

Proposed No. 2015-0177.2

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Sponsors McDermott and Dembowski

Signature Report

July 8, 2015

Ordinance

1	AN ORDINANCE providing for the submission to the
2	qualified electors of King County at a special election to be
3	held in King County on November 3, 2015, a proposition
4	authorizing a property tax levy in excess of the levy
5	limitations contained in chapter 84.55 RCW for a
6	consecutive six-year period at a first year rate of not more
7	than 14 cents per one thousand dollars of assessed
8	valuation, and limiting annual levy increases to three
9	percent in the five succeeding years, all for the purpose of
LO	funding prevention and early intervention strategies to
l1	improve the health and well-being of children, youth and
12	their communities.
13	STATEMENT OF FACTS:
L4	1. Approximately twenty-five thousand children are born in King County
L5	every year. County residents under age eighteen comprise twenty-one
16	percent of the county's population. Nearly half of people under age
L7	eighteen in King County are people of color.
18	2. Eighty-five percent of the human brain is developed by age three.
L9	According to early childhood development experts, basic skills necessary

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to be ready to learn in school and be successful as an adult, such as selfesteem, motivation, coordination, prioritization, management of incoming information, attention and distraction control, are developed by age five before children go to school. 3. A second significant time of brain development is adolescence. According to the National Institute of Mental Health, the parts of the brain responsible for controlling impulses and planning ahead, which are the hallmarks of successful adult behavior, mature during adolescence. Adolescence is also the critical period when young people learn to form safe and healthy relationships, and when many patterns of healthpromoting or potentially health-damaging behaviors are established. 4. Although King County as a whole is a thriving, prosperous region, there is evidence that some of our children and youth are in danger of being left behind. The percentage of children five and under living in poverty is as low as four and seven-tenths percent in some regions of the county and as high as twenty-six percent in other regions. Infant mortality is four times higher in some areas of King County than others. Approximately one-third of pregnant women do not receive the recommended levels of prenatal care. One in five adolescents is overweight or obese and only twenty-four percent of adolescents receive the recommended levels of physical activity. Twenty-six percent of adolescents report having depressive feelings and twenty-nine percent report using alcohol or other illicit drugs. Over six thousand King County

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Starts for Kids levy.

students are homeless; in some school districts as many as one in ten are homeless. 5. All too often the children and youth who are being left behind and are not receiving services before a crisis occurs are children and youth of color. Young people of color make up at least fifty to sixty percent of youth and young adults experiencing homelessness despite only twentynine percent of King County's general population being people of color. 6. One of the areas where the disparities in those who do not receive appropriate services before a crisis occurs is the juvenile justice system. African-American youth make up approximately fifty percent of those in detention in King County, or five times their rate of representation in the general population. According to a report from the National Conference of State Legislatures as many as seventy percent of youth in the juvenile justice system nationally are affected with a mental disorder, and one in five suffer from a mental illness so severe as to impair their ability to function as a young person and grow into a responsible adult. King County is committed to preventing crises before they occur and ending disproportionality in the juvenile justice system. 7. The county actively engages in equity and social justice efforts to eliminate racial disparities in the juvenile justice system and the council will consider this goal when deliberating on future policies and plans related to the proposed Best

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8. Investment in prevention and early intervention can prevent long-term harm of children as they grow up. According to the National Scientific Council on the Developing Child, extensive research on the biology of stress now shows that healthy development can be derailed by excessive or prolonged activation of stress response systems in the body and the brain, with damaging effects on learning, behavior and health across the lifespan.

9. Prevention and early intervention are also the most effective and least

expensive ways to address serious future problems such as chronic disease, mental illness, substance abuse and incarceration. Science tells us that lifelong problems can be prevented: by investing heavily in children before age five; by making strategic investments at critical points in a young person's development before age twenty-four; and by taking actions to ensure that all children and youth have opportunities to live in safe, thriving, health-promoting home, school and community environments. 10. Studies have shown that the return on investment in early childhood development, ensuring that children have a strong start in life, is from three to seventeen dollars for every dollar invested. Similarly, the Institute of Medicine and National Research Council's 2009 Preventing Mental, Emotional, and Behavioral Disorders Among Young People report notes that cost-benefit ratios for early treatment and prevention programs for addictions and mental illness programs range from 1:2 to 1:10. This

means a one-dollar investment yields two to ten dollars savings in health

costs, criminal and juvenile justice costs, educational costs and lost productivity.

11. Studies show that prevention has positive economic impacts for business. For example, a healthier workforce can reduce the extent to which health insurance costs and employee absenteeism affects a company's competitive edge. In the United States, full-time employees with chronic disease miss an estimated four hundred fifty million additional work days per year, compared to healthy employees, contributing to a cost of one hundred fifty-three billion dollars in lost productivity every year.

12. Many of the county's current funding sources, as well as other public budgets, are dedicated to responding to crises and negative outcomes, particularly negative outcomes for adults, such as severe mental illness, homelessness and chronic illness, and for youth who have already dropped out of school or who have been involved in the juvenile justice system. While these are required or necessary expenditures, little funding is available to invest in prevention. For example, seventy-five percent of the county's general fund supports the law and justice system. The veterans and human services levy, because it is focused on services for people who are in crisis, funds services primarily for adults. Only sixteen percent of its total funding is available to support people under age twenty-four and only eleven percent of the total levy funds prevention-oriented services.

110	13. In 2014, the shortfall of funding for the department of public health -
111	Seattle & King County reached a critical point, threatening the loss of
112	proven prevention and early intervention programs for mothers and
113	families, such as the Nurse Family Partnership home visiting program and
114	maternity support services.
115	14. While the proposed Best Starts for Kids levy would allow the
116	department of public health - Seattle & King County to continue providing
117	parent-child health services, such as the Nurse Family Partnership home
118	visiting program and maternity support services, the levy would not
119	stabilize King County's broader public health services. The public health
120	fund remains at risk, as long-term public health funding sources have not
121	been identified.
122	15. The majority of funding for this proposed Best Starts for Kids levy is
123	intended to go to community partners to provide services in the
124	community. As the levy is being implemented, the county's goal is to
125	ensure that diverse communities, such as traditionally isolated immigrant
126	and refugee communities, and small organizations are able to access funds
127	in order to provide culturally appropriate services in King County. The
128	county intends to collaborate with these organizations and help evaluate
129	innovative new programs or services so that promising practices become
130	proven practices.
131	16. Services for children and youth will improve as agencies and
132	organizations working with children and youth have opportunities for

133 training, building organizational and system capacity and sufficient resources to administer programs and services. 134 17. In 2010, the county enacted Ordinance 16857, establishing the King 135 County Strategic Plan. The Strategic Plan includes as one of its goals 136 Health and Human Potential: Provide opportunities for all communities 137 and individuals to realize their full potential. 138 18. In 2010, the county enacted Ordinance 16948, transforming its work 139 on equity and social justice from an initiative to an integrated effort that 140 141 applies the King County Strategic Plan's principle of "fair and just" intentionally in all the county does in order to achieve equitable 142 opportunities for all people and communities. 143 144 19. In 2012, the council passed Motion 13768, establishing the Health & Human Services Transformation Plan. The Transformation Plan 145 establishes as its vision that, by 2020, the people of King County will 146 147 experience significant gains in health and well-being because our community worked collectively to make the shift from a costly, crisis-148 oriented response to health and social problems, to one that focuses on 149 150 prevention, embraces recovery and eliminates disparities. 151 20. In 2014, the county enacted Ordinance 17738, establishing the youth 152 action plan task force and providing policy direction regarding the development of a youth action plan. 153 21. In 2014, as part of the implementation of the King County Strategic 154 155 Plan, the equity and social justice ordinance, the health and human

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services transformation plan and as part of the development of the youth action plan, King County staff began examining how the county could balance its investment portfolio towards more preventive approaches that lead to improved outcomes that allow individuals and communities to achieve their full potential. The resulting Best Starts for Kids levy proposal is guided by and represents a further implementation of the county's adopted policy direction. 22. In addition to building on adopted county policy, in developing the Best Starts for Kids levy proposal, King County staff consulted with experts at the University of Washington Institute for Learning & Brain Sciences and with several groups and coalitions, including the Best Starts for Kids Advisory Group, the Youth Action Plan Task Force, the Transformation Plan Advising Partners Group, the King County Alliance for Human Services, the Youth Development Executive Directors Coalition and several early learning coalitions. County staff also reviewed and consulted with jurisdictions and organizations from around the United States and the world regarding best and promising practices. 23. It is the intent of the council and the executive that the strategies supported by the proposed Best Starts for Kids levy will achieve a variety of individual and community outcomes. Individual outcomes will include outcomes such as the following: increasing the percentage of pregnant women who receive early and adequate prenatal care; increasing technical assistance to child care providers; reducing psychiatric hospitalizations for

179	youth; decreasing the percentage of youth using alcohol or drugs;	
180	increasing the percentage of youth who feel they have an adult in their	
181	community they feel they can talk to; and decreasing the percentage of	
182	school-aged youth in south King County who are at an unhealthy weight.	
183	Community outcomes will include outcomes such as the following:	
184	decreasing inequities in outcomes for youth in King County; decreasing	
185	suspensions and expulsions, from child care through high school;	
186	decreasing disparities in health and well-being outcomes between different	
187	areas within King County; decreasing domestic violence; decreasing funds	
188	spent on crisis services, such as incarceration and involuntary	
189	commitment; increasing the number of family and youth who are	
190	prevented from entering homelessness; and improved quality of life index	
191	in communities of opportunity.	
192	24. It is the intent of the council and the executive that the youth and	
193	family homelessness prevention initiative will provide flexible, client-	
194	centered outcomes by providing funding to community agencies to help	
195	prevent homelessness among youth and their families.	
196	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:	
197	SECTION 1. Definitions. The definitions in this section apply throughout this	
198	ordinance unless the context clearly require otherwise.	
199	A. "Communities of opportunity" means the program launched by The Seattle	
200	Foundation and King County in 2014 and memorialized in Contract #5692351, including	
201	any successor contract, to support communities in improving the health, social, racial and	

economic outcomes of the residents of those communities, and to do so by partnering with those communities to shape and own solutions. In the event the formal relationship described in this subsection A. between The Seattle Foundation and King County ceases to be in effect at any point during the life of the levy, the term "communities of opportunity" shall mean a strategy that is designed to improve the health, social, racial, and economic outcomes of specific communities that is administered by the county and developed in partnership with those communities.

- B. "Communities of opportunity interim governance group" means the group and any successor group, which shall include one appointee of the executive and one appointee of the council, respectively, specified by ordinance and charged with advising on strategic direction and operations for communities of opportunity. Current interim governance group members include community partners and representatives from local government, from The Seattle Foundation and from King County. If the proposed levy passes, the group will be reconstituted in accordance with section 7.B. of this ordinance.
- C. "Levy" means the levy of regular property taxes for the specific purposes and term provided in this ordinance and authorized by the electorate in accordance with state law.
- D. "Levy proceeds" means the principal amount of funds raised by the levy and any interest earnings on the funds.
- E. "Limit factor", for purposes of calculating the levy limitations in RCW 84.55.010, means one hundred three percent.
 - F. "Strategy" means a program, service, activity, initiative or capital facility intended to achieve the goals of this ordinance.

225	G. "Youth" means a person through twenty-four years of age.	
226	H. "Youth and family homelessness prevention initiative" means an initiative	
227	intended to prevent and divert youth and their families from becoming homeless.	
228	SECTION 3. Levy submittal. To provide necessary funds for the purposes	
229	identified in section 5 of this ordinance, the county council shall submit to the qualified	
230	electors of the county a proposition authorizing a regular property tax levy in excess of	
231	the levy limitation contained in chapter 84.55 RCW for six consecutive years,	
232	commencing in 2016, at a rate not to exceed fourteen cents per thousand dollars of	
233	assessed value and authorizing a limit factor of one hundred three percent for each of the	
234	five succeeding years, which are 2017 through 2021. In accordance with RCW	
235	84.55.050, this levy shall be a regular property tax levy, which is subject to the statutory	
236	rate limit of RCW 84.52.043.	
237	SECTION 4. Deposit of levy proceeds. The levy proceeds shall be deposited in	
238	a special revenue fund, which fund shall be created by ordinance.	
239	SECTION 5. Eligible expenditures.	
240	A. Out of the first year's levy proceeds:	
241	1. Nineteen million dollars shall be used to fund and administer a youth and	
242	family homelessness prevention initiative; and	
243	2. Such sums as are necessary to fund the costs and charges incurred by the	
244	county that are attributable to the election.	
245	B. The remaining levy proceeds shall be used to fund and administer the	
246	provision of a wide range of initiatives to:	

1. Improve health and well-being outcomes of youth, as well as the families and
the communities in which they live, including, but not limited to, by ensuring adequate
services and supports for pregnant women and newborns; access to safe and healthy food;
and developmental screening for youth;

- 2. Prevent and intervene early on negative outcomes, including, but not limited to, chronic disease, mental illness, substance abuse, homelessness, domestic violence and incarceration;
 - 3. Reduce inequities in outcomes for youth in the county; and
- 4. Strengthen, improve, better coordinate, integrate and encourage innovation in health and human services systems and the agencies, organizations and groups addressing the needs of youth, their families and their communities.
 - C. Of the eligible expenditures described in subsection B. of this section:
- 1. Fifty percent shall be used to fund and administer strategies focused on youth under five years old and their caregivers, pregnant women and for individuals or families concerning pregnancy. Of these funds, not less than \$42.8 million shall be used to provide health services, such as maternity support services and nurse family partnership home visiting program services, that are currently delivered through the county's public health centers;
- 2. Thirty-five percent shall be used to fund and administer strategies focused on youth ages five through twenty-four years old;
- 3. Ten percent shall be used to fund and administer communities of opportunity;and

4. Five percent shall be used to fund and administer evaluation and data collection activities and activities designed to improve the delivery of services and programs for youth and their communities.

SECTION 6. Call for special election. In accordance with RCW 29A.04.321, the King County council hereby calls for a special election to be held in conjunction with the general election on November 3, 2015, to consider a proposition authorizing a regular property tax levy for the purposes described in this ordinance. The King County director of elections shall cause notice to be given of this ordinance in accordance with the state constitution and general law and to submit to the qualified electors of the county, at the said special county election, the proposition hereinafter set forth. The clerk of the council shall certify that proposition to the King County director of elections in substantially the following form:

PROPOSITION_____; The King County Council has passed Ordinance ______ concerning funding to improve health and well-being for youth, families and communities. If approved, this proposition would provide funding for prevention and early intervention to achieve positive outcomes related to: healthy pregnancy; parental and newborn support; healthy child and youth development; the health and well-being of communities; and crisis prevention and early intervention for youth, including for domestic violence and homelessness. The measure would authorize an additional regular property tax of \$0.14 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for collection beginning in 2016 and authorize maximum annual increases of 3% in the succeeding 5 years.

SECTION 7. Youth advisory board and communities of opportunity interim governance group.

A. If the levy is approved by the voters, a youth advisory board shall be established by ordinance to serve as the advisory board for the portion of the levy proceeds described in sections 5.C.1., 2. and 4. of this ordinance. The executive shall transmit to the council by December 1, 2015, a plan relating to the youth advisory board and a proposed ordinance that identifies the duties and composition of the youth advisory board. The advisory plan shall be consistent with the recommendations contained in the county's youth action plan, Motion 14378. The youth advisory board shall be comprised of a wide array of King County residents and stakeholders with geographically and culturally diverse perspectives, including, but not limited to: cities; school districts; nonprofits and other entities that focus on youth and families in King County; pediatricians; child development specialists; and representatives of youth and families receiving services.

B. The communities of opportunity interim governance group shall serve as the advisory board for levy proceeds described in section 5.C.3. of this ordinance. The executive shall transmit to the council by December 1, 2015, a plan relating to the communities of opportunity interim governance group and a proposed ordinance that identifies the composition and duties of the interim governance group with respect to the levy proceeds described in section 5.C.3. of this ordinance.

SECTION 8. Implementation plans.

A. The executive shall transmit to the council an implementation plan that identifies the strategies to be funded and outcomes to be achieved with the use of levy

proceeds described in section 5.A.1. of this ordinance. This implementation plan relating to the youth and family homelessness prevention initiative shall, to the maximum extent possible, be developed in collaboration with the youth advisory board and shall be transmitted to the council by February 1, 2016, for council review and approval by ordinance.

- B. The executive shall transmit to the council an implementation plan that identifies the strategies to be funded and outcomes to be achieved with the use of levy proceeds described in section 5.C. of this ordinance. The implementation plan shall be developed in collaboration with the youth advisory board and the communities of opportunity interim governance group, as applicable. The implementation plan shall, to the maximum extent possible, take into consideration any recommendations of the county's steering committee to address juvenile justice disproportionality that was formed in 2015. The implementation plan shall be transmitted to the council by June 1, 2016, for council review and approval by ordinance.
- C. Except for planning funds, which shall be approved by ordinance and not exceed \$2 million, and funds for public health services described in section 5.C.1., no levy proceeds may be expended for the purposes described in sections 5.A.1 and 5.C. of this ordinance until the date on which the applicable implementation plan is approved by ordinance.
- D. The implementation plans described in subsections A. and B. of this section shall each include a proposal for an annual reporting process to the council, including the regional policy committee or a successor committee.

SECTION 9. Ratification. Certification of the proposition by the clerk of the
county council to the director of elections in accordance with law before the election on
November 3, 2015, and any other act consistent with the authority and before the
effective date of this ordinance are hereby ratified and confirmed.

342	SECTION 10. Severability. If an	ny provision of this ordinance or its application	
343	to any person or circumstance is held inva	alid, the remainder of the ordinance or the	
344	application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.		
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		KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON	
	ATTEST:	Larry Phillips, Chair	
		_	
	Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council		
	APPROVED this day of		
		Dow Constantine, County Executive	
	Attachments: None		