 9 for sampling station location



As discussed in Part 1, the District expects DBP formation for Well 12, completed in the shallow aquifer in the Cascade View area, to be similar and represented by the stations supplied by wells completed in the shallow aquifer on the Plateau. However, the District will collect an extra sample representing maximum residence time (MRT) for Treatment Plant 1 (TP1) in this area to cover possible differences in reaction to treatment and future blending of SPU surface water from the north connection. The sampling station (Station #2) is located at the Well 12R storage tank.

The District will summarize and submit analytical results of the 13 samples to DOH in quarterly reports that will include:

- Sample date and location for DBP results
- Quarterly arithmetic average
- Running annual averages for HAA5 and TTHM based on the previous four quarters for each source (RAA of quarterly averages that exceed the MCL are in violation)
- Whether or not results exceed the MCL for each DDBP parameter as shown on Table 10.

Table 10 - MRDLs and MCLs for the Stage 1 D/DBP Rule

Disinfectant	MRDL	MCL	MCLGs	Based on
Chlorine	4.0 mg/L			Running Annual Average
Disinfectant Byproduct				
HAA5		0.060 mg/L		Running Annual Average
Monochloroacetic acid Dichloroacetic acid Trichloroacetic acid Monobromoacetic acid Dibromoacetic acid			0.00 0.30 mg/L - -	
TTHM		0.080 mg/L		Running Annual Average
Bromodichloromethance Dibromochloromethane Tribromomethane (Bromoform) Trichloromethane (Chloroform)				
Bromate		0.010 mg/L	0.00	Running Annual Average

MRDL - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level
MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level
MCLGs - Maximum Contaminant Level Goals

Reduced Monitoring Qualifications

For conservative purposes and until more sophisticated modeling of the distribution system is performed, the District will consider surface water to be present within the system to some degree throughout the year and will comply with the reduced monitoring criteria for surface water sources, even though the source water present in the Distribution system during the late spring, summer and early fall seasons will be mainly groundwater.



Table 11 shows the criteria necessary for the Department of Health to consider the District qualified for reduced monitoring. If the District meets these criteria they may apply to reduce DBP monitoring to 1 sample, per treatment plant, per year. This will reduce monitoring efforts from 52 samples collected annually for both THM and HAA5 to 13.

Table 11 also shows TOC monitoring and reduction criteria. The District will collect monthly treated source water TOC (a DBP precursor) and Bromate, a potential DBP contaminant created from SPU ozone treatment. The District will obtain both TOC and Bromide levels from Seattle Public Utilities for calculating running annual averages and quarterly samples at each of the two interties to determine if they qualify for reduced TOC and Bromate monitoring.

Table 11 - Reduced Monitoring

Parameter	Criteria	Standard Monitoring Frequency	Reduced Frequency
Chlorine Residuals	No Reductions Allowed	Monthly	Not Applicable
TTHM and HAA5	< or = 50% MCLs (RAA) & TOC < or = 4.0 mg/L (RAA)	4/plant/QTR (TTHM & HAA5)	1/plant/QTR
тос	TOC < 1.0 mg/L 1YR TOC < 2.0 mg/L 2 YRS	Monthly (RAA) (obtained from SPU) Checked Quarterly at Interties	1/plant/QTR
Bromate	Bromide < 0.05 mg/L 1YR	Monthly (RAA) (obtained from SPU) Checked Quarterly at Interties	1/plant/QTR



Distribution

2 Copies Office of Drinking Water - NW Regional Office

Washington State Department of Health

20435 72nd Ave S Kent, WA 98032

Attention: Jolyn Leslie, PE, Regional Engineer

2 Copies Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer District

1510 228th Ave SE Sammamish, WA 98027

Attention: Ron Little, PE, Manager



Figures

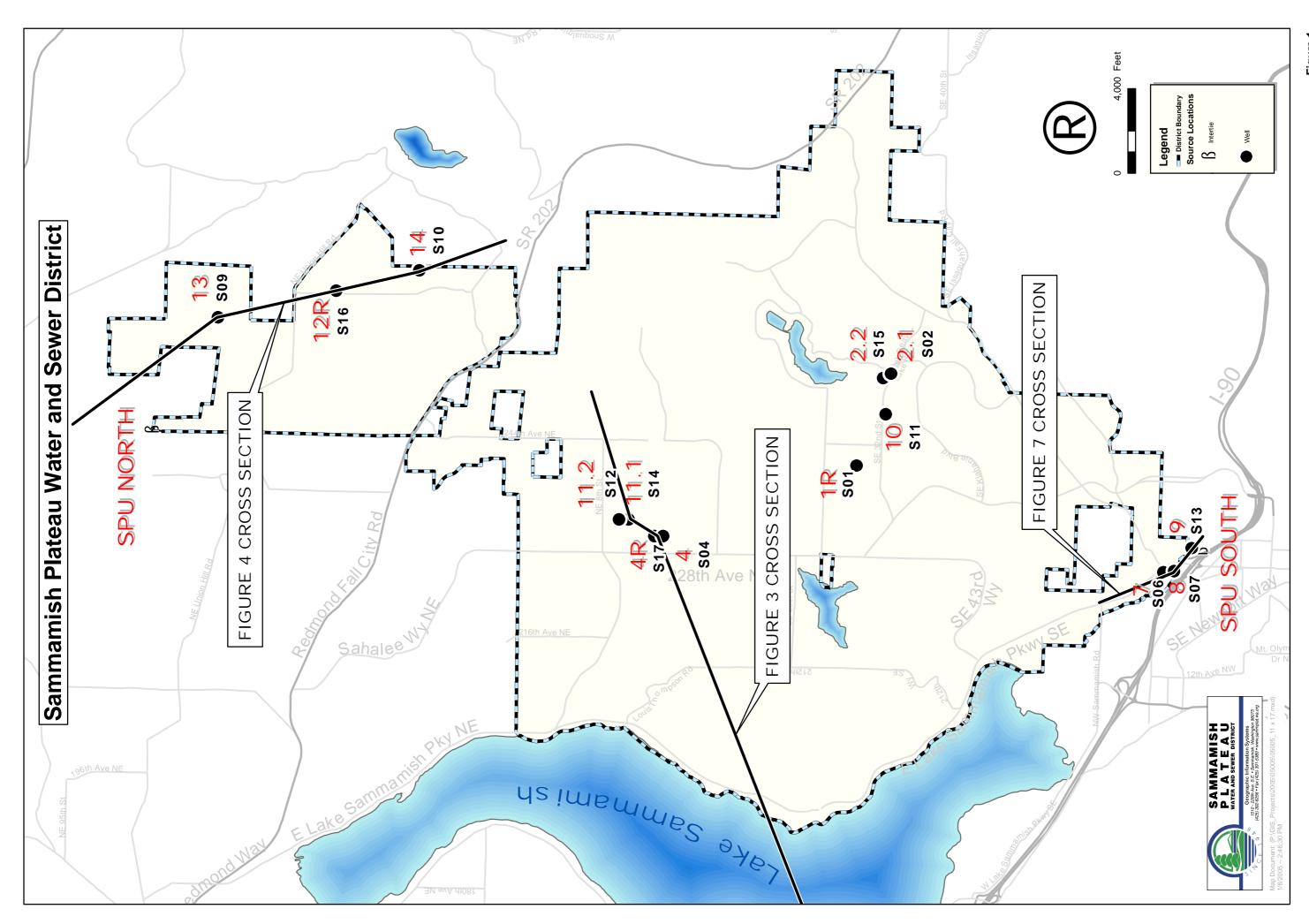
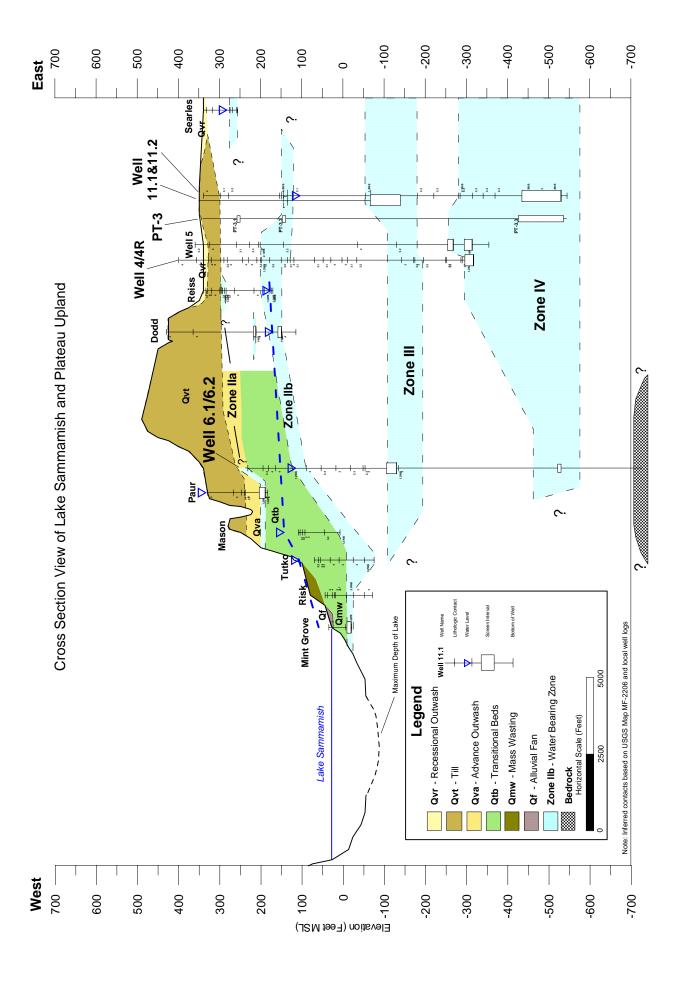


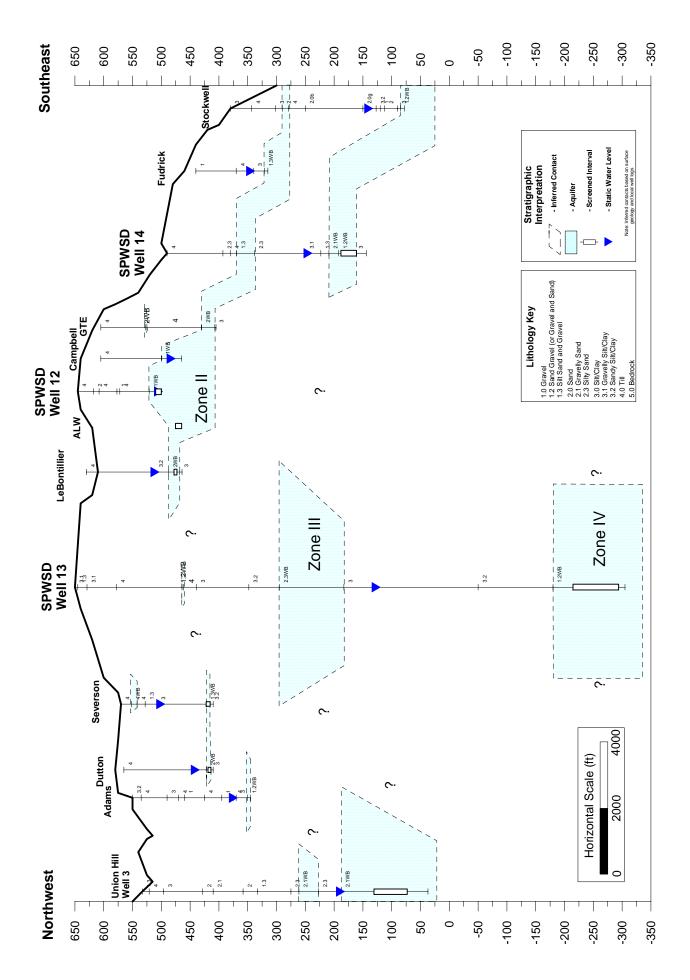
Figure 1
District Sources Treatment Locations

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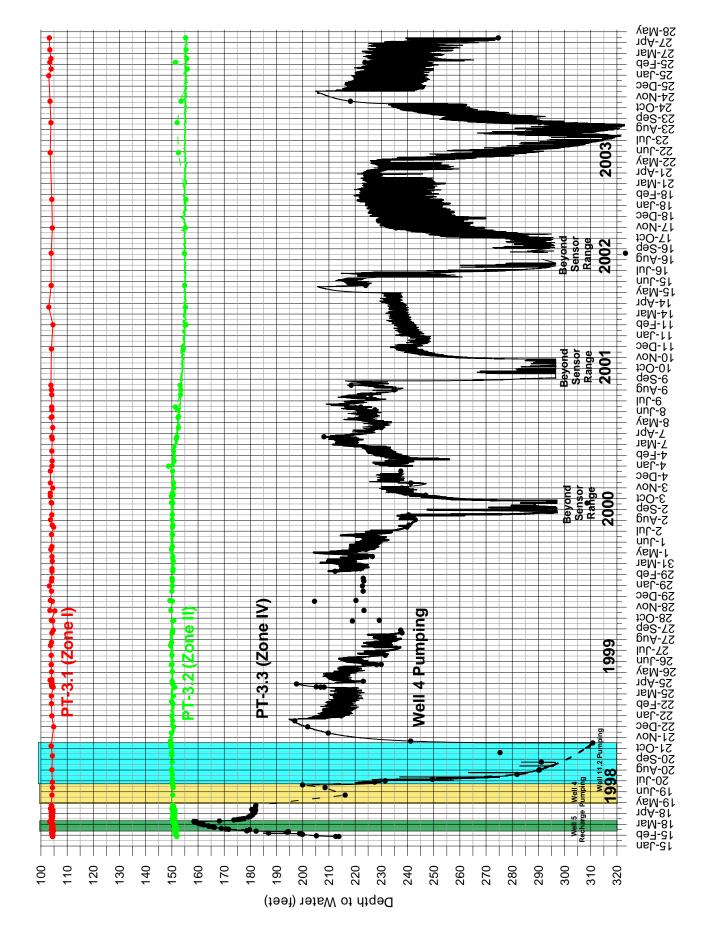


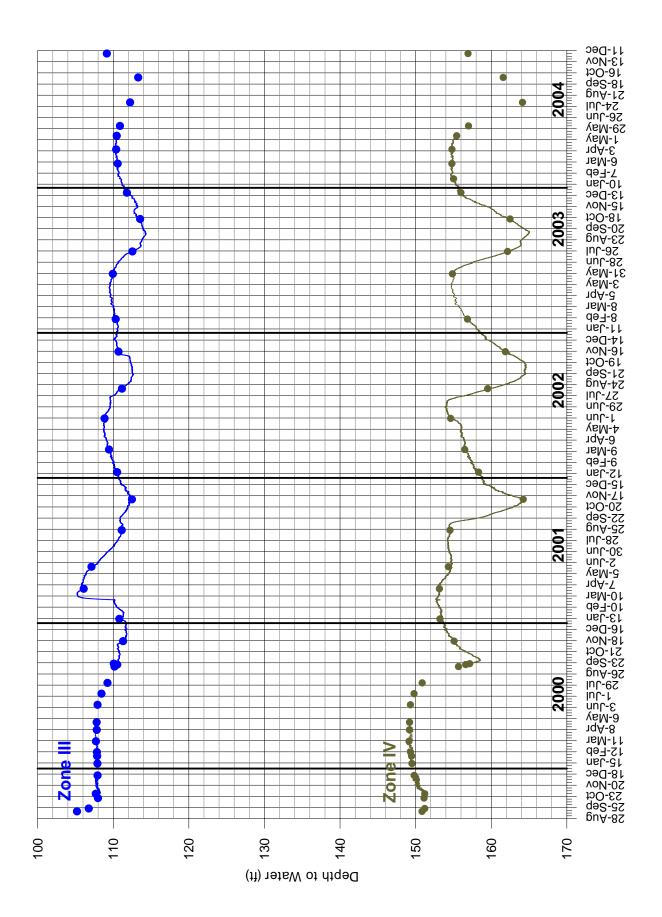


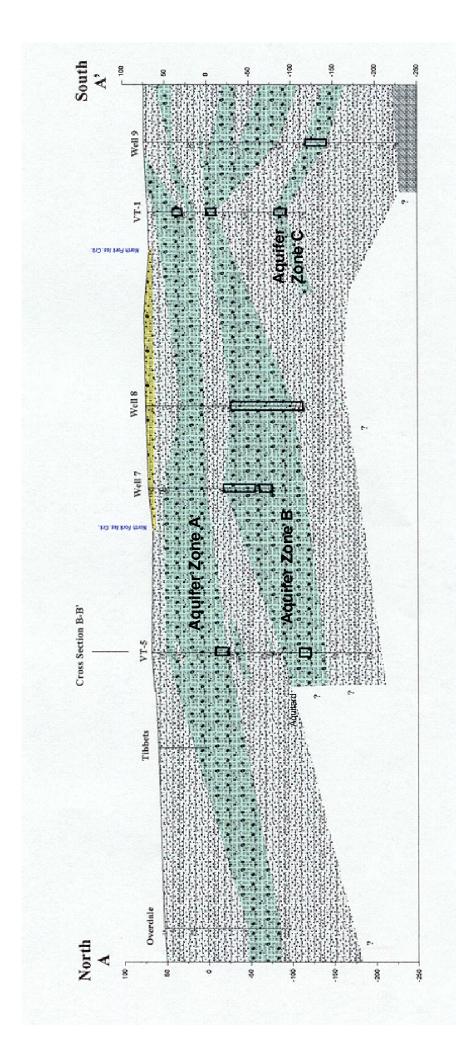




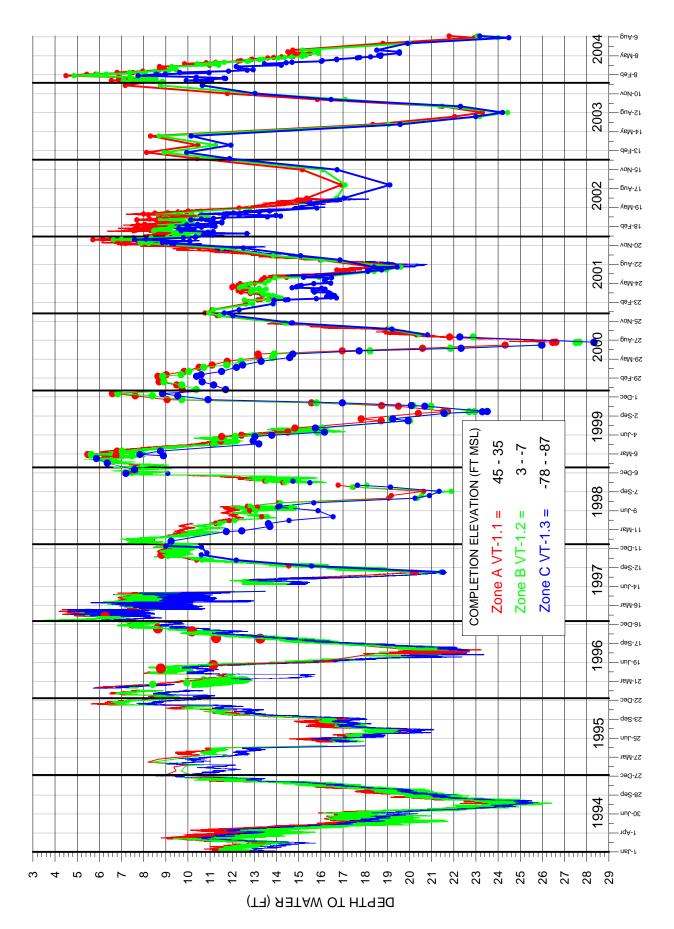












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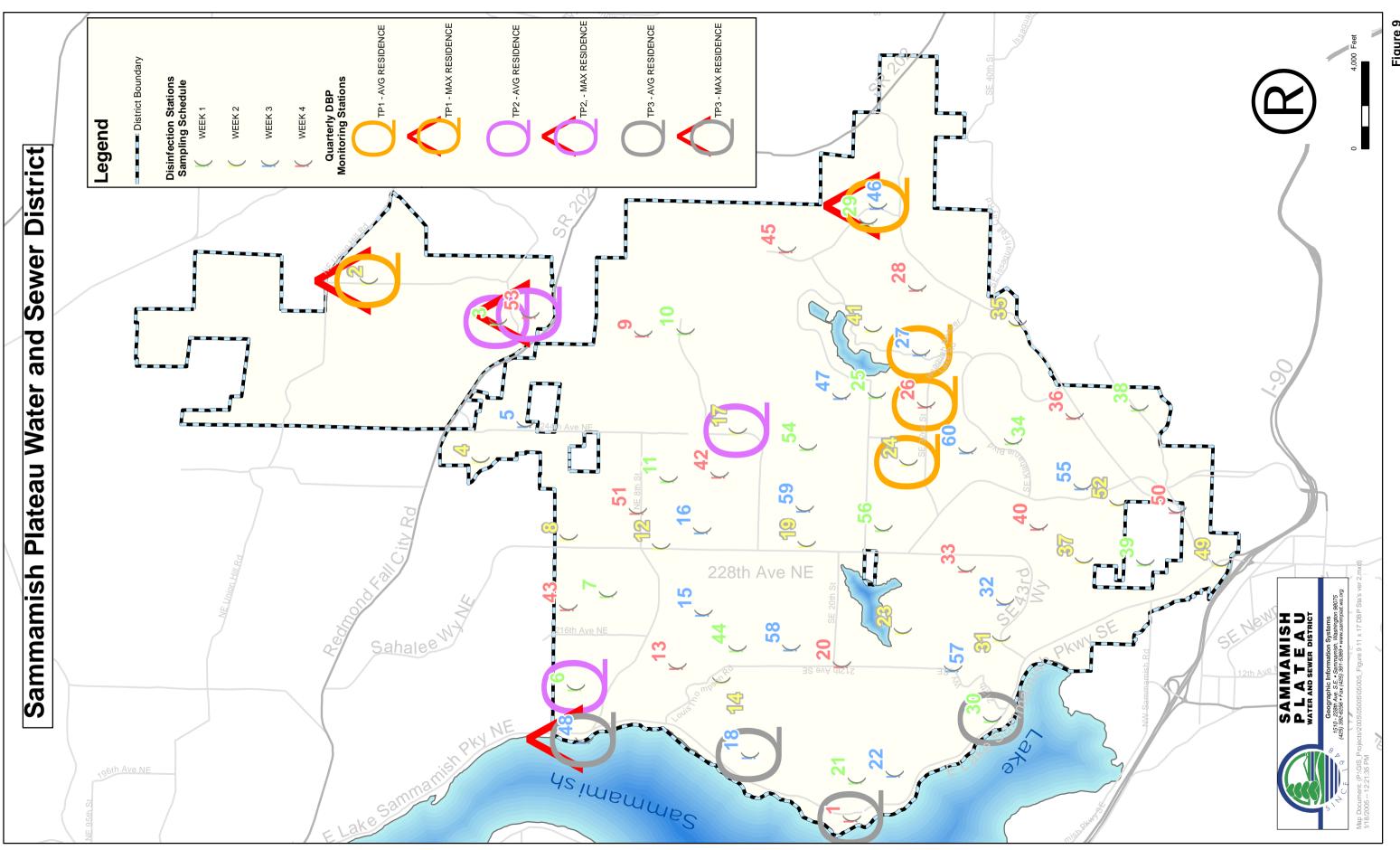
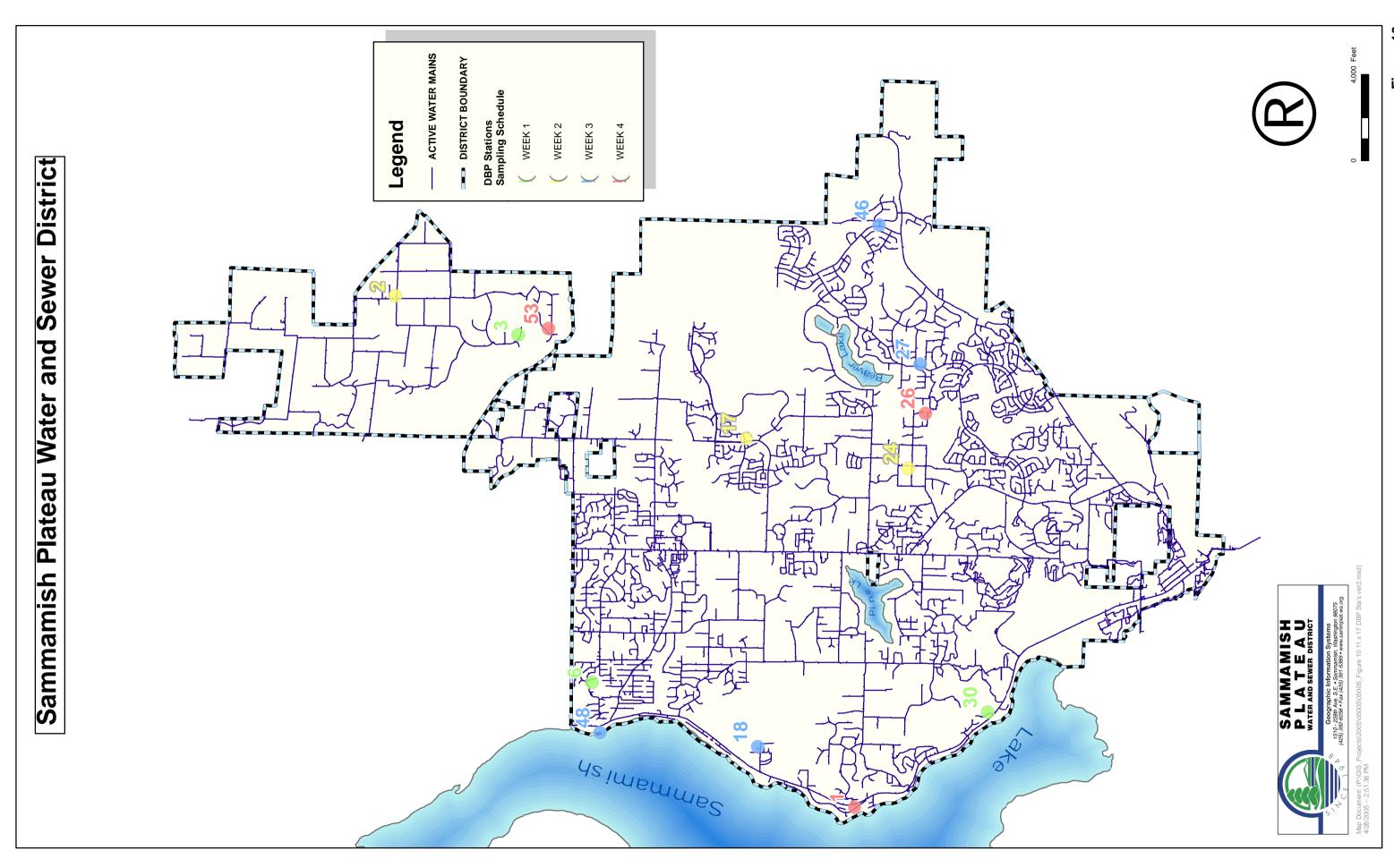


Figure 9
DBP Monitoring Stations and Schedules



$Appendix\ A$

DOH Source Treatment Forms



Source Name: Well 1R Source Number: (S01)

Process ABCDEFGHIJ

CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE >

On-Site Electrolytic Chlorination up to 0.8%

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION

RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT x NaOH

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION Operating x last quarter of 2004

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL

C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)

D = IRON & MANĜANESE REMOVAL

E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL

F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION

G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL

H = INORGANICS REMOVAL

I = CORROSION CONTROL

J = DENTAL HEALTH

Source Treatment – Sammamish Plateau Source Name: Well 2

Source Number: (S02)

	WIND WHEN PERSON WHEN STEED STEEDS AND DESCRIPTION	
Process A CHLORAMINES	BCDEFGHIU	
CHLORINATION, GASEOUS		
CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE X	On-Site Electrolyti Chlorinatio up to 0.8%	on
CHLORINE DIOXIDE	ap to v.o.	
IODINATION		ļ
OZONATION		
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION		
RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER		
COAGULATION		
FLOCCULATION		
SEDIMENTATION		
FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE		
FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH		
FILTRATION, GREENSAND		
FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND	X Post Chlorinati	on
FILTRATION, RAPID SAND		
FILTRATION, SLOW SAND		
PH ADJUSTMENT	X NaOH	
ION EXCHANGE		
LIME-SODA SOFTENING		
AERATION/AIR STRIPPING		
PERMANGANATE		
ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR		
ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED		
REVERSE OSMOSIS		
DISTILLATION		
ELECTRODIALYSIS		
SEQUESTRATION		
CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA		
FLUORIDATION	Operating X Last Quar of 2004	
REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS	0.200	
SLUDGE TREATMENT		
OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES		
A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL) D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATIO G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL H = INORGANICS REMOVAL	N	

Source Treatment – Sammamish Plateau Source Name: Well 2.2 (a.k.a. 2R) Source Number: (S14)

Process / CHLORAMINES	ABCDEFGHIJ	
CHLORINATION, GASEOUS		
CHEORINATION, GASEOUS	On-Site	
CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE >	X X Electrol Chlorin up to 0.	ytic ation
CHLORINE DIOXIDE	•	
IODINATION		
OZONATION		
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION		
RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER		
COAGULATION		
FLOCCULATION		
SEDIMENTATION		
FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE		
FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH		-
FILTRATION, GREENSAND		
FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND	x Post Chlorin	ation
FILTRATION, RAPID SAND		
FILTRATION, SLOW SAND		
PH ADJUSTMENT	X NaOH	
ION EXCHANGE		
LIME-SODA SOFTENING		
AERATION/AIR STRIPPING		
PERMANGANATE		
ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR		
ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED		
REVERSE OSMOSIS		
DISTILLATION		
ELECTRODIALYSIS		
SEQUESTRATION		
CORROSION INHIBITORS -		
PHOSP/SILICA	Operati	no
FLUORIDATION	X Last Qu of 2004	ıarter
REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS		
SLUDGE TREATMENT		
OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES		
A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL) D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINAT G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL H = INORGANICS REMOVAL	ION	

Source Name: Well 10 Source Number: (S11)

Process ABCDEFGHIJ

CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE

Chlorination up to 0.8%

On-Site Electrolytic

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT X NaOH

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION X Last Quarter

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL

C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)

D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL

E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL

F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION

G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL

H = INORGANICS REMOVAL

I = CORROSION CONTROL

J = DENTAL HEALTH

Operating

of 2004

Source Name: Well 4 Source Number: (S04)

Process ABCDEFGHIJ

CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

H2S Removal Sodium Hypochlorite

12.5%

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE Х Χ

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION

RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS

EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

- A = DISINFECTION
- B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL
 C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)
 D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL

- E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL
- F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION
- G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL
- H = INORGANICS REMOVAL
- I = CORROSION CONTROL
- J = DENTAL HEALTH

Source Treatment – Sammamish Plateau Source Name: Well 4R

Source Number: (S15)

Process	ABC	DEFG	HIJ	
CHLORAMINES				
CHLORINATION, GASEOUS				:
CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE	X	x		On-Site Electrolytic Chlorination up to 0.8%
CHLORINE DIOXIDE				up to olovo
IODINATION				
OZONATION				
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION				
RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER				
COAGULATION				
FLOCCULATION				
SEDIMENTATION				
FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE				
FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH				
FILTRATION, GREENSAND				
FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND		x	x	Post Chlorination
FILTRATION, RAPID SAND				Cinormation
FILTRATION, SLOW SAND				
PH ADJUSTMENT				
ION EXCHANGE				
LIME-SODA SOFTENING				
AERATION/AIR STRIPPING				
PERMANGANATE				
ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR				
ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED				
REVERSE OSMOSIS				
DISTILLATION				
ELECTRODIALYSIS				
SEQUESTRATION				
CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA				
FLUORIDATION				
REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS				
SLUDGE TREATMENT				
OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES				
A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL) D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINA G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL H = INORGANICS REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL				
J = DENTAL HEALTH		 		

Source Name: Well 11.1 Source Number: (S17)

Process ABCDEFGHIJ

CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

For H2S Removal; On-Site Electrolytic

Chlorination up to 0.8%

Х

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION

RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL

C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)

D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL

E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL

F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION

G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL

H = INORGANICS REMOVAL

I = CORROSION CONTROL

J = DENTAL HEALTH

Source Name: Well 11.2 Source Number: (S12)

Process ABCDEFGHIJ

CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

For H2S
removal;
On-Site
Electrolytic
Chlorination

up to 0.8%

Х

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION

RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL

C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)

D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL

E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL

F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION

G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL

H = INORGANICS REMOVAL

I = CORROSION CONTROL

J = DENTAL HEALTH

Source Name: Well 7 Source Number: (S06)

CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE

On-Site Electrolytic Chlorination up to 0.8%

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION

RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT X NaOH

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

X Last Quarter

FLUORIDATION

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

- B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL
- C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)
- D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL
- E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION
- G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL
- H = INORGANICS REMOVAL
- I = CORROSION CONTROL
- J = DENTAL HEALTH

Operating

of 2004

Source Name: Well 8 Source Number: (S07)

Process A B C D E F G H I J	 CHLORAMINES
	 Process A B C D E F G H I J

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE

On-Site Electrolytic Chlorination

up to 0.8%

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION **OZONATION**

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT X NaOH

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING **AERATION/AIR STRIPPING**

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR **ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED**

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION

Operating X Last Quarter of 2004

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL

C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)

D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL

E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL

F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION

G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL

H = INORGANICS REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL

J = DENTAL HEALTH

Source Treatment - Sammamish Plateau

Source Name: Well 9 Source Number: (S13)

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CHLORAMINES

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS

CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE X

On-Site Electrolytic Chlorination up to 0.8%

CHLORINE DIOXIDE

IODINATION

OZONATION

ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION

RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER

COAGULATION

FLOCCULATION

SEDIMENTATION

FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE

FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH

FILTRATION, GREENSAND

FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND

FILTRATION, RAPID SAND

FILTRATION, SLOW SAND

PH ADJUSTMENT

ION EXCHANGE

LIME-SODA SOFTENING

AERATION/AIR STRIPPING

PERMANGANATE

ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR

ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED

REVERSE OSMOSIS

DISTILLATION

ELECTRODIALYSIS

SEQUESTRATION

CORROSION INHIBITORS -

PHOSP/SILICA

FLUORIDATION

Operating
X Last Quarter
of 2004

X NaOH

REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR

COMPOUNDS

SLUDGE TREATMENT

OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES

A = DISINFECTION

B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL

C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)

D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL

E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL

F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION

G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL

H = INORGANICS REMOVAL

I = CORROSION CONTROL

J = DENTAL HEALTH

Source Treatment – Sammamish Plateau Source Name: Well 12R Source Number: (S16)

Process A	BCDEF	GHU	
CHLORAMINES			
CHLORINATION, GASEOUS			***************************************
CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE X	x		On-Site Electrolytic Chlorination up to 0.8%
CHLORINE DIOXIDE			-F
IODINATION			
OZONATION			
ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION			
RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER			
COAGULATION		4.	
FLOCCULATION			
SEDIMENTATION			
FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE			
FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH			
FILTRATION, GREENSAND			
FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND	Х	х	Post Chlorination
FILTRATION, RAPID SAND			Cinormation
FILTRATION, SLOW SAND			
PH ADJUSTMENT			
ION EXCHANGE			
LIME-SODA SOFTENING			
AERATION/AIR STRIPPING			
PERMANGANATE			***************************************
ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR			
ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED			
REVERSE OSMOSIS			
DISTILLATION			
ELECTRODIALYSIS			
SEQUESTRATION			ТОТО
CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA			7
FLUORIDATION			x
REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS			
SLUDGE TREATMENT			
OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES			
A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL) D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION G = DISINFECTON BY-PRODUCTS CONTROL H = INORGANICS REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL	N		
J = DENTAL HEALTH			

Source Treatment – Sammamish Plateau Source Name: Well 13

Source Number: (S09)

CHLORINATION, GASEOUS Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%; Will CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE X X Change to 0.8% during last quarter of 2004 CHLORINE DIOXIDE IODINATION ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIXIN-LINE BLENDER COAGULATION FLOCCULATION SEDIMENTATION FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH FILTRATION, GREENSAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, SEOW SAND PH ADJUSTMENT ION EXCHANGE LIME-SODA SOFTENING AERATION/AIR STRIPPING PERMANGANATE ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED REVERSE OSMOSIS DISTILLATION CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA FLUORIDATION REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS SLUDGE TREATMENT OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDINESS REMOVAL)					
CHLORINATION, GASEOUS Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%; Will Change to 0.8% during last quarter of 2004 CHLORINE DIOXIDE IODINATION OZONATION ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIXIN-LINE BLENDER COAGULATION FLOCCULATION SEDIMENTATION FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND X Post Chlorination FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, SLOW SAND PH ADJUSTMENT ION EXCHANGE LIME-SODA SOFTENING AERATION/AIR STRIPPING PERMANGANATE ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED REVERSE OSMOSIS DISTILLATION ELECTRODIALYSIS SEQUESTRATION CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA FLUORIDATION REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS SLUDGE TREATMENT OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)	Process	AB	CDEF	GHI	9
Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%; Will 12.5%; Wil	CHLORAMINES				***
CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE X X Change to 0.8% during last quarter of 2004 CHLORINE DIOXIDE IODINATION ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER COAGULATION FLOCCULATION FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND X Post Chlorination FILTRATION, SLOW SAND PH ADJUSTMENT ION EXCHANGE LIME-SODA SOFTENING AERATION/AIR STRIPPING PERMANGANATE ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED REVERSE OSMOSIS DISTILLATION CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA FLUORIDATION X REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS SLUDGE TREATMENT OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)	CHLORINATION, GASEOUS				
IODINATION OZONATION ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIX/IN-LINE BLENDER COAGULATION FLOCCULATION SEDIMENTATION FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH FILTRATION, GREENSAND FILTRATION, PRESSURE SAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, SLOW SAND PH ADJUSTMENT ION EXCHANGE LIME-SODA SOFTENING AERATION/AIR STRIPPING PERMANGANATE ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED REVERSE OSMOSIS DISTILLATION CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSP/SILICA FLUORIDATION X REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS SLUGGE TREATMENT OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES A = DISINFECTION B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)	CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE	x	x		Hypochlorite 12.5%; Will Change to 0.8% during last quarter
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B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL)					
F = TASTE/ODOR CONTROL & DECHLORINATION	B = PARTICULATE (TURBIDITY) REMOVAL C = SOFTENING (HARDNESS REMOVAL) D = IRON & MANGANESE REMOVAL E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL				

<u>Source Treatment – Sammamish Plateau</u> Source Name: Well 14

Source Name: Well 14
Source Number: (S10)

CHLORAMINES CHLORINATION, GASEOUS CHLORINATION, HYPOCHLORITE X Hypochlori 12.5% CHLORINE DIOXIDE IODINATION OZONATION ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION RAPID MIXIN-LINE BLENDER COAGULATION FLOCCULATION FILTRATION, CARTRIDGE FILTRATION, DIATOMACEOUS EARTH FILTRATION, GREENSAND FILTRATION, GREENSAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, RAPID SAND FILTRATION, SLOW SAND PH ADJUSTMENT ION EXCHANGE LIME-SODA SOFTENING AERATIONIAIR STRIPPING PERMANGANATE ACTIVATED CARBON, GRANULAR ACTIVATED CARBON, POWDERED REVERSE OSMOSIS DISTILLATION CORROSION INHIBITORS - PHOSPISILICA FLUORIDATION REDUCING AGENTS - SULFUR COMPOUNDS SULDGE TREATMENT OTHER PROCESSES/OBJECTIVES A = DISINFECTION SUSMICES REMOVAL E = ORGANICS AND COLOR REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL I = DORGRIGS REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL I = DORGRIGS REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL I = DORGRIGS REMOVAL I = CORROSION CONTROL I = CORROSION CONTRO		Source Number: (S10)	
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Appendix B

Well Logs & Distribution System Report Form



WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Start Card No.

UNIQUE	WELL	I.D.	#AAD	358
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		Water Right Permit No. 414142	···	
(1)	OWNER: Name Sammemish Platagu Water and Sever Distr	ict Address 1510 228th ave SE, Tsaquah, WA	98027	
.2)	Viran	NE NE N Sec 10 T		
• •) STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) 2910 241st Ave	= SE	≝N., R	W.M.
(3)				
(0)	☐ Irrigation ☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDU		
(4)	Trans on Marke Owner's number should	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in eawith at least one entry for each change of information.	ach structur ach stratur	e, and ahow n penetrated,
,	Abandoned New well Method: Dug Bored	MATERIAL	FROM	то
	Deepened ☐ Cable ☒ Driven ☐	Topsoil, Brown sand, Gravel, cobbles, clay		
	Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	silt	0	3
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 12 inches.	Gravel, Brown Sand, Clay	3_	17
	Drilled 159 feet. Depth of completed well 155 ft.	Brwon Sard, Gravel, Clay Gravel, Sard, Clay	17	23
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Gravel, Sand, Clay Layers	23	25
	Casing installed: 12 Diam. from +2.2 ft. to 136 ft.	Gravel, Sand, Cobbles, Grey Clay, minor silt	25 27	<u>27 ·</u>
	Welded Diam. from ft. to ft.	Sand, Gravel, Grev Clav. Minor Silt:	70	80
	Threaded Diam. from ft. to ft.	Cemented Gravel and Sand, Grev	- 70	 ~
	Perforations: Yes No 🗓	Clay, some collbes, minor silt	80	118
	Type of perforator used	Sand, Gravel, cobbjes, Clean, vater bearing		128
	SIZE of perforations in. by in.	Sand, Gravle, Cobbles, Clay, Silt, Dirty	128	138
	ft. toft.	Sand, Gravel, Minor Clay, Silt, Clean	138	143
	perforations fromft. toft.		143	149
	perforations fromft. toft.		149	150
	Screens: Yes No No Manufacturer's Name UCP Johnson	Blue Clay, Silt, Sand	150	159
	Type Telescopic Model No 304 SS Diam. 12 in. Slot size .100 from 137 ft. to 147 ft.			
	Diam			
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel			
	Gravel placed from tt. to tt.			
	——————————————————————————————————————			
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 33 ft.		*	
	Material used in seal <u>Cattent</u> Did any strate contain unusable water? Yes No X			
	Type of water?			
	Method of sealing strata off			
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name			
	Type:H.P			
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 471.57 ft. Static level 117.8 ft. below top of well Date 3/14/84			
	Artesian pressure			
	Artealan water is controlled by			
(9)	(Cap, valve, etc.))	Work started 2/23/84 19. Completed March		
(3)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level Was a pump test made? Yes No !! yes, by whom? Carr/Associates Vold: 010 and tale with 12.2			
	Yield: 610 gal./min. with 12.2 ft. drawdown after 6 hrs.	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:		
	25 25 25	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for constr and its compliance with all Washington well const	ruction s	tandards.
	n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	Materials used and the information reported above a knowledge and belief.	re true to	my best
!	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	vuomiauge and ballel.		
	fime Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME Amstrong Drilling		
		(PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	(TYPE OF	PRINT)
		Address Puyallup, Washington		
	Date of test 3/1,4/84			
٤	Bailer testgal./min. withft. drawdown afterhrs.	(Signed) License No). <u> </u>	
	Airtestgal./min. with stem set atft. forhrs.	Contractor's Registration		
	Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	No Date		., 19
1	emperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No	(LISE ADDITIONAL SHIFTE IF NECES		-1

File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology Second Copy—Owner's Copy Third Copy—Driller's Copy

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Start Card No.

Unique Well I.D. <u>#AAD361</u> Water Right Permit No. <u>C6802A</u>

		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
(1)	OWNER: Name SammemishPlateau Water and Sever Distric	t Address 1510 228th Ave SE, Tseagrah, WA 98 gg	7:
2)	LOCATION OF WELL: County King	. NW ½ SE ½ Sec. 11 T. 24 N., I	GT.
رم. (2a)	3401 Fact Rea	ver lake Drive	R_OCW.M.
(3)	L. Irrigation	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDURE DES	
(4)	☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐ TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 2	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structu- thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratu- with at least one entry for each change of information.	re, and show m penetrated,
(- /	Abandoned New well Method: Dug Bored	MATERIAL FROM	то
	Deepened Cable Driven	Clay, yellow, sandy 0	18
	Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	Hardpan 18	69
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 12 inches.	Sand, coarse gravel, water 69	72
	Drilled 132 feet. Depth of completed well 116 ft.	Sard, coarse small gravel 72	75
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Gravel, Sand, coarse 75	78
(-,	Casing installed: 12 Dlam. from 0 ft. 10 97 ft.	Hardban 78	90
	Welded The Manuary Company (1997)	Hardoan, light brown 90	94_
	Lippringtellad Jiam, from II. 10 II.	Sand Coarse gravel, water 94	101
			102
		Sand, clay coated gravel 102	105
	Type of perforations in. by in.	Gravel, large grain sand, coarse 105	111_
	perforations from ft. to ft.	Gravel, large grain sand, coarse 111	112
	periorations from	Sand, coarse, small gravel 112	113
	periorations from the local state of the local sta	Sand, coarse and small pea gravel 113	
	perforations fromft. toft. Screens: Yes X No		122
	Manufacturer's Name LOP Johnson	Sand, coarse and some gravel 122	126
	Type Stainless Model No.	Sand, Clay coated and gravel 126	132
	Diam. 12 in. Slot size .080 from 96 ft. to 116 ft.		
	Diam Stot size from It. to It.		
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel		
	Gravel placed from		+
			
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 20 ft. Material used in seal Concrete		
	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No X		
	Type of water?Depth of strata		
	Method of sealing strata off		
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		
	Туре:		
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 416.55		1
	Static level 62 tt. below top of well Date 10/10/68	·	
	Artesian pressure bs. per square inch Date		
	Artesian water is controlled by (Cep, valve, etc.))		
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started, 19. Completed October 30,	, 1968
• •	Was a pump test made? Yes X No . If yes, by whom?	WELL CONCEDUCTOR CERTIFICATION	
	Yield: 500 gal./min. with 36 tt, drawdown after 12 hrs.	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	t this wall
	77 (1 27)1	l constructed and/or accept responsibility for construction o and its compliance with all Washington well construction	
	9 9	Materials used and the information reported above are true knowledge and belief.	
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	лиоматув виш решет.	
	Time Water Lavel Time Water Lavel	NAME Richardson Well Drilling Co. Trc. (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION) (TYPE C	OR PRINT)
		Address 219 So. 115th St., Tacoma, WA 98444	
	Data Alama	Winters Co. Tract Co. Lighting Med 2044	
	Date of test	(Signed)License No	
1	Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(WELL DAILLER)	
	Airtest gal./min. with stem set at ft. for hrs.	Registration	
	Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	No Date	, 19
	Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No	AIOE ADDITIONAL OLIERTO IT AITOEROADIO	

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)



WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Start Card No. W	1628	<u> </u>				
UNIQUE WELL I.D	UNIQUE WELL I.D. #AAD383					
ermit No.						
Avenue SE, Issaquah	. WA 94	3029				
SE % Sec 11 T 24	1n., r.	<u>6E</u> _w.м.				
DONMENT PROCEDUR	RE DESC	RIPTION				
paracter, size of material and nature of the material in eage of information.						
IIAL.	FROM	то				
	0	8				
g from fill-clay	8	23				
and gravel	23	68				
el incressing w/dth	68	78				
•	78	96				
cobbles, w-bæring	96	103				
	103	114				
& grvl, w-bearing	114	132				
se sand w/silt	132	147				
1, water-bearing	147	175				
	175	182				

Third	Copy—Driller's Copy	Water Right Permit No.		
(1)	OWNER: Name Sammermish Plateau Water and Sever Distri	ct Address 1510 228th Avenue SE, Issaquah,	WA 98	029
(2)	LOCATION OF WELL: County King		1N., R	<u>Œ_w.m.</u>
(2a)	3401 East	. Beaver Lake Drive		
(3)	PROPOSED USE: ☐ Domestic ☐ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☑ ☐ DeWater ☐ Test Well ☐ Other ☐	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDUR		
(4)	TYPE OF WORK. Owner's number of well	thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in ea with at least one entry for each change of information.	ch stratum	penetrated,
` ''	The state of the s	MATERIAL	FROM	то
	Deepened	Fill material	0	8
	Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	Yellow silty sand grading from fill-clay	8	23
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 16 inches.	Tan-gray silt-bound sand and gravel	23	68
ν-,	Drilled 182 feet. Depth of completed well 180 ft.	Brown coarse sand w/gravel increasing w/dth	68	<u>78</u>
		Gray-tan Till	78	96
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: +2 149	Gray sand & grvl w/large cobbles, w-bearing	96	103
	Casing installed: biam. fromft. toft.	Gray Till	103	114
	Welded Diam. from tt. to tt.	Gray to brwn coarse sand & grvl, w-bearing	114	132
	Threaded U Diam. from1t. tott.	Gray fine to medium coarse sand w/silt	132	147
	Perforations: Yes No X	Gray coarse sand & gravel, water-hearing	147	175
	Type of perforator used	Gray silty clay w/little gravel	175	182
	SIZE of perforations in. by in.			
	perforations fromtt. tott.			
	perforations fromft. toft.			
	perforations from ft. to ft.			
	Screens: Yes X No			
	Menufacturer's Name JOTIST1			
	Type 304 Stainless Model No. TS			
	Type 304 Stainless Model No. 'IS Diam 16" Variable 0.030 to 0.050 to 155 to 170 to 155 to 1			
	Diam. 16" Slot size. 0.050 from 155 lt. to 170 lt.			
	Gravel packed: Yea No X Size of gravel	-		
	Gravel placed fromtt. tott.			
	32			
	Surface seal: Yes A No Compt /Pontonite			
	Material noon in Sec.			
				
	Method of sealing strata off	•		
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name			
	Туре:			
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation approx. 417 tt.			
	Static level 63.8 ft. below top of well Date 5-9-96			
	Artesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date			
	Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, atc.))			~
		Work started April 16, 1996 19. Completed May 9	<u>'</u>	
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level Was a pump teat made? Yes X No if yes, by whom?	WELL CONSTRUCTOR OFFICE ATION.		
	Yield: 500 gal./min. with 44.59 ft. drawdown after 24 hrs.	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:	attan at	thin wall
	<i>p</i>	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for const and its compliance with all Washington well cons	struction s	standards.
	27 27 27	Materials used and the information reported above	are true to	my best
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured	knowledge and belief.		
	from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME Holt Drilling 10621 Todd Road	East	
1	min 84.65 5 min 80.50 60 min 66.67	(PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)		A PRINT)
	min 83.10 10 min 77.32 125 min 64.98	Puyallup, WA 98372		
	3 min 82.18 20 min 73.11 203 min 64.56	Address	,	
	Date of test 5-20 to 21-96	1 100 Ranks Holl	No. 109	9
	Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(VELL DRILLER)	4U	1
	Airtestgal./min. with stem set at ft. for hrs.	Contractor's Registration		01
		No. HOCTTO 6870J Date 7-9		_, 19_7/
	Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	ALICE ADDITIONAL QUEETS IS NECES	SARVI	<u> </u>
	- watter and an an attended from the state of the state o	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESS	ann i j	65

File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology Second Copy—Owner's Copy Third Copy—Oriller's Copy

WATER WELL REPORT

Start Card No. _ UNIQUE WELL I.D. # ABR 035
Water Right Permit No. 61-23022

STATE OF WASHINGTON

(1)	OWNER: Name Jemmanish Plateau Water District	Address 1510 228th AVE SE, Issa	quah h	JA 98027
		NW 4 5W 4 Sec 34 T 2	,	15
! ,	7	- NW % NW % Sec 31 T.	N., R_	Drso.
(2a)	STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address)			
(3)	PROPOSED USE: ☐ Domestic ☐ Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐ ☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDUR		
		thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in ea		
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 4	with at least one entry for each change of information. MATERIAL	FROM	то
	Abandoned New well Method: Dug Bored		0	3
	Deepened □ Cable □ Driven □ Reconditioned □ Rotary □ Jetted □	Hardon & Boulders	<u> </u>	43
/5\	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 12 inches	Sand Cemented & Grave	43	72
(5)	PIP	Clay yellow gravel & Sand	72	79
	Office	Hardpan Brown	19	110
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	elay & Jana, yellow	110	118
	Casing installed: 12 · Diam. from O ft. 650 ft.	Hardpan Brown	118	155
	Welded Diem. from th. to th.	Clay by grave & Jand	155	169
	Threaded D Diam, fromft. toft.	gravel Jana & grey clay	169	190
	Perforations: Yes No 🕅	day (bn) fine stand & grave	190	199
	Type of perforator used	gravel course sand & some hater	199	202
	SIZE of perforations in. by in.	gravel Jand & Clay grey	202	221
	perforations fromft. toft.	Clay grey & the Sand	221	249
	perforations fromft. toft.	Sand course to fine t gree clay	249	264
	perforations fromtt. toft.	chock, grave & greyday	264	27/_
	Screens: Yes 🛭 No 🗆 /	Clay, Jand & grave	_330	357
		Clay grey sand t grave	351	370
	100 /50	Sand Cemented & grave	370	380.
	DIB(I)	grey clay & grave	380	397
		Grev Clay some sand t grave	397	411
	Gravel packed: Yes No No Size of gravel	Grey clay some sand t gravel	411	433 542
	Gravel placed from ft. to ft.	Clay dry grey	.542	570
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 20 It	Sand. fine and grey clay	570	574
	Material used in seal Cement	over clar	574	.595·
	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No X	finato course sand and groucky	555	649.
	Type of water?Depth of strata	Clare are sand	649	65]
	Method of sealing strata off	Sorld Vater clay	657	686
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	Gravel Jahan clay & sand	686	689
	Туре: Н.Р	Sand, comented & maielly clay	689	696
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 349 tt.	Sand and Gravel OUR	696	717
` '	Static level 200 ft. below top of well Date 1/25/95	\		
	Artesian pressure bs. per square inch Date	Sand grave cemerited	27/	280
	Artesian water is controlled by(Cap, valve, stc.))	Rock gravel grey day	280	330
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started	<u>h 23</u>	1970
• •	Was a pump test made? Yes No lifyes, by whom? AGT	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:		
	Yield: 400 gal./min. with 71 ft. drawdown after 4 hrs.	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for const	ruction of	this well.
	" " "	and its compliance with all Washington well cons	struction a	standards.
		Materials used and the information reported above a knowledge and belief.	are true to	o my best
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	•		
	Time WaterLevel Time WaterLevel Time WaterLevel	NAME Richardson Well Drilling (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	<u>الم . م</u>	nc.
2	min 229,66 4 223.04 10 220.25 227.50 5 222.62 15 219.57	,		
-	224.54 7 220.95 30 218.79	Address P.O. Box 226, Tocoma	NA 49	8444
-	Date of test			
	Bailer test gal./min, with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(Signed) License N	lo	
	Hailer testgal./min, withnt. drawdown afternrs. Airtestgal./min, with stem set atft. forhrs.	Contractor's		
	Artest gai./min. with stem set at n. for nrs. Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	Registration NoDate		
	Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No X	ALOG ADDITIONAL DISTRICT	3 A F3 A A	
	Comparation of transfer and a constituent mention marget (or constituent)	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESS	5AHY)	

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)



W. J. W. H.D. and	Current		
Water Well Report Original - Ecology, 1 ^{rt} copy - owner, 2 rd copy - driller	Notice of Intent No. W07244		
Collogy Construction/Decommission	Unique Ecology Well ID Tag No. AAS 270		
✓ Construction	Water Right Permit No.	,	
Decommission ORIGINAL INSTALLATION Notice	Property Owner Name Sammamish Plateau W	ater & Sewer D	istrict
of Intent Number	Well Street Address 23001 Main St		
PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	City Sammamish, WA County King		
DeWater Imgation Test Well Other	Location NW /4-1/4 SW 1/4 Sec 34 Twn 25	N R 5 EWM	l √ simb
TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one) 4R		www	1 Out
☑ New well ☐ Reconditioned Method : ☐ Dug ☐ Bored ☐ Driven ☐ Deepened ☐ Cable ☑ Rotary ☐ Jetted	Lat/Long (s, t, r Lat Deg Lat	at Min/Sec _	
DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 20x12 inches, drilled 1207 R.	still REQUIRED) Long DegL	ong Min/Sec	;
Depth of completed well 854 ft. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	Tax Parcel No. 1241100011		
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS Casing Z Welded 20 Diam from +35 ft. to 695 ft. Installed: Linerinstalled " Diam from from ft. to ft. ft. to ft. Perforations: Yes No			
Threaded Diam from ft. to ft.	CONSTRUCTION OR DECOMMISSI		
	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material ar nature of the material in each stratum penetraled, with at lea		
Type of perforator used	information indicate all water encountered (USE ADDITIO	1	·
Screens: Z Yes No K-Pac Location	MATERIAL See attached formation log	FROM	<u> </u>
Manufacture's Name Alloy	Det attende total acoustic		
Type 304SS Model No Diam 12PS Slot size 050 from *** ft to *** ft Diam Slot size from ft ft to ft ft	**Screen Assembly		
Diam Slot size from ft to ft	12" x .250 SS blank w/MNPT on top	636	657
Gravel/Filter packed: 7 Yes No Size of gravel/sand CSSI 8x12	12" screen	657	667
Materials placed from 636 ft. to 858 ft.	12" x .250 SS blank	667	709
Surface Seal: : Yes No To what depth? 695 ft.	12" screen	709	729
Material used in seal coment grout	12" x .250 SS blank	729	779
Did any strata contain urrusable water? Yes No Type of water? Depth of strata	12" screen	779	844
Method of sealing strala off	12° x 250 SS blank w/SS plate bottom	844	1024
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	Non-producing 8" pilot borehole below filter pack		
PUMP: Manufacturer's Name Type H.P.	and screen assembly was backfilled with pea gravel		
WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level350ft			
Static level 217 ft. below top of well Date 3/18/04 Artesian pressure			
Artesian water is controlled by		<u> </u>	
(cap, valve, etc)		-	
WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level			
Wasa pump test made? Yes No If yes, by whom? SEI			
Yield 2000 gal Anin with 60 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs. Yield 2000 gal Anin with 75 ft. drawdown after 4 hrs.			
Yield: 2000 gal. Imin with 75 ft. drawdown after 7 hrs. Pacovery data (time taken as zero when pimp turned off) (water level measure datases with			
represent is residual drawdown)			
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level 2 29 10 18 20 13			
2 29 10 18 20 13 5 23 15 15 30 11			
Date of test 3/8/04			
Bailer testgal /min. withft. drawdown afterhrs.			1
Airtest gal/min with stem set at ft. for hrs.			
Artesian flow gp.m. Date			
Temperature of water <u>~53F</u> Was a chemical analysis made? ☑ Yes ☐ No	10/20/23	1 72.5	104
	Start Date 10/20/03 Comp	eted Date 3/18	104
WELL CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or a			ance with al
Washington well construction standards. Materials used and the information of the informa	•	and belief.	
Driller/Engineer/Trainee Name (Printy Stephen J Schneider)	Drilling Company Schneider Equipment Inc Address 21881 River Road NE		
Driller or trainee License No. 0643	City, State, Zip St. Paul. OR 97137		
FTRAINEE.	Contractor's		
Driller's Licensed No.	Registration No. SCHNEI*226LG	Date <u>4/14/0</u>	4
Driller's Signature	Ecology is an Equal Opportunity Employer		0-1-20 (Rev 2/

Samammish Plateau Water & Sewer District - Well 4R by Schneider Drilling Co.

Start Card #W07244 Lal

Label #AAS 270

<u>FM</u>	<u>TO</u>	DESCRIPTION
0	11	Brown sand & gravel w/ cobbles and silt
11	27	Orange-brown (oxidized) sand & gravel w/ trace silt
27	79	Brown gravel & sand w/ cobbles
79	91	Brown-yellow, silty gravel w/ sand
91	102	Black-gray, coarse gravel and cobbles
102	119	Brown-orange (oxidized), silty sand & gravel
119	126	Tan-yellow, silty clay w/ coarse gravel & sand
126	135	Brown-tan sand & gravel w/ some silt & trace clay
135	138	Tan-yellow, silty clay w/ coarse gravel & sand
138	155	Brown-tan sand & gravel w/ some silt & clay
155	168	Tan-yellow, silty, clayey gravel w/ coarse sand
168	191	Brown-tan gravel w/ sand, silt, & trace clay, basalt
191	208	Dark yellow-brown, clayey gravel w/ sand
208	214	Gray-brown sand & gravel w/ silt & trace clay
214	219	Tan-yellow, silty clay w/ gravel & sand
219	237	Gray-drk gray-brown, silty sand & gravel w/ clay & wood chips
237	263	Gray, silty sand & gravel w/ dark brown silty clay
263	334	Gray, coarse gravel & sand w/ some silt
334	356	Brown-yellow, silty gravel w/ sand
356	375	Gray-green, silty sand w/ gravel, trace clay
375	395	Olive-gray, silty gravel w/ sand & some clay
395	405	Brown-yellow, silty gravel w/ sand & clay
405	421	Gray gravel & some sand w/ clay
421	438	Brown, silty gravel w/ sand
438	445	Brown-yellow, silt w/ gravel & sand
445	455	Dark gray-green, silty gravel
455	545	Dark gray, silt w/ gravel & clay
545	606	Brown-gray clay w/ silt
606	642	Gray clay w/ sand
642	678	Gray, clayey, sand
678	695	Gray-green, clavey grayel w/ sand & silt

WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF WASHINGTON

Application No.

WASHINGTON Permit No. C1-25428

(1) OWNER: Name KING COUNTY WATER DISTRIC	T _A 82 _{ss} 1510 228th SE	
'2) LOCATION OF WELL: County KING	_ NE 1/2 NE 1/2 Sec 28 T 24 N	. r. 6 ww
caring and distance from section or subdivision corner	unique ID # AD371	
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	(10) WELL LOG:	
Irrigation Test Well Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the n stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each chang	aterial in each
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one) 7	<u> </u>	OM TO
New well 🙀 Method: Dug 📋 Bored 🗋	Fill, wood, clay, gravel, 0	6
Deepened ☐ Cable 🛣 Driven ☐ Reconditioned ☐ Rotary ☐ Jetted ☐	silt	
	Gravel, sand, clay, silt 6	17
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 16 inches.	Gravel, brown sand 1	
Drilled 151 ft. Depth of completed well 151 ft.	Brown clay, sand 20	
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Brown sand, gravel, clay, 24	<u>1 65</u> _
Casing installed: 16 " Diam. from 0 ft. to 82.6 ft.	silt Brown sand, clay, silt 65	69
Threaded [] " Diam, from ft. to ft.	Brown sand, clay, silt 69 Brown sand, gravel, clay, 69	
Welded X Diam. from ft. to ft.	silt	/ 105
Perforations: Yes 🗆 No-🛱	Brown sand. gravel. clay. 85	5 90
Type of perforator used	silt. WATER BEARING	
SIZE of perforations in. by in.	Gravei, cobbles, brown sand 90	130
perforations from ft. to ft	clay, silt	
perforations from ft. to ft.		30 133
C	Brown sand, gravel, layers 1	33 136
Screens: Yes [K No [] Manufacture Name HOP * JOHNSON	clay	
Type 304 SS Model No		36 148
Diam. 14_P.Silot size _ 100. from _82_6ft. to 103_ft.	WATER BEARING	140 454
Diam. Slot size 400 from 403 ft. to 423.6	Brown clay, sand, some gravel	148 151
Gravel packed: Yes O No. Size of gravel?-146.9		
Gravel placed from XX ft. to ft.		
Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 80		
Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 80 ft. Material used in seal		
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes 🗆 No 🖫		
Type of water? Depth of strata	·	
Method of sealing strata off		
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		
Туре: НР		
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation		
Static level 6.17 ft. below top of well Date 3/17/84		
Artesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date		
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.)		
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started Fab 29, 19.94. Completed 72	19.84
Was a pump test made? Yes ₩ No □ If yes, by whom? Dr 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:	
27 29 19	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and	this report is
17 19 19	true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level		•
measured from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME Hokkaido Drilling & Dev. (Person, firm, or corporation) (Type	or print)
	Address P.O. Box 100 Graham, WA	***********
	(A) (L)	
Date of test 3/17/84 Sailer test gal/min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	[Signed] (Well Driller)	
Artesian flowgat./min. with	()	
Temperature of water 56 Fwas a chemical analysis made? Yes Z No	License No. 0492 Date April	LU, 19.84

WING COUNTY WATER DISTRICT	1510 228 th SE		
(1) OWNER: Name KING COUNTY WATER DISTRICT	. Y001522		
2) LOCATION OF WELL: County_KING	NE_W NE_W Sec!!28_ 724.	n., r.6	i_E₩
aring and distance from section or subdivision corner	Unique ID # AAD373		
17	(10) WELL LOG:		
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic [] Industrial [] Municipal [X		and simu	
' Irrigation Test Well Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the stratum penatrated, with at least one entry for each characteristics.	e materic	al in ec
(A) TUDE OF WORK. Owner's number of well o			
(4) IXILO OF WOMEN (If repore than one)	MATERIAL	FROM	TO
New well And Method: Dug D Bored D	Fill, w/bark, roots, sand, cbls	0 1	11
Deepened U	D.Brown sand, gravel, silt, cla	y 11	14
Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	D.Brown clay, minor gravel	14 !	
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well'16, inches.	Brown sand, gravel, silt, clay	17	-32
Drilled190	Grey clay	32	34
	Brown-blue sand, gravel, silt	34	42
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	wood, peat	· 1	
Cosing installed: 16 " Nam from +2.0 ft to 105 ft.	Clean sand, gravel	42	69
" Diam from 12.U. R. to 123 R.	Dirty sand, gravel, layers	69	79
Welded D "Diam. from 13.5 ft. to 145 it.	grey clay	7	
165 - 170		79	95
Perforations: Yes D No 2 179 - 189	Grey silty clay	95	102
Type of perforator Used	Sand, gravel, in brown clay		102
SIZE of perforations in. by in.	binder	400	178
perforations from ft. to ft	Sand, gravel, some cobbles	102	
perforations from ft. to ft.		of f	*****
Personal Property of the Prope	Brown silty sand, gravel	178	190
			<u> </u>
Manufacturer's Name uop-JOHNSON 304-SS			<u> </u>
Type 16T Slot size .060 from 105 ft. to 120 ft.			
Diam. Slot size from 125 ft. to 135 ft.			
145-165, 170-179			<u> </u>
Gravel packed: Yes□ No M Size of gravel:			
-Gravel placed from ft. to ft.			<u> </u>
* F		\	<u></u> _
Surface seal: yes No D To what depth? -80- the	a selection of	<i>J</i>	
Material used in seal Cement/Bentonite	1 - CE (5) - CE		
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes D No X	· 0 2 1980		
Type of water? Depth of strata	The same of the sa	⁷ G4	1
Method of sealing strata off	MAY OF ECOL	<u> </u>	
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	्या विद्वाप	м	
Type: HP.	OTMENIEST I		†
	DEPARTUM:		†
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation += 72 above mean rea level 8/27/84	2 NO.		
Static level			
Artesian pressure			
Artesian water is controlled by			-
Drawdown is amount water level is	8/6/84 19 Completed 8/2	29/84	
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started 6/0/04 19 Completed		
Was a pump test made? Yes & No C If yes, by whom?Driller	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:		
Yield: 1977 gal./min. with 22 ft. drawdown after 4 hrs.	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction a	and this	TEDOL
11	true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	1110 11110	
	.		
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	The state of the s	-10-4	
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAMEHokketidsRrititionDeve	ኒላታይ ያኒ ታ	34H)
	Graham, WA		•
	Address Graham, WA	***********	
**************************************	[Signed] Bob Corpu (Well Driller)	*********	
Baller test gal/min, with ft. drawdown after him. hrs.	(Well Driller)	_	
	1	2	, 19.
Temperature of water	*		

WAIED WILL INFO

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Unight	 / -111 - 4	0.1000	
Water Right Pormit i		-2601	

Water Right Permit No. ______

1)	OWNER: Name Sammamish Plateau Water Dist	rictaddress 1510-228th St.SE, Iss	aquah	WA
······	OCATION OF WELL: County King	. SW <u>x NW x Sec 27 t 2</u>	4 _{N. 8} 6	E_w,M.
zu,	HARRING OF WILLS COUNTY	enue NE, Issaquah, WA 98027		
(3)	PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal 29	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDUR Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and	i structure.	and show
	C: Dettate:	thickness of aquitors and the kind and nature of the material in ea with at least one entry for each change of information.	ch stratum p	penairated,
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well Well 9	MATERIAL	FROM	TO
	Abandoned 🗆 New well 🐰 Method: Dug 🔲 Bored 🛄	Fill Fill	0	- 3
	Deepened □ Cable □ Driven □ □ Reconditioned □ Rotary □ Jetted □	Gravel, sand, silt, brn	3 +	19
	0.4	Gravel, sand, silt, brn	19	- 22
	Diameter di ven	Sand, grvl, silt, brn, w-brng	22	- 30
	Orilled 303 test. Depth of completed was	Gravel, sand, cobbles, clean, bri	1 30	- 34
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Gravel, sand, silt, minor w-brnd	34	<u>- 56</u>
	Casing Installed: 24 · Diam, from +2.0 II. to 194 II.	Sand, silty, grvl, peat, gray	56	<u>- 60</u>
	Wolded Diam, from ft. to ft.	Silt, sand, gravel, gray, lyrs	60	- 69
	Threaded U Diam. from 11.10 11.	Sand, gravel, cobbles, clean, wb	<u>69</u>	<u>- 71</u>
	Perforations: Yes No X	Sand, gravel, silt, brn, w-brng	71	<u>- 80</u> - 108
	Type of perforator used	Sand, gravel, cobbles, brn, wb	80 108	- 108 - 112
	SIZE of perforations in, by in,	Silt, sandy, gravel, brn	112	$\frac{-112}{-115}$
	perforations fromtt, toth,	Silt, sand, grvl, brn, layered	115	- 11 <u>3</u> - 142
	perforations fromft. toft.	Gravel, sand, cobbles, brn, wood	142	- 160
	perforations fromft. toft.	Gravel, sand, cobbles, brn, wb		- 165
	Screens: Yes X No L	Silt, sandy, clay, gry-brn, stic	165	- 185
	Manufacturer's Name UOP Johnsons The WW 304 Stainless Model No.	Clay.silty.gravel.gray Gravel.sand.silt.brn.m-wb	185	- 193
	245 . 090 . 194 209	Sand, gryl, cobbles, cln, silt	193	- 209
	247 060 - 209 45 219 4	Sand, gravel, silt, clay, w-brng		- 213
		Sand, gravel, clean, brn, w-brng	213	_ 219
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel	Sand, silty, grvl, red-brn, wb	219	_ 233
	Gravet piaced from	Silt, sandy, grvl, fine, gray	233	_ 260
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 64 It.	Silt.sandy.gravel.gray	260	_ 262
	Material used in seal Cement, 5% Dentonice	Silt, sandy, grvl, brn-gray	262	_ 270
	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No X	Silt,sandy,gray	270	_ 283
	Type of water?Depth of strata	Silt, clayey, sticky	283_	_ 287
	Method of sealing strata off	Sand, silty, gray, peat, wood	287	301
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	Sandstone, gray	301	_ 303
	Type:H.P			
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 75.05 II.			<u> </u>
(-)	Static level 20.16 It. below top of well Date 7/15/91		 	
	Artesian pressure ibs. per square inch Date	7/:	5/01	Devel
	Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.)	4/20/01	17/21-	19
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started 4/30/91 , 19, Completed	***************************************	
(3)	Was a numn test made? Yes X No I I yes, by whom Carr/Assoc	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:		
	Yield: 2340 gal./min. with 22.451, drawdown after 229 hrs.	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for cons	struction o	this well,
	1 1 1 1	and its compliance with all Washington well con Materials used and the information reported above	are true	o my best
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured	knowledge and belief.		
	from well top to water level)	Walanida Drilling (De	അിവാ	Corr
	O 41.95 11 22.17 127 21.72	NAME Hokkaido Drilling & Dev P.O. Box (1700. Finm, on componation)	(TYPE (оп РЛІНТ)
	1 22.52 17 22.14 365 21.34	Address Graham, WA 98408		
	2 22_403522_04_ 137520_62_	Address GLaffally MA 30400		
	Date of lest 7/12-22/92	(Signed) / Carry License	No. 12	239
	Bailer test gal./min. with	Contractor's		
	Airtest gal 'min, with stem set at	Registration NoHOKKADD178D3 Date Janua:	rv 31	19 92
	Articsian flow	Nountivariations Date nating:		
	Temperature of water 11 . 6 Cahemical analysis made? Yes X No. 1	(USF ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECES	SSARY)	45
	Service (1997) the first of the			" "

Start Card No. 063368

Sec	artiment of Ecology ond Copy—Owner's Copy d Copy—Driller's Copy 1 STATE OF	ELL REPORI WASHINGTON Water Right Permit No. G1-2716	56	
(1)	OWNER: Name Sammamich Plateau Water Di	st. Address 1510 228th Ave SE, Is	saqu :	ah, WA
(2) (2a)	LOCATION OF WELL: County King STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address)	NE WSW WSec 17	4_N.A	6E W.M.
(3)	PROPOSED USE: ☐ Domestic Industrial ☐ Municipal ☐ Irrigation ☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ 7 Other ☐	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDU Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material at	nd atmetur	e and show
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 10	thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material is e with at least one entry for each change of information.	ach stratun	n penetrated,
• •	Abandoned New well Deepened Cable Driven	Topsoil MATERIAL	FROM	TO - 5
(5)	Reconditioned □ Rotary □ Jetted □ DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 12 inches.	Sand & Gravel, gray-tan, cmn Sand & Gravel, Loose, dry	34	+ <u>34</u> + 36
(-)	Drilled 194 feet. Depth of completed well 193 ft.	Till, Cemented Silt & Cbls	36	70
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Sand, brown, claybound Sand & Grv1, Brn-Gry, M-R	70 75	75
zida tan	Casing installed: 12 Diam from 12.5 his 135 h.	.Clay.w/sand.whlaish_orv.lean	T	123
	Welded □ Diam, from ft. to ft. Liner installed □ Diam, from ft. to ft. Threaded □ Diam, from ft. to ft.	Sandy Gravel, olive-gry, W-B Silt w/peat & grbl, olive-gry	123	+ 160 + 169
	Perforations: Yes No KC	Grv1 w/sand-peat-silt.ol-gry	169	175
	Type of perforator used	Sabd w/silt,grvlv,olive-blk	175 -	193
* + 4	SIZE of perforations in. by in.		ļ	<u></u>
	perforations fromft. toft.	N 1/4	 	
	perforations fromft, toft.			
	Screens: Yes X No		- 2	1 .
	Manufacturer's Name		<i>p</i> 1.	
	Type 304 Stainias Model No	The state of the s	2 % B	
	Diam 10 Slot size 0 030 from 135 ft. to 155 ft. Diam Slot size from 173 ft. to 183 ft.		224 A	17
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel			
•	Gravel placed from tt. to ft.			
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 65			
	Material used in seal Bent/Grv1 65-55; Cmnt 55-0			
	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No X			
	Type of water?Depth of strata			<u> </u>
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		·	<u> </u>
	and the second of the second o			
	17per 120	The state of the s	2 (6 ² \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$)	
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation Applicate 420 th. Static level 67.23 FGS tt. below top of well Date 8/23/93 tt.			
	Artesian pressure			
	Artesian water is controlled by(Cap, valve, etc.))			
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started //5/93 , 19. Completed 8/	25	<u>, 19_</u> 93
·	Was a pump test made? Yes 3 No 1 If yes, by whom? Carr/AG1 Yield: 508 gal./min. with 38 It. drawdown after 24 hrs.	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION: I constructed and/or accept responsibility for constand its compliance with all Washington well constant acceptance with all washington well constant acceptance with all washington well constant acceptance with a constant acceptanc	struction s	standerds.
1	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level 79 20 10 83.27 30 80.30	NAME Armstrong Drilling, Inc		R PRINT)
<u> </u>	2/2/- 25/63	Address Phyallup, WA 93371		
	Date of test gel./min, with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(Signed) (WELL DRILLER) License N	10 <u>0</u> 0	112
	Airtestgal./min, with stem set atft. forhrs.	Contractors Registration TI 35NC Date 9-16	,	93 ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)



... g.p.m. Date _

File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology Se

Start Card No.___

	riment of Ecology	Unique Well I.D	. # AAD3	81
	Copy-Driller's Copy	Water Right Permit No. G1-26573		
(1)	OWNER: Name Sammamish Plateau Water and Sewer Distric			
(2)	LOCATION OF WELL: County King	<u>. NW ¼ NW ¼ Sec 34 т 2</u>	5_ _{N., R.}	<u>6E_w.m.</u>
(2a)	STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) Lake Washington	School Dist.#414, Redword, WA		
(3)	PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDUR		·····
	☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in early with at least one entry for each change of information.	d structure ich stratum	, and show penetrated,
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 11.1	MATERIAL	FROM	TO
	Abandoned New well X Method: Dug D Bored D Driven D	Hard-pan	0	41
		Brown Silthound Sands and Gravels	41	90
		Brownish-Orance Silthound sands and Gravels	90	112
(5)	490	Brown Silthound Sands and Gravels.	112	115
	Drilled To teet. Depth of completed well To the	Brown Silthound Sands and Gravels with		
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Crithles	115	137
	Casing installed: 16 · Diam. from 0 ft. to 186 It.	Brown Silthound Sands and Gravels	_137	_156
		Brown sands and Gravels with Silt, WB	156	180
	Threaded 10 10 Diam. from +2.2 ft. to 409 ft.	Brown sands and Gravels, Water Rearing	180	201
	Perforations: Yes No X	Brown Sands and Gravels with Silt	201	204
		Prown sands and Gravels with trace Silt	204	210
	SIZE of perforationsin. byin.	Brown : Silthound Sands and Gravels	210	220_
		Gray Silty Sands with few Gravels	220	241
	perforations fromft. toft.	Silty Sands and Gravels	241	251
	perforations fromft, toft.		<u> </u>	
	Screens: Yes No No			
	Manufacturer's Name Johnson	Brownish Gray Silty Sands and Gravels	251	291
	pe 304 Stainless Model No P.S.	Silty sands, Gravels and Obbles	291	305
	4/0 401	Silty Sands, Gravels and with few Chibles	305_	321
	Diam. Slot size from 11. to 186	Tan Silty Sands and Grav S Water Bearing	321	351
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel 55 8-12	Tan Silty Sands and Gravels	351	363
	Gravel placed from 377 ft. to 491 ft.	Tam Silthord sands and Gravels	363 375	375 390
	Surface seal: Yes No To what depth? 43 ft.	Tan Silthound Sands and Gravels with Obbble	S 3/3	-390
	Material used in seal Cement	Tan Silty sands, Gravels and Obbles; WB	390	410
	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No X	Tarnish Sands and Gravels	410	423
	Type of water?Depth of strata	Tan Silty sands and Gravels	423	429
	Method of sealing strata off	famish Sands and Gravels	429_	434
(7)		Tang Silty Sands, Gravels and Odbles	434	464
	Type:H.P	Tannish Sands and Gravels ———	464_	489
(8)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 360 n.	Gray Sands and Obbbles	489	499
	Static level 230 ft. below top of well Date 7/21/93	Note: Final development and testing has me as of the completion date.	<u> 1000 1</u>	1445
	Artesian pressureibs. per square inch Date	as or the difficultificate.		
	Artesian water is controlled by(Cap, valve, etc.))	Work started 4/28/93 , 19. Completed 8/9/	93	, 19
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	•		
	Was a pump teat made? Yes No If yea, by whom?	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:		
	Yleid:gal./min, withft, drawdown afterhrs.	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for cons and its compliance with all Washington well con	struction o	il this well. standards.
	H H H H	Materials used and the information reported above	are true	to my best
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured	knowledge and belief.		
	from well top to water level)	Unit Deliling Too		
	Time Water Lavel Time Water Lavel time Water Cavel	NAME Holt Drilling, Inc. (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	(TYPE	OR PRINT)
		Address 10621 Toold Road East, Puyallup, W	a 9837	2
-		Address		
	Date of test	(Signed)License	No	
	Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(WELL DRILLER)		
	Airtestgal./min. with stem set at ft. for hrs.	Contractor's Registration		
	Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	Recisiration HILIDI#13606 Date		, 19

Temperature of water _____ Was a chemical analysis made? Yes ___ No __

(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECESSARY)



File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology Second Copy—Owner's Copy Third Copy—Driller's Copy

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Water Right Permit No. GI-26572

(1)	OWNER: Name Sammanish Plateau Water and Sewer District	t Address 1510 228th Ave SE, Issaquah, W	A 98027	
	CONTINUE WELL OF WITH	<u>.NW , NW , Sec 34 T 2</u>	25 _{N R} 6	5€ _{₩.м}
(2)	LOCATION OF WELL: County King STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) Lake Washington		***************************************	11.M.
(2a)				
(3)	PROPOSED USE: ☐ Domestic Industrial ☐ Municipal ☒ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDU	nd structure	, and show
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 11.2	thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in ea with at least one entry for each change of information.	acii siiatuiii	heuenarec'
(4)		MATERIAL	FROM	то
	Deepened Cable X Driven	Hardpan	0_	41
	Reconditioned Rotary X Jetted	Silthound Gravels, Brown	41	61
(5)	DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 16 inches.	Silthound Sands and Gravels.		
\- /	Drilled 885 feet. Depth of completed well 884 ft.	Brown	61	82
	J111104	Silltbound Sands and Gravels, Redish-Brown	82	112
(6)	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Silthound Sands and Gravels, Brown	112	170
	Casing installed: 24 · Diam. from 0 ft. to 352 ft.	Silthound Sands and Gravels, Brown; WB	170	185_
	Welded 20	Icose Sands and Gravels, WB	185	200_
	Threaded Diam. from TZ.U ft. to // ft.	Sams and Gravels with trace Silt	200	205_
	Perforations: Yea No X	Sands and Gravels with Silt	205	212
	Type of perforator used	Sands, Gravels, and Obbbles	212	219
	SIZE of perforationsin. byin.	Silty Clay with Peat and Gravels	219	228
	perforations fromft. toft.	Silthand Sands	228	233_
	perforations fromft. toft.	Silthord Sands and Gravels	233	278
	perforations fromtt. tott.	Silthord Gravels and Obbbles	278	296
	Screens: Yes X No	Silthord Sands, Gravels and Orbbles	296	323_
	Manufacturer's Name_Johnson	Silthord Sands and Gravels	323	_358
	rge 304 Stainless Model No B	Silthord Sards, Gravels and Obbles	358	369
	Jiam 8 inch Stot size -030 from 785 ft. to 821 ft.	Silthord Sands and Gravels	369	394
	Diam 8 inch Slot size .030 from 839 ft. to 880 ft.	Silty Sands, Gravels and Orbbles	394	417
*****	Gravel packed: Yes X No Size of gravel CSS 8-12	Sands and Gravels with trace of Silt	417	434
	Gravel placed from 648 ft. to 884 ft.	Silty Sands, Gravels and Obbiles	434	465_
	42	Sands and Gravels	465	471
	Surface seal: Yes No No	Silthorni Sands and Gravels	471	475_
	Material used in seal Cement	Inner Sands with trace Gravels	475	494_
	Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No	Fire San's with Trace Gravels and Obbles	494	505
	Type of water?Depth of strata	Fine Silty Sam's with trace Gravels and		
	Method of sealing strata off	mhles	505	520_
(7)	PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	Silthound Sands, Grey	520	560_
	Туре: Н.Р	Ontinued on next: form pages		
(9)	WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 360	Note: Final development and testing has m	t been	<u>ome</u>
(8)	Static level 235 ft. below top of well Date 8/6/93	as of complexion date.		
	Artesian pressure	*		<u></u>
	Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.))		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	(USD, Valva, dic.)/	Work started 4/7/93 , 19. Completed 8/6	<u> </u>	. 19
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level			
	Was a pump test made? Yes No if yes, by whom?	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:		المستاء
	Yield;	I constructed and/or accept responsibility for cons and its compliance with all Washington well con	atruction of	standards.
	11 11 11	Materials used and the information reported above	are true t	io my best
~	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured	knowledge and belief. '		
	from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME Holt Drilling, Inc.		
		NAME HOLT DELLING, IDC- (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	(TYPE (OR PRINT)
		Address 10621 Todd Road East, Puyallup, V	WIA OPERSY	2
-		Address		
	Date of lest		N.	
	Bailer test gal./mln. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(Signed) License (WELL DRILLER)	INO	
	Airtestgal./min. with stem set atft. forhrs.	Contractor's Registration		
	Artesian flow g.p.m. Date	Registration No. HOLIDI*13606 Date		, 19
			nc 4 m \ 4	
	Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECES	55AHY)	83

File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology
Second Copy—Owner's Copy

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

hird Copy—Driller's Copy	Water Right Permit No. G1-26572		
1) OWNER: NameSammenish Plateau Water and Sewer Distric	t Address 1510 228th Ave SE, Issaquah, WA	98027	
2) LOCATION OF WELL: County King	.NW , NW , Sec 34 T_	325 _{N R} €	E_w.m.
2) LOCATION OF WELL: County NULL 2a) STREET ADDDRESS OF WELL (or nearest address) Take Washington	n School District No. 414, Reduced, Washingto	n	
3) PROPOSED USE: ☐ Domestic Industrial ☐ Municipal ☑ ☐ Irrigation ☐ DeWater Test Well ☐ Other ☐	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDU Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material as	RE DESC	
	thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in e with at least one entry for each change of information.	ach stratum	penetrated,
4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 11.2	MATERIAL	FROM	то
Abandoned New well Mached: Dug Sored Doepened Cable Mac Driven D	Continued from previous form		
Reconditioned Rotary & Jetted			
5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 16 inches.	Silty, Clay Crey	560	620
Drilled 885 feet. Depth of completed well 884 ft.		620	624
	Silty, Clay, Gray	624	654
S) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Sandy Silt, Gray	654	661_
Casing installed: * Diam. fromft. toft		661	680
Welded D' 'Diam, from tt. to ft		680	688
Threaded		688	709
Perforations: Yes No No	Silty Sands and Gravels, some Obbbles, Grave		729
Type of perforator used		729	740
SIZE of perforationsin, byin		740	749
perforations fromft. toft		749	781
perforations fromtt. tott		781	790
perforations from(t. toft		790	814
Screens: Yeal Noll	Clay, few Gravels, Gray	814	819
Manufacturer's Name		819	825
\0 Model No		825	845
.m. Siot size from ft. to the	· Bards, Gravels and Otbbles, Gray	845	884
DiamSlot sizefromtt. tott.		ļ	<u> </u>
Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel		 	
Gravel placed from tt. to tt.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Surface seal: Yes No To what depth?		 	<u> </u>
Material used in seal			-
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No		ļ	<u> </u>
Type of water?Depth of strata		<u> </u>	
Method of sealing strata off		<u> </u>	
7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		 	
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Land during a circuition	•	 	<u> </u>
b) WAICH LEVELS: above mean sea level it.		<u> </u>	
Static leveltt. below top of well Date			
Artesian pressure		 	<u> </u>
Artesian water is controlled by (Cap. valve, etc.))	Work started 4/7/93 19. Completed 8/	6/93	19
)) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started		
Was a pump test made? Yes No If yes, by.whom?	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION:		
Yleid:gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs	i constitucion and on accept responsionity for con-		
0 0 0	and its compliance with an washington wen con		
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured	knowledge and belief.		-
from well top to water level) Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level			
1370 WEIGH (1870) 14310 WEIGH (1870) 14310	NAME Holt Drilling Inc. (PERSON, FIRM, OR CORPORATION)	(TYPE O	R PRINT)
		•	
	Address 10621 Todd Road East,	oo. Fraati	<u>1 u p v</u> 3 7 2
Date of test			
Bailer testgal, / min. with It. drawdown after hrs	(Signed)License	No	
Airtest gal./min. with stem set at ft. for hrs	1 CONTROLOGY TOAT BUT TATOCA		
Artesian flow	No Date		, 19
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No			
remperature of water was a chemical analysis made? Yes NO	(USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF NECES	SARY)	# 5

SPWSD Well 12 Deline Co. Deline del X-576,245 V-5,277,882 2-650 11000 SETOP TO THE PERSON OF Hardpan & some gravel 4400 sand with year little sediment ನರ್ಕರ Gravel, sand clay in 1230 alternating layers, gray-prn.31 Gravel, very hard Gravel with blue clay mixt Very hard hardpan & gravel |Yery coarse gravel |PUMP TEST: 1000 Dim. 145'x8" SWL: 120 ft. DD: 5 ft. Tornus <!(over)

File Original and First Copy with Department of Embors Second Copy -- Owner's Copy Third Copy -- Driller's Copy

SPUSD WELL REPORT WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF WASHINGTON

レンノレ	SHEET CONTROL V
Application	No.
Permit No.	

(1) OWNER: Name Cascade View Developers Assoc.	Address 16 Wendley Lane, Mercer Island, WA
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County KING	SW & NW & Sec 12E T 25 N. R. GE WX
(2) LOCATION OF THE COUNTY	100'E of NW corner of Section 12
Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner 2540 5	
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	(10) WELL LOG:
Irrigation [] Test Well [] Other []	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material is each
	stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well if more than one)	MATERIAL FROM TO
New well & Method; Dug [] Bored []	Bun sit with gravel 3100 0 5
Deepened D 0-767 Cable E Driven D Reconditioned D 787-955 Rotary E Jetted D	Bun sitty sand and gul 2120 5 11
Reconditioned 787-955 Rotary 2 Jetted []	1+, own silty sand and que 1 1 21
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well	Gravelly grow silt 1300 21 40
Drilled 955 n Depth of completed well. 954 n	Sound and gul in gray silt matrix 40 72
	V. compact sand, gul, colda, boulders 4000
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	in silt and clay matrix, till 72 186
Casing installed: 12 "Diam. from +1 h. to 477 h.	Sand and got, water . 2:04 186 189
B " Diam from .T ft. to	Sand enlarged in silt metrix +:117213989 21121.
Welded \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Grew sitt and silty clay 7000 211 302
Defending a P	Sit with sand seams, seepage 3201 302 355
Perforations: Yes No &	Sitt and sand, minor water buinated 355 467
SIZE of perforations in, by in.	Gray sitt 3000 467 520
perforations from ft. to ft.	5ilt with sandy silt layers scepage 320 520 600
perforations from ft. to ft.	Sandy 5/t becomes clayer + gul downwood 600 640
perforations from ft to ft.	Gray silt and alay 3000 640 700
Serenti w w w	Sondy Silt Scepage 320W 700 790
Screens: Yes X No I Johnson	5'/fr sand woods minor water 790 830
CHINDS STEEL Model No.	Send and gol, silty, woody, water 830 870
b" star size 20 from 103 ft. to 5/2 ft.	Sand 2134
Diam Slot size . 20 from 12 10 475	Gravelly sand byweel with sand togel,
Gravel packed: yes No Size of gravel.	occ. matrix, vata 2134 870 910
Gravel placed from	Gravella Sound with silr matrix,
	90 975
Surface seal: Yes No D. To what depth? 20 12	Sultar to south art, water 3104 925 155
Material used in seal Dentenite	333 30 10 32 3 30 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No	
Type of water? Depth of strata.	To be seld to King County WD 122
Method of seating strate on	in late 1990
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name.	
Type: HP	Prepared by Robinson & Niode Inc.
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation ~ 640 to the above mean sea level	Prepared by Robinson & Noble Inc.
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation ~ 640 m. Static level 523.0 m. below top of well Date 7/30/90	V = 505 7 3
the man and Date	AUG 16 1990
Attesian in the controlled by	2-(12
(Cap. valve. etc.)	DEPT. OF ECOLOG
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Work started May 3 1990 Completed July 31 1990
Was a pump test mule? Yes No D 11 yes, by whom?	
Yield: 180 sal.min with 52.35ft drawdown after 24 hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:
11610 1 00 831 11111	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is
	true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level	
measured from well top to water seven	NAME OELKE DRILLING, INC.
Time Water Level 1 time 522 5 27 9	(Person, arm, or corporation) (Type or print)
7 533.4 12 527.0 12 527.35 3 531.2 25 528.85 120 527.35	Address 4312-16641 Ave E Jumper 9851
6 53:4 42 528,4 1660 524.63	
7/2 7/5//90	[Signed] De P. M. Her
Date at test y hrs.	(Well Driller)
en m. Date	1, 08.37 2 8/14 1994
Temperature of water 51.5° Was a chemical analysis made? Yes No [License No. Date D/ 7

File Original and First Copy with Department of Ecology

CED 2 1 4000

Second Copy—Owner 2 Copy
Third Copy—Driffer's Copy

SEP 2 4 1990



STATE OF WASHINGTON

O111		
Water Right	Permit No	

(1)	OWNER: Hame CASEATING WEDSYWATER DISTRICT	Address 330/5 SE 43rd, FALL C	iTY, W	+ 9802
(2)	LOCATION OF WELL: COUNTY KING	NE NN x sec 24 12	25 _{N. A.}	OGE WH
	STREET ADDORESS OF WELL (or mearest address) 1400 N AND	100'N OF CENTER OF SECTION 24		
(3)	PROPOSED USE: Domestic Industrial Municipal	(10) WELL LOG or ABANDONMENT PROCEDU	RE DES	CRIPTION
	☐ Irrigation ☐ DeWater Test Well □ Other □	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material ar- thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in a		
(4)	TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well 2	with at least one entry for each change of information. MATERIAL	FROM	70
	Abandoned : New well S Method: Dug : Bored :	9	0	8
	Deepened Cable & Driven Cable Reconditioned Rotary Jetted C	10		12
		TAN CEMENTED SNO + GLAVEL W BOLDES	12	35
(5)	Distinctor of Morr	GOLDEN BROWN SILTBOUND SAND + GRANTI	35	42.5
	Drilled 346 leet. Depth of completed well 333 h.	TAN COASSE SAND HORAGEL W/ SILT DINDER	42.5	
		GOLD/BLOWN COAKSE SAND ; GRAVEL W/ BILDER	46	52
	Casing Installed: 12 Diam. from 0 h. to 176.5. h.	TAN CEMENTED GRAVEL TILL-LIKE 4000	52	78
	Welded 8 8 • Diam, from + 2.0 ft. to 305 ft.	GOLDEN BROWN SILTY GRAVEL 1300	78	80
	Liner installed Threaded Discourse Diam, from h. to h.	. SILTY SANDY CLAY BLANDER YELL	80	843
	Perforations: Yes No	* SILVY SARRY CLAN W/ ALMOR GVI	84	
	Type of perforator used	BROWN SAND W/ GRAVEL IN SILT MATRIX	97	1/02
	SIZE of perforationsin, byin,	TAN/GRAY CEMENTED GRAVEL	110	121
	perforations fromft, toft.	BROWN GRAVEL, CORDLES, WYSAUD + SILT	121	152
	perforations from ft. to ft.	" DIRTY SAND + SOME GRAVEL	152	157
	perforations from ft. 10 ft.	11 TIGHT SAUS + GRAVEL, TRACE BUTEL	157 240	240
	Screens: Yes No L	GLYE/LAM CEMBUTED GRAVEL SAND + GRAVEL , TIGHT TRACE WATER	246	2482
	Manufacturer's Name HOWAKU SMITH Type STAINLESS WIREWRAF Model No.	BLUE ORALY CEMENTED SAND+GRADEL	248	256
	Diam 8"TS Slot size 100 from 305 ft. to 314, 25 ft.	" SAND + GRAVEL BAYELS, WARL	256	2673
	Diam. 8"75 Stot size 10 +20 from 314.25 ft. to 328, 5 ft.	" DET SAND + GRAVEL	267	769
	Gravel packed: Yes No Size of gravel	" MEDIUM-COARSE SILTY SAND	269	2713
	Gravel placed from	H FINE-MED SAND SOTHE BY TRACE MATEL	271	275 3
	745	GRAY SILTY SAND+GRAVEL	275	278 2
	Surface seal: Yes A Hour Care CAPOUT	· CLAY W/ PEAT	278	2815
	Material used in seal	" F-M SILTY SAUS, MINOR GRAVEL, W.B.	Z81	285
	Type of water? Depth of strata	" F-M SAND	285	Z907
	Method of sealing strate off	" F-M SILTY SAND W/ PEAT	290	218
		" F-M SAND + GRAVEL W.B.	298	302
	11.5	" M.C SAND TOUL WB.	302	328
	1.4.4.4	GRAY CLAY	328	346 5
	2/1/ C 2/20/QD	X - 5	76.5	77
	Static level 247.5 It. below top of well Date 2/20/40 Artesian pressure ba per square inch Date	Prepared by Joel W. Puroly 7-5	237,1	J39
	Artesian water is controlled by (Cap, valve, etc.))	Robinson + Noble, Inc 2-43		
(4)		Work started 7/24 19. Completed 8/3	51	
(9)	WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level Was a pump test made? Yes No No Nyes, by whom? the large Ran	INC. L. CONCTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION.		
	Yield: 105 get/min. with 38+6 h. drawdown after 12-5 hrs.	WELL CONSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION: 1 constructed and/or accept responsibility for const	ruction of	thic wall
	1) 12 12	and its compliance with all Washington well cons	truction s	itandards.
	15 16 16	Materials used and the information reported above knowledge and belief.	are true to	my best
	Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)			<i>(</i>
	Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level Data 246.3 IDO 2.55.45	NAME HOKKaido Drilling + Develor	<u> </u>	orp.
	0 _{min} 246.3 100 253.95 5 24.5 270 251.8			78338
	20 257.7 960 248.9	Address 10416 244th STE GRAHAM	Wn .	<u>8 2 2 8</u>
	Date of test 8/30 - 31/90	(8910al))	111	//
	Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	(Signed) WELL DOULER! O License N	o <u>//</u>	<u> </u>
	Bailer test gal. / min. with n. orawdown after hrs hrs hrs.	Contractor's		N
		No HOWADOTAD Date JOY 19		1950
	Artesian flow	THE ADDITIONAL CHEST		
	Contribution at a series memory or as a series commercial and code of a series of the principles	USE ADDITIONAL SHEET		



DOH DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM REPORT FORM

1. System Name : System ID# Reporting Month/Year/						
					777	41. 3%
Date	Disinfection Residuals			Lead/Copper Water Quality Parameters		
	2. # Sites Sampled	3. Lowest residual (mg/l)	4. # Samples Residual Not Detected	5. Sites Sampled (1-10)	6. Sites with daily pH values below	7. Notes
1		-	·			
2						
3						
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20						:
21						
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25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
Totals						
The daily	value is calculated b	l ov averaging all of	the results measure	d at the sampling site		
8. Reported By Date						
Title Operator Certification #						
Signature						

Return completed report to DOH Regional Office within 10 days of the end of the reporting month.

