2019 CAPITAL FACILITIES PLAN

Issaquah School District No. 411 Issaquah, Washington

Adopted May 22, 2019 Resolution No. 1131

The Issaquah School District No. 411 hereby provides this Capital Facilities Plan documenting present and future school facility requirements of the District. The plan contains all elements required by the Growth Management Act and King County Council Ordinance 21-A.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Six-Year Capital Facilities Plan (the "Plan") has been prepared by the Issaquah School District (the "District") as the District's primary facility planning document, in compliance with the requirements of Washington's Growth Management Act and King County Council Code Title 21A. This Plan was prepared using data available in April 2019.

This Plan is an update of prior long-term Capital Facilities Plans adopted by the Issaquah School District. However, this Plan is not intended to be the sole Plan for all of the District's needs. The District may prepare interim and periodic Long Range Capital Facilities Plans consistent with board policies, taking into account a longer or a shorter time period, other factors and trends in the use of facilities, and other needs of the District as may be required. Any such plan or plans will be consistent with this Six-Year Capital Facilities Plan.

In June 1992, the District first submitted a request to King County to impose and to collect school impact fees on new developments in unincorporated King County. On November 16, 1992, the King County Council first adopted the District's Plan and a fee implementing ordinance. This Plan is the annual update of the Six-Year Plan.

King County and the cities of Issaquah, Renton, Bellevue, Newcastle and Sammamish collect impact fees on behalf of the District. Most of these jurisdictions provide exemptions from impact fees for senior housing and certain low-income housing.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Growth Management Act, this Plan will be updated on an annual basis, and any charges in the fee schedule(s) adjusted accordingly.

STANDARD OF SERVICE

School facility and student capacity needs are dictated by the types and amounts of space required to accommodate the District's adopted educational program. The educational program standards which typically drive facility space needs include grade configuration, optimal facility size, class size, educational program offerings, as well as classroom utilization and scheduling requirements and use of re-locatable classroom facilities (portables).

Different class sizes are used depending on the grade level or programs offered such as special education or the gifted program. With the passage of Initiative 728 in November 2000, the Issaquah School Board established new class size standards for elementary grades K-5. The Board and District Administration will continue to keep class sizes near the levels provided by I-728; this will be done via local levy funds. There is also legislation that requires the State to fund Full-Day Kindergarten by 2018. The District provided Full-Day Kindergarten beginning in the 2016-2017 school year. A class size average of 20 for grades K-5 is now being used to calculate building capacities. A class size of 26 is used for grades 6-8 and 28 for grades 9-12. Special Education class size is based on 12 students per class. For the purpose of this analysis, rooms designated for special use, consistent with the provisions of King County Council Code Title 21A, are not considered classrooms.

Invariably, some classrooms will have student loads greater in number than this average level of service and some will be smaller. Program demands, state and federal requirements, collective bargaining agreements, and available funding may also affect this level of service in the years to come. Due to these variables, a utilization factor of 95% is used to adjust design capacities to what a building may actually accommodate.

Portables used as classrooms are used to accommodate enrollment increases for interim purposes until permanent classrooms are available. When permanent facilities become available, the portable(s) is either moved to another school as an interim classroom or removed.

The King County decision to no longer allow schools to be built outside the Urban Growth Boundary Line (UGBL) means District owned property planned for a new elementary school and middle school cannot be used. The District recently sold this planned site to a third party. The District has acquired one elementary school site and one middle school site inside the UGBL. A high school site and another elementary school site are still needed. The State does not provide funding for property purchases.

Approved Bond funding provides for a new high school, new middle school, two new elementary schools, a rebuild/expansion of an existing middle school and additions to six existing elementary schools.

TRIGGER OF CONSTRUCTION

The Issaquah School District Capital Facilities Plan proposes construction of a new high school, a new middle school, two new elementary schools, the re-build/expansion of an existing middle school and additions to five existing elementary schools to meet the needs of elementary, middle school and high school capacity needs. The need for new schools and school additions is triggered by comparing our enrollment forecasts with our permanent capacity figures. These forecasts are by grade level and, to the extent possible, by geography. The analysis provides a list of new construction needed by school year.

The decision on when to construct a new facility involves factors other than verified need. Funding is the most serious consideration. Factors including the potential tax rate for our citizens, the availability of state funds and impact fees, the ability to acquire land, and the ability to pass bond issues determine when any new facility can be constructed. The planned facilities will be funded by a bond passed on April 26, 2016, school impact fees and reserve funds held by the District. New school facilities are a response to new housing which the county or cities have approved for construction.

The District's Six-Year Finance Plan is shown in Appendix E.

DEVELOPMENT TRACKING

In order to increase the accuracy and validity of enrollment projections, a major emphasis has been placed on the collection and tracking data of known new housing developments. This data provides two useful pieces of planning information. First, it is used to determine the actual number of students that are generated from a single family or multi-family residence. It also provides important information on the impact new housing developments will have on existing facilities and/or the need for additional facilities.

Developments that have been completed or are still selling houses are used to forecast the number of students who will attend our schools from future developments. Generation rates for elementary school, middle school and high school student per new single-family residence and new multi-family housing is shown on page 10 and page 11.

NEED FOR IMPACT FEES AND GROWTH-RELATED CAPACITY NEEDS

The District relies on school impact fee revenue to help fund growth-related capacity needs. However, by law, impact fees can only be used to fund a portion of a capacity project. State funding and impact fees are also not reliable sources of revenue. As a result, the District must also rely on local funding to fund school construction. On April 26, 2016 voters approved bond funding for the construction of a new high school, a new middle school and two new elementary schools, the rebuild/expansion of an existing middle school and additions to six existing elementary schools.

As demonstrated in Appendix A, (page 18) the District currently has a permanent capacity (at 100%) to serve 8488 students at the elementary level. Appendix B, (page 19) shows a permanent capacity (at 100%) for 4714 students at the middle school level Appendix C (page 20) shows a permanent capacity (at 100%) of 5580 students at the high school level. Current enrollment is identified on page 9. The District elementary projected Oct 2019 FTE is 9251. Adjusting permanent capacity by 95% leaves the District's elementary enrollment over permanent capacity at the elementary level by 1187 students (Appendix A). At the middle school level, the projected Oct 2019 headcount is 5035. This is 557 students over permanent capacity (Appendix B). At the high school level the district is over permanent capacity by 518 students (Appendix C).

Based on the District's student generation rates, the District expects that **0.638** students will be generated from each new single family home and **0.38** students will be generated from each new multi-family dwelling unit.

Applying the enrollment projections contained on page 9 to the District's existing permanent capacity (Appendices A, B, and C) and if no capacity improvements are made by the year 2024-25, and permanent capacity is adjusted to 95%, the District elementary population will be over its permanent capacity by 1311 students, at the middle school level by 538 students, and will be over its permanent capacity by 1047 at the high school level. The District's enrollment projections are developed using two methods: first, the cohort survival – historical enrollment method is used to forecast enrollment growth based upon the progression of existing students in the District; then, the enrollment projections are modified to include students anticipated from new developments in the District.

To address existing and future capacity needs, the District's six-year construction plan includes the following capacity projects:

Facility Expansions	Projected / Final Completion Date	Location	Additional Capacity
New High School	2022	Issaquah	1600
New Elementary #17	2022	Issaguah	680
New Middle School	2021	Issaquah	850
Expand Maple Hills Elementary	2021	King County	120
New Elementary #16	2020	Sammamish	680
Expand Discovery Elementary	2019	Sammamish	120
Expand Endeavour Elementary	2019	King County	120
Rebuild/Expand Pine Lake Middle	2018	Sammamish	242
Expand Cougar Ridge Elementary	2018	Bellevue	120
Expand Sunset Elementary	2018	Bellevue	120
Creekside Elementary Portable	2018	Sammamish	40
Maple Hills Elementary Portable	2018	King County	40
Challenger Elementary Portable	2018	Sammamish	40
Pine Lake Middle School Portable	2018	Sammamish	56
Sunny Hills Elementary Portables	2018	Sammamish	80
Issaquah Middle School Portables	2018	Issaquah	208
Issaquah High School Portable	2018	Issaquah	56
Maywood Middle School Portable	2018	King County	56

Based upon the District's capacity data and enrollment projections, as well as the student generation data, the District has determined that a majority of its capacity improvements are necessary to serve students generated by new development.

The school impact fee formula ensures that new development only pays for the cost of the facilities necessitated by new development. The fee calculations examine the costs of housing the students generated by each new single family dwelling unit or each new multi-family dwelling unit and then reduces that amount by the anticipated state match and future tax payments. The resulting impact fee is then discounted further. Thus, by applying the student generation factor to the school project costs, the fee formula only calculates the costs of providing capacity to serve each new dwelling unit. The formula does not require new development to contribute the costs of providing capacity to address existing needs.

The King County Council and the City Councils of the Cities of Bellevue, Issaquah, Newcastle, Renton and Sammamish have created a framework for collecting school impact fees and the District can demonstrate that new developments will have an impact on the District. The impact fees will be used in a manner consistent with RCW 82.02.050 - .110 and the adopted local ordinances. Engrossed Senate Bill 5923, enacted in the 2015 Legislative Session, requires that developers be provided an option to defer payment of impact fees to final inspection, certificate of occupancy, or closing, with no fees deferred longer than 18 months from building permit issuance. The District adopts the positions that: (1) no school impact fee should be collected later than the earlier of final inspection or 18 months from the time of building permit issuance; and (2) no developer applicant should be permitted to defer payment of school impact fees for more than 20 dwelling units in a single year. The District's recent and ongoing student growth, coupled with the need for the timely funding and construction of new facilities to serve this growth, requires strict adherence to this position.

ENROLLMENT METHODOLOGY

Two basic techniques are used, with the results compared, to establish the most likely range of anticipated student enrollment:

- 1. The student 3-2-1 cohort survival method. Examine Issaquah School District enrollments for the last 5 years and determine the average cohort survival for the consecutive five-year period. Because cohort survival does not consider students generated from new development it is a conservative projection of actual enrollment. For the same reason, these projections are also slow to react to actual growth.
- 2. Based on information from King County, realtors, developers, etc., seek to establish the number of new dwelling units that will be sold each year. The new dwelling units are converted to new students based on the following:
 - a) The number of actual new students as a percentage of actual new dwellings for the past several years.
 - b) Determine the actual distribution of new students by grade level for the past several years, i.e., 5% to kindergarten, 10% to first grade, 2% to 11th grade, etc.
 - c) Based on an examination of the history shown by (a) and (b) above, establish the most likely factor to apply to the projected new dwellings.

After determining the expected new students, the current actual student enrollments are moved forward from year to year with the arrived at additions.

One of the challenges associated with all projection techniques is that they tend to always show growth because the number of houses and the general population always increases. Enrollments, however, can and do decrease even as the population increases. The reason is as the population matures, the number of kindergartners will go down as the number of 10th graders is still increasing. To adjust for this factor, the number of school age children per dwelling is examined. When this number exceeds expectations, it is probably because the District is still assuming kindergarten growth, while the main growth is actually moving into middle school. When this happens, a reduction factor is added to kindergarten to force it to decrease even though the general population continues to grow. A precise statistical formula has not been developed to make this adjustment.

After all of the projections have been made and examined, the most likely range is selected. An examination of past projections compared with actual enrollment indicates the cohorts tend to be more accurate over a ten-year time span while dwelling units tend to be more accurate over a shorter period. The probable reason is that over a ten-year period, the projections tend to average out even though there are major shifts both up and down within the period.

Enrollment projections for the years <u>2019-2020</u> through <u>2033-2034</u> are shown in Table One. Student generation factors are shown in Table Two and Table Three.

TABLE ONE: ACTUAL STUDENT COUNTS 2010-11 through 2018-19 ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS 2019-20 through 2033-34

	FTE Enrollment																	
Year	K	1ST	2ND	3RD	4TH	5TH	6TH	7TH	8TH	9TH	10TH	11TH	12TH	Total	K-5	6-8	9-12	Total
2010-11	613	1390	1355	1385	1319	1400	1268	1326	1298	1326	1333	1110	1015	16,138	7462	3892	4784	16,138
2011-12	609	1396	1423	1374	1417	1346	1407	1311	1346	1361	1319	1233	1021	16,563	7565	4064	4934	16,563
2012-13	651	1361	1467	1496	1440	1448	1362	1447	1339	1412	1353	1225	1146	17,147	7863	4148	5136	17,147
2013-14	654	1489	1414	1526	1498	1477	1462	1391	1463	1344	1404	1233	1110	17,465	8058	4316	5091	17,465
2014-15	694	1494	1552	1478	1545	1555	1512	1491	1432	1495	1352	1292	1115	18,006	8317	4435	5254	18,006
2015-16	661	1547	1558	1615	1548	1582	1600	1552	1520	1472	1489	1167	1136	18,445	8511	4671	5264	18,445
2016-17*	1408	1483	1623	1609	1650	1604	1626	1626	1585	1565	1475	1290	1063	19,606	9376	4837	5393	19,606
2017-18	1447	1561	1535	1691	1641	1680	1627	1655	1651	1629	1546	1243	1165	20,072	9556	4933	5584	20,072
2018-19	1337	1519	1591	1555	1720	1645	1723	1631	1638	1677	1565	1308	1061	19,971	9367	4992	5612	19,971
2019-20	1326	1420	1561	1628	1576	1740	1667	1731	1637	1659	1645	1357	1158	20,105	9251	5035	5819	20,105
2020-21	1328	1449	1470	1606	1662	1603	1771	1685	1743	1669	1632	1429	1211	20,259	9118	5199	5941	20,259
2021-22	1444	1445	1498	1513	1635	1688	1634	1787	1695	1775	1640	1412	1287	20,450	9222	5115	6113	20,450
2022-23	1389	1552	1488	1539	1540	1654	1716	1647	1792	1724	1739	1415	1261	20,457	9162	5155	6140	20,457
2023-24	1377	1488	1593	1524	1566	1558	1683	1727	1648	1819	1685	1516	1259	20,443	9106	5058	6279	20,443
2024-25	1582	1484	1533	1634	1551	1587	1586	1697	1733	1677	1786	1466	1367	20,684	9372	5016	6296	20,684
2025-26 2026-27	1584 1600	1693 1692	1529 1738	1574 1569	1662 1602	1574	1617 1603	1600 1630	1703 1606	1763 1733	1644 1729	1565 1423	1318 1416	20,827 21,026	9617 9886	4921	6290 6300	20,827 21,026
2020-27	1594	1707	1736	1778	1597	1684 1622	1713	1616	1635	1635	1698	1508	1272	21,020	10035	4839 4964	6112	21,020
2028-29	1599	1701	1751	1775	1805	1618	1652	1726	1621	1664	1600	1477	1357	21,346	10250	4998	6098	21,346
2029-30	1608	1707	1745	1791	1803	1827	1647	1665	1731	1650	1630	1380	1327	21,512	10482	5043	5987	21,512
2030-31	1613	1716	1752	1785	1819	1825	1856	1660	1671	1761	1616	1409	1230	21,712	10510	5187	6015	21,712
2031-32	1619	1721	1760	1791	1813	1840	1854	1869	1666	1700	1726	1395	1259	22,013	10545	5388	6080	22,013
2032-33	1623	1726	1765	1800	1819	1834	1869	1867	1874	1695	1665	1505	1244	22,288	10568	5611	6110	22,288
2033-34	1629	1730	1771	1805	1828	1840	1863	1882	1872	1903	1660	1444	1355	22,584	10603	5618	6363	22,584

^{* 2016-17} Enrollment reflects the addition of State Funded Full Day Kindergarten

TABLE TWO: STUDENT FACTORS - SINGLE FAMILY

2018-19 Single Family		STUE	AVERAGE PER UNIT							
Single Family Development	# Planned	# Sold	K-5	6-8	9-12	Total	K-5	6-8	9-12	Total
Belvedere	94	92	42	20	17	79	0.457	0.217	0.185	0.859
Cavalia	49	49	18	13	8	39	0.367	0.265	0.163	0.796
Cedarcroft	27	12	1	0	1	2	0.083	0.000	0.083	0.167
Chestnut Estates	38	35	18	5	9	32	0.514	0.143	0.257	0.914
Claremont @ Renton	91	91	18	4	4	26	0.198	0.044	0.044	0.286
Dalton Park	39	12	1	1	0	2	0.083	0.083	0.000	0.167
Forest Heights	24	6	0	0	2	2	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.333
Glencoe, Preswick & Kinlock @ Trossachs	211	204	83	57	56	196	0.407	0.279	0.275	0.961
Heritage Estates	86	86	42	22	21	85	0.488	0.256	0.244	0.988
Highcroft @ Sammamish	121	121	63	30	19	112	0.521	0.248	0.157	0.926
Issaquah Highlands	311	294	47	17	44	108	0.160	0.058	0.150	0.367
Issaquah Highlands - Ichijo Sun Ridge	35	35	8	3	6	17	0.229	0.086	0.171	0.486
Issaquah Highlands - Westridge South	72	50	3	2	5	10	0.060	0.040	0.100	0.200
Lawson Park	31	31	16	5	2	23	0.516	0.161	0.065	0.742
Liberty Gardens	36	36	5	1	0	6	0.139	0.028	0.000	0.167
Meadowleaf	115	20	0	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Overlook @ Brookshire	38	36	13	7	6	26	0.361	0.194	0.167	0.722
Summit Pickering/Inneswood Estates	30	23	7	6	10	23	0.304	0.261	0.435	1.000
Rivenwood	52	52	16	7	9	32	0.308	0.135	0.173	0.615
Shorelane Vistas	38	38	8	7	12	27	0.211	0.184	0.316	0.711
Symphony Ridge	57	52	14	9	7	30	0.269	0.173	0.135	0.577
TOTALS	1595	1375	423	216	238	877	0.308	0.157	0.173	0.638
SINGLE FAMILY										
Elementary School	0.308									
Middle School 6 - 8	0.157									
High School 9 - 12	0.173									
TOTAL	0.638									

These developments are currently under construction or have been completed within the past five years.

TABLE THREE: STUDENT FACTORS - MULTI-FAMILY

2018-19 Multi Family	STUDENTS												
Multi Family Development	# Planned	# Sold	K-5	6-8	9-12	Total	K-5	6-8	9-12	Total			
Avalon Bay	875	100	40	14	10	64	0.400	0.140	0.100	0.640			
Aldea at Newcastle Commons	25	11	0	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Issaquah Highlands - View Ridge	38	38	11	9	16	36	0.289	0.237	0.421	0.947			
Issaquah Highlands - The Brownstones	176	176	23	12	15	50	0.131	0.068	0.085	0.284			
Lake Boren Townhomes	56	56	1	0	0	1	0.018	0.000	0.000	0.018			
Lakehouse	41	38	10	2	2	14	0.263	0.053	0.053	0.368			
Overlook @ Brookshire	42	42	13	7	6	26	0.310	0.167	0.143	0.619			
Towns at Westridge (New)	112	22	1	0	0	1	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.045			
Talus: Spring Peak	25	25	0	0	1	1	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.040			
TOTALS	1390	508	99	44	50	193	0.195	0.087	0.098	0.380			

MULTI FAMILY

TOTAL

Elementary School 0.195
Middle School 6 - 8 0.087
High School 9 - 12 0.098
0.380

These developments are currently under construction or have been completed within the past five years.

INVENTORY AND EVALUATION OF CURRENT FACILITIES

Currently, using the 95% utilization factor, the District has the capacity to house **17843** students in permanent facilities and **4393** students in portables. The projected student enrollment for the <u>2019-2020</u> school year is expected to be **20,105** including K-5 FTE which leaves a permanent capacity deficit of **2262**. Adding portable classrooms into the capacity calculations gives us a capacity of **22236** with a <u>surplus</u> capacity of **2131** for the K-12 student population.

Calculations of elementary, middle school and high school capacities are shown in Appendices A, B and C. Totals are shown in Appendix D.

Below is a list of current facilities. These facility locations and sites are shown on the District Site Location Map.

EXISTING FACILITIES

GRADE SPAN K-5:

Apollo Elementary
Briarwood Elementary
Cascade Ridge Elementary
Challenger Elementary
Clark Elementary
Cougar Ridge Elementary
Creekside Elementary
Discovery Elementary
Endeavour Elementary
Grand Ridge Elementary
Issaquah Valley Elementary
Maple Hills Elementary
Newcastle Elementary
Sunny Hills Elementary
Sunset Elementary

GRADE SPAN 6-8:

Beaver Lake Middle School
Issaquah Middle School
Maywood Middle School
Pacific Cascade Middle School
Pine Lake Middle School

GRADE SPAN 9-12:

Issaquah High School Liberty High School Skyline High School Gibson Ek High School

SUPPORT SERVICES:

Administration Building
New Administration Building (July 2019)
May Valley Service Center
Transportation Center
Transportation Satellite

LOCATION

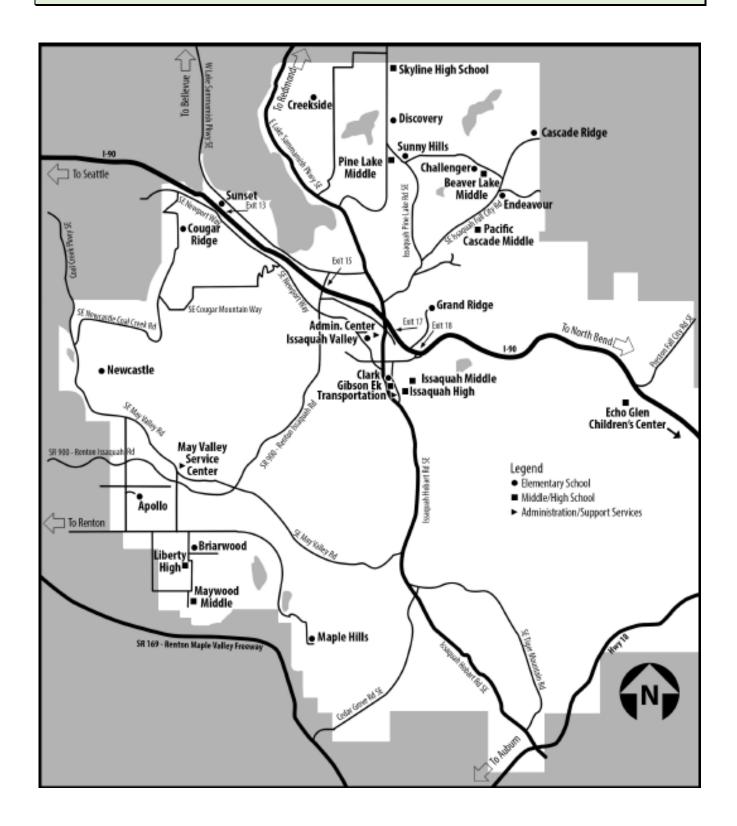
15025 S.E. 117th Street, Renton 17020 S.E. 134th Street, Renton 2020 Trossachs Blvd. S.E., Sammamish 25200 S.E. Klahanie Blvd., Issaquah 335 First Ave. S.E., Issaquah 4630 167th Ave. S.E., Bellevue 20777 SE 16th Street, Sammamish 2300 228th Ave. S.E., Sammamish 26205 S.E. Issaquah-Fall City Rd., Issaquah 1739 NE Park Drive, Issaquah 555 N.W. Holly Street, Issaquah 15644 204th Ave. S.E., Issaquah 8440 136th Ave S.E., Newcastle 3200 Issaquah-Pine Lake Rd. S.E., Sammamish 4229 W. Lk. Sammamish Pkwy. S.E., Issaquah

25025 S.E. 32nd Street, Issaquah 600 2nd Ave. Ave. S.E., Issaquah 14490 168th Ave. S.E., Renton 24635 SE Issaquah-Fall City Rd, Issaquah 3095 Issaquah-Pine Lake Rd., Sammamish

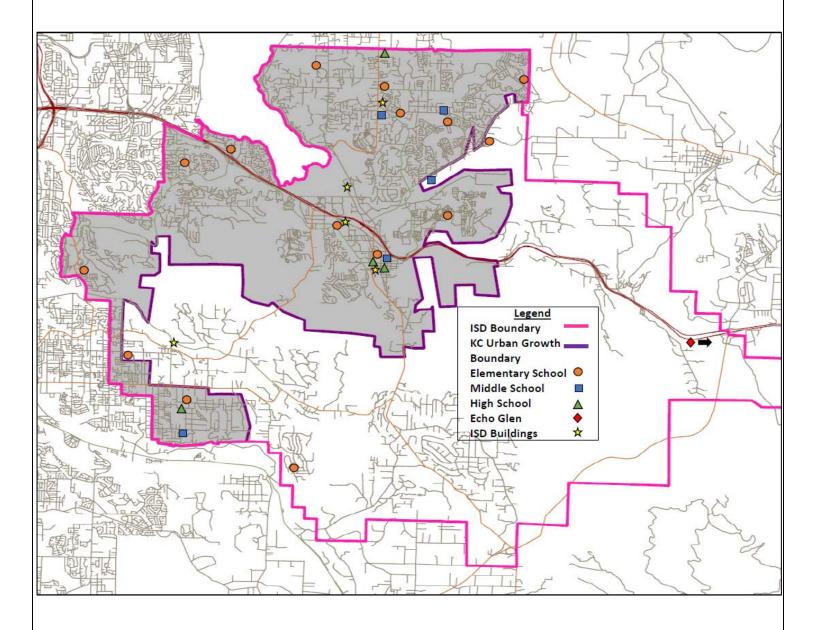
700 Second Ave. S.E., Issaquah 16655 S.E. 136th Street, Renton 1122 228th Ave. S.E., Sammamish 379 First Ave. S.E., Issaquah

565 N.W. Holly Street, Issaquah 5150 220th Ave S.E., Issaquah 16404 S.E. May Valley Road, Renton 805 Second Avenue S.E., Issaquah 3402 228th Ave. S.E., Sammamish

SITE LOCATION MAP



URBAN GROWTH BOUNDARY MAP



THE ISSAQUAH SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SIX-YEAR CONSTRUCTION PLAN

The District's Six-Year Finance Plan is shown in Appendix E. Shown in Table Four is the District's projected capacity to house students, which reflects the additional facilities as noted. Voters passed a \$533 million bond in April 2016 to fund the purchase of land for and construction of a new high school, a new middle school, two new elementary schools, the rebuild/expansion of an existing middle school and additions to six existing elementary schools. The District does anticipate receiving State matching funds that would reduce future bond sale amounts or be applied to new K-12 construction projects included in this Plan.

The District also anticipates that it will receive \$500,000 in impact fees and mitigation payments that will be applied to capital projects.

The District projects **20,105** FTE students for the <u>2019-2020</u> school year and **20,684** FTE students in the <u>2024-2025</u> school year. Growth will be accommodated by the planned facilities. Per the formula in the adopted school impact fee ordinance, half of the unfunded growth-related need is assigned to impact fees and half is the local share.

TABLE FOUR: PROJECTED CAPACITY TO HOUSE STUDENTS

Projected Capacity to House Students

Years	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
Permanent Capacity	18782	18782	19022	20552	22952	22952
High School				1600		
Middle School			850			
Elementary School		240	680	800		
Gross Totals	18782	19022	20552	22952	22952	22952
*Subtotal (Sum at 95% Utilization Rate)	17843	18071	19524	21804	21804	21804
Portables @ 95%	4393	4393	4393	4393	4393	4393
Total Capacity	22236	22464	23917	26197	26197	26197
Projected FTE Enrollment**	20105	20259	20450	20457	20443	20684
Permanent Capacity @ 95% (surplus/deficit)	-2262	-2188	-926	1347	1361	1120
Permanent Cap w/Portables (surplus/deficit)	2131	2205	3467	5740	5754	5513

^{*} Permanent Capacity and New Construction calculations are based on the 95% utilization factors (see Appendix D)

The number of planned portables may be reduced if permanent capacity is increased by a future bond issue.

SCHOOL IMPACT FEE CALCULATIONS

SCHOOL IMPACT FEE CALCULATIONS

DISTRICT Issaquah SD #411

YEAR 2019

School Site Acquisition Cost:

((Acres x Cost per Acre)/Facility Capacity) x Student Generation Factor

				TO	ΓAL	\$8,260	\$4,871
High	30.00	\$1,000,000	1,600	0.173	0.098	\$3,245	\$1,845
Middle/Jr High	10.00	\$1,000,000	850 _	0.157 _	0.087	\$1,848	\$1,019
Elementary	7.00	\$1,000,000	680 _	0.308	0.195	\$3,167	\$2,006
	Acreage	Acre	Capacity_	SFR_	MFR	SFR	MFR
	Facility	Cost/	Facility	Factor	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
				Student	Student		

Student

Student

\$13,007

\$5,590

School Construction Cost:

((Facility Cost/Facility Capacity) x Student Generation Factor) x (Permanent/Total Sq Ft)

				Student	Student		
	%Perm/	Facility	Facility	Factor	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
	Total Sq.Ft.	Cost	Capacity	SFR	MFR	SFR	MFR
Elementary	92.37%	\$32,000,000	680	0.308	0.195	\$13,372	\$8,471
Middle/Jr High	92.37%	\$60,000,000	850 °	0.157	0.087	\$10,243	\$5,647
High	92.37%	\$100,000,000	1,600	0.173	0.098	\$9,993	\$5,682
				TO ⁻	ΓAL	\$33,608	\$19,801

Temporary Facility Cost:

((Facility Cost/Facility Capacity) x Student Generation Factor) x (Temporary/Total Square Feet)

				TO	TAL	\$142	\$84
High	7.63%	\$250,000	224	0.173	0.098	\$15	\$8
Middle/Jr High	7.63%	\$250,000	56	0.157	0.087	\$54	\$30
Elementary	7.63%	\$250,000	80	0.308	0.195	\$73	\$46
	Total Sq.Ft.	Cost	Size	SFR	MFR	SFR	MFR
	%Temp/	Facility	Facility	Factor	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
				Student	Student		

State Matching Credit:

Local Share

Area Cost Allowance x SPI Square Footage x District Match % x Student Factor

				Student	Student		
	Current Area	SPI	District	Factor	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
	Cost Allowance	Footage	Match %	SFR	MFR	SFR	MFR
Elementary	\$225.97	90	0.00%	0.308	0.195	\$0	\$0
Middle/Jr High	\$225.97	108	0.00%	0.157	0.087	\$0	\$0
High School	\$225.97	130	0.00%	0.173	0.098	\$0	\$0
•				TO	ΤΔΙ	\$0	\$0

Tax Payment Credit: SFR MFR Average Assessed Value \$880,244 \$378.314 Capital Bond Interest Rate 4.09% 4.09% Net Present Value of Average Dwelling \$7,107,687 \$3,054,766 Years Amortized 10 10 Property Tax Levy Rate \$1.83 \$1.83

> Present Value of Revenue Stream Fee Summary: Single Multi-Family Family Site Acquistion Costs \$8,260.43 \$4,870.60 Permanent Facility Cost \$33,607.86 \$19,800.83 Temporary Facility Cost \$141.60 \$84.35 State Match Credit \$0.00 \$0.00 Tax Payment Credit (\$13,007.07)(\$5,590.22)

FEE (AS CALCULATED) \$29,002.82 \$19,165.56

FINAL FEE \$14,501 \$9,583

\$14,501.41

\$9,582.78

BASIS FOR DATA USED IN SCHOOL IMPACT FEE CALCULATIONS

SCHOOL SITE ACQUISITION COST:

Elementary
 Two new sites are planned for purchase

Middle School
 One new site is planned for purchase

• High School One new site is planned for purchase

SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION COST:

• Elementary \$32,000,000 is the proportional cost of the project providing additional

elementary capacity

• Middle School \$60,000,000 is the proportional costs of the projects providing additional

middle school capacity

• High School \$100,000,000 is the proportional cost of the project providing additional

high school capacity

PERCENTAGE OF PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SQUARE FOOTAGE TO TOTAL SQUARE FOOTAGE:

Total Square Footage 2,705,800

Permanent Square Footage (OSPI) 2,518,228

Temporary Square Footage 187,572

STATE MATCH CREDIT:

Current Area Cost Allowance \$225.97

Percentage of State Match 39.54%

APPENDIX A

2018-19 ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CAPACITIES

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS	# OF STAMP.	ROM CAPA	#OF+HANDIG	HCROMC.	PERMANEN.	PERMANES.	*OF EXIST.	PORTABLES	PACY.	CURRENT SCHO	FUTURE POST	ADD7L POD.	MAXIMUM S.	MAXIMUM #	Projected D.	PERMANENT C.	EVISTING POP.	SHORTAGE @ SONERAGE O
APOLLO	26	520	4	48	568	540	7	140	708	673	0	0	708	7	630		43	
BRIARWOOD	28	560	2	24	584	555	12	240	824	783	0	0	824	12	643	-88	140	
CASCADE RIDGE	23	460	3	36	496	471	8	160	656	623	0	0	656	8	458	13	165	
CHALLENGER	20	400	5	60	460	437	14	280	740	703	0	0	740	14	567	-130	136	
CLARK	35	700	3	36	736	699	10	200	936	889	0	0	936	10	758	-59	131	
COUGAR RIDGE	33	660	3	36	696	661	8	160	856	813	0	0	856	8	580	81	233	
CREEKSIDE	27	540	3	36	576	546	10	200	776	737	0	0	776	10	709	-162	28	
DISCOVERY	22	440	3	36	476	452	8	160	636	604	0	0	636	8	635	-183	-31	
ENDEAVOUR	22	440	3	36	476	452	12	240	716	680	0	0	716	12	571	-119	109	
GRAND RIDGE	27	540	3	36	576	547	12	240	816	775	0	0	816	12	707	-160	68	
ISSAQUAH VALLEY	29	580	0	0	580	551	10	200	780	741	0	0	780	10	621	-70	120	
MAPLE HILLS	19	380	3	36	416	395	4	80	496	471	2	40	536	6	403	-8	68	
NEWCASTLE	24	480	3	36	516	490	8	160	676	642	0	0	676	8	636	-146	6	
SUNNYHILLS	32	640	1	12	652	619	4	80	732	695	8	160	892	12	749	-130	-54	
SUNSET	31	620	5	60	680	646	4	80	760	722	4	80	840	8	584	62	138	
TOTAL	398	7960	44	528	8488	8061	131	2620	11108	10553	14	280	11388	145	9251	-1187	1302	

^{*}Minus excluded spaces for special program needs
**Average of staffing ratios 1:20 K-2, 1:23 3-5

The maximum capacity includes the permanent capacity plus the maximum number of classrooms served in portables.

^{***}Permanent Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Headcount Enrollment

^{****}Maximum Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Headcount Enrollment

Permanent capacity reflects the building's level of service design capacity.

APPENDIX B

2018-2019 MIDDLE SCHOOL CAPACITIES

MOON F SOLD	33 / 35 / 35 / 35 / 35 / 35 / 35 / 35 /	POW CASSO	# OF 1/2.	MOCAD ROMS	FEMAN, (S)	PERMAN, PORTON ® T.	A CAPACITY ® CAPACITY	PORTAL	Company (20)	CURREN.	TI SONO CAPACO	ADDY, CONTRIES	Maxin, Coryage Sarge,	105000 Choragain	23/18/2/02/2/04/18/2/02/2/04/18/2/02/2/04/18/2/02/2/04/18/2/02/2/04/04/2/04/2/04/2/04/2/04/2/04/	Frank, 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	MITHER STATE OF STATE	100 83.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5
BEAVER LAKE	29	754	2	24	778	739	10	260	1038	986	0	0	1038	10	869	-130	117	
ISSAQUAH																		
MIDDLE	34	884	2	24	908	863	8	208	1116	1060	0	0	1116	8	1018	-155	42	
MAYWOOD	39	1014	4	48	1062	1009	6	156	1218	1157	0	0	1218	6	1203	-194	-46	
PACIFIC																		
CASCADE	29	754	7	84	838	796	8	208	1046	994	0	0	1046	8	1006	-210	-12	
PINE LAKE	42	1092	3	36	1128	1072	2	52	1180	1121	6	156	1336	8	939	133	182	
TOTAL	470	4400	40	240	474.4	4470	24	004	5500	5240		156	5754	40	5025	557	283	
IOTAL	173	4498	18	216	4714	4478	34	884	5598	5318	6	156	5754	40	5035	-557	283	

^{*}Minus excluded spaces for special program needs

^{**}Permanent Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Headcount Enrollment

^{***}Maximum Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Headcount Enrollment

Permanent capacity reflects the building's level of service design capacity.

The maximum capacity includes the permanent capacity plus the maximum number of classrooms served in portables.

APPENDIX C

2018-2019 HIGH SCHOOL CAPACITIES

100 HOH		Pom.	September 1999	MC AO	Property (2)	PERMAN.	Sign House May 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	ONTAN DONABLES	COMPE.	2000 CAD	3010 SALON CAPACIO	ADDILLE TO SEE	Mashin.	10 500 000 m. 1630 m.	7.1. S.	France Control of the	MITHER CONTROL SHOWS	100 PO
ISSAQUAH HIGH	78	2184	2	24	2208	2098	10	280	2488	2364	2	56	2540	12	2211	-113	153	
THEIT	, 0	2101				2000	10	200	2400	2004		- 00	2010		LLII	110	100	
LIBERTYHIGH	39	1092	4	48	1140	1083	8	224	1364	1296	6	168	1532	14	1386	-303	-90	
GIBSON EK HIGH	9	252	1	12	264	251	6	168	432	410	0	0	432	6	209	42	201	
-																		
SKYLINE HIGH	69	1932	3	36	1968	1870	16	448	2416	2295	0	0	2416	16	2013	-143	282	
TOTAL	195	5460	10	120	5580	5249	40	1120	6700	6365	8	224	6920	48	5819	-518	546	

^{*}Minus excluded spaces for special program needs

Permanent capacity reflects the building's level of service design capacity.

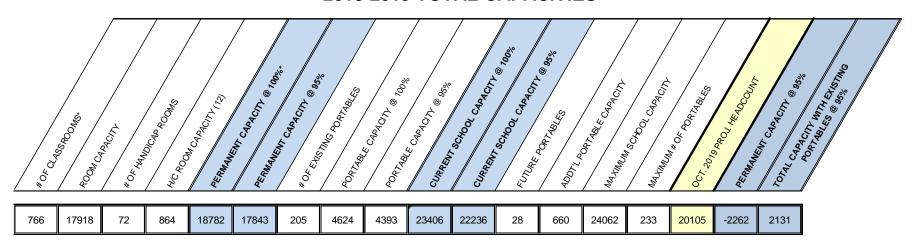
The maximum capacity includes the permanent capacity plus the maximum number of classrooms served in portables.

^{**} Headcount Enrollment Compared to Permanent Capacity x 95% (utilization factor)

^{***} Headcount Enrollment Compared to Maximum Capacity x 95% (utilization factor)

APPENDIX D

2018-2019 TOTAL CAPACITIES



^{*}Permanent Capacity is the total Permanent Capacity from Appendix A + Total Capacity from Appendix B + Total Capacity from Appendix C

APPENDIX E

Six-Year Finance Plan

								Cost to	SECURED	UNSECURED
BUILDING	N/M*	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Complete	LOCAL/STATE**	LOCAL***
New High School	N	\$9,000,000	\$32,000,000	\$35,000,000	\$32,000,000	\$11,000,000		\$119,000,000	\$119,000,000	
New Middle School	N	\$8,000,000	\$29,000,000	\$29,000,000	\$7,000,000			\$73,000,000	\$73,000,000	
New Elementary #16	N	\$9,000,000	\$22,000,000	\$4,500,000				\$35,500,000	\$35,500,000	
New Elementary #17	N	\$3,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$4,000,000		\$37,000,000	\$37,000,000	
Rebuild/Expand Pine Lake Mid	М	\$6,000,000						\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	
Expand Cougar Ridge El	М	\$3,000,000						\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	
Expand Discovery El	М	\$5,000,000	\$3,000,000					\$8,000,000	\$8,000,000	
Expand Endeavour El	М	\$6,000,000	\$3,000,000					\$9,000,000	\$9,000,000	
Expand Maple Hills El	М	\$1,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$2,000,000				\$7,000,000	\$7,000,000	
Portables	N	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000				\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$500,000
Land	N	\$23,000,000	\$36,000,000	\$31,000,000				\$90,000,000	\$90,000,000	
TOTALS		\$74,000,000	\$140,000,000	\$112,500,000	\$49,000,000	\$15,000,000	\$0	\$390,500,000	\$390,500,000	\$500,000

^{*}N = New Construction M = Modernization/Rebuild

^{**}The Issaquah School District, with voter approval, has front funded these projects.

^{***}School impact fees may be utilized to offset front funded expenditures associated with the cost of new growth-related facilities.

Impact fees are currently collected from King County, City of Bellevue, City of New castle, City of Renton, City of Sammamish and the City of Issaquah for projects within the Issaquah School District.

^{****}Funds for portable purchases may come from impact fees, state matching funds, interest earnings or future bond sale elections.