Capital Facilities Plan

2018-2023



Enumclaw School District No. 216

2929 McDougall Avenue Enumclaw, Washington 98022 (360) 802-7100

Board Adopted:

July 16, 2018

Six-Year Capital Facilities Plan

2018-2023

Board of Directors

Nancy Merrill Bryan Stanwood

Tina McGann Tina McGann

Jennifer Watterson

Administration

Mike Nelson Chris Beals

Superintendent Deputy Superintendent

Ed Hatzenbeler Keri Marquand

Director, Business & Operations

Director, Student Support
Services

Stephanie Berryhill

Director, Human Relations

Jill Burnes

Director, Curriculum and

Instruction

Enumclaw School District No. 216

Enumclaw, Washington 98022

CAPITAL FACILITIES PLAN

Approved by Board of Directors Resolution No. 1076

The Enumclaw School District No. 216 hereby provides to the King County Council, City of Enumclaw and City of Black Diamond, this Capital Facilities Plan documenting present and future school facility requirements of the District. The plan contains all elements required by the Growth Management Act and King Code 21A, including a six (6) year financing plan component.

Table of Contents

| | | Page |
|--------------|--|------|
| Executive S | ummary | 1 |
| Section I: | Six-Year Enrollment Projection | 2 |
| Section II: | Current Enumclaw School District "Standard of Service" | 4 |
| Section III: | Inventory and Projected Six-Year Enrollment | 6 |
| Section IV: | The District's Planning and Construction Plan | 9 |
| Section V: | Capital Facilities Financing Plan | 12 |
| Section VI: | Impact Fee Variables and Calculated Fees | 15 |

Executive Summary

In accordance with King County Code 21A.43, this update has been prepared by the Enumclaw School District No. 216 to reflect current conditions in facility usage and needs.

The District's service area includes areas of unincorporated King County, the City of Black Diamond, and the City of Enumclaw. Currently, the District serves a student population of about 3,963 (Oct. 2017) students in kindergarten through grade 12. Enrollment projections presented herein, indicate that enrollment growth will occur over the next six years.

Following a 16 year period of declining enrollment, the District has experienced slight growth over the last five years. However, the District anticipates healthy enrollment gains as a result of growth projected within the six-year planning period (and anticipated to continue beyond the six year planning period). The City of Black Diamond approved development of two Master Planned Developments (the "MPDs") over the next fifteen-plus years. Together, the MPDs (Ten Trails and Lawson Hills) include 6,050 dwelling units. Construction of residential dwelling units in Phase IA of the Ten Trails MPD begins in 2018 with the construction of approximately 50 single family housing units. Construction in this plat and in others plats in the two MPDs will continue into 2019 with an estimated minimum 250 single family housing units built per year for the next six years and beyond. Using current student generation rates, this will mean an increase in the District's enrollment by approximately 793 students from these planned units in a six year period. The City of Enumclaw has several approved several construction projects within the city limits. Suntop Planned Unit Development "Division 1," includes 116 single family residential lots. The Division 1 Project began construction in 2016 and approximately 94 lots remain to be constructed. There are 18 other developments at various stages of approval within the city limits of Enumclaw totaling 756 preliminary platted lots. We estimate a total of 600 single family dwelling units will be built within the six year period of this plan, generating an additional 366 students. Finally, there is ongoing, though limited, development in the unincorporated area of King County that is located within the District. With this cumulative projected new development, the District recently added capacity at the new Black Diamond Elementary School, will need to add permanent student capacity at the high school and temporary capacity at the elementary school level during the six-year planning period, and begin to plan for additional capacity in the next ten years. Section IV of this Plan identifies the District's anticipated long-term planning with regard to the development within the City of Black Diamond.

As noted above, the District will need substantial capacity additions in the long-term planning period in response to development activity throughout the District and particularly within the City of Black Diamond. Future updates to this Plan will reflect planning needs in response to growth.

Section I: Six-Year Enrollment Projection

This plan update is based on the anticipated number of students expected to be enrolled through 2023. The six-year projection (2018-2023) will assist in determining short term needs and form the basis for assessing the need for impact fees.

Enrollment projections are most accurate for the initial years of the forecast period. Moving further into the future, more assumptions about economic conditions and demographic trends in the area affect the projection. In the event that enrollment growth slows, plans for new facilities will likely be delayed. It is much more difficult, however, to initiate new projects or speed projects up in the event enrollment growth exceeds the projections. Regular updates of both the enrollment projections and the Capital Facilities Plan (CFP) are essential to good facility planning.

The District relies on two population forecasts for purposes of projecting student enrollment. The first is an estimate by the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI). OSPI estimates future enrollment through 2023 using the cohort survival method. This method estimates how many students in one year will attend the next grade in the following year by relying on previous enrollment trends. Due to the fact that the cohort survival method does not incorporate in-migration, particularly from anticipated new development within the District, these projections are considered highly conservative. In addition, the cohort survival method continues to assume erroneously a decline in the District's enrollment due to the removal of students attending the Muckleshoot Tribal School from the District's enrollment figures in 2014 (when the Muckleshoot Tribe entered into a state-tribal education compact school agreement pursuant to the authority of E2SHB 1154). See Appendix A.

The second forecast is a modified cohort analysis, which uses the cohort projections as a base, incorporates King County live birth data and the District's historic percentage of those births to determine the number of kindergartners entering the system, and further incorporates assumptions based on known new residential development proposals within the District. See <u>Appendix B</u>. Because this analysis incorporates the expected in-migration to the District from new development, the District uses this analysis for purposes of determining capacity needs throughout the six years of this planning period. Using the modified enrollment projections, the District's enrollment is expected to increase over the six years of this Plan.

With regard to the expected enrollment from the anticipated 6,050 dwelling units in Black Diamond, the District anticipates, using best known information to date, that building of residential units will commence in summer 2018, with building and occupancy to continue for a period of fifteen years or more thereafter. As such, the enrollment impacts from the start of these developments begin to show during the early years of this Plan period. Future updates to this Plan will provide additional and updated information regarding these projects and the impacts on District enrollment.

Using the modified cohort survival projections, a total enrollment of 5,000 (HC) is expected by 2023, with significant growth occurring beginning in 2019 when the first significant portion of homes in the MPD in Black Diamond is expected to be occupied. The District expects the enrollment of 1,037 additional students between 2017-2023. See Table 1.

Table 1: Projected Student Enrollment 2017-2023

| Projection | 2017* | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Actual Change | Percent Change |
|-------------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|-------------------|
| Modified Cohort (HC) | 3,963 | 4020 | 4,216 | 4,412 | 4,608 | 4,804 | 5,000 | 1,037 | 20.74% |

^{*} Actual enrollment (October 1, 2017)

Section II: Current Enumclaw School District "Standard of Service"

In order to determine the capacity of the District's facilities, the King County Code 21A refers to a "standard of service" that each school district must establish in order to ascertain its overall capacity. The standard of service is based upon the number of classrooms available at each school and the desired average class load district-wide. A favorable class size is used to promote the standard and quality of educational programs the residents of the Enumclaw School District expect and support through the passage of levies and bonds.

Rooms designed for special use are not counted as classrooms. Portables used for classrooms are employed on an interim basis only. When additional permanent classrooms are available, portables are removed from service, transferred to other locations, or used for non-classroom purposes.

The District's standard of service is based on current standards. Future updates to the Capital Facilities Plan will incorporate any funded implementation of K-3 class size reduction as well as updates related to passed legislation.

Current Standards of Service for Elementary Students:

Average district wide class size for grades K-3 should not exceed 23 students. The ratio of K-3 students to instructional staff will transition to 1 to 17 beginning in 2019-2020.

Average district wide class size for grades 4 and 5 should not exceed 26 students.

Elementary school permanent capacity should be between 400 and 500 students.

Class size may vary from building to building based upon different influencing factors at each school.

Students may be provided music instruction, physical education, and lunch in a separate classroom or facility.

Students may have scheduled time in a special computer lab.

Special Education for student with disabilities may be provided in a self-contained classroom with a maximum capacity of 10-12 depending on the program.

Identified students will also be provided other educational opportunities in classrooms and/or special spaces for programs designated as follows:

English Language Proficiency (ELP) Integrated Programs & Resource Rooms (for special remedial assistance) Education for Disadvantage Students (Title 1) Highly Capable Program Other Remediation Programs Learning Assisted Program (LAP) Behavior Programs for severely behavior-disordered students Hearing Impaired

Mild, Moderate and Severe Developmental Disabilities

Developmental Preschool

Early Childhood Education Assistance Programs (ECEAP)

All of the special programs referenced above require specialized classroom space; thus, the full-time student capacity of buildings housing these programs is reduced. Students leave their regular classroom for a period of time to receive instruction in several special programs. When programs change, program capacity fluctuates and the plan is updated annually to reflect the change in program and capacity.

Current Standards of Service for Secondary Students:

The standards of service outlined below reflect only those programs and educational opportunities provided to secondary students which directly affect the capacity of the school buildings.

Average district wide class size for grades 6-8 should not exceed 26 students.

Middle school permanent capacity should not exceed 600 students.

Average district wide class size for grades 9-12 should not exceed 28 students.

High school permanent capacity should not exceed 1,497 students after completion of the EHS modernization.

Special Education for students with disabilities may be provided in a classroom with a capacity of 10-15 depending on program.

Identified students will also be provided other educational opportunities in classrooms and/or special spaces for programs designated as follows:

Instrumental and Vocal Music
Integrated Programs & Resource Rooms (for special remedial assistance)
Computer Labs
Advanced Placement Programs
Basic Skills Programs
Career and Vocational Education Programs

Many of these programs require specialized classroom space and can reduce the permanent capacity of the school buildings.

Each school's available capacity will vary with the type of programs and space utilization in the building. When a large number of portables are added to site to add capacity, other support facilities, such as gymnasiums, lunch areas, halls, etc. become inadequate.

Section III: Inventory and Projected Six-Year Enrollment Capacity of Schools

Currently, the District has permanent program capacity to house 4,368 students based on the District's Standard of Service as set forth in Section II. That number will increase to 4,859 upon the completion of Phase II of the Enumclaw High School modernization project in 2019. Portable classroom capacity for 593 students brings the total capacity to 4,961 in the 17-18 school year.¹ A summary of the current enrollment and capacity, and the breakdown at each grade span follows:

| 2017-18 Current | Permanent Capacity ² | Portable Capacity | Total Capacity | Oct. 2017 Enrollment (HC) | Surplus Capacity w/o Portables | Surplus Capacity w/ Portables |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Elementary | 2,321 | 96 | 2,417 | 1,813 | 508 | 604 |
| Middle School | 1,200 | 0 | 1,200 | 933 | 267 | 267 |
| Senior High | 847 | 497 | 1,344 | 1,217 | (370) | 127 |
| District Total | 4.368 | 593 | 4.961 | 3.963 | 405 | 998 |

Table 2: Summary of Capacity (2017-18)

Included in this Plan is an inventory of the District's schools by type, address and current capacity. See Table 3.

In the fall of 2005, the District closed J.J. Smith Elementary due to the age and condition of the building. The District performed facility upgrades in 2015 at J.J. Smith and it was used to temporarily house Black Diamond Elementary students during construction of the new elementary school. In the fall of 2017, J.J. Smith began to house the District's Birth-to-Five program, special education preschool and ECEAP programs.

Black Diamond Elementary opened in August 2017. The new Black Diamond Elementary has a capacity of 450 students in permanent housing (an increase from the previous permanent capacity of 193). The Enumclaw High School modernization phase 1 will open in October 2018 and phase II is scheduled to be complete by the end of 2019. When fully completed, the updated facility will have a permanent capacity of 1,497 students, an increase from the previous permanent capacity (prior to modernization and demolition of some portions of the facility) of under 1,300 students.

Based on the enrollment forecasts, current inventory, program capacity, current standard of service, and portable capacity, the District has identified the need for additional student capacity in the short term. This reflects new development in the City of Black Diamond and new and potential development in the City of Enumclaw and King County during the six year planning period. In addition, funded implementation of class size reduction measures will further impact available and needed capacity. Future updates to this Capital Facilities Plan will address any such implementation.

¹ The District's intent is for all students to be served in permanent classroom facilities. As such, portables are intended to be a temporary capacity solution. The District currently has four classrooms in portables at Kibler Elementary and 18 classrooms in portables at Enumclaw High School. There are seven portables at Kibler in total and three at Westwood. Portables are also used for book rooms and administrative purposes.

TABLE 3: Inventory Summary

An inventory of existing permanent school facilities including the locations and capacities of those facilities is provided below.

| Existing Facility | Location | Capacity |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|
| Black Diamond Elementary | 25314 Baker Street Black Diamond, WA 98010 | 450 |
| Byron Kibler Elementary | 2057 Kibler Avenue Enumclaw, WA 98022 | 460 |
| Southwood Elementary | 3240 McDougall Avenue Enumclaw, WA 98022 | 445 |
| Sunrise Elementary | 899 Osceola Street Enumclaw, WA 98022 | 483 |
| Westwood Elementary | 21200 SE 416th Enumclaw, WA 98022 | 483 |
| Enumclaw Middle School | 550 Semanski Street S. Enumclaw, WA 98022 | 600 |
| Thunder Mountain Middle School | 42018 264th Avenue E. Enumclaw, WA. 98022 | 600 |
| Enumclaw High School | 226 Semanski Street S. Enumclaw, WA 98022 | 1338* |

^{*}Existing capacity following construction and opening of Phase 1 as a part of the EHS Modernization/Addition project. Phase 2 will increase permanent capacity to 1,497 in 2019-2020.

Table 4 - Projected Enrollment & Capacity*

| K-5 Elementary | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2017* | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Permanent Capacity | 2,321^ | 2,321 | 2,321 | 2,321 | 2,321 | 2,321 | 2,321 |
| Portable Capacity Available | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| Portable/Purchase, Relocate | | | | | | | |
| Total Capacity | 2,417 | 2,417 | 2,417 | 2,417 | 2,417 | 2,417 | 2,417 |
| Projected Enrollment* | 1,813 | 1,845 | 1,947 | 2,049 | 2,151 | 2,253 | 2,355 |
| Surplus/(Deficit) of Perm. Capacity | 508 | 476 | 374 | 272 | 170 | 68 | (34) |
| Surplus/(Deficit) with Portables | 604 | 572 | 470 | 368 | 266 | 164 | 62 |
| 6-8 Middle School | | | | | | | |
| | 2017* | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Permanent Capacity | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,200 |
| New Construction: Middle School | | | | | | | |
| Portable Capacity Available | 0 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 |
| Portable/Purchase, Relocate | | | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| Total Capacity | 1,200 | 1,256 | 1,368 | 1,368 | 1,368 | 1,368 | 1,368 |
| Projected Enrollment* | 933 | 935 | 981 | 1,027 | 1,073 | 1,119 | 1,165 |
| Surplus/(Deficit) of Perm. Capacity | 267 | 265 | 219 | 173 | 127 | 81 | 35 |
| Surplus/(Deficit) with Portables | - | 317 | 375 | 329 | 283 | 237 | 191 |
| 9-12 High School | | | | | | | |
| | 2017* | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Permanent Capacity | 847 | 1,338** | 1,338 | 1,497 | 1,497 | 1,497 | 1,497 |
| New Construction: High School | | | 159*** | | | | |
| Portable Capacity Available | 497 | 56 | 56 | 224 | 224 | 224 | 224 |
| Portable/Purchase, Relocate | 277 | | 168 | | | | |
| Total Capacity | 1,344 | 1,394 | 1,721 | 1,721 | 1,721 | 1,721 | 1,721 |
| Projected Enrollment* | 1,217 | 1,240 | 1,288 | 1,336 | 1,384 | 1,432 | 1,480 |
| Surplus/(Deficit) of Perm. Capacity | (370) | 98 | 209 | 161 | 113 | 65 | 17 |
| Surplus/(Deficit) with Portables | 127 | 154 | 433 | 385 | 337 | 289 | 241 |

[^]Reflects the opening of the new Black Diamond Elementary School with expanded capacity in August 2017.

^{*2017} reflects actual October enrollment.

^{**}Phase 1 of the renovated and expanded Enumclaw High School is scheduled to open in October 2018.

^{***}Phase 2 should be completed in by the end of 2019 adding an additional permanent capacity of 159 students.

Section IV: The District's Planning and Construction Plan

Trigger of Construction

Planning for new schools and additions to existing schools are triggered by comparing the enrollment forecasts with District capacity. Projected available student capacity was derived by subtracting projected student enrollment from existing school capacity for each of the six years in the forecast period (2018-2023). Capacity needs are expressed in terms of "Surplus/(Deficit) of Permanent Capacity." A "(Deficit)" in permanent capacity means that there will be unhoused students (who will likely be served in portable classrooms, in classrooms where class size exceeds State standards, Board expectations and/or contractually negotiated agreements within the local school district). The unhoused student levels are shown in Table 5. Note: for purposes of assessing capacity, the District has included the capacity improvements that are planned over the six year planning period. As previously discussed in this Plan, the District intends to monitor development and enrollment growth and will continue to assess the need for any capacity additions in future updates to this Plan.

Facility Needs (2018-2023)

The voters in the District approved a Bond in April 2015 that included replacement and expansion of Black Diamond Elementary School and renovation/expansion of Enumclaw High School. Creating new capacity at Black Diamond Elementary helped to ensure that elementary schools in other areas of the District are not overcrowded and that capacity is available in those schools to serve new development. The projects listed in Table 5 are anticipated based upon information available at the present time. Due in part to potential anticipated growth within the cities of Black Diamond and Enumclaw, the District will reallocate portables during the Enumclaw High School project and may purchase additional new portables.

Facility Needs (Long Term)

Based upon present information regarding the development activity within the City of Black Diamond, the District is planning for long term needs in the Black Diamond area. The District anticipates that, based upon service standards and enrollment projections, the two approved master planned development projects may necessitate the future need for up to four new elementary schools, one new middle school, and one new high school. The District is uncertain at this time regarding long term additional capacity needs that may result from additional development in Black Diamond and development within the City of Enumclaw and unincorporated King County. The District will continue to monitor development activity and related capacity needs. In addition, funded implementation of class size reduction measures may also require additional capacity. Future updates to this Plan will reflect the planning needs in response to long term growth impacts.

General Considerations

The decision and ability to actually construct a new school facility involves multiple factors not wholly within the control of the District. The availability of funds is the biggest consideration whether those funds are generated from locally approved bonds, state construction funds, impact fees, or mitigation payments, or a combination of the above.

Table 5 - Planned Projects 2018-2023

Enumclaw School District No. 216

Projects Planned and Sites Acquisitions

| | | | T | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| School/Facility/Site | Location | Туре | Status | Projected Comp Date | Added Capacity | % for new Growth |
| Elementary | | | | Date | Approx | Approx |
| Black Diamond Elementary | Black Diamond | New** | Complete | 2017 | 257 | 100% |
| Middle School | | | | | | |
| Portable Facilities | Enumclaw MS** | Relocate/Renovate | Planning | 2019 | 52 | 0% |
| Portable Facilities | Thunder Mountain MS** | Relocate/Renovate | Planning | 2019 | 52 | 0% |
| Senior High | | | | | | |
| Enumclaw High School | Enumclaw | Renovation/Addition* | In Process | 2020 | 200 | 100% |
| Portable Facilities | Enumclaw | Relocate/Renovate | Planning | 2019-2021 | 272 | 100% |
| Other Sites | | | | | | |
| South West Enumclaw (18A) | 1009 SE 244th, Enumclaw | New | Exist. | Site Bank | 0 | 0 |
| North East Enumclaw (20A) | East of Highway 169 | New | Exist. | Site Bank | 0 | 0 |
| Black Diamond (various pending) | In Ten Trails Development | New | Planning | | varying | 100% |

^{*} In preparation of growth in Black Diamond as Black Diamond Elementary fills to capacity.

^{**} Will relocate two portables from Enumclaw High School during construction to middle schools to expand capacity for growth.

Table 6 – Finance Plan

| | Estimated Project Cost by Year - in \$millions | | | | | | Total | Secured | Secured | Unsecured |
|---------------------------|--|-------|---------|------|------|------|---------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Cost | Bond/Levy (1) | Other (2) | Other (3) |
| Improvements Adding Stud | ent Capacity | | | | | | | | | |
| Elementary School | | | | | | | | | | |
| New Construction* | \$21.61 | | | | | | \$21.61 | \$16.155 | \$4.50 | \$.95 |
| Middle School | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| High School | | | | | | | | | | |
| Renovation and Addition** | | | \$63.95 | | | | \$63.95 | \$52.395 | \$10.41 | \$1.15 |
| Portables | - | \$.40 | _ | | | | \$.40 | | | \$.40 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$21.61 | \$.40 | \$63.95 | | | | \$85.96 | \$68.55 | \$14.91 | \$2.50 |

⁽¹⁾ Secured Bond/Levy- Bond and levy funding already approved by voters.

⁽²⁾ Secured Other - Funds currently available to the District including proceeds from property sales, school mitigation and impact fees, and State Match Funds remaining from prior construction projects.

⁽³⁾ Unsecured future - School mitigation and impact fees not yet collected, bonds and levies not yet approved, state match dollars not yet allocated.

^{*}Replacement of existing Black Diamond Elementary and related new capacity with expenditures through 2018. Construction costs updated annually.

^{**}Partial renovation of existing Enumclaw High school and related new capacity with expenditures through 2020. Construction costs are updated annually.

Section V: Capital Facilities Financing Plan

The Six-Year Finance Plan shown on Table 6 demonstrates how the District intends to fund new construction and improvements to school facilities for the years of 2018-2023. The financing plan and impact fee calculation formula also differentiate between capacity and noncapacity projects.

The District's ability to accomplish its building program is based on the following funding sources:

- Passage of general obligation bonds by District voters, which was done in the April 2015 election
- Collection of school mitigation and impact fees
- State School Construction Assistance Program funds

General Obligation Bonds

Bonds are typically used to fund construction of new schools and other capital improvement projects. A 60% voter approval is required to pass a bond. Bonds are then retired through collection of property taxes. The District's voters recently approved a \$68.5 million bond to fund the replacement and expansion of the existing Black Diamond Elementary School and the partial renovation and expansion of Enumclaw High School.

State School Construction Funding Assistance

State School Construction Funding Assistance comes from the Common School Construction Fund. Bonds are sold on behalf of the fund then retired from revenues accruing predominantly from the sale of renewable resources (i.e. timber) from State school lands set aside by the Enabling Act of 1889. If these sources are insufficient to meet needs, the Legislature can appropriate funds or the State Superintendent of Public Instruction can prioritize funding.

School districts may qualify for School Construction Funding Assistance for specific capital projects. To qualify, a project must first meet a State established criteria of need. This is determined by a formula that specifies the amount of square footage the State will help finance to provide permanent structures for the unhoused enrollment projected for the district. If a project qualifies, it can become part of a State prioritization system. This system prioritizes allocation of available funding resources to school districts statewide based on seven prioritization categories. Funds are then disbursed to the districts based on a formula which calculates district assessed valuation per pupil relative to the whole State assessed valuation per pupil to establish the percent of the total project cost to be paid by the State. The State contribution can range from less than half to more than 70% of the project's cost.

State School Construction Funding Assistance can only be applied to major school construction projects. Site acquisition and minor improvements are not eligible to receive School Construction Funding Assistance dollars. School Construction Funding Assistance funds are not received by a school district until after a school has been

constructed. In such cases, the District must "front fund" a project. That is, the District must finance the complete project with local funds (the future State's share coming from funds allocated to future District projects). When the State share is finally disbursed (without accounting for escalation) the future District project is partially reimbursed.

Because of the method of computing State School Construction Funding Assistance, the official percentage of funds calculated by the State does not typically equal the actual percentage of total facility cost. The State Funding Assistance Percentage for the Enumclaw School District is approximately 53.78%. Notably, this only applies to costs that the State considers eligible for State Funding. Land costs and other development costs are not considered eligible for State School Construction Funding Assistance. Furthermore, the State only allows 90 square feet per elementary student while the District's service standard requires more square feet per student. This additional space must be funded with local dollars. For a typical project that has maximum State funding, less than 50% of the total project costs will covered by School Construction Funding Assistance dollars.

Mitigation Payments and School Impact Fees

For development in those jurisdictions that have not adopted a school impact fee ordinance, the District relies on mitigation required under the State Environmental Policy Act and related statutes.

In those jurisdictions where a school impact fee ordinance is in place, the District requests that an impact fee be collected by the permitting agency for the construction of any new residential dwelling unit.

Fees assessed are based on the new enrollment growth in the District. By law, new development cannot be assessed impact fees to correct existing deficiencies.

Impact fees have been calculated utilizing the formula in the King County Ordinance 11621. The resulting figures are based on the District's cost per dwelling unit to purchase land for school sites, make site improvements, construct schools and purchase, install or relocate temporary facilities (Portables). Credits have also been applied in the formula to account for State School Construction Funding Assistance expected to be reimbursed to the District and projected future property taxes to be paid by the owner of a dwelling unit.

The District's cost per dwelling unit is derived by multiplying the cost per student by the applicable student generation rate per dwelling unit. King County Ordinance 11621 defines "Student Factor" as "the number derived by a school district to describe how many students of each grade span are expected to be generated by a dwelling unit. Student factors shall be based on district records of average actual student generation rates for new developments constructed over a period of not more than five (5) years prior to the date of the fee calculation; provided that, if such information is not available in the district, the data from adjacent districts, districts with similar demographics, or county wide averages may be used."

Enumclaw School District's student generation factors are based on the 2018 average of student factors from surrounding districts in King County. See Table 7. The surrounding districts include Auburn, Federal Way, Issaquah, Kent, Lake Washington, and Northshore.

Table 7 - Summary of Student Generation Rate (SGR)

Single Family Dwelling Units:

| | Auburn | Federal Way | Issaquah | Kent | Lake Washington | Northshore | Average |
|------------|--------|----------------|----------|-------|--------------------|------------|---------|
| | | | | | | | |
| Elementary | 0.234 | 0.224 | 0.343 | 0.398 | 0.436 | 0.359 | 0.332 |
| Middle | 0.097 | 0.107 | 0.158 | 0.096 | 0.180 | 0.120 | 0.126 |
| High | 0.123 | 0.139 | 0.261 | 0.185 | 0.135 | 0.094 | 0.156 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0.454 | 0.470 | 0.763 | 0.679 | 0.751 | 0.573 | 0.614 |

Multi-Family Dwelling Units:

| | Auburn | Federal | Issaquah | Kent | Lake | Northshore | Average |
|------------|--------|---------|----------|-------|------------|------------|---------|
| | | Way* | | | Washington | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Elementary | 0.219 | 0.587 | 0.110 | 0.117 | 0.066 | 0.062 | 0.115 |
| Middle | 0.107 | 0.270 | 0.058 | 0.028 | 0.025 | 0.031 | 0.050 |
| High | 0.106 | 0.281 | 0.072 | 0.029 | 0.018 | 0.042 | 0.053 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0.432 | 1.137 | 0.240 | 0.174 | 0.109 | 0.135 | 0.218 |

^{*}For purposes of the MF student generation rates, the FWSD figures are for information only and not used to calculate the average.

Section VI: Impact Fee Variables and Impact Fees

| Student Factors-Sin Elementary Middle School High School | 0.332/0.115 0.126/0.050 0.156/0.053 | Temporary Facilities Costs Elementary Middle School High School |
|---|---|---|
| Student Capacity Po | er Facility 400-500 | Permanent Square Footage Elementary 226,126 |
| Middle School | 600-650 | Middle School 167,254 |
| High School | 1,500 | High School 154,698 |
| Tingii Senoor | 1,300 | Total 548,078 |
| Site Acreage Site | | Temporary Square Footage |
| Elementary | 15 a | Elementary 8,600 |
| Middle School | 25 a | Middle School 1,720 |
| High School | 40 a | High School $\underline{1,720}$ |
| | | Total 12,040 |
| Site Cost per Acre | | Total Facilities Square Footage |
| Elementary | | Elementary 234.726 |
| Middle School | | Middle School 168.974 |
| High School | | High School <u>156,418</u> |
| | | Total 560,118 |
| New Facility Constr | | State Construction Funding |
| Elementary | \$21,618,993 | District Match % 53.78% |
| High School | \$62,676,572 | Current Construction Cost Allocation \$225.97 |
| | | District Average Assessed Value |
| SPI Square Footage | per Student | Single Family Res. \$353,913 |
| Elementary (K-5) | 90 | K.C. Assessor, 2/18 |
| Middle School (6-8) | 108 | |
| High School (9-12) | 130 | Bond Interest Rate |
| Special Education | 144 | Current Bond Buyer Index 3.85% |
| Temporary Classro | om Capacity | District Average Assessed Value |
| Elementary | 24 | Multi-Family Res. \$142,213 |
| Middle School | 28 | K.C. Assessor, 2/18 |
| High School | 28 | Weighted Avg. of Condos and Apts. |
| Developer Provided | | District Debt Service Tax Rate |
| | None | Current \$1.19/\$1,000 |

Using the variables and formula described above, impact fees proposed for the District are summarized in Table 8. See also Appendix C.

Table 8 - School Impact Fees

| Housing Type | Impact Fee Per Dwelling Unit City of Black Diamond* |
|---------------|---|
| Single Family | \$9,331 |
| Multi-Family | \$3,069 |

^{*}To be proposed to the City of Black Diamond; discounted at 25%

| Housing Type | Impact Fee Per Dwelling Unit City of Enumclaw* |
|---------------|---|
| Single Family | \$6,221 |
| Multi-Family | \$2,046 |

^{**}Per City of Enumclaw Ordinance 2609, the City of Enumclaw adopted a fee amount consistent with the 50% discount (ESD requested 25% discount)

| Housing Type | Impact Fee Per Dwelling Unit King County** |
|---------------|---|
| Single Family | \$6,221 |
| Multi-Family | \$2,046 |

^{***}Per Chapter 21A.43 KCC and Ordinance No. 10162 (discounted at 50%)

Appendix A OSPI Cohort Enrollment Projections





School Facilities and Organization INFORMATION AND CONDITION OF SCHOOLS Enrollment Projections (Report 1049)

ENUMCLAW

| | ACTUAL ENROLLMENTS ON OCTOBER 1st | | | | | AVERAGE % PROJECTED ENROLLMENTS | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Grade | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | SURVIVAL | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Kindergarten | 311 | 316 | 298 | 264 | 264 | 309 | | 274 | 268 | 262 | 257 | 251 | 245 |
| Grade 1 | 321 | 319 | 296 | 300 | 267 | 265 | 99.68% | 308 | 273 | 267 | 261 | 256 | 250 |
| Grade 2 | 314 | 313 | 287 | 304 | 308 | 288 | 100.13% | 265 | 308 | 273 | 267 | 261 | 256 |
| Grade 3 | 317 | 305 | 286 | 285 | 313 | 319 | 98.86% | 285 | 262 | 304 | 270 | 264 | 258 |
| Grade 4 | 303 | 318 | 285 | 302 | 299 | 329 | 101.87% | 325 | 290 | 267 | 310 | 275 | 269 |
| Grade 5 | 314 | 308 | 301 | 297 | 309 | 303 | 100.83% | 332 | 328 | 292 | 269 | 313 | 277 |
| K-5 Sub-Total | 1,880 | 1,879 | 1,753 | 1,752 | 1,760 | 1,813 | | 1,789 | 1,729 | 1,665 | 1,634 | 1,620 | 1,555 |
| Grade 6 | 341 | 320 | 288 | 295 | 304 | 319 | 99.79% | 302 | 331 | 327 | 291 | 268 | 312 |
| Grade 7 | 362 | 337 | 293 | 293 | 306 | 308 | 99.42% | 317 | 300 | 329 | 325 | 289 | 266 |
| Grade 8 | 339 | 360 | 325 | 299 | 301 | 306 | 100.12% | 308 | 317 | 300 | 329 | 325 | 289 |
| 6-8 Sub-Total | 1,042 | 1,017 | 906 | 887 | 911 | 933 | | 927 | 948 | 956 | 945 | 882 | 867 |
| Grade 9 | 388 | 343 | 342 | 343 | 308 | 325 | 102.53% | 314 | 316 | 325 | 308 | 337 | 333 |
| Grade 10 | 366 | 387 | 320 | 354 | 349 | 298 | 99.00% | 322 | 311 | 313 | 322 | 305 | 334 |
| Grade 11 | 358 | 339 | 325 | 295 | 310 | 300 | 88.45% | 264 | 285 | 275 | 277 | 285 | 270 |
| Grade 12 | 356 | 372 | 318 | 332 | 296 | 294 | 99.00% | 297 | 261 | 282 | 272 | 274 | 282 |
| 9-12 Sub-Total | 1,468 | 1,441 | 1,305 | 1,324 | 1,263 | 1,217 | | 1,197 | 1,173 | 1,195 | 1,179 | 1,201 | 1,219 |
| DISTRICT K-12 TOTAL | 4,390 | 4,337 | 3,964 | 3,963 | 3,934 | 3,963 | | 3,913 | 3,850 | 3,816 | 3,758 | 3,703 | 3,641 |

Notes: Specific subtotaling on this report will be driven by District Grade spans.

School Facilities and Organization

Printed May 14, 2018

Appendix B Modified Cohort Enrollment Projections

MODIFIED COHORT SURVIVAL PROJECTIONS

PROJECTED ENROLLMENTS

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Kindergarten | 306 | 321 | 336 | 351 | 366 | 381 |
| Grade 1 | 310 | 327 | 344 | 361 | 378 | 395 |
| Grade 2 | 276 | 293 | 310 | 327 | 344 | 361 |
| Grade 3 | 293 | 310 | 327 | 344 | 361 | 388 |
| Grade 4 | 331 | 349 | 367 | 385 | 403 | 421 |
| Grade 5 | 329 | 347 | 365 | 383 | 401 | 419 |
| K-5 Headcount | 1845 | 1947 | 2049 | 2151 | 2253 | 2355 |
| Grade 6 | 311 | 326 | 341 | 356 | 371 | 386 |
| Grade 7 | 322 | 337 | 352 | 367 | 382 | 397 |
| Grade 8 | 302 | 318 | 334 | 360 | 376 | 392 |
| 6-8 Headcount | 935 | 981 | 1027 | 1073 | 1119 | 1165 |
| Grade 9 | 320 | 332 | 344 | 360 | 372 | 384 |
| Grade 10 | 322 | 334 | 346 | 358 | 370 | 482 |
| Grade 11 | 298 | 310 | 322 | 334 | 346 | 358 |
| Grade 12 | 300 | 312 | 324 | 336 | 348 | 360 |
| 9-12 | | | | | | |
| Headcount* | 1240 | 1288 | 1336 | 1384 | 1432 | 1480 |
| K-12 Headcount | 4020 | 4216 | 4412 | 4608 | 4804 | 5000 |

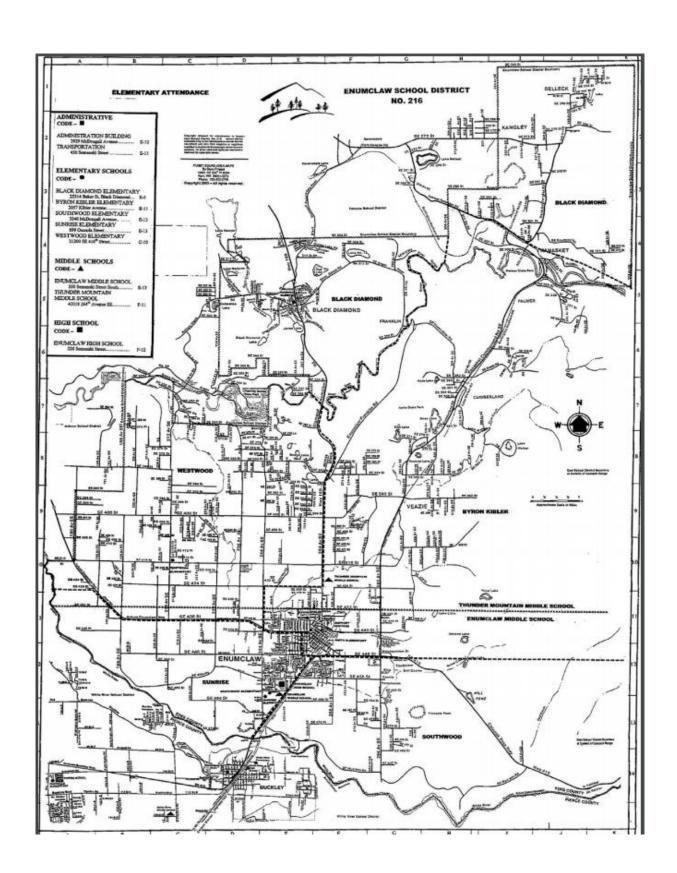
Appendix C School Impact Fee Calculations

APPENDIX C SCHOOL IMPACT FEE CALCULATIONS

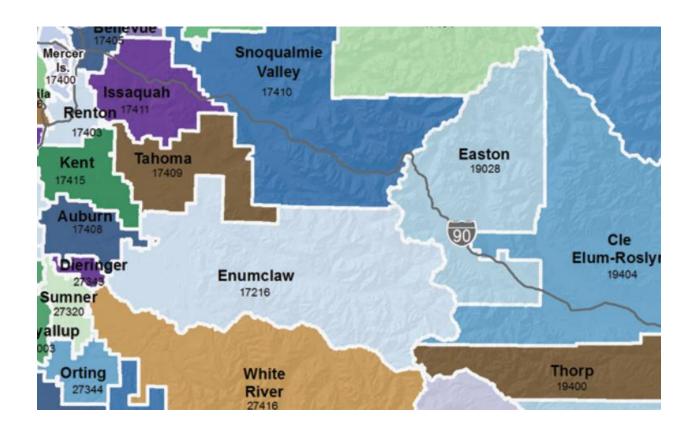
| | SCHOOL DIST | TRICT | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|----------------|---|--|---------------------|-------------|
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Acquisition C | | | | | | |
| ((AcresxCos | per Acre)/Fo | acility Capacity | y)xStudent Fa | ctor | | | |
| | | | | Student | Student | | |
| | Facility | Cost/ | Facility | Factor | Factor | Cost/ | Cost/ |
| | Acreage | Acre | Capacity | SFR | MFR | SFR | MFR |
| Elementary | 0.00 | \$ - | 450 | 0.332 | 0.115 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Middle | 0.00 | \$ - | 600 | 0.126 | 0.050 | \$0 | \$0 |
| High | 0.00 | \$0 | 1,500 | 0.156 | 0.053 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | | | | | | \$0 | \$0 |
| School Cons | struction Cos | t: | | | | | |
| ((Facility Co | st/Facility Ca | pacity)xStuden | it Factor)x(Pe | rmanent/Tot | al Sq Ft) | | |
| | | | | Student | Student | | |
| | %Perm/ | Facility | Facility | Factor | Factor | Cost/ | Cost/ |
| | Total Sq.Ft. | Cost | Capacity | SFR | MFR | SFR | MFR |
| Elementary | | \$ 21,618,993 | 450 | 0.332 | | \$15,602 | \$5,404 |
| Middle | 97.82% | | 600 | | | \$0 | \$0 |
| High | | \$ 62,676,572 | 1,500 | | | \$6,376 | \$2,166 |
| | | | | | | \$21,979 | \$7,571 |
| Temporary F | acility Cost | | | | | +- 1//// | 4, 10, 1 |
| | | L pacity)xStuden | t Eactorly(Te | l mporany/Tota | al Sauare Fee | \ | |
| ((i deliii) eo | 31/1 delitry ed | pacify/x310ac1 | Tacionx(ici | Student | Student | Cost/ | Cost/ |
| | %Temp/ | Facility | Facility | Factor | Factor | SFR | MFR |
| | Total Sq.Ft. | Cost | Size | SFR | MFR | JI K | TVIIIX |
| Elementary | | | 20 | | | \$0 | \$0 |
| Middle | 2.18% | | 25 | | | \$0 | \$0 |
| High | 2.10% | | 25 | | | \$0 | \$0 |
| riigii | 2.10% | Ф - | | 0.130 | TOTAL | \$0 | \$0 |
| Charte Frontin | | Cup dit. | | | TOTAL | Φ0 | \$0 |
| | g Assistance | | Assistance 97 | Ctudont Fac | ator | | |
| CCA X OSFI | Square Foot | age x Funding A | Assistance %) | | 1 | | |
| | O | OCDI C | District | Student | Student | 0 1/ | 0 1 |
| | Current | OSPI Square | District | Factor | Factor | Cost/ | Cost/ |
| | CCA | Footage | Funding % | SFR | MFR | SFR | MFR |
| Elementary | \$ 225.97 | 90 | | 0.332 | | \$3,631 | \$1,258 |
| Middle | \$ 225.97 | 108 | | - | | \$0 | \$0 |
| Sr. High | \$ 225.97 | 130 | 53.78% | 0.156 | | \$2,465 | \$837 |
| | | | | | TOTAL | \$6,096 | \$2,095 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Tax Paymen | | | | | | SFR | MFR |
| _ | sessed Value | | | | | \$353,913 | \$142,213 |
| Capital Bon | d Interest Rat | te | | | | 3.85% | 3.85% |
| | | erage Dwelling | | | | \$2,892,107 | \$1,162,136 |
| Years Amort | | | | | | 10 | |
| Property Tax | Levy Rate | | | | | \$1.19 | \$1.19 |
| | Present Valu | e of Revenue | Stream | | | \$3,442 | \$1,383 |
| | Fee Summai | r y : | | Single | Multi- | | |
| | | | | Family | Family | | |
| | | ion Costs | | \$0 | \$0 | | |
| | Site Acquisiti | | | \$21,979 | \$7,571 | | |
| | Site Acquisiti Permanent f | | | | the state of the s | I . | |
| | | Facility Cost | | \$0 | \$0 | | |
| | Permanent F Temporary F | Facility Cost Facility Cost | | \$0 | • | | |
| | Permanent F Temporary F State Fundin | Facility Cost Facility Cost ng Credit | | \$0 (\$6,096) | (\$2,095) | | |
| | Permanent F Temporary F | Facility Cost Facility Cost ng Credit | | \$0 | (\$2,095) | | |
| | Permanent F Temporary F State Fundin Tax Paymen | Facility Cost Facility Cost Ing Credit It Credit | | \$0 (\$6,096) (\$3,442) | (\$2,095) (\$1,383) | | |
| | Permanent F Temporary F State Fundin Tax Paymen FEE (AS CALC | Facility Cost Facility Cost ong Credit of Credit Credit CULATED) | | \$0 (\$6,096) (\$3,442) \$12,441 | (\$2,095) (\$1,383) \$4,093 | | |
| | Permanent F Temporary F State Fundin Tax Paymen | Facility Cost Facility Cost ag Credit at Credit CULATED) d 25%) | | \$0 (\$6,096) (\$3,442) | (\$2,095) (\$1,383) | | |

Appendix D Maps of School Borders and Projects

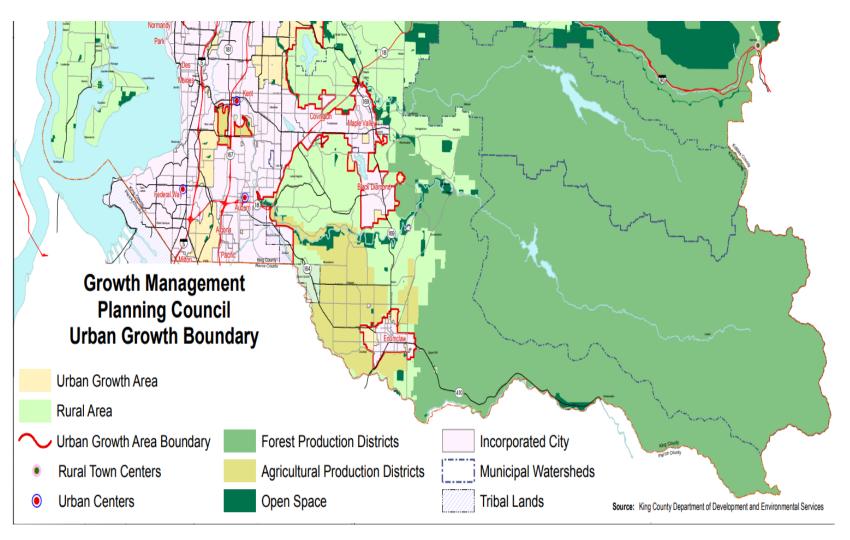
Enumclaw School Boundaries



Enumclaw School District Borders



Urban Growth Boundaries



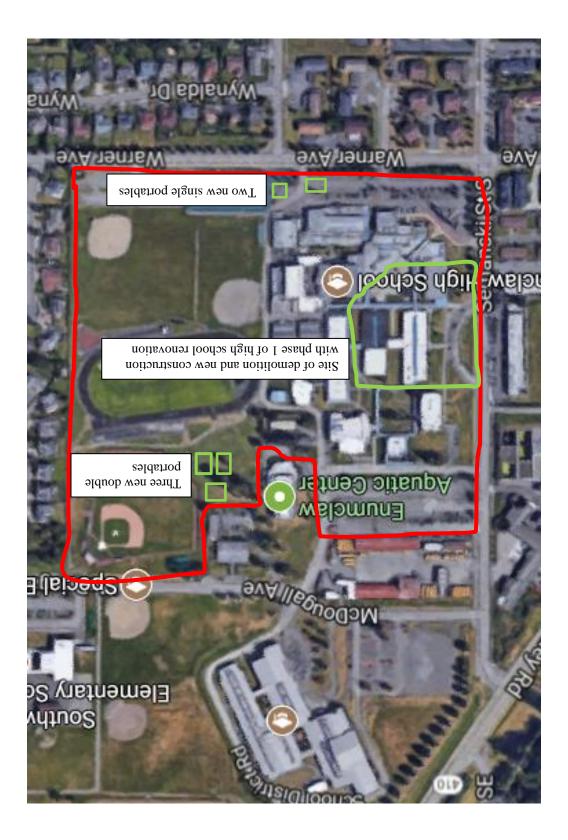
Black Diamond Elementary Replacement 25314 Baker St. Black Diamond, WA 98010

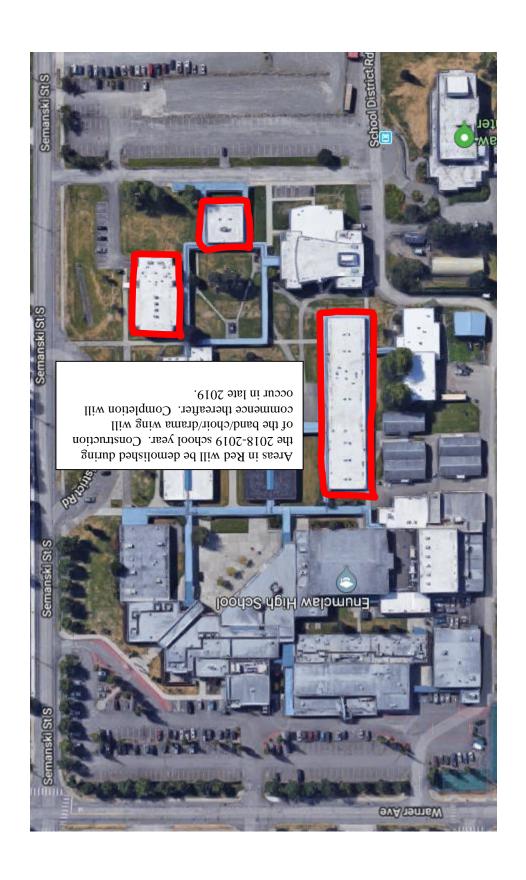


Architect Rendering of Completed Black Diamond Elementary Project



Enumclaw High School Replacement and Modernization 226 Semanski St. Enumclaw, WA 98022





Architect Rendering of Completed Enumclaw High School Project

